

VARIOUS PROPOSALS / PROPOSITIONS DIVERSES

A/ R/ W ¹	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/ FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ⁴
A	WO-28-1	1	010317	EN	--	chemical preparations for smoking meat							
A	WO-28-1	1	010317	FR	changer	produits pour fumiger la viande	préparations chimiques pour le fumage de viande		Harmonisation des traductions		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-4	1	010307	EN	--	foundry moulding preparations					USPTO suggests deleting these entries because they are not precise. Foundry sand, also known as "moulding sand," is a kind of sand mixed with clay that is used for making foundry moulds in the metal casting process. Another type of foundry molding preparation is loam. Foundry molding preparations in the nature of loam refers to a paste of clay and sand used for making foundry molds in the metal casting process.	Intention of this proposal is simply to harmonize the French translation "préparations" with the English. We prefer to maintain 010307 for guidance. We also note the existing NCL entries 010467 foundry sand, 010306 foundry binding substances, 010527 loam.	
A	WO-28-4	1	010307	EN	--	foundry molding preparations							
A	WO-28-4	1	010307	FR	changer	produits de moulage pour la fonderie	préparations de moulage pour la fonderie		"préparations" au lieu de "produits"				

¹ A: Approved/Approuvé; R: Rejected/Rejeté; W: Withdrawn/Retiré

² EN/FR: English/French // Anglais/Français

³ LP/PL: Linked proposals/Propositions liées

⁴ T: Transfer. The CE has considered that the proposals marked with a T (in blue) entail an amendment in the sense of Article 3(7)(b) of the Nice Agreement. Adopted amendments will enter into force with the 12th edition of the Classification at a date to be fixed by the Committee./Transfert. Le comité d'experts a considéré que les propositions marquées d'un T (en bleu) entraînaient une modification en vertu de l'article 3.7)b) de l'Arrangement de Nice. Les modifications adoptées entreront en vigueur avec la 12^{ème} édition de la classification à une date qui sera fixée par le comité.

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A	RU-28-1	1		EN	Add		<p>nanodispersed powders of metal and their alloys for industrial purposes OR nanopowders for <u>industrial purposes</u> use in industry</p>		New type of product		<p>CH: We would prefer classe 6, because of the metal.</p> <p>ILPO: what is the justification for classifying these goods in class 1? Metals in powder form are generally classified in class 6</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p> <p>FR: Cette proposition, bien que moins précise a déjà été refusée lors du précédent Comité. En l'état, il ne nous est toujours pas possible d'appréhender le produit, raison pour laquelle, nous refusons cette proposition.</p> <p>IB: Please clarify the function of this good for the purposes of classification. Also note 060434 "metals in powder form*", 020090 "metals in powder form for use in painting, decorating, printing and art", 060453 "metals in foil or powder form for 3D printers".</p>	<p>(add OR nanopowders for use in industry) On the IB comment: Nanodispersed powders of metal and their alloys are used in different industries. For example, it can be used for manufacture of high-strength materials by adding nanopowders to the composition of rubber products for the increasing their resistance to abrasion. On ILPO comment: The justification for classifying these goods in class 1 was their nature. Nanopowders of metals are chemical substances that help to modify properties of different categories of products. On our opinion it cannot be compare with metal powders in class 6 due the methods of producing nanopowders. Taken into account the definitions for nanopowders made by the International standardization organisation (ISO) "is a solid powder-like substance of artificial origin that contains nanoobjects, aggregates or agglomerates of nanoobjects or a combination thereof; 2) an assembly of nanoparticles; 3) a powder, all particles of which are smaller than 100 nm" we prefer to have the concept "nanopowders" in class 1 as chemical substances for use in industry.</p>	
A	RU-28-1	1		FR	ajouter		<p>nanodispersions de métaux et leurs alliages en poudre, à usage industriel OU nanopoudres <u>à usage industriel</u> pour l'industrie</p>					<p><u>CE : Cl. 1 as chemical substances for use in industry.</u></p>	
A	US-28-1	1	010343	EN	Change	gurjun balsam for making varnish	gurjun balsam for use in the manufacture of varnish		This proposal clarifies the nature of the goods. The proposed new term is consistent with Basic Nos. 010575, 010679, 010694, 010701, 010320, among many others.				
A	US-28-1	1	010343	FR	--	baume de gurjun pour la fabrication de vernis							


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A	US-28-2	1	010613	EN	Change	filtering materials [vegetable substances]	filtering materials of vegetable substances		The proposed change clarifies the nature of the goods consistent with “filtering materials of textile” (Basic No. 240105). See LPs US-28-2 to 10	filtering1			
A	US-28-2	1	010613	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [substances végétales]	matières filtrantes constituées de substances végétales			filtering1			
A	US-28-3	1	010610	EN	Change	filtering materials [unprocessed plastics]	filtering materials of unprocessed plastics		idem	filtering1			
A	US-28-3	1	010610	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [matières plastiques à l'état brut]	matières filtrantes en matières plastiques à l'état brut			filtering1			
A	US-28-4	1	010611	EN	Change	filtering materials [chemical preparations]	filtering materials of chemical substances		idem	filtering1	IB: Filtering materials of chemical substances? Filtering materials being chemical preparations?	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from “filtering materials of chemical preparations” to “filtering materials of chemical substances” as suggested by the IB and consistent with US Proposal No. 5 “filtering materials of <u>mineral substances</u> ,” (changing Basic No. 010612).	
A	US-28-4	1	010611	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [produits chimiques]	matières filtrantes constituées de substances chimiques			filtering1			
A	US-28-5	1	010612	EN	Change	filtering materials [mineral substances]	filtering materials of mineral substances		idem	filtering1			
A	US-28-5	1	010612	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [substances minérales]	matières filtrantes constituées de substances minérales			filtering1			
A	US-28-6	7	070457	EN	Change	filters [parts of machines or engines]	filters being parts of machines or engines		The proposed change is consistent with the structure of “joysticks being parts of machines, other than for game machines” (Basic No. 070567). See LPs US-28-2 to 10	filtering1			
A	US-28-6	7	070457	FR	changer	filtres [parties de machines ou de moteurs]	filtres en tant que parties de machines ou de moteurs			filtering1			
A	US-28-7	9	090264	EN	Change	filters [photography]	filters for use in photography		The proposed change clarifies the nature of the goods. See LPs US-28-2 to 10	filtering1			
A	US-28-7	9	090264	FR	--	filtres pour la photographie				filtering1			
A	US-28-8	16	160157	EN	Change	filtering materials [paper]	filtering materials of paper		The proposed change clarifies the nature of the goods consistent with “filtering materials of textile” (Basic No. 240105). See LPs US-28-2 to 10	filtering1			
A	US-28-8	16	160157	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [papier]	matières filtrantes en papier			filtering1			
A	US-28-9	17	170106	EN	Change	filtering materials [semi-processed foams or films of plastic]	filtering materials of semi-processed foams of plastic		idem See/voir WO-28-69, 69a	filtering1			
A	US-28-9	17	170106	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [matières plastiques ou mousses mi-ouvrées]	matières filtrantes en mousse plastique mi-ouvrée			filtering1			
A	US-28-10 WO-28-69a	17		EN	Add		filtering materials of semi-processed films of plastic		See LPs US-28-2 to 10, WO-28-69, 69a	filtering1			
A	US-28-10 WO-28-69a	17		FR	ajouter		matières filtrantes en films plastiques mi-ouvrés			filtering1			


