

Moroccan Office of Industrial and Commercial Property





NEW CHALLENGES AND INITIATIVES ON IP POLICIES FOR PROMOTING INNOVATION

National IP Office

The Moroccan Industrial and Commercial Property Office (OMPIC)

OMPIC has been an independent office since 2000, prior to which it was part of the Ministry of Industry.

Its operations are accountable to an Administrative Council chaired by the Ministry of Industry. In addition to Industrial Property, OMPIC is responsible for Company Registration.

The Office has 120 staff.

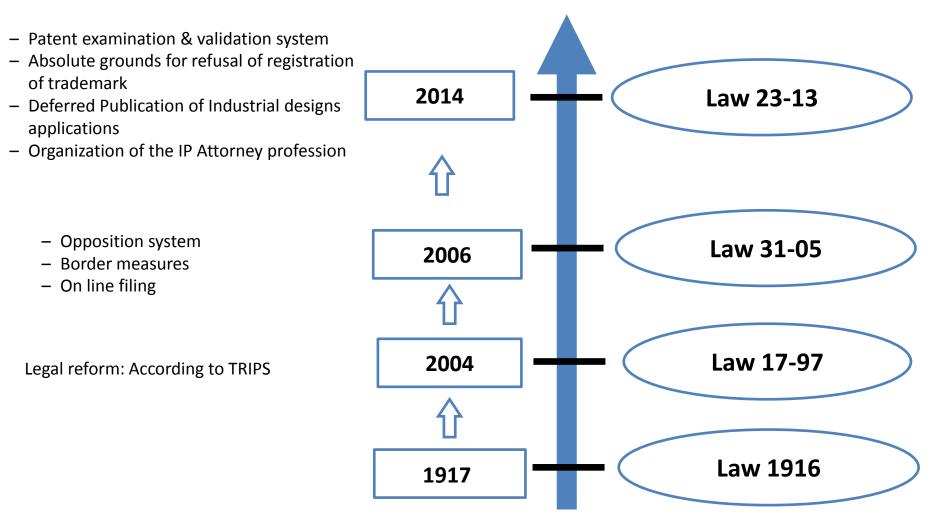
4 Directorates report to the Director General : Distinctive Signs Directorate (Company names, Trademarks and Designs), Patents Directorate, Development, Information and Promotion Directorate and Support Directorate.

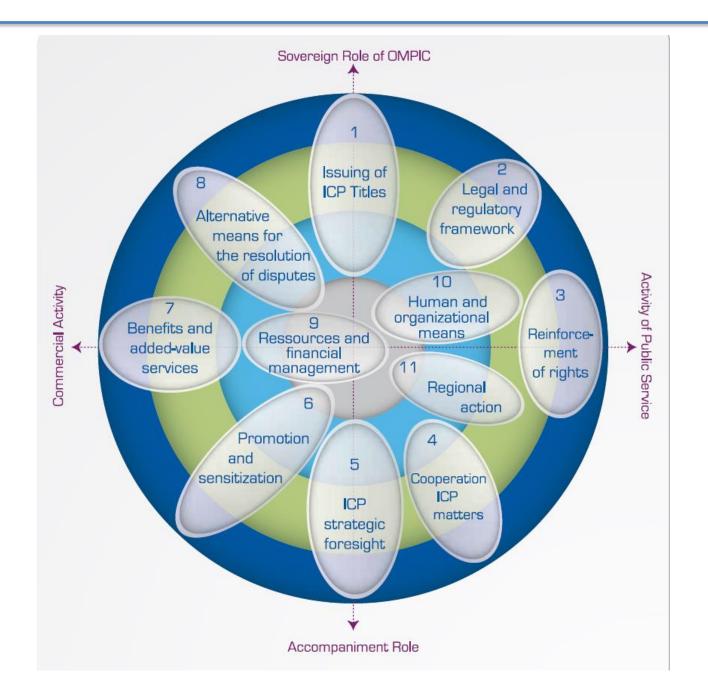
OMPIC is based in Casablanca and has 28 regional branches throughout Morocco.

