

Overview of Work Sharing Projects

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- Objectives of work-sharing initiatives
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- Current examples
- Critical success factors
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- Possible models and system requirements



Objectives of Work-Sharing

- Work-sharing = Quality and Efficiency gains
- In 66% of cases, examiners found new prior art by sharing search reports from other offices (*Vancouver Group examiner exchange*).
- In 88% of cases, feedback resulted in additional citations. In 53% of cases, feedback resulted in changes to Written Opinion (*EPO progress report on PCT collaborative search and examination*).
- Collaborative work may increase initial costs, but overall costs decrease.



Work-Sharing Business Models

Centralized Examination

 One office examine applications, others accept the results, with some formalities, top-up search, or other procedures

Collaborative Examination

Examiners from 2 or more offices work together to produce a single result, which is then used independently in each office

Mutual Recognition

Examiners from a second office rely on the work of another office, perhaps with additional search and examination

Mutual Exploitation

Examiners from a second office have access to the results of another office and may take them into account in their own work.

Unilateral Exploitation

Examiners from a second office access the results of other offices via public online file inspection systems.

Outsourcing

Applications are examined by another office or by an external company.



Work-Sharing Business Models

Mutual Exploitation	Collaborative Examination
Vancouver Group	PCT Pilot IP5 Pilots
Centralized Examination ARIPO, EPO, PCT?	Mutual Recognition
Outsourcing Singapore WIPO-ICE	PPH



Critical Factors

- Successful programs are office-driven
- Language issues must be overcome
- Examiner exchanges/studies help to build confidence and understanding
- Need for common standards for work products
- Need for quality control or quality metrics to increase confidence in results of other offices
- Access to search databases
- System to support sharing of information, data and documents



The ASEAN Context





WIPO
WORLD
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
ORGANIZATION



	Country of	Origin											
Office	ID	MY	PH	SG	TH	VN	AU	CN	DE	JP	KR	US	Other
Brunei													40
Indonesia	233												3 709
Malaysia		650		70	11		77	37	382	830	126	1 513	258
Philippines	2	16	180	26			48	35	251	494	76	1 148	468
Singapore	1	22	3	674	3		199	53	490	1 210	116	3 243	97
Thailand		14		14	879		25	59	225	1 717	35	1 234	363
Viet Nam		14	1	22	3	249	32	56	169	429	109	521	60

Patent filings in ASEAN offices

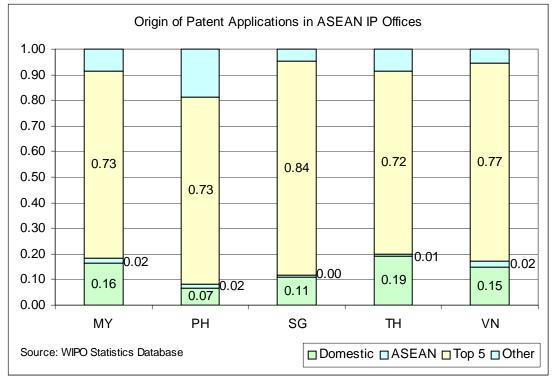
10-year averages

Source: WIPO Statistics Database – data missing for some offices, years and/or countries of origin



The ASEAN Context





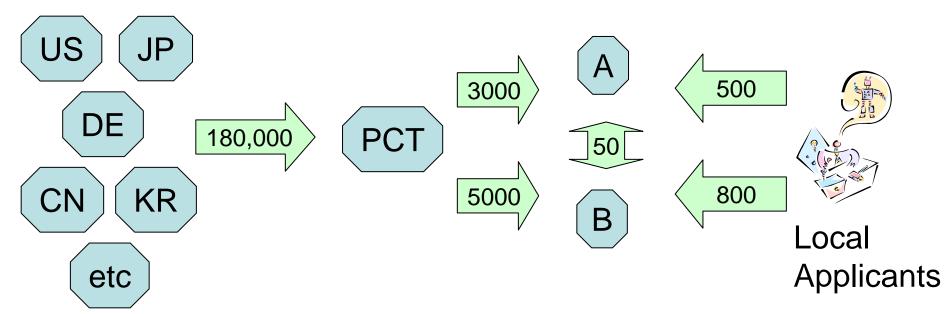
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10-year averages

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The ASEAN Context



Foreign Applicants ASEAN Offices



ASEAN Context

- approximately 15% of patent applications are first filings by local applicants
- at least 75% of patent applications are filed, via the PCT, by foreign applicants from a small number of origins
- Possible priorities for ASEAN:
- 1. High quality service for national applicants
- 2. Efficient processing of parallel foreign applications



ASEAN Context

- Possible priorities for ASEAN:
- 1. High quality service for national applicants
- 2. Efficient processing of parallel foreign applications
- Possible models:
- 1. Outsourcing / Partnerships
- 2. Access to foreign search/examination documents
- 3. Collaborative examination of parallel foreign applications



Systems Requirements

- Digitization and storage of the relevant documents in IP Offices
- Identification of parallel applications
- Systems for secure sharing of data and documents with external partners
- Access to foreign search and examination results
- Language tools