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W	WO-28-69	17	170106	EN	Change	filtering materials [semi-processed foams or films of plastic]	filtering materials of semi-processed foams		To clarify that "semi-processed" refers to "foams". See 170072 <i>plastic film, other than for wrapping // pellicules en matières plastiques autres que pour l'emballage</i> See/voir WO-28-69a, US-28-9, 10	filtering2	USPTO agrees in principle with this proposal, but suggests incorporating the bracketed wording, such as, " <u>filtering materials being plastic film or semi-processed foams.</u> "	IB prefers the USPTO counterproposal (with a small modification: "foams" instead of "foams of plastic") to change 170106 to "filtering materials of semi-processed foams" → <i>matières filtrantes en mousse mi-ouverte</i> and add an entry for "filtering materials of semi-processed films of plastic" → <i>matières filtrantes en films plastiques mi-ouverts</i> (instead of: filtering materials [plastic film or semi-processed foams] / <i>matières filtrantes [mousses mi-ouvertes ou pellicules en matières plastiques]</i>)	
W	WO-28-69	17	170106	FR	changer	matières filtrantes [matières plastiques ou mousses mi-ouvertes]	matières filtrantes en mousse mi-ouverte			filtering2			
A	WO-28-2	1	010087	EN	Change	fuel for atomic piles	fuel for nuclear reactors		"Atomic piles" is the former name for "nuclear reactors" but is now obsolete (see Termium, Wikipedia)	nuclear	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-2	1	010087	FR	changer	combustibles pour piles atomiques	combustibles pour réacteurs nucléaires		See WO-28-3	nuclear			
A	WO-28-3	11	110253	EN	--	nuclear reactors				nuclear			
A	WO-28-3	11	110253	EN	Delete	atomic piles			Obsolete term	nuclear	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-3	11	110253	FR	--	réacteurs nucléaires				nuclear			
A	WO-28-3	11	110253	FR	supprimer	piles atomiques			Terme obsolète	nuclear			
A	RU-28-2	1		EN	Add		dendrimer-based polymers for use in the manufacture of capsules for pharmaceuticals		New type of product See/voir RU-28-12	polymer	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: Cette proposition a été refusée lors du dernier Comité. Nous renouvelons ce refus.	CE: Cl. 1 as chemical materials for the manufacture of capsules for medicines.	
A	RU-28-2	1		FR	ajouter		polymères dendrimériques utilisés dans la fabrication de capsules pour produits pharmaceutiques			polymer			


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A	RU-28-12	5		EN	Add		pharmaceuticals contained by capsules made of dendrimer-based polymers, for pharmaceuticals		New type of product	polymer	USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "Pharmaceuticals contained by dendrimer-based polymers" to make it clear that the polymers are not pharmaceuticals but merely a drug delivery agent for the pharmaceutical. FR: Refusé. De quel produit s'agit-il ? IB: Please provide more information about this good. Also note 050453 "pharmaceuticals" and 050069 "pharmaceutical preparations".	pharmaceuticals contained by dendrimer-based polymers (instead of pharmaceuticals comprising dendrimer-based polymers) Taken into account USPTO proposal to amend the wording On the IB, France Office comments: We mean pharmaceuticals in capsules made of dendrimer-based polymers The purpose for adding this entry to the Nice classification is to make guidance for users on classification of dendrimer-based polymers in class 1 as chemical material for manufacture of capsules for medicines and medicines themselves in capsules made of dendrimer-based polymers in class 5	
A	RU-28-12	5		FR	ajouter		produits pharmaceutiques contenus dans des capsules en polymères dendrimériques pour produits pharmaceutiques			polymer		CE: Cl. 5 as pharmaceutical capsules made of dendrimer-based polymers.	
A	WO-28-5	1	010404	EN	--	chemical preparations to prevent wheat blight			There are different types of wheat disease. In order to avoid creating different entries for each disease, we recommend harmonizing the structure of 010404, 010546 and 010395, 050222, 050288, 050202. See WO-28-5a, 6, 7, 8, 8a, 9, 10	prevent	USPTO supports the addition of "chemical preparations to prevent diseases affecting cereal plants" as a new separate entry rather than changing the entry "chemical preparations to prevent wheat blight" because "wheat blight" is a common commercial name used in the marketplace, whereas "cereal plants" is not as common. The addition of this broad entry at this time will therefore prevent the need for creating different entries for each disease, in the future.	The remarks from the USPTO are duly noted. We have amended proposal WO-28-5 as follows: English - no change to either English term in 010404 Français - change "produits chimiques pour la protection contre la nielle" to "préparations chimiques de prophylaxie de la nielle" We will also add a new proposal WO-28-5a for "chemical preparations to prevent diseases affecting cereal plants / préparations chimiques de prophylaxie des maladies des plantes céréalières".	
A	WO-28-5	1	010404	EN	--	chemical preparations to prevent wheat smut				prevent			
A	WO-28-5	1	010404	FR	changer	produits chimiques pour la protection contre la nielle	préparations chimiques de prophylaxie de la nielle			prevent			
A	WO-28-5a	1		EN	Add		chemical preparations to prevent diseases affecting cereal plants			prevent			
A	WO-28-5a	1		FR	ajouter		préparations chimiques de prophylaxie des maladies des plantes céréalières			prevent			
A	WO-28-6	1	010546	EN	Change	vine disease preventing chemicals	chemical preparations to prevent diseases affecting vine plants			prevent	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-6	1	010546	FR	changer	produits chimiques pour la protection contre les maladies de la vigne	préparations chimiques de prophylaxie des maladies de la vigne			prevent			
A	WO-28-7	1	010395	EN	--	chemical preparations to prevent mildew				prevent			

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A	WO-28-7	1	010395	FR	changer	produits chimiques pour la protection contre le mildiou	préparations chimiques de prophylaxie du mildiou			prevent	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-8	5	050222	EN	Change	chemical preparations to treat wheat blight	chemical preparations for treating wheat blight			prevent	USPTO supports the addition of "chemical preparations for treating diseases affecting cereal plants" as a new separate entry rather than changing the entry "chemical preparations to treat wheat blight" because "wheat blight" is a common commercial name used in the marketplace, whereas "cereal plants" is not as common. The addition of this broad entry at this time will therefore prevent the need for creating different entries for each disease, in the future.	Our amended proposals WO-28-8 and WO-28-8a take into account the comments received from USPTO. (instead of a change to: "chemical preparations for treating diseases affecting cereal plants / préparations chimiques pour le traitement des maladies des plantes céréalières" added in new entry WO-28-8a)	
A	WO-28-8	5	050222	EN	Change	chemical preparations to treat wheat smut	chemical preparations for treating wheat smut			prevent			
A	WO-28-8	5	050222	FR	changer	produits chimiques pour le traitement de la nielle	préparations chimiques pour le traitement de la nielle			prevent		Français - change "produits" to "préparations"	
A	WO-28-8a	5		EN	Add		chemical preparations for treating diseases affecting cereal plants			prevent			
A	WO-28-8a	5		FR	ajouter		préparations chimiques pour le traitement des maladies des plantes céréalières			prevent			
A	WO-28-9	5	050288	EN	Change	vine disease treating chemicals	chemical preparations for treating diseases affecting vine plants			prevent	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-9	5	050288	FR	changer	produits chimiques pour le traitement des maladies de la vigne	préparations chimiques pour le traitement des maladies de la vigne			prevent			
A	WO-28-10	5	050202	EN	Change	chemical preparations to treat mildew	chemical preparations for treating mildew			prevent	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-10	5	050202	FR	changer	produits chimiques pour le traitement du mildiou	préparations chimiques pour le traitement du mildiou			prevent			
A	RU-28-3	2		EN	Add		anti-graffiti coatings [paints]		Relevance of product on the market		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	RU-28-3	2		FR	ajouter		revêtements peintures anti-graffitis [peintures]						
W	RU-28-3a	2	020003	EN	Delete	varnishes*						CE: This and the following two proposals from RU intended to delete some general indications from the alphabetical list that already exist in the Class Headings. The CE indicated that there was no benefit in their deletion and preferred to maintain these indications in the alphabetical list for guidance. The proposals were all withdrawn.	
W	RU-28-3a	2	020003	FR	supprimer	verniss*							
W	RU-28-3b	2	020047	EN	Delete	colorants*							
W	RU-28-3b	2	020047	EN	--	dyestuffs							
W	RU-28-3b	2	020047	FR	supprimer	colorants*							


