

The Role of National IP Offices in Promoting the Strategic Use of the Madrid System

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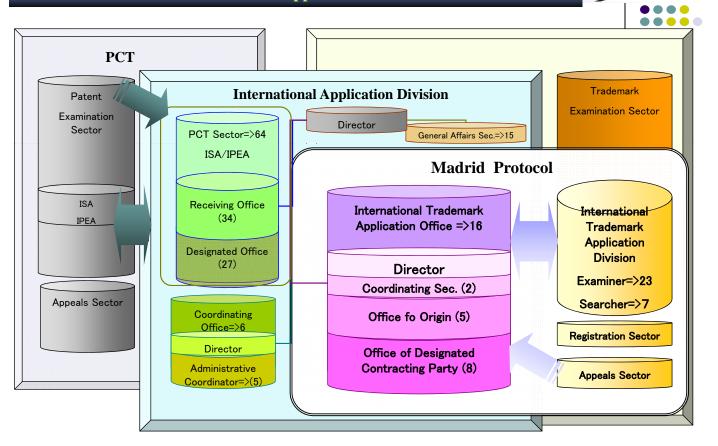
Outline



- International Trademark Application Office of the JPO
- Statistics
- Main Roles of the JPO as the Office of Origin and Designated Office
- JPO's Efforts to Promote the Use of the Madrid Protocol among Applicants
- JPO's Efforts to Increase Utilization of the Madrid System
- Summary

1

International Trademark Application Office of the JPO



Statistics

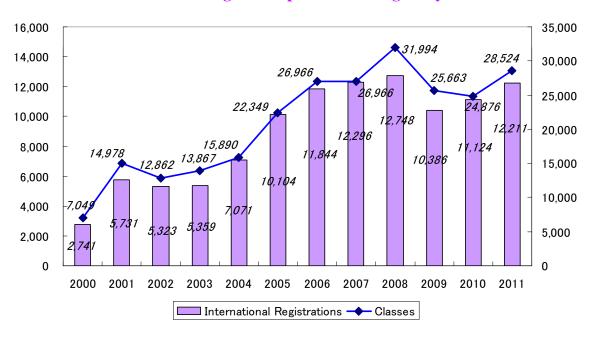


International Trademark Applications — Office of Origin —





International Trademark Applications — Number of Designations per Contracting Party —



Statistics

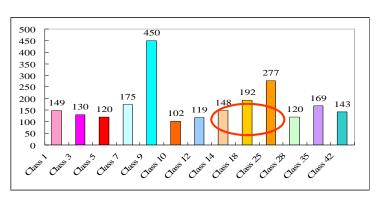


International Trademark Applications Originating from Japan

	Goods and Services		
	Goods and Services		
Class 1	Chemicals,	9.4%	
Class 3	Cleaning and toilet preparations	8.2%	
Class 5	Pharmaceutical preparations	7.6%	
Class 7	Machines	11.1%	
Class 9	Apparatus and instruments for scientific, computer software.	28.4%	
Class 10	Medical apparatus	6.4%	
Class 12	Vehicles	7.5%	
Class 14	Jewelry		
Class 18	bags, umbrellas	39.0%	
Class 25	clothing, footwear, headgear		
Class 28	Games and playthings	7.6%	
Class 35	Advertising, retail services or wholesale services	10.7%	
Class 42	Design and development of computer hardware and software	10.7%	

Top 3 Designated Counties(2011)

	Country	Designations		
1	China	1,199		
2	South Korea	928		
3	U.S.	839		



Main Roles of the JPO as the Office of Origin and Designated Office



> Main Roles of the JPO as an Office of Origin:

The JPO receives an International Application, conducts a formality check, and forwards it to the WIPO,

- •certifying that the applicant in the International application is the same as that in the basic application/registration,
- certifying that the mark, color and other details in the International application are the same as those in the basic application/ registration,
- •certifying that the goods and services in the International application are covered by the list of goods and services in the basic application/registration; and,
- •certifying the date of receipt of the international application.

The JPO monitors the application, giving notification relating to Cease in Effect of the basic application/registration.

Main Roles of the JPO as the Designated Office:

The JPO examines the international registration in the same way as it does for an application filed directly with the JPO. Any provisional refusal must be notified to the WIPO within 18 months.

6

JPO's Efforts to Promote the Use of the Madrid Protocol among Applicants



> How do Japanese (non-native speakers of English) make use of the Madrid Protocol System?