Legal System: Law & Treaties

More than 100 years of evolution of the IP national legislation

Continuous improvement of the IP legal system Compliance with international standards





OMPIC's strategy 2016-2020

Strategic objectives:

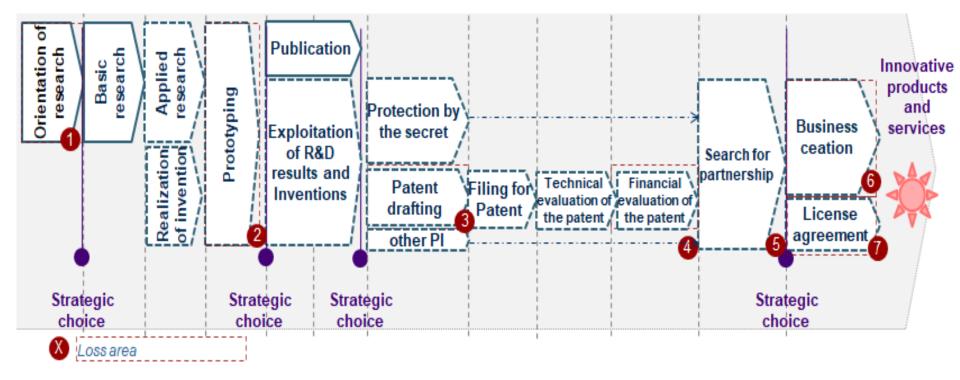
- 1. Delivering high quality and timely examination and operations in accordance with best practices to foster innovation and economic growth
- 2. Continuing the legal reform of the IP system to promote creativity and investment
- 3. Consolidating the efforts of coordination between the stakeholders and improve the performance and effectiveness of measures to implement the enforcement of IP rights
- 4. Developing dynamic, coherent, and effective relationships with partners on an national and international scale
- 5. Using IP information to develop strategic foresight and economic intelligence
- 6. Developing IP reflex within companies particularly SMEs
- 7. Adopting business-oriented services in favor of its development and the valuation of its intangible assets
- 8. Mediation and arbitration, a new mechanism for the resolution of IP conflicts
- 9. Modern Policy of financial resources management combining the challenges of auto financing and public service
- 10. Human and organizational resources meeting the expectations of industrial and commercial property users
- 11. regional organization of OMPIC taking into account the advanced regionalization and accompanying the development of the regional economic fabric

Key Figures in 2017

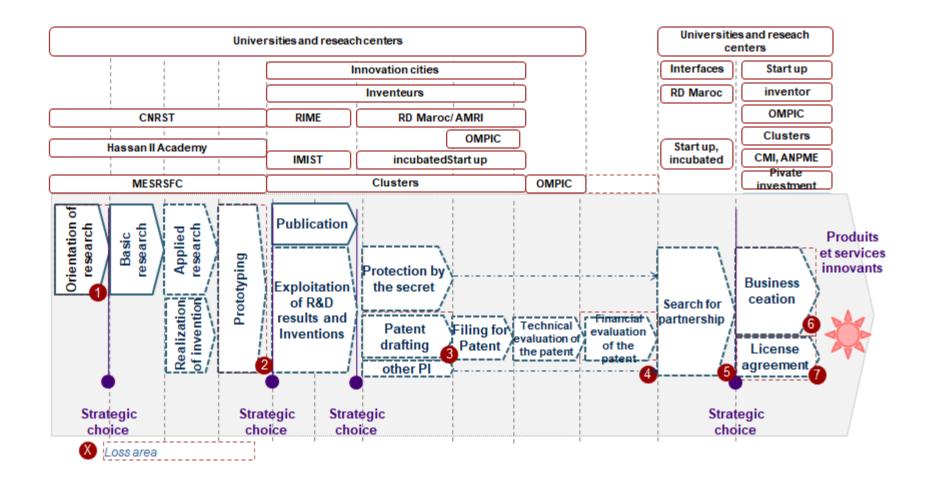
PATENTS				
Patent application	1240	+21%		
Patent applications of Moroccan Origin	237	+6%		
International Applications for Moroccan Origin (according to	22	,		
PCT)	32	/		
TRADEMARKS				
Trademarks registration applications	12 847	+7%		
Application of Moroccan Origin	7 212	+17%		
Renewals	8 931	+5%		
International Applications for Moroccan Origin, according to				
the	105	+18%		
Madrid system				
INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS				
Applications for Designs registration	1 385	+2%		
Applications for Designs (Moroccan Origin)	821	+5%		