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W	RU-28-3b	2	020047	FR	--	matières tinctoriales							
W	RU-28-3c	2	020058	EN	Delete	dyes*							
W	RU-28-3c	2	020058	FR	supprimer	teintures*							
A	WO-28-11	2	020121	EN	Change	ink [toner] for photocopiers	ink for printers and photocopiers		Ink and Toner are not the same product and this entry should be separated accordingly. Ink is a liquid form of pigmentation used in inkjet printers, while toner is a fine powder used in laser printers.	toner	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	CE: This and the following five proposals clarify that ink and toner are not the same product and should be separated.	
A	WO-28-11	2	020121	EN	Delete	toner [ink] for photocopiers			We suggest adding "toner" in a new separate entry – see proposal below. WO-28-12 to 16	toner			
A	WO-28-11	2	020121	FR	changer	encres [toner] pour photocopieurs	encres pour imprimantes et photocopieurs			toner			
A	WO-28-12	2		EN	Add		toner for printers and photocopiers			toner	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-12	2		FR	ajouter		toner pour imprimantes et photocopieurs			toner			
A	WO-28-13	2		EN	Add		ink cartridges, filled, for printers and photocopiers		Complements 020123 <i>toner cartridges, filled, for printers and photocopiers</i>	toner	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-13	2		FR	ajouter		cartouches d'encre remplies pour imprimantes et photocopieurs		020123 <i>cartouches de toner remplies pour imprimantes et photocopieurs</i>	toner			
A	WO-28-14	9		EN	Add		ink cartridges, unfilled, for printers and photocopiers		Complements 090720 <i>toner cartridges, unfilled, for printers and photocopiers</i>	toner	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-14	9		FR	ajouter		cartouches d'encre vides pour imprimantes et photocopieurs		090720 <i>cartouches de toner vides pour imprimantes et photocopieurs</i>	toner			
A	WO-28-15	37		EN	Add		refilling of ink cartridges		Complements 370130 <i>refilling of toner cartridges</i>	toner	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-15	37		FR	ajouter		services de recharge de cartouches d'encre		370130 <i>services de recharge de cartouches d'encre [toner]</i>	toner			
A	WO-28-16	37	370130	EN	--	refilling of toner cartridges				toner			
A	WO-28-16	37	370130	FR	changer	services de recharge de cartouches d'encre [toner]	services de recharge de cartouches de toner			toner	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-17	3	030212	EN	--	preparations to make the leaves of plants shiny							
A	WO-28-17	3	030212	FR	changer	produits pour faire briller les feuilles des plantes	préparations pour faire briller les feuilles des plantes		"préparations" au lieu de "produits"		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		



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A	SG-28-1	3		EN	Add		baby wipes impregnated with cleaning preparations		To clarify the classification of baby wipes, which is found in Class 3 of MGS.		FR: Par consistance avec les autres entrées de la classification, il faudrait préciser "imprégnées de produits nettoyants/ incorporating cleaning preparations". Voir en ce sens par ex. : "Lingettes imprégnées de préparations démaquillantes/Tissues impregnated with make-up removing preparations". KR: We think that the purposes of these goods should be clarified, such as "baby wipes for cosmetic purposes". USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 16 by analogy to "hygienic paper" (Basic No. 160094) and "face towels of paper" (Basic No. 160307). IB: See 030197 "Tissues impregnated with cosmetic lotions" in Cl.3.	(baby wipes impregnated with cleaning preparations instead of baby wipes) CE: Analogous to "tissues impregnated with cosmetic lotions" in Cl. 3 (Basic No. 030197).	
A	SG-28-1	3		FR	ajouter		lingettes pour bébés imprégnées de préparations de nettoyage						
A	FR-28-1	25 3		EN	Add		clothes clothing containing slimming substances		 <p>Les vêtements aminçissants se présentent sous différentes formes (culottes, fuseaux, corsets etc) et permettent de réduire le tour de cuisse, de hanche, de ventre grâce à la présence de différents composants généralement emprisonnés dans des « micro-capsules » incrustées dans le tissu. Les composés les plus couramment utilisés sont la caféine (très utilisée dans les cosmétiques minceur pour sa réputation de « brûleuse de graisse » et à son pouvoir déstockant, le thé vert -qui possède des vertus drainantes et anti-oxydantes), la vigne rouge (pour traiter les problèmes de circulation), l'argile (qui active la circulation sanguine, draine et désengorge les tissus) etc. Il n'y a aucun usage médical, le but de ces produits étant purement esthétique.</p>		CH : classe 25, car il s'agit de vêtements. Toutefois, inutile de rajouter cela à la liste alphabétique à notre avis. ILPO: class 25 USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite because the nature and function of the « slimming substances » is unclear. USPTO suggests modifying the entry to « Clothes containing microcapsules embedded in fabric filled with cosmetic preparations for slimming purposes » in Class 25. This modification would be consistent with the following Basic Nos. in which the goods following the term « containing » do not determine classification. BN 300242 – Chocolate spreads containing nuts BN 330031 -- Alcoholic beverages containing fruit JPO: We would classify them in class 25. IB : Clothing incorporating cosmetic preparations? We prefer Cl.25 as "clothing". See for example nivea	Suite aux commentaires des différents Offices que nous remercions, nous pensons finalement que ce produit est suffisamment clair en l'état et qu'il doit relever de la cl03. En effet, ce produit n'est pas en soi un vêtement, il ne sert pas à se vêtir mais est porté pour les substances cosmétiques qu'il contient. Il s'agit d'un produit cosmétique qui se présente sous la forme d'un vêtement. De la même façon la classification de Nice contient d'autres produits analogues en cl03 comme les « lingettes imprégnées de préparations démaquillantes/tissues impregnated with make-up removing preparations » (030233) (instead of : Cl. 3 or 25 ?)	

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A	FR-28-1	25 3		FR	ajouter		vêtements contenant des substances amincissantes					CE : This term was originally proposed in Cl. 3 as it was considered to be a cosmetic product in the form of clothing and could be analogous with existing Cl.3 entries such as "tissues impregnated with make-up removing preparations" (Basic No. 030233). However, the CE preferred to accept this entry in Cl.25 on grounds that the product functions basically as "clothing".	
A	RU-28-4	3		EN	Add		basma [cosmetic dye]		Relevance of product on the market by analogy with basic number 030227 NCL "henna [cosmetic dye]"		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: De quel produit s'agit-il ?		
A	RU-28-4	3		FR	ajouter		basma [teinture à usage cosmétique]						
A	KR-28-1	3		EN	Add		gel eye patches for cosmetic purposes		This proposal intends to distinguish from "eyepatches for medical purposes" in Class 05 depending on their purposes. (Basic No. 050398) 		USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad. Further specification is needed to determine classification. Are these goods impregnated with products in Class 3, such as non-medicated cosmetics or toiletry preparations? See, e.g., "tissues impregnated with cosmetic lotions," (Basic No. 030197), "cloths impregnated with a detergent for cleaning," (Basic No. 030211), and "tissues impregnated with make-up removing preparations." (Basic No. 030233). IB: These appear to be patches impregnated with cosmetic preparations, for use under the eyes and around the nose area. We suggest "Cosmetic patches for facial use" or more specifically "Gel eye patches for cosmetic purposes".	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 03 (Add) "Gel eye patches for cosmetic purposes" (instead of: eyepatches for cosmetic purposes)	
A	KR-28-1	3		FR	ajouter		patchs de gel pour les yeux à usage cosmétique						

