# F25 REFRIGERATION OR COOLING; COMBINED HEATING AND REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS; HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS; MANUFACTURE OR STORAGE OF ICE; LIQUEFACTION OR SOLIDIFICATION OF GASES

F25B REFRIGERATION MACHINES, PLANTS, OR SYSTEMS; COMBINED HEATING AND REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS; HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS (heat-transfer, heat-exchange or heat-storage materials, e.g. refrigerants, or materials for the production of heat or cold by chemical reactions other than by combustion C09K 5/00; pumps, compressors F04; use of heat pumps for domestic or space-heating or for domestic hot-water supply F24D; air-conditioning, air-humidification F24F; fluid heaters using heat pumps F24H)

# Note

Attention is drawn to Note (2) following the title of subclass F24F. [5]

# Subclass index

# MODE OF OPERATION

| Compression type  |
|---|
| characterised by the cycle 1/00, 13/00                            |
| characterised by the  |
| arrangement   |
| self-contained rotary; with                                       |
| several evaporation   |
| circuits; with several  |
| condenser circuits; with  |
| cascade operation   |
| 6/00; 7/00  |
| characterised by the refrigerant                                  |
| using turbines11/00   |
| Sorption type   |
| Other types having a single mode of operation, using: evaporation |
| without recovery; electric or                                     |
| magnetic effects; other effect                                    |
| Combinations: of above modes of                                   |
| operation; of heating and   |
| refrigerating   |

# Compression machines, plant, or systems

| 1/00  | <b>Compression machines, plant or systems with non-<br/>reversible cycle</b> (F25B 3/00, F25B 5/00, F25B 6/00,<br>F25B 7/00, F25B 9/00 take precedence) <b>[5]</b> |
|-------|--|
| 1/02  | <ul> <li>with compressor of reciprocating-piston type<br/>(F25B 1/10 takes precedence)</li> </ul>  |
| 1/04  | • with compressor of rotary type (F25B 1/10 takes precedence)  |
| 1/047 | of screw type [5]  |
| 1/053 | of turbine type [5]  |
| 1/06  | • with compressor of jet type, e.g. using liquid under pressure (F25B 1/10 takes precedence)   |
| 1/08  | using vapour under pressure  |
| 1/10  | . with multi-stage compression (with cascade operation F25B $7/00)$  |
| 3/00  | Self-contained rotary compression machines, i.e. with<br>compressor, condenser, and evaporator rotating as a<br>single unit  |

| rectifiers; boiler-absorbers;      |
|------------------------------------|
| absorbers, adsorbers; evaporators, |
| condensers; subcoolers, desuper-   |
| heaters, superheaters              |
| 37/00; 39/00; 40/                  |
| Arrangements                       |
| compressor arrangement; fluid      |
| circulation; separating or         |
| purifying gases                    |
| 43/                                |
| for charging or discharging        |
| refrigerant; for combating         |
| corrosion or deposits45/00; 47/    |
| Mounting of control and safety     |
| devices                            |
|                                    |
|                                    |
|                                    |
|                                    |

DETAILS, ARRANGEMENTS, OR

Components: boilers, analysers,

COMPONENTS

| 5/00 | <b>Compression machines, plant, or systems, with</b><br><b>several evaporator circuits, e.g. for varying</b><br><b>refrigerating capacity</b> (with cascade operation<br>F25B 7/00)  |
|------|--|
| 5/02 | • arranged in parallel [5]   |
| 5/04 | . arranged in series [5]   |
| 6/00 | Compression machines, plant, or systems, with several condenser circuits [5]   |
| 6/02 | . arranged in parallel [5]   |
| 6/04 | . arranged in series [5]   |
| 7/00 | Compression machines, plant, or systems, with<br>cascade operation, i.e. with two or more circuits, the<br>heat from the condenser of one circuit being<br><b>absorbed by the evaporator of the next circuit</b><br>(F25B 9/00 takes precedence) |
| 9/00 | Compression machines, plant, or systems, in which<br>the refrigerant is air or other gas of low boiling point  |
| 9/02 | . using Joule-Thompson effect; using vortex effect   |
| 9/04 | using vortex effect [5]  |
| 9/06 | . using expanders (F25B 9/10 takes precedence) [5]   |
| 9/08 | using ejectors (F25B 9/10 takes precedence) [5]  |
| 9/10 | • with several cooling stages [5]  |