TRADE NAMES /COMMERCIAL NAMES			
Intention to creation (delivered Negative Certificate)	72 299	+10%	
Legal Entity	63 807	+10%	
Trading names for individual businesses	8 492	+10%	
CREATION OF COMPANIES			
Total of new companies	74 532	+8%	
Legal Entities	39 896	+8,3%	
Natural Persons (individual businesses)	34 911	+7%	
ON LINE SERVICES			
Total on-line transactions	68 676	+8%	
BUSINESS INCOME (IN M\$)	7,36	+7,4%	

Analysis of the innovation value chain



Stakeholders & innovation value chain







6,400

1,600

102,400

25,600

Morocco

Key indicators	
Population (millions)	
GDP per capita, PPP\$	
Income group	Lower-middle income
Region	Northern Africa and Western Asia

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.64.3

.....0.6

	or value (naiu uala)	1,211
Global Innovation Index (out of 127)		- 72
Innovation Output Sub-Index		68
Innovation Input Sub-Index		79
Innovation Efficiency Ratio		7
Global Innovation Index 2016 (out of 128)		73

1	Institutions	70	
1.1	Political environment	72	
1.1.1	Political stability & safety*	79	
1.1.2	Government effectiveness*	76	
1.2	Regulatory environment	81	
1.2.1	Regulatory quality*	78	
1.2.2	Rule of law*	63	
1.2.3	Cost of redundancy dismissal, salary weeks20.7	85	
1.3	Business environment	67	
1.3.1	Ease of starting a business*	34 🔵	ł.
1.3.2	Ease of resolving insolvency*	109 🔾	1
1.3.3	Ease of paying taxes*	36 🖷)
2	Human capital & research	63	

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2.1	Education		66	
2.1.1	Expenditure on education, % GDP [®]		42	
2.1.2	Gov't expenditure/pupil, secondary, % GDP/cap®		9	•
2.1.3	School life expectancy, years®	12.1	86	
2.1.4	PISA scales in reading, maths, & science	n/a	n/a	
2.1.5	Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary	n/a	n/a	
2.2	Tertiary education		39	
2.2.1	Tertiary enrolment, % gross		83	
2.2.2	Graduates in science & engineering, %		4	٠
2.2.3	Tertiary inbound mobility, %	1.8	71	
2.3	Research & development (R&D)		65	
2.3.1	Researchers, FTE/mn pop. [®]		47	
2.3.2	Gross expenditure on R&D, % GDP®		50	
2.3.3	Global R&D companies, avg. expend. top 3, mn \$US	0.0	43	0
2.3.4	QS university ranking, average score top 3*	0.0	75	0
3	Infrastructure	.50.0	51	
3.1	Information & communication technologies (ICTs)		53	
3.1.1	ICT access*		71	
3.1.2	ICT use*		79	
3.1.3	Government's online service*	73.9	36	
3.1.4	E-participation*		17	•
3.2	General infrastructure		61	
3.2.1	Electricity output, kWh/cap	847.5	97	0
3.2.2	Logistics performance*	27.9	85	
3.2.3	Gross capital formation, % GDP	30.2	18	٠
3.3	Ecological sustainability		49	
3.3.1	GDP/unit of energy use	12.7	21	٠
3.3.2	Environmental performance*		60	
3.3.3	ISO 14001 environmental certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP	0.6	79	
4	Market sophistication	.42.1	89	
4.1	Credit		93	