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A	KR-28-2	3		EN	Add		nail glitter				<p>CH: Add "nail glitter"</p> <p>ILPO: "rhinestones for Jewelry" in class 14 or "rhinestones other than for jewelry" in class 26.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes goods in Classes 3, 14, and 26. Further specification is needed to determine classification. For example, the goods may be encompassed by "nail art stickers" (Basic No. 030224), "semi-precious stones" (Basic No. 140073), "precious stones" (Basic No. 140074), and/or "charms, other than for jewellery, key rings or key chains" (Basic No. 260133). See, e.g., Etsy (adhesives stones referred to as "nail charms").</p> <p>IB: These "stones" are not specifically shaped for nails and could also be used for decorating greetings cards, mobile phones, and many other objects. A good analogy is 140167 <i>Beads for making jewellery</i> and 260123 <i>Beads, other than for making jewellery</i>.</p> <p>We thus agree with the suggestion from IL: "Rhinestones for making jewellery" Cl.14, "Rhinestones, other than for making jewellery" Cl.26.</p>	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 03 (Add) "nail glitter" (instead of: nail stones)		
A	KR-28-2	3		FR	ajouter		paillettes pour ongles le stylisme ongulaire							
W	US-28-11	3		EN	Add		cosmeceuticals for cosmetic purposes		<p>Cosmeceutical is defined as a cosmetic preparation that has pharmaceutical properties merriam</p> <p>Because the goods could be justified in either Class 3 or Class 5, it is necessary to add this term to the Alphabetical List to provide clear guidance to users and promote consistent classification practice among national offices. The proposed classification according to purpose is consistent with the IB's Nice Information File on "aloe vera preparations for cosmetic purposes" (Basic No. 030219) ("Aloe vera products are classified in different classes according to use or purpose."), and the recent additions under Nice 10-2016, "collagen preparations for cosmetic purposes" (Basic No. 030234) and "collagen for medical purposes" (Basic No 050451).</p>	cosmeceutical	<p>CH: according to this definition and in analogy to "medicated soap" or "medicated dentifrices" we classify all "cosmeceuticals" in class 5. → we rather propose to add "cosmeceuticals" in cl. 5</p> <p>FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en attente de la version française de cette entrée. Nous ne comprenons pas clairement le type ou la nature des produits concernés. Pour le moment, et à la vue des éléments de définitions donnés, il nous semble qu'il existerait une ambiguïté avec la cl05 au regard des propriétés pharmaceutiques.</p>	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 4 .	CE : The wording " <u>cosmeceuticals</u> " was <u>considered too vague and contradictory by the majority of the CE members, therefore this and the following two proposals were withdrawn by the proposing Office.</u>	
W	US-28-11	3		FR	ajouter		cosméceutiques à usage cosmétique		See/voir US-28-12, 13	cosmeceutical				
W	US-28-12	5		EN	Add		cosmeceuticals for medical purposes		See/voir US-28-11, 13	cosmeceutical	<p>CH: see US-28-11</p> <p>FR: id. Remarque précédente</p>	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 4 .		







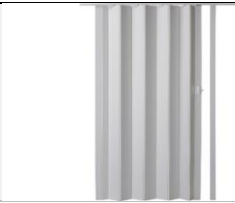
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W	US-28-12	5		FR	ajouter		cosméceutiques à usage médical			cosmeceutical			
W	US-28-13	5		EN	Add		cosmeceuticals for therapeutic purposes		See/voir US-28-11, 12	cosmeceutical	CH: see US-28-11 FR: id. Remarque précédente	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see <u>USPTO Annex 4</u> .	
W	US-28-13	5		FR	ajouter		cosméceutiques à usage thérapeutique			cosmeceutical			
W	AU-28-1	4	040106	EN	Change	electrical energy	electrically stored energy		To clarify the difference between the production or distribution of electricity		CH: The existing entry is more understandable and the new entry doesn't explain the difference between the production or distribution of electricity FR : L'entrée existance est en effet trop vague. Néanmoins, nous ne voyons pas exactement ce que recouvre la nouvelle proposition : est-ce une pile, une batterie ? Nous sommes favorables à la suppression de l'entrée existante. USPTO agrees in principle and supports the goal of clarifying the goods in Class 4 but it is unsure that the proposed wording achieves the goal as it seems to point to services, not goods. USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 040106. IB: Note that the Basic No. indicated here, 010413 refers to "oxygen for industrial purposes". Basic No. 040106 refers to "electrical energy"		
W	AU-28-1	4	040106	FR	changer	énergie électrique	énergie stockée sous forme électrique						
A	WO-28-18	4	040051	EN	Delete	gasoline			See WO-28-19 Not synonyms.	gasoline	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-18	4	040051	FR	supprimer	gazoline			Voir PR gazoline = éther de pétrole 040044 <i>éther de pétrole // petroleum ether</i>	gasoline			
A	WO-28-19	4	040043	EN	--	petrol				gasoline			
A	WO-28-19	4	040043	EN	Add		gasoline		Petrol (GB) and Gasoline (US) are used as synonyms in 010021 and 090243	gasoline	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-19	4	040043	FR	changer	essences [carburants]	essence [carburant]			gasoline			
A	WO-28-25	5	050469	EN	Change	insecticidal animal shampoo	insecticidal animal shampoos		Consistency with other NCL entries for "shampoos" in plural.		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-25	5	050469	FR	--	shampooings insecticides pour animaux							
A	WO-28-26	5	Class Heading	EN	Change	dietary supplements for humans and animals	dietary supplements for human beings and animals		Consistency with other Class Headings and Explanatory Notes		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-26	5	Intitulé de classe	FR	--	compléments alimentaires pour êtres humains et animaux							


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A	WO-28-29	5	050481	EN	Change	medicated massage candles	massage candles for therapeutic purposes		<p>medicated candle: disinfecting candle a cylinder or cone of a combustible mixture usually containing sulfur or formaldehyde that is burned for disinfecting purposes (MW unabridged).</p> <p>Apart from a specific brand of candles that contains marijuana, other massage candles are made of essential oils, that have theurapeutic properties.</p> <p>theurapeutic: of or relating to the treatment of disease or disorders by remedial agents or methods : curative, medicinal (MW)</p> <p>Eventually we could suggest "...for therapeutic or medical purposes" (analogy 050459)</p>		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	We maintain our proposal as submitted "massage candles for therapeutic purposes / bougies de massage à usage thérapeutique".	
A	WO-28-29	5	050481	FR	changer	bougies de massage à usage médical	bougies de massage à usage thérapeutique		<p>Ev. soit "medicated massage candles = bougies de massage médicamenteuses", ou</p> <p>"for therapeutic purposes = à usage thérapeutique", ou</p> <p>"for therapeutic or medical purposes = à usage thérapeutique ou médical"?</p>		FR : ok avec la traduction « bougies de massage à usage thérapeutique »		
A	KR-28-3	5		EN	Add		injectable dermal fillers				<p>ILPO: we suggest to rephrase "dermal fillers sold in prefilled syringes".</p> <p>FR: Au vu de la photo, il semble que ce soit deux produits différents appartenant soit à la classe 05, soit à la classe 10.</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p>	We think this proposal is clear enough.	
A	KR-28-3	5		FR	ajouter		produits de comblement dermique injectables						





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<u>W</u>	JP-28-1	5		EN	Add		powdered milk for children for nutritional purposes		<p>These goods are powdered milk for children above infant age and aim to supplement nutrition similar to those for infants. These contain many of the substances needed for children to grow. These are classified in Class 05 by analogy with existing entries "powdered milk for babies" (Basic No. 050449), "infant formula" (Basic No. 050448), and "lacteal flour for babies" (Basic No. 050145). Please refer to the following URLs. lazada bayanmall</p> 		<p>CH does not support this proposal as such, either add "nutritional supplement" or add to cl. 29 by analogy with "powdered milk"</p> <p>ILPO: if they are not meal replacement for medical purposes then they belong in class 29, maybe "milk based dietary supplements for children" in class 5</p> <p>FR: S'agit-il de lait aux propriétés particulières? Le lait pour bébé est réglementée en Europe et possède des qualités particulières par rapport au lait classique ce qui justifie la classe 05. Nous ne voyons pas par contre pourquoi le produit devrait être classé en classe 05 plutôt qu'en classe 29. une entrée nous paraît donc nécessaire mais en classe 29.</p> <p>KR: We think this item is classified in cl. 29 rather than cl. 5.</p> <p>USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 5. Are these goods primarily nutritional supplements in Class 5 (Basic No. 050384)? Are these goods powdered milk for medical purposes? Should these goods be classified in Class 29 by analogy to "powdered milk" (Basic No. 290192)?</p> <p>IB: Note that 050449, 050448, 050145 refer to "powdered milk" that is specially formulated for infants and babies who cannot yet digest solid food. This does not appear to be the case for this proposal, which seems to be a "dietary supplement". We suggest "Milk-based dietary supplements for children" in Cl.5, as "powdered milk for children" would belong in Cl.29 by analogy with 290192.</p>	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 5 (add) "Powdered milk for children for nutritional purposes" (instead of: powdered milk for children)		
<u>W</u>	JP-28-1	5		FR	ajouter		lait en poudre pour enfants à des fins nutritionnelles							
<u>A</u>	MX-28-1	5		EN	Add		bracelets impregnated with insect repellent				<p>USPTO agrees with the classification for these goods. However, USPTO notes that the Class 5 Class Heading specifies "preparations for destroying vermin." Thus, the goods "insect repellents" (Basic No. 050178) in Class 5 of the Alphabetical List refers to preparations, and not to apparatus such as insect repellent bracelets. Accordingly, USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "bracelets impregnated with insect repellents" in Class 5 by analogy to "tissues impregnated with pharmaceutical lotions" in Class 5 (Basic No. 050374) of the Alphabetical List.</p> <p>IB: "bracelets impregnated with insect repellent"? See 050178 insect repellents</p>	We thank to the USPTO and IB offices for their comments, and we accept the suggestion to rephrase as: "bracelets impregnated with insect repellent" (instead of: insect repellent bracelet)	<u>CE: Analogous to "tissues impregnated with pharmaceutical lotions" in Cl. 5 (Basic No. 050374).</u>	
<u>A</u>	MX-28-1	5		FR	ajouter		bracelets imprégnés d'insectifuges OU bracelets imprégnés de répulsif anti-insectes							