## F25B

|  | using 2He dilution [5]  |
|--|---|
| 9/12   | . using 3He-4He dilution [5]  |
| 9/14   | • characterised by the cycle used, e.g. Stirling cycle [5]  |
| 11/00  | Compression machines, plant, or systems, using turbines, e.g. gas turbines  |
| 11/02  | . as expanders (F25B 9/06 takes precedence) [5]   |
| 11/04  | <ul> <li>. centrifugal type [5]</li> </ul>  |
| 12/00  |   |
| 13/00  | Compression machines, plant, or systems, with<br>reversible cycle (defrosting cycles F25B 47/02)  |
|  |   |
|  | machines, plant, or systems   |
| 15/00  | Sorption machines, plant, or systems, operating continuously, e.g. absorption type  |
| 15/02  | • without inert gas (F25B 15/12, F25B 15/14,  |
|  | F25B 15/16 take precedence)   |
| 15/04  | the refrigerant being ammonia evaporated from<br>aqueous solution   |
| 15/06  | • the refrigerant being water vapour evaporated   |
|  | from a salt solution, e.g. lithium bromide  |
| 15/08  | the refrigerant being sulfuric acid   |
| 15/09  | <ul> <li>the refrigerant being hydrogen desorbed from a hydride [5]</li> </ul>  |
| 15/10  | with inert gas (F25B 15/12, F25B 15/14, F25B 15/16  |
|  | take precedence)  |
| 15/12  | . with resorber (F25B 15/14 takes precedence)   |
| 15/14  | • using osmosis   |
| 15/16  | . using desorption cycle  |
| 17/00  | Sorption machines, plant, or systems, operating intermittently, e.g. absorption or adsorption type  |
| 17/02  | • the absorbent or adsorbent being a liquid, e.g. brine   |
|  | (F25B 17/10 takes precedence)   |
| 17/04  | with two or more boilers operating alternately  |
| 17/06  | • with the boiler and evaporator built-up as a unit in a tiltable or revolving arrangement  |
| 17/08  | • the absorbent or adsorbent being a solid, e.g. salt   |
|  | (F25B 17/12 takes precedence) [5]   |
|  | -   |
| 17/10  | . using the endothermic solution of salt  |
| 17/10<br>17/12   | -   |
| 17/12  | . using the endothermic solution of salt  |
| 17/12<br>Machine   | <ul><li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li><li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li></ul>  |
| 17/12<br>Machine   | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a</li> </ul>  |
| 17/12<br><u>Machine</u><br>tot cover<br>19/00  | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> </ul>   |
| 17/12<br>Machine   | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a</li> </ul>  |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>not cover<br>19/00<br>19/02  | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or</li> </ul>  |
| 17/12<br><u>Machine</u><br>not cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00                     | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation,<br/>red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a<br/>refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour         <ul> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> </ul> </li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or<br/>magnetic effects</li> </ul>   |
| 17/12<br><u>Machine</u><br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04                              | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation,<br/>red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a<br/>refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour         <ul> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> </ul> </li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or<br/>magnetic effects         <ul> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |
| 17/12<br><u>Machine</u><br>not cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00                     | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation,<br/>red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a<br/>refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour         <ul> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> </ul> </li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or<br/>magnetic effects</li> </ul>   |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02<br>21/04          | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or magnetic effects</li> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect (thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> <li>reversible [5]</li> </ul>  |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02                   | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation,<br/>red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a<br/>refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour         <ul> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> </ul> </li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or<br/>magnetic effects         <ul> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect<br/>(thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02<br>21/04<br>23/00 | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or magnetic effects</li> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect (thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> <li>reversible [5]</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation not covered by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 21/00, e.g. using selective radiation effect</li> </ul>   |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>not cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02<br>21/04          | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or magnetic effects</li> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect (thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> <li>reversible [5]</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation not covered by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 21/00, e.g. using selective radiation effect</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using a combination of</li> </ul>  |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02<br>21/04<br>23/00 | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or magnetic effects</li> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect (thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> <li>reversible [5]</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation not covered by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 21/00, e.g. using selective radiation effect</li> </ul>   |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02<br>21/04<br>23/00 | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or magnetic effects</li> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect (thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> <li>reversible [5]</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation not covered by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 21/00, e.g. using selective radiation effect</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using a combination of modes of operation covered by two or more of the groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 23/00 (combinations of two or more modes of operation covered by a single main</li> </ul> |
| 17/12<br>Machine<br>tot cover<br>19/00<br>19/02<br>19/04<br>21/00<br>21/02<br>21/04<br>23/00 | <ul> <li>using the endothermic solution of salt</li> <li>using desorption of hydrogen from a hydride [5]</li> <li>s, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation, red by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 17/00</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using evaporation of a refrigerant but without recovery of the vapour</li> <li>using fluid jet, e.g. of steam</li> <li>using liquid jet, e.g. of water</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using electric or magnetic effects</li> <li>using Peltier effect; using Nernst-Ettinghausen effect (thermoelectric elements H01L 35/00, H01L 37/00)</li> <li>reversible [5]</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, with a single mode of operation not covered by groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 21/00, e.g. using selective radiation effect</li> <li>Machines, plant, or systems, using a combination of modes of operation covered by two or more of the groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 23/00 (combinations of two</li> </ul>   |