2007 User Report on the Current Status of Utilization of the Madrid Protocol System



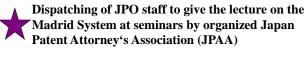
- Explanatory meetings
- Support and consultation to Japanese users of the Madrid System
- > Website content and publications explaining the Madrid Protocol
- Information and consultation on how to respond to irregularly notices
- Research reports on member countries' national trademark systems (Manuals detailing national and regional procedures; and ways to respond to provisional refusals)

8

JPO's Efforts to Promote the Use of the Madrid Protocol among Applicants







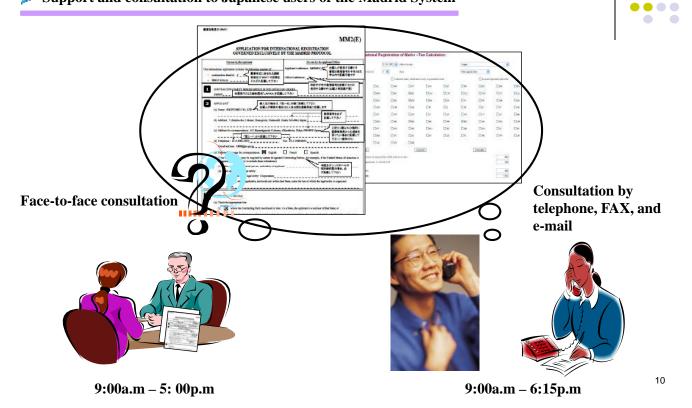
Dispatching of JPO staff to give the lecture on the Madrid system at seminar by organized Japan Institute of Invention and Innovation (JIII)



	Fukuoka	Ehime	Osaka	Nagoya	Tokyo	Sendai	Niigata	Sapporo
2009	80	-	344	145	780	-	-	-
2010	90	22	630	302	1305	-	32	38
2011	88	-	423	204	665	28	-	25 ⁹







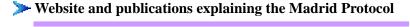
JPO's Efforts to Promote the Use of the Madrid Protocol among Applicants



- Website and publications explaining the Madrid Protocol
- •What is the Madrid Protocol?
- •How do I protect my trademarks overseas?

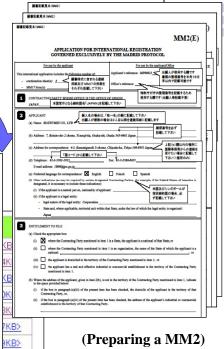






- •How do I prepare a MM2
- •How do I indicate goods and services in English?





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12

JPO's Efforts to Promote the Use of the Madrid Protocol among Applicants



> Website and publications explaining the Madrid Protocol

Japanese-language manuals and international forms

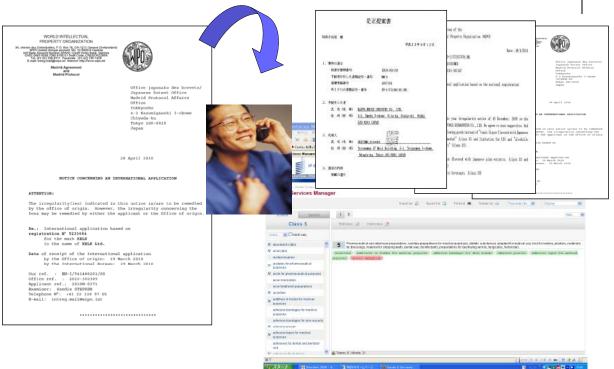


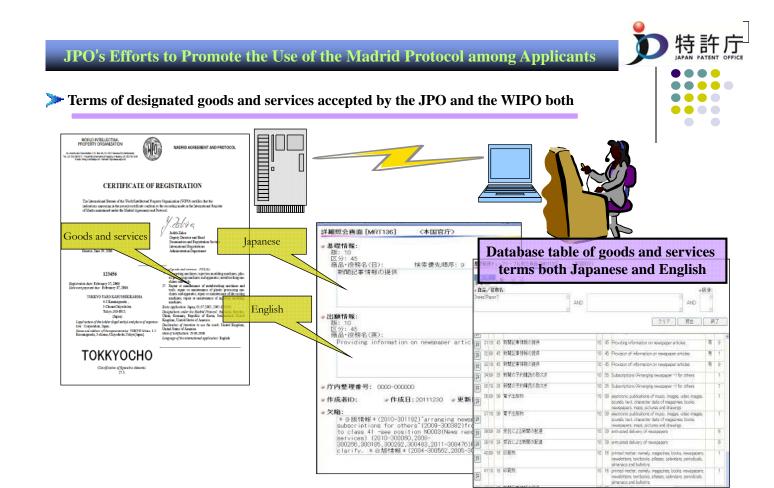
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特許庁