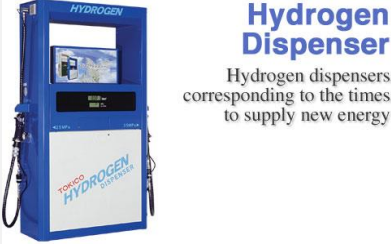
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A	WO-28-20	5	050351	EN	Delete	napkins for incontinents			See WO-28-21 to 23 and US-28-17	incontinence1			
A	WO-28-20	5	050351	EN	Change	diapers for incontinents	diapers for incontinence		To match the language used in Cl. 5 Explanatory Note	incontinence1	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-20	5	050351	FR	changer	couches hygiéniques pour incontinents	couches hygiéniques pour personnes incontinentes			incontinence1			
A	US-28-17 WO-28-21	5	050372	EN	Change	pants, absorbent, for incontinents	pants, absorbent, for incontinence		idem See/voir WO-28-21	incontinence2	IB: OK – same as proposal WO 28-21	USPTO maintains this proposal and supports the IB's proposal WO-28-21.	
A	US-28-17 WO-28-21	5	050372	FR	changer	culottes hygiéniques pour incontinents	culottes hygiéniques pour personnes incontinentes			incontinence2			
A	WO-28-22	10	Explanatory Note	EN	Change	This Class does not include, in particular: - medical dressings and absorbent sanitary articles, for example, plasters, bandages and gauze for dressings, breast-nursing pads, babies' napkins and napkins for incontinents , tampons (Cl. 5);	This Class does not include, in particular: - medical dressings and absorbent sanitary articles, for example, plasters, bandages and gauze for dressings, breast-nursing pads, diapers for babies and for incontinence , tampons (Cl. 5);		To match the language used in Cl. 5 Explanatory Note	incontinence4	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-22	10	Note explicative	FR	changer	Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment : - les pansements médicaux et les articles absorbants à usage sanitaire, par exemple : les sparadraps, les bandes et la gaze pour pansements, les coussinets d'allaitement, les couches pour bébés et les couches pour incontinents , les tampons hygiéniques (cl. 5);	Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment : - les pansements médicaux et les articles absorbants à usage sanitaire, par exemple : les sparadraps, les bandes et la gaze pour pansements, les coussinets d'allaitement, les couches pour bébés et pour personnes incontinentes , les tampons hygiéniques (cl. 5);			incontinence4			
A	WO-28-23	10	100014	EN	--	incontinence sheets			To match the language used in Cl. 5 Explanatory Note	incontinence5	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-23	10	100014	FR	changer	draps pour incontinents	draps pour personnes incontinentes			incontinence5			
W	WO-28-27	5	050272	EN	--	soil-sterilizing preparations			See WO-28-28	prep			
W	WO-28-27	5	050272	EN	--	soil-sterilising preparations				prep			
W	WO-28-27	5	050272	FR	changer	produits stérilisants pour sols	préparations pour la stérilisation des sols		“préparations” au lieu de “produits”	prep	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
W	WO-28-28	5	050275	EN	--	sterilizing preparations				prep			
W	WO-28-28	5	050275	EN	--	sterilising preparations				prep			
W	WO-28-28	5	050275	FR	changer	produits pour la stérilisation	préparations de stérilisation		“préparations” au lieu de “produits”	prep	FR : ok mais avec la traduction « préparations pour la stérilisation » afin d'être en adéquation avec la proposition précédente. USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.	After discussion with our translators, we maintain our proposal as submitted “préparations de stérilisation”.	
A	WO-28-35	6	060305	EN	--	straps of metal for handling loads							

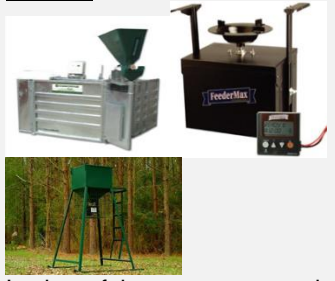
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A	WO-28-35	6	060305	EN	--	belts of metal for handling loads							
A	WO-28-35	6	060305	EN	Delete	straps of metal for load handling			Superfluous		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-35	6	060305	FR	--	sangles métalliques pour la manutention de fardeaux							
A	WO-28-36	6	Explanatory Note	EN	Change	This Class does not include, in particular: - certain goods made of common metals that are classified according to their function or purpose, for example, hand tools, hand operated (Cl. 8),	This Class does not include, in particular: - certain goods made of common metals that are classified according to their function or purpose, for example, hand tools, hand-operated (Cl. 8),		Add hyphen for "hand-operated"		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-36	6	Note explicative	FR	--	Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment : - certains produits en métaux communs classés selon leur fonction ou destination, par exemple : les outils à main actionnés manuellement (cl. 8),							
A	SG-28-4	6	060113	EN	--	door scrapers					CH: but your intention is to keep the "door scrapers" under the same number?		

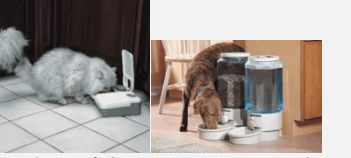

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A	SG-28-4	6	060113	EN	Delete	foot scrapers			<p>"Foot scrapers" should be proper to Class 8 as it is similar to NCL 080235 "scrapers [hand tools]", NCL 080106 "pedicure sets" and "foot files [pedicure implements]" listed in Class 8 of MGS.</p>  		<p>FR : NON : l'entrée française est très précise et correspond à une "lame de fer horizontale fixée à l'extérieur d'une maison pour permettre de gratter la boue des semelles".</p>  <p>Il ne s'agit donc pas d'un outil tenu à main mais d'une pièce fixe en métal.</p> <p>USPTO believes that there may be a translation issue concerning the English entry and suggests modifying Basic No. 060113 to "metal boot scrapers." The French "décrottoirs" (Basic No. 060113) is directly translated into English as "scrapers" but its meaning is equivalent to what are called "boot scrapers" in English. See: Wikipedia</p>   <p>Plowhearth</p> <p>IB: Note that 060113 refers to these types of goods:</p>  <p>A small horizontal bar fixed to the ground near a door where visitors can scrape mud from their shoes before entering" (Collins). We suggest deleting "Foot scrapers" from 060113. An additional entry for "Foot files [pedicure implements]" could eventually be added to Cl.8.</p>	We would like to delete "foot scrapers" from 060113.	
A	SG-28-4	6	060113	FR	--	décrottoirs							
A	FR-28-2a	6		EN	Add		accordion doors of metal			accordion	<p>CH : OK en cl. 6. Toutefois, inutile de rajouter cela à la liste alphabétique à notre avis (« portes métalliques » déjà dans la liste).</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p>		
A	FR-28-2a	6		FR	ajouter		portes accordéons métalliques		See/voir FR-28-2b	accordion			