| 27/00 | Machines, plant, or systems, using particular sources |
|-------|---|
|       | of energy (F25B 30/06 takes precedence)               |

- 27/02 . using waste heat, e.g. from internal-combustion engines
- 29/00 Combined heating and refrigeration systems, e.g. operating alternately or simultaneously [5]

## 30/00 Heat pumps [5]

# Note

When classifying heat pump circuits or systems, groups F25B 1/00 to F25B 25/00 and F25B 29/00 take precedence over group F25B 30/00. **[5]** 

- 30/02 . of the compression type [5]
- 30/04 . of the sorption type [5]
- 30/06 . characterised by the source of low potential heat [5]

### **Component parts or details**

- **31/00 Compressor arrangements** (compressors <u>per se</u> F04)
- 31/02 . of motor-compressor units
- **33/00 Boilers; Analysers; Rectifiers** (boiler-absorbers F25B 35/00)
- 35/00 Boiler-absorbers, i.e. boilers usable for absorption or adsorption
- 35/02 . using a liquid as sorbent, e.g. brine
- . using a solid as sorbent
- **37/00** Absorbers; Adsorbers (boiler-absorbers F25B 35/00; separating processes involving the treatment of liquids with solid sorbents B01D 15/00; separation of gases or vapours by adsorption B01D 53/02; separation of gases or vapours by absorption B01D 53/14; investigating using adsorption or absorption G01N 30/00)

#### 39/00 **Evaporators; Condensers** 39/02 . Evaporators 39/04 . Condensers 40/00 Subcoolers, desuperheaters or superheaters [5] 40/02. Subcoolers [5] 40/04. Desuperheaters [5] 40/06. Superheaters [5] 41/00 Fluid-circulation arrangements, e.g. for transferring liquid from evaporator to boiler (pumps per se, sealings therefor F04) 41/02. using electro-osmosis 41/04 . Disposition of valves (valves per se F16K) 41/06 . Flow restrictors, e.g. capillary tubes; Disposition thereof

- 43/00 Arrangements for separating or purifying gases or liquids (in analysers or rectifiers F25B 33/00);
   Arrangements for vaporising the residuum of liquid refrigerant, e.g. by heat (F25B 40/00 takes precedence) [5]
- 43/02 . for separating lubricants from the refrigerant
- 43/04 . for withdrawing non-condensible gases
- 45/00 Arrangements for charging or discharging refrigerant
- 47/00 Arrangements for preventing or removing deposits or corrosion, not provided for in another subclass
- 47/02 . Defrosting cycles [5]