		4.2	Investment	97	
34.8		4.2.1	Ease of protecting minority investors*	80	
04.9		4.2.2	Market capitalization, % GDP45.7	33	
64.4		4.2.3	Venture capital deals/bn PPP\$ GDP0.0	50	
ome		4.3	Trade, competition, & market scale	49	
Asia		4.3.1	Applied tariff rate, weighted mean, %	64	
		4.3.2	Intensity of local competition [†]	68	
		4.3.3	Domestic market scale, bn PPP\$	54	
Rank		1.0.0		0.	
72		5	Business sophistication	122 o	
68		5.1	Knowledge workers	109 0	
79		5.1.1	Knowledge-intensive employment, %®	99 0	
71		5.1.2	Firms offering formal training, % firms	59	
72		5.1.3	GERD performed by business, % of GDP [®] 0.2	50	
70		5.1.4	GERD financed by business, %@	51	
70		5.1.5	Females employed w/advanced degrees, % totaln/a	n/a	
72		5.2	Innovation linkages	115 0	
79		5.2.1	Innovation linkages	115 O 93	
76			State of cluster development [†]	93	
81		5.2.2 5.2.3	GERD financed by abroad, % [®]	74	
78		5.2.4	JV-strategic alliance deals/bn PPP\$ GDP0.0	78 89	
63		5.2.5	Patent families 2+ offices/bn PPP\$ GDP0.0	99 0	
85					
67		5.3	Knowledge absorption	118 O	
	•	5.3.1	Intellectual property payments, % total trade@0.2	84	
109		5.3.2	High-tech imports less re-imports, % total trade7.3	75	
36		5.3.3	ICT services imports, % total trade®0.5	96	
00	-	5.3.4	FDI net inflows, % GDP	50	
63		5.3.5	Research talent, % in business enterprise [®] 7.5	69 0	
66		~			
42		6	Knowledge & technology outputs	77	
9	•	6.1	Knowledge creation6.2	81	
86		6.1.1	Patents by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP0.8	67	
n/a		6.1.2	PCT patent applications/bn PPP\$ GDP0.1	59	
n/a		6.1.3	Utility models by origin/bn PPP\$ GDPn/a	n/a	
39		6.1.4	Scientific & technical articles/bn PPP\$ GDP7.0	78	
~~~		6.1.5	Citable documents H index	68	
83		6.2	Knowledge impact	48	
71		6.2.1	Growth rate of PPP\$ GDP/worker, %	26 🔵	
~		6.2.2	New businesses/th pop. 15-64	54	
65		6.2.3	Computer software spending, % GDP0.3	62	
47		6.2.4	ISO 9001 quality certificates/bn PPP\$ GDP3.5	73	
50		6.2.5	High- & medium-high-tech manufactures, %®0.3	42	
43		6.3	Knowledge diffusion	79	
75	0	6.3.1	Intellectual property receipts, % total trade®0.0	95 0	