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A	FR-28-2b	19		EN	Add		accordion doors, not of metal			accordion	CH : OK en cl. 19. Toutefois, inutile de rajouter cela à la liste alphabétique à notre avis (« portes non métalliques » déjà dans la liste). USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	FR-28-2b	19		FR	ajouter		portes accordéons non métalliques			accordion			
A	SG-28-2	6	060135	EN	Change	door closers, non-electric	door closers of metal, non-electric		This proposal serves to clarify the classification of the metallic and non-metallic version of non-electric door closers. See/voir SG-28-3	door	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	SG-28-2	6	060135	EN	Change	door springs, non-electric	door springs of metal, non-electric			door	IB: This entry is missing in the proposal: door springs of metal, non-electric		
A	SG-28-2	6	060135	FR	changer	ferme-porte non électriques	ferme-porte métalliques, non électriques			door			
A	SG-28-3	20		EN	Add		door closers, not of metal, non-electric			door	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	SG-28-3	20		EN	Add		door springs, not of metal, non-electric			door	IB : add also "door springs, not of metal, non-electric", consistency with 060135.		
A	SG-28-3	20		FR	ajouter		ferme-porte, ni métalliques, ni électriques			door			
A	WO-28-30	6	060382	EN	Change	figurines [statuettes] of common metal	figurines of common metal		To match format of 210285 See WO-28-31 to 34	figurine	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-30	6	060382	EN	--	statuettes of common metal				figurine			
A	WO-28-30	6	060382	FR	changer	figurines [statuettes] en métaux communs	figurines en métaux communs			figurine			
A	WO-28-30	6	060382	FR	--	statuettes en métaux communs				figurine			
A	WO-28-31	14	140146	EN	Change	figurines [statuettes] of precious metal	figurines of precious metal		To match format of 210285	figurine	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-31	14	140146	EN	--	statuettes of precious metal				figurine			
A	WO-28-31	14	140146	FR	changer	figurines [statuettes] en métaux précieux	figurines en métaux précieux			figurine			
A	WO-28-31	14	140146	FR	--	statuettes en métaux précieux				figurine			
A	WO-28-32	16	160155	EN	Change	figurines [statuettes] of papier mâché	figurines of papier mâché		To match format of 210285	figurine	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-32	16	160155	EN	Add		statuettes of papier mâché			figurine			
A	WO-28-32	16	160155	FR	changer	figurines [statuettes] en papier mâché	figurines en papier mâché			figurine			
A	WO-28-32	16	160155	FR	--	statuettes en papier mâché				figurine			
A	WO-28-33	19	190224	EN	Change	figurines [statuettes] of stone, concrete or marble	figurines of stone, concrete or marble		To match format of 210285	figurine	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-33	19	190224	EN	--	statuettes of stone, concrete or marble				figurine			
A	WO-28-33	19	190224	FR	changer	figurines [statuettes] en pierre, en béton ou en marbre	figurines en pierre, en béton ou en marbre			figurine			
A	WO-28-33	19	190224	FR	--	statuettes en pierre, en béton ou en marbre				figurine			
A	WO-28-34	20	200239	EN	Change	figurines [statuettes] of wood, wax, plaster or plastic	figurines of wood, wax, plaster or plastic		To match format of 210285	figurine	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		



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A	WO-28-34	20	200239	EN	--	statuettes of wood, wax, plaster or plastic				figurine			
A	WO-28-34	20	200239	FR	changer	figurines [statuettes] en bois, en cire, en plâtre ou en matières plastiques	figurines en bois, en cire, en plâtre ou en matières plastiques			figurine			
A	WO-28-34	20	200239	FR	--	statuettes en bois, en cire, en plâtre ou en matières plastiques				figurine			
A	WO-28-42	7	070351	EN	Change	forge bellows	forge blowers		<p>Consistency with the French</p>  <p>"A forge blower is a device designed to create air flow toward a fire in a coal forge or other type of forge system. A modern forge blower will be electrically operated to ensure consistent air delivery and a more powerful stream of oxygen reaching the fires and the coals being heated." www.wisegeek.com</p>		<p>USPTO notes that "forge bellows" appears in English in the Nice Classification, Third Edition, (1957). The language «<i>soufflets de forge</i>» is listed in French only in the First Edition. Given how old these entries are, it would seem that the goods in question are the forge bellows in English and the French should be changed back to «<i>soufflets de forge</i>» as it appeared in the First Edition. The forge blowers seem to be a more modern machine that may not have existed at the time of the First Edition or Third Edition.</p>	<p>IB thanks the USPTO for their comments. We note that hand-operated "forge bellows / <i>soufflets de forge</i>" such as these:</p>  <p>would not belong in Cl.7, but rather in Cl.8. As the French wording "<i>souffleries de forge</i>" these days corresponds to this type of device:</p>  <p>known as "forge blowers" in English, we maintain our proposal as submitted. Also note 080255 "fireplace bellows [hand tools] / <i>soufflets pour cheminées [instruments à main]</i>" in Cl.8.</p>	
A	WO-28-42	7	070351	FR	--	souffleries de forge			<p>Le terme "forge bellows" correspond plutôt à "soufflets de forge"</p> 				
A	WO-28-45	7	Explanatory Note	EN	Change	<p>This Class includes, in particular:</p> <p>- parts of all kinds of motors and engines, for example, starters, mufflers and cylinders for motors and engines;</p>	<p>This Class includes, in particular:</p> <p>- parts of motors and engines of all kinds, for example, starters, mufflers and cylinders for motors and engines of any type;</p>		To clarify that "all kinds" refers to motors and not to "parts".		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		



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A	WO-28-45	7	Note explicative	FR	changer	Cette classe comprend notamment : - les parties de toutes sortes de moteurs, par exemple, les démarreurs, les silencieux et les cylindres pour moteurs;	Cette classe comprend notamment : - les parties de tous types de moteurs , par exemple, les démarreurs, les silencieux et les cylindres pour tous moteurs ;						
A	FR-28-4	7	070164	EN	Add		machines for the mineralisation of drinking water						
A	FR-28-4	7	070164	EN	Change	machines for the production of mineral water	machines for the mineralization of drinking water				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	FR-28-4	7	070164	FR	changer	machines pour la fabrication d'eaux minérales	appareils pour la minéralisation des eaux potables		Suite d'une discussion lors du CE27. Il n'est pas clair sur ce que fait un appareil de fabrication des eaux minérales. Par ailleurs, seules les eaux minérales naturelles (qui n'ont pas subi de traitement) peuvent être commercialisées sous le nom «eau minérale» dans les pays membres de l'UE (voir la directive 2009/54/CE du 18 juin 2009). Il existe par ailleurs, des appareils aussi bien industriels que domestiques qui permettent de minéraliser de l'eau potable peu minérale.				
A	KR-28-4	7		EN	Add		hydrogen dispensing pumps for service stations				ILPO: we suggest "hydrogen fuel dispensing pumps" USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad because the function of the goods is unclear. Are these goods similar to "fuel dispensing pumps for service stations" (Basic No. 070542)? Further specification is needed to determine classification. USPTO has also submitted a study in connection with dispensers. See NI087, Anx 3 . IB: We suggest "Hydrogen dispensing pumps for service stations", thus following the same style as 070542 "Fuel dispensing pumps for service stations".	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 07 (Add) "hydrogen dispensing pumps for service stations" (instead of: hydrogen dispensers)	
A	KR-28-4	7		FR	ajouter		distributeurs d'hydrogène pour stations-service						
A	IL-28-2	7		EN	Add		industrial inkjet printing machines				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	We thank the USPTO for its support.	
A	IL-28-2	7		FR	ajouter		machines d'impression à jet d'encre à usage industriel						



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W	WO-28-37	7		EN	Add		automatic feeders for animals [machines]		Mechanical or electronic livestock or poultry feeders, for example, are considered as agricultural machines in Cl.7 - see also 070517 "mechanized livestock feeders // machines mécaniques pour la distribution d'aliments au bétail" See WO-28-38	feeders	FR : de quel produit s'agit-il exactement ? s'agit-il de machine ? quels animaux visons-nous exactement ? Cette proposition manque de précision. Nous avons déjà une entrée pour le bétail et une pour les animaux domestiques. USPTO believes that that the indication "for animals, other than pets" does not make clear the classification justification in Class 7. While "mechanized livestock feeders" are clear in Class 7 because they are machines, the indication "for animals, other than pets" is not as clear. For example, an electronic feeder for a bird is the same product whether the bird is a pet or a wild animal.	The term "animals other than pets" was used to describe livestock (i.e. cows, sheep, pigs, horses, goats, etc.), poultry, as well as other types of "large" animals that are not typically kept as pets, e.g., zoo animals, animals in conservation areas, which may require regular feeding. The "feeders" in question are considered as agricultural machines, and may refer to large equipment similar to 070517, but which are controlled electronically, e.g. for programmable feeding times, individual diets, etc. valmetal osborne  In view of the comments, we have amended our proposal to "automatic feeders for animals [machines] / dispositifs d'alimentation automatiques pour animaux [machines]". (instead of: electronic feeders for animals, other than pets / dispositifs d'alimentation électroniques pour animaux, autres qu'animaux de compagnie)
W	WO-28-37	7		FR	ajouter		dispositifs d'alimentation automatiques pour animaux [machines]			feeders		