- **49/00** Arrangement or mounting of control or safety devices (testing refrigerators G01M; control in general G05)
- 49/02 . for compression type machines, plant or systems [5]
- 49/04 . for sorption type machines, plant or systems [5]
- F25C PRODUCTION, WORKING, STORING OR DISTRIBUTION OF ICE (frozen sweets, including ice-cream, their production A23G 9/00; concentrating solutions by removing frozen solvents B01D 9/04; purification of water by freezing C02F 1/22; refrigeration machines, plants, or systems F25B; solidification of gases or gaseous mixtures F25J; freeze-drying F26B) [2]

### Note

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

- "ice" means any frozen liquid and also covers frozen semiliquids or pasty substances. [2]

| 1/00 | Production of ice (F25C 3/00 takes precedence)  |
|------|---|
| 1/02 | . Production of natural ice, i.e. without refrigeration                                     |
| 1/04 | . by using stationary moulds  |
| 1/06 | open or openable at both ends   |
| 1/08 | . by immersing freezing chambers or plates into water                                       |
| 1/10 | • by using rotating or otherwise moving moulds<br>(F25C 1/08 takes precedence)              |
| 1/12 | <ul> <li>by freezing water on cooled surfaces, e.g. to form slabs</li> </ul>                |
| 1/14 | • to form thin sheets which are removed by scraping or wedging, e.g. in the form of flakes  |
| 1/16 | . by partially evaporating water in a vacuum  |
| 1/18 | <ul> <li>of a particular transparency or translucency, e.g. by<br/>injecting air</li> </ul> |
| 1/20 | • • by agitation  |
| 1/22 | • Construction of moulds; Filling devices therefor (metering by volume in general G01F)     |
| 1/24 | for refrigerators, e.g. freezing trays  |
|      |   |
|      |   |
|      |   |

| 3/00 | Methods or apparatus specially adapted for the<br>production of ice or snow for winter sports or similar<br>recreational purposes, e.g. for sporting installations;<br>Production of artificial snow (foundations or pavings<br>for artificial surfaces for outdoor or indoor practice of<br>snow or ice sports E01C 13/10; working on surfaces of<br>snow or ice in order to make them suitable for traffic or<br>sporting purposes E01H 4/00) |
|------|---|
| 3/02 | . for ice rinks   |
| 3/04 | • for sledging trails or ski trails; Production of artificial snow  |
| 5/00 | Working, storing or distribution of ice   |
| 5/02 | • Tools or machines for disintegrating, removing, or  |
|      | harvesting ice  |
| 5/04 | without the use of saws   |
| 5/06 | by deforming bodies with which the ice is in contact, e.g. by inflatable members  |
| 5/08 | by heating bodies in contact with the ice   |
| 5/10 | using hot refrigerant; using fluid heated by refrigerant  |
| 5/12 | Ice-shaving machines  |
| 5/14 | • Tools or machines for shaping or finishing ice pieces,  |
|      | e.g. ice presses  |
| 5/16 | <ul> <li>Tools or devices for ice handling not covered by any<br/>other subclass</li> </ul>   |
| 5/18 | . Storing ice   |

F25D REFRIGERATORS; COLD ROOMS; ICE-BOXES; COOLING OR FREEZING APPARATUS NOT COVERED BY ANY OTHER SUBCLASS (refrigerated showcases A47F 3/04; thermally-insulated vessels for domestic use A47J 41/00; refrigerated vehicles, see the appropriate subclasses of classes B60 to B64; containers with thermal insulation in general B65D 81/38; heat-transfer, heat-exchange or heat-storage materials, e.g. refrigerants, or materials for the production of heat or cold by chemical reactions other than by combustion C09K 5/00; thermally-insulated vessels for liquefied or solidified gases F17C; air-conditioning or air-humidification F24F; refrigeration machines, plants, or systems F25B; cooling of instruments or comparable apparatus without refrigeration G12B; cooling of engines or pumps, see the relevant classes)

<sup>(1)</sup> Devices associated with refrigerating machinery are classified in groups F25D 11/00 to F25D 16/00. [2009.01]

<sup>(2)</sup> In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

<sup>- &</sup>quot;device" means an enclosed space to be cooled; such devices being associated either with refrigerating machinery, e.g. in a refrigerator, or with other cold sources, e.g. in an ice-box.