		6.3.2	High-tech exports less re-exports, % total trade	59	
51		6.3.3	ICT services exports, % total trade [@]	31 .	
53 71		6.3.4	FDI net outflows, % GDP0.5	68	
79		7	Creative outputs	68	
36 17	-	7.1	Intangible assets	39	
17	•	7.1.1	Trademarks by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP	52	
61		7.1.2	Industrial designs by origin/bn PPP\$ GDP13.8	8 😐	
97	0	7.1.3	ICTs & business model creation [†]	53	
85		7.1.4	ICTs & organizational model creation [†] 48.8	78	
18	•	7.2	Creative goods & services	106 0	
49		7.2.1	Creative goods & services	58	
21		7.2.2	National feature films/mn pop. 15-69	38 85	
60	-	7.2.3	Global ent. & media market/th pop. 15-69	60 O	
79		7.2.4	Printing & publishing manufactures, % ⁽⁰⁾	74	
		7.2.5	Creative goods exports, % total trade	77	
89					
02		7.3	Online creativity13.3	89	
84	OMP	7-3.1	Generic top-level domains (TLDs)/th pop. 15-691.6	85	
49			Country-code TLDs/th pop. 15-690.8	84	
33		7.3.3	Wikipedia edits/mn pop. 15-894.0	84	
55		7.3.4	Video uploads on YouTube/pop. 15-6912.6	62 0	





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4.1.1

4.1.2

4.1.3

Ease of getting credit* ....

Microfinance gross loans, % GDP.

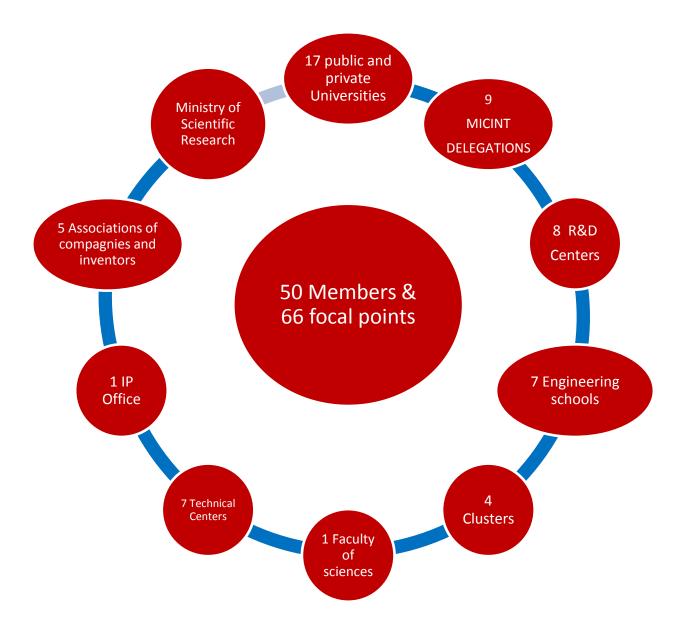
Domestic credit to private sector, % GDP .....



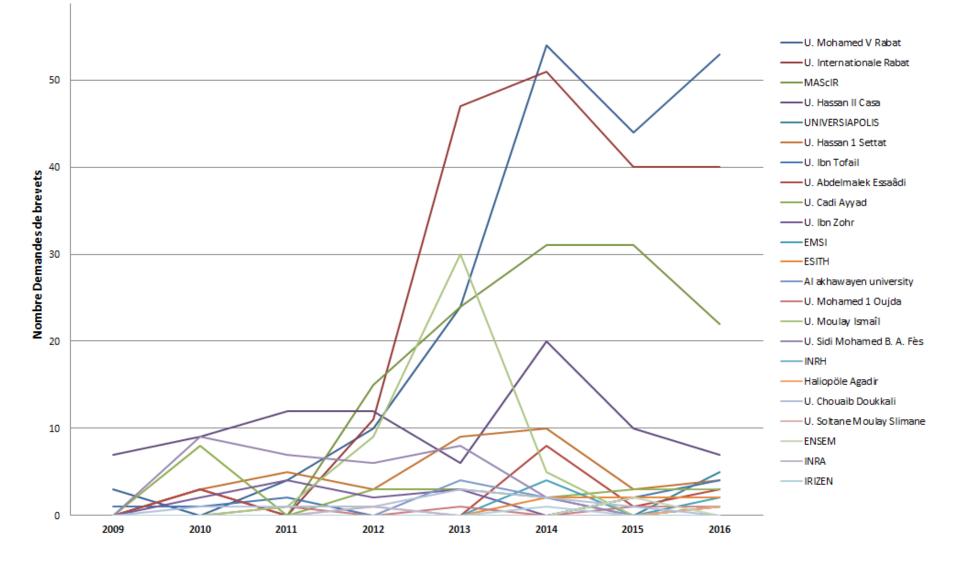
262

I: Country/Economy Profiles

#### Moroccan TISC network



#### Patent Portfolio of TISC members up to 31 December 2016

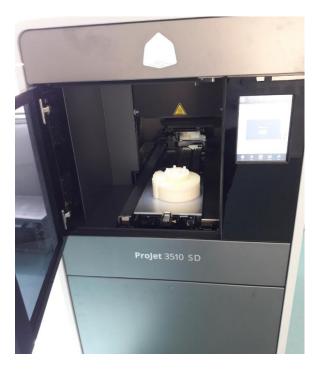


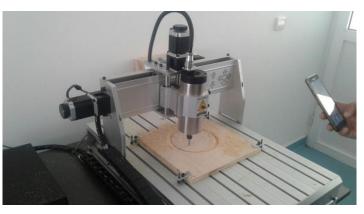
#### Prototypage Center : OMPIC's FABLAB

This FABLAB was created for the benefit of Moroccan manufacturers and inventors will facilitate the transformation of ideas from the conceptual phase to the marketable innovation phase. This center will offer support services for inventors in terms of designing, prototyping and performing functional tests on prototypes.

It has the materials follow:

- 3D printer
- 3D scanner
- Measurement tools
- Aid tool for CFAO
- Laser cutting
- Engraving machine
- Vinyl cutting.







### Patent Marketplace