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W	WO-28-38	21		EN	Add		automatic pet feeding bowls		In Cl.21 as simple household containers, regardless of mode of operation.	feeders	USPTO believes that that there are mechanized pet feeders that are more in the nature of machines that would be classified in Class 7.	 <p>In view of the comments, we have amended our proposal to "automatic pet feeding bowls" (instead of: electronic pet feeders / distributeurs électroniques d'aliments pour animaux de compagnie).</p> <p>CE: <u>This proposal intended to cover pet feeding bowls that can be programmed, for example to open only when an authorized pet approaches or to control quantities of food. Cl.21 was suggested as they are simple household containers, regardless of their mode of operation.</u></p> <p><u>However, as the CE could not reach any agreement regarding the wording, the proposal was withdrawn.</u></p>	
W	WO-28-38	21		FR	ajouter		gamelles automatiques pour animaux de compagnie			feeders			
A	UA-28-1	7		EN	Add		steam mops		These goods are mops that use steam to clean floors and carpets. These are classified in class 7 by analogy «cleaning appliances utilizing steam» (Basic No. 070485) See/voir UA-28-1a	mops	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: If this proposal is accepted, then an asterisk should be added to 210135 "Mops" in Cl.21.	Thank you for comments IB. Together with this proposal, we offer change Basic No.210135 "Mops" to add an asterisk "Mops**"	
A	UA-28-1	7		FR	ajouter		balais vapeur			mops			
A	UA-28-1a	21	210135	EN	Changer	mops	mops*		See/voir UA-28-1	mops			
A	UA-28-1a	21	210135	FR	changer	balais à franges	balais à franges*			mops			

A/R/W ¹	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ⁴
A	WO-28-39	7		EN	Add		<p>needles for knitting machines {parts of machines}</p>		<p>See WO-28-40, 41 Specialized item that is available from the knitting machine manufacturer rather than in a haberdashery shop. Thus is Cl.7 correct as it is considered as being part of the machine?</p> <p>NB. 070374 <i>Knitting machines // tricoteuses / machines à tricoter</i></p> <p>260009 <i>Knitting needles // aiguilles à tricoter</i> (does this entry refer to needles used only for hand knitting? Or could it include those that are used in knitting machines?)</p> <p>Knitting machine needles:</p>  <p>Knitting needles for hand-knitting:</p> 	needles	<p>USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "needles being parts of knitting machines" in order to make clear the justification for the classification in Class 7, similar to Basic No. 070569 (rubber tracks being parts of crawlers on construction machines).</p>	<p>We maintain our proposal as submitted, as the indication in itself is clear enough. The term in square brackets simply adds clarification as to the reason why these needles are in Cl. 7.</p> <p><u>CE: Cl.7 as it is considered as being part of the knitting machine. Clarification in brackets was considered unnecessary.</u></p>	T
A	WO-28-39	7		FR	ajouter		<p>aiguilles pour machines à tricoter {parties de machines}</p>			needles			T


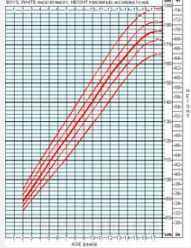

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A	WO-28-40	726		EN	M Add		needles for sewing machines		<p>Specialized needle for use in a sewing machine, but a standardized size coding exists and these needles are available in any haberdashery shop. Thus is Cl.26 correct?</p> <p>NB. 070440 <i>Sewing machines // machines à coudre</i></p> <p>260004 <i>Sewing needles // aiguilles à coudre</i> (does this entry refer to needles used only for hand sewing? Or could it include those that are used in sewing machines?)</p> <p>Sewing machine needles:</p>  <p>Sewing needles (for sewing by hand):</p> 	needles	<p>CH: The "sewing machine needles" should be classified as other machine parts in class 7</p> <p>FR : ok mais en classe 7, il s'agit d'une partie de machine. Ces aiguilles ne peuvent être utilisées indépendamment des machines à coudre, lesquelles sont en classe 7.</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p>	<p>We appreciate the comments and await further feedback from the Committee regarding the class.</p> <p>If Cl.7 is approved, then we prefer a consistent wording "needles for sewing machines [parts of machines]".</p> <p>CE: <u>Cl.7 as it is considered as being part of the knitting machine.</u></p>	T
A	WO-28-40	726		FR	ajouter		aiguilles pour machines à coudre			needles			T
A	WO-28-41	26	260005	EN	M Change & Transfer	needles for wool combing machines	needles for wool combing machines [parts of machines]	7	What are these goods and should they be in Cl.26? If they are "parts of machines" then should they be transferred to Cl.7?	needles	<p>CH: class 7</p> <p>FR : ok pour transfert en cl7.</p> <p>USPTO suggests that if the goods are transferred to Class 7 that the entry be modified to "needles for wool combing machines being parts of machines" in order to make clear the justification for the classification in Class 7, similar to Basic No. 070569 (rubber tracks being parts of crawlers on construction machines).</p>	<p>Thank you for your comments. We therefore propose a transfer to Cl.7 with the following wording: "needles for wool combing machines [parts of machines]" / "aiguilles pour peigneuses de laine [parties de machines]" (instead of: Delete/transfer?)</p>	T
A	WO-28-41	26	260005	FR	changer & transférer	aiguilles pour peigneuses de laine	aiguilles pour peigneuses de laine [parties de machines]	7		needles		CE: <u>Cl.7 as it is considered as being part of the wool combing machine.</u>	T


A/R/W ¹	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ⁴
A	IL-28-1	7		EN	Add		robotic exoskeleton suits, other than for medical purposes		<p>A wearable mobile machine that is powered by a system of electric motors, pneumatics, levers, hydraulics, or a combination of technologies that allow for limb movement with increased strength and endurance</p>  <p>See/voir IL-28-12, 12a, 12b</p>	skeleton	<p>CH: ok, but the entry is too long. Wouldn't "Robotic exoskeleton suits (not for medical purposes)" be enough?</p> <p>FR: la formulation globale est complexe, toutes les précisions concernant le mode de fonctionnement ne nous paraissent pas utiles. Manifestement il s'agit de ce que l'on nomme en français un exosquelette motorisé ou une combinaison robotique. Nous préférons donc une formulation plus simple avec une double entrée en français : « exosquelette motorisé (autre qu'à usage médical) » <u>et</u> « combinaison robotique (autre qu'à usage médical) ».</p> <p>USPTO would classify the goods in Class 9 by analogy to Basic No. 090788 "teaching robots" not Class 7 because the goods are not a Class 7 type of machine. USPTO believes that the listing of specific parts is not necessary as these goods are wearable technology. See Info File for "wearable activity trackers" (Basic No. 090737). qz Additionally, USPTO recommends deleting the parenthetical wording or incorporating it into the indication.</p> <p>IB: We suggest "Robotic exoskeleton suits, other than for medical purposes".</p>	We thank the members for their comment, we would like to rephrase to: Robotic exoskeleton suits, other than for medical purposes (instead of : robotic exoskeleton suits comprising wearable supports, braces, motors, pneumatics, lever, hydraulics and platforms for enhancing strength (not for medical purposes))	
A	IL-28-1	7		FR	ajouter		combinaisons exosquelettes robotisées autres qu'à usage médical			skeleton			
A	IL-28-12	10		EN	Add		robotic exoskeleton suits for medical purposes		<p>Improving the quality of life of persons who have, for example, lost the use of their legs by providing a wearable powered exoskeleton to enable system-assisted walking or restoration of other motor controls lost due to illness or accidental injury or to be used in the area of rehabilitation and physical therapy of patients with limited mobility.</p> 	skeleton	<p>FR: id remarque précédente, nous préférons les formulations suivantes : « exosquelette motorisé à usage médical » <u>et</u> « combinaison robotique à usage médical ».</p> <p>USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 10. A clearer medical purpose needs to be specified for Class 10, analogous to "body rehabilitation apparatus for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100221). Wikipedia</p>	We thank the members for their comments, we believe this entry is consistent with current classification guidelines and analogy to: 100226 walking frames for disabled persons; 100263 walking sticks for medical purposes we would like to retain the term Robotic exoskeleton suits for medical purposes And <u>add</u> <u>two separate entries</u> : 1. Robotic exoskeleton suits for medical rehabilitation purposes 2. Robotic exoskeleton suits for disabled persons	
A	IL-28-12	10		FR	ajouter		combinaisons exosquelettes robotisées à usage médical			skeleton		CE: Analogous to "body rehabilitation apparatus for medical purposes" in Cl.10 (Basic No. 100221).	
W	IL-28-12a	10		EN	Add		robotic exoskeleton suits for medical rehabilitation purposes			skeleton			
W	IL-28-12a	10		FR	ajouter		combinaisons exosquelettes robotisées pour la rééducation médicale			skeleton			