<sup>(3)</sup> Attention is drawn to Note (2) following the title of subclass F24F. [5]

# Subclass index

| DEVICES NOT ASSOCIATED WITH         |
|-------------------------------------|
| REFRIGERATING MACHINERY             |
| Using cold air or water; other cold |

| materials or bodies 1/00; 3/00    |
|-----------------------------------|
| Using endothermic chemical        |
| reactions, or evaporation without |
| recovery 5/00, 7/00               |
| Other devices, combinations       |
| DEVICES ASSOCIATED WITH           |
| REFRIGERATING MACHINERY: SELF-    |
| CONTAINED MOVABLE; STATIONARY;    |
| OTHER                             |
| 15/00                             |

| In combination with a cooling mode |
|------------------------------------|
| not associated with refrigerating  |
| machinery16/00                     |
| STRUCTURAL PARTS OR                |
| ARRANGEMENTS, OF GENERAL           |
| APPLICATION: DEFROSTING; GENERAL   |
| FEATURES; HANDLING OF ARTICLES TO  |
| BE COOLED                          |
| 25/00                              |
| CIRCULATING COOLING FLUID OR GAS:  |
| LIGHTING                           |
| ARRANGEMENT OR MOUNTING: OF        |
| REFRIGERATION UNITS: OF CONTROL    |
| OR SAFETY DEVICES                  |
|                                    |
| OTHER APPARATUS                    |

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.. .

# Devices not associated with refrigerating machinery

| 1/00 |   |
|------|---|
| 1/00 | Devices using naturally-cold air or water   |
| 1/02 | • using naturally-cold water, e.g. household-tap water  |
| 3/00 | Devices using other cold materials; Devices using   |
|      | cold-storage bodies   |
| 3/02 | • using ice, e.g. ice-boxes   |
| 3/04 | Stationary cabinets   |
| 3/06 | Movable containers  |
| 3/08 | portable, i.e. adapted to be carried personally   |
| 3/10 | . using liquefied gases, e.g. liquid air  |
| 3/11 | with conveyers carrying articles to be cooled   |
|      | through the cooling space [4]   |
| 3/12 | . using solidified gases, e.g. carbon-dioxide snow  |
| 3/14 | portable, i.e. adapted to be carried personally   |
| 5/00 | Devices using endothermic chemical reactions,<br>e.g. using frigorific mixtures   |
| 5/02 | • portable, i.e. adapted to be carried personally   |
| 7/00 | <b>Devices using evaporation effects without recovery of the vapour</b> (butter or cheese dishes with cooling devices A47G 19/26) |

## **Devices associated with refrigerating machinery**

| 11/00 | Self-contained movable devices associated with refrigerating machinery, e.g. domestic refrigerators  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|
| 11/02 | . with cooling compartments at different temperatures  |  |  |
| 11/04 | • specially adapted for storing deep-frozen articles (F25D 11/02 takes precedence)   |  |  |
| 13/00 | Stationary devices associated with refrigerating machinery, e.g. cold rooms  |  |  |
| 13/02 | • with several cooling compartments, e.g. refrigerated locker systems  |  |  |
| 13/04 | the compartments being at different temperatures   |  |  |
| 13/06 | • with conveyers carrying articles to be cooled through the cooling space  |  |  |
| 15/00 | Devices associated with refrigerating machinery not<br>covered by group F25D 11/00 or F25D 13/00,<br>e.g. non-self-contained movable devices |  |  |

16/00 Devices using a combination of a cooling mode associated with refrigerating machinery with a cooling mode not associated with refrigerating machinery [5]