> Information and consultation on how to respond to irregularly notices







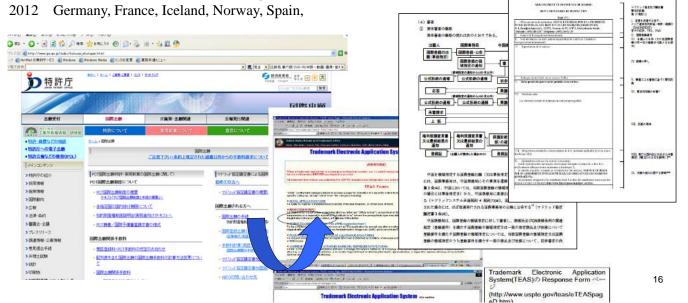


Research reports on member countries' national trademark systems

Manuals detailing national and regional procedures; and ways to respond to Provisional Refusals

2010 China, European Union, Republic of Korea, Singapore, United States of America,

2011 Australia, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Russia, Vietnam,

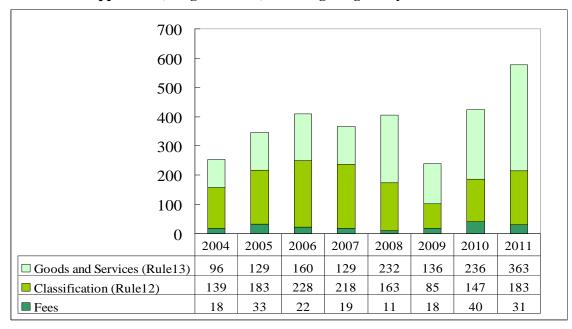


JPO's Efforts to Increase Utilization of the Madrid System

特許庁 JAPAN PATENT OFFICE

> Issues to be solved as the office of origin

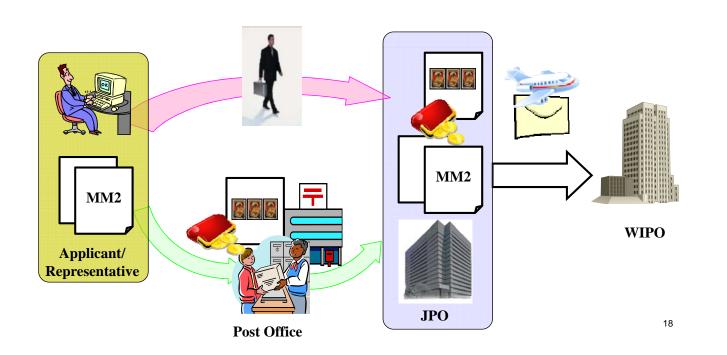
Number of applicants (filing with JPO) receiving irregularity notices from the WIPO

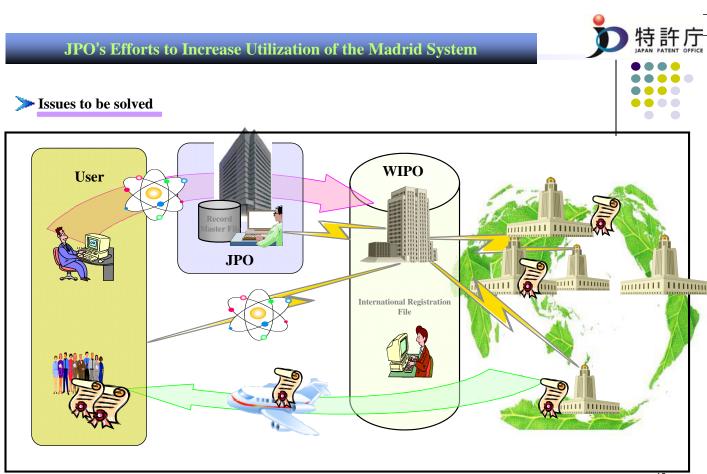


JPO's Efforts to Increase Utilization of the Madrid System



> User files an International Application with the JPO in person





Summary



> Explanation of the Madrid System to promote user understanding and utilization of the system



- > JPO-provided user support for preparing application forms and responding to IB's irregularity notices
- Improvement in communication between the JPO and the WIPO Team 3 (sending staff members and receiving trainees)
- Accumulation and analysis of the terms of designated goods and services accepted under the Japanese Trademark Examination Standard, which are subject to irregularities
- Support for translating terms of goods and services accepted under the Japanese Trademark Examination Standard; and cooperating with the WIPO to reduce the number of irregularity notices
- Preparation of research reports on member countries' national trademark systems
- Gathering of user needs based on meetings with users; and compiling of reports on current status of Madrid System utilization
- Future implementation of an electronic filing system for international applications, with function to support users in preparing international application forms