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<u>W</u>	IL-28-12b	10		EN	Add		robotic exoskeleton suits for disabled persons			skeleton			
<u>W</u>	IL-28-12b	10		FR	ajouter		combinaisons exosquelettes robotisées pour personnes handicapées			skeleton			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-43	7	070537	EN	--	vending machines			See CE282 ANX 5, US-28-4 WO-28-44	vending	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
<u>A</u>	WO-28-43	7	070537	EN	Delete	distribution machines, automatic				vending			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-43	7	070537	FR	changer--	distributeurs automatiques	distributeurs automatiques de vente		Harmonisation des traductions	vending	FR : ok mais avec la traduction « distributeurs automatiques pour la vente au détail ».	After discussion with our translators, we maintain our proposal with a small grammatical correction "distributeurs automatiques de vente".	
<u>W</u>	WO-28-44	35	350089	EN	--	rental of vending machines				vending	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
<u>W</u>	WO-28-44	35	350089	FR	changer	location de distributeurs automatiques	location de distributeurs automatiques de vente		To align with proposed change to 070537 above.	vending	FR : ok mais avec la traduction « location de distributeurs automatiques pour la vente au détail ».	After discussion with our translators, we maintain our proposal with a small grammatical correction "location de distributeurs automatiques de vente".	
<u>A</u>	GB-28-1	8		EN	Add		meat claws		  These are hand tools used to hold food and to shred meat (eg: pulled pork etc.)		FR: ok mais en cl21. Il s'agit d'un ustensile de cuisine à rapprocher des entrées harmonisées existantes dans Tmclass : fourchettes à découper et fourchettes de service. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. The proposal appears to be analogous to Basic No. 080073 ("vegetable slicers / vegetable knives / vegetable shredders ").	We thank France and the US for their comments. With regard to the comment made by France we believe that, in line with NICE, all cutting tools are proper to class 8	
<u>A</u>	GB-28-1	8		FR	ajouter		griffes à viande				FR: Griffes à viande.		
<u>A</u>	RU-28-19	10 or 8		EN	Add		sterile <u>body</u> piercing instruments		Relevance of product on the market		CH. we would classify them in cl. 8 ILPO: class 8 is more appropriate based on the existing entry "ear piercing apparatus" number 080241 USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes goods in multiple classes. The proposal includes "ear-piercing apparatus" (Basic No. 080241) in Class 8 and "needles" (Basic No 260002) in Class 26. Further specification is needed to determine classification. FR: Imprécis. JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 8 by analogy to "ear-piercing apparatus" (Basic No.080241). IB: This proposal is not clear. Also note 080241 "ear piercing apparatus" in Cl.8.	or Class 8 Sterile piercing instruments (instead of piercing instruments) By analogy with basic number 100172 sterile sheets, surgical	
<u>A</u>	RU-28-19	10 or 8		FR	ajouter		instruments stériles pour le perçage corporel						




A/ R/ W 1	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/ FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T 4
A	IL-28-13	8		EN	Add		laser hair removal apparatus, other than for medical purposes				<p>FR: l'ajout des termes « for aesthetic treatment purposes » ne nous semble pas nécessaire et apporte une ambiguïté pour un produit de la cl10. La formulation « appareils d'épilation laser » se suffit à elle-même pour identifier clairement ce produit.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal may be overbroad and include services in Class 8, Class 9, and Class 10. Further specification is needed to determine classification. The proposal specifies that the goods are for "aesthetic treatment" purposes but if the aesthetic treatment has a medical aspect, the goods are in Class 10, "lasers for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100106). If the goods are not for medical purposes, then they may be "lasers, not for medical purposes" in Class 9 (Basic No. 090323). "Laser hair removal apparatus" may be a hand-held apparatus for personal grooming which are goods identified in the including Explanatory Note for Class 8 which identifies "electric and non-electric hand implements for personal grooming..."</p>  <p>JPO: These goods are classified in Class 8 by analogy with "depilation appliances, electric and non-electric" (Basic No.80242).</p> <p>IB: "Laser hair removal apparatus" should be enough in Cl.10. It is clearly for "aesthetic purposes" and adding "treatment" does not make it any more "medical".</p>	<p>We thank the members for their comments, there seems to be a consensus as to the classification of these goods in class 8, so we propose to rephrase to : laser hair removal apparatus other than for medical purposes in Class 8 (instead of : laser hair removal apparatus for aesthetic treatment purposes in Class 10)</p> <p>CE: The CE accepted this proposal in Cl. 8 by analogy with "depilation appliances, electric and non-electric" (Basic No. 080242), as well as the including Explanatory Note for Class 8 which identifies "electric and non-electric hand implements for personal grooming..."</p>	
A	IL-28-13	8		FR	ajouter		appareils d'épilation laser autres qu'à usage médical						
A	CN-28-1	8		EN	Add		emergency hammers		An emergency hammer is a safety device used in vehicles or buildings to break through window glass in an emergency.		<p>USPTO: Should these goods be classified in Class 8 by analogy with "Hammers [hand tools]" (Basic No. 080156)? USPTO believes that "emergency" does not justify this proposal being in Class 9.</p> <p>IB: See 080156 Hammers [hand tools]. Isn't the primary function still that of a "hammer" hand tool, regardless of where it is used?</p>	<p>In consideration of comments, we submit it in Class 8. (instead of Cl. 9)</p>	
A	CN-28-1	8		FR	ajouter		marteaux brise-vitres				FR : ok : marteaux de securité/ secours.		

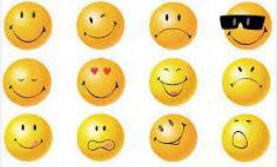


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A	FR-28-5	8	080140	EN	M Change	harpoons	harpoons*		See/voir FR-28-6	harpoon	USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 080140 – « Harpoons » without the asterisk. USPTO suggests discussing the Class 13 related French proposal first because that will determine whether an asterisk is needed for « Harpoons » in Class 8. IB: If approved, these proposals would only take effect for NCL12.		T
A	FR-28-5	8	080140	FR	changer	harpons	harpons*		Les harpons spécifiques pour fusils à harpons	harpoon			T
A	FR-28-6	13		EN	M Add		harpoons <u>adapted</u> for harpoon guns			harpoon	USPTO suggests modifying the English translation to «Harpoons <u>adapted</u> for harpoon guns.» Analogous to BN 130074 –Belts <u>adapted</u> for ammunition. JPO: Since the committee adopted amendments of modifying from "harpoon guns [weapons]" to "harpoon guns" in class 13 and deleting "harpoon guns [sports articles]" in class 28 at CE27 Session, the change will enter into force on January 1(NCL12-2022). Accordingly, JPO believes this entry should be "Harpoon for harpoon guns [weapons]" for NCL11-2019. Likewise, it also will be necessary to consider the linked cognated addition of "Harpoon for harpoon guns [sports articles]" in class 28 for NCL11-2019. IB: If approved, these proposals would only take effect for NCL12.		T
A	FR-28-6	13		FR	ajouter		harpons <u>adaptés</u> pour fusils_ harpons à harpons		Ce type de harpon s'apparente à une flèche spécifiquement adaptée pour le fusil, et devrait donc suivre la classe du fusil. Il ne s'agit pas du même produit que le harpon que l'on utilise à la main.	harpoon