# Details or features of the devices covered by groups F25D 1/00 to F25D 16/00 [5]

| 17/00 | Arrangements for circulating cooling fluids;<br>Arrangements for circulating gas, e.g. air, within<br>refrigerated spaces [3]   |  |  |
|-------|---|--|--|
| 17/02 | . for circulating liquids, e.g. brine   |  |  |
| 17/04 | . for circulating gas, e.g. by natural convection [3]   |  |  |
| 17/06 | by forced circulation   |  |  |
| 17/08 | • • using ducts   |  |  |
| 19/00 | Arrangement or mounting of refrigeration units with respect to devices  |  |  |
| 19/02 | . plug-in type  |  |  |
| 19/04 | . with more than one refrigeration unit   |  |  |
| 21/00 | <b>Defrosting; Preventing frosting; Removing</b><br><b>condensed or defrost water</b> (removing ice or water<br>from heat-exchange apparatus in general F28F 17/00;<br>heating arrangements specially adapted for transparent<br>or reflecting areas H05B 3/84) |  |  |
| 21/02 | . Detecting the presence of frost or condensate   |  |  |
| 21/04 | . Preventing the formation of frost or condensate   |  |  |
| 21/06 | . Removing frost (defrosting cycles F25B 47/02)   |  |  |
| 21/08 | by electric heating   |  |  |
| 21/10 | by spraying with fluid  |  |  |
| 21/12 | • by hot-fluid circulating system separate from the refrigerant system  |  |  |
| 21/14 | • Collecting or removing condensed and defrost water;<br>Drip trays   |  |  |
| 23/00 | <b>General constructional features</b> (F25D 21/00 takes precedence)  |  |  |
| 23/02 | . Doors; Covers (F25D 23/08 takes precedence)   |  |  |
| 23/04 | <ul> <li>with special compartments, e.g. butter<br/>conditioners</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| 23/06 | • Walls (F25D 23/08 takes precedence; containers with thermal insulation B65D 81/38) [4]  |  |  |
| 23/08 | . Parts formed wholly or mainly of plastics materials   |  |  |
| 23/10 | Arrangements for mounting in particular locations,<br>e.g. for built-in type, for corner type   |  |  |
| 23/12 | • Arrangements of compartments additional to cooling compartments; Combinations of refrigerators with other equipment, e.g. stove   |  |  |

<sup>9/00</sup> Devices not associated with refrigerating machinery and not covered by groups F25D 1/00 to F25D 7/00; Combinations of devices covered by two or more of the groups F25D 1/00 to F25D 7/00

| 25/00 | Charging, supporting, or discharging the articles to be cooled  | 29/00 | Arrangement or mounting of control or safety devices |  |  |
|-------|---|-------|--|--|--|
| 25/02 | . by shelves  |       |  |  |  |
| 25/04 | . by conveyers (in general B65G)  | 31/00 | Other cooling or freezing apparatus                  |  |  |
| 27/00 | Lighting arrangements (in general F21)  |       |  |  |  |
| F25J  | <b>LIQUEFACTION, SOLIDIFICATION, OR SEPARATION OF GASES OR GASEOUS MIXTURES BY PRESSURE AN</b><br><b>COLD TREATMENT</b> (cryogenic pumps F04B 37/08; gas storage vessels, gas-holders F17; filling vessels with, or dischargir<br>from vessels, compressed, liquefied, or solidified gases F17C; refrigeration machines, plants, or systems F25B) |       |  |  |  |

- 1/00 Processes or apparatus for liquefying or solidifying gases or gaseous mixtures
- 1/02 . requiring the use of refrigeration, e.g. of helium or hydrogen

3/00 Processes or apparatus for separating the constituents of gaseous mixtures involving the use of liquefaction or solidification

3/02 . by rectification, i.e. by continuous interchange of heat and material between a vapour stream and a liquid stream (F25J 3/08 takes precedence) 3/04 . . for air

- 3/06 . by partial condensation (F25J 3/08 takes precedence; by rectification F25J 3/02)
- 3/08 . Separating gaseous impurities from gases or gaseous mixtures (cold traps B01D 8/00)
- 5/00 Arrangements of cold-exchangers or coldaccumulators in separation or liquefaction plants (heat-exchangers F28C, F28D, F28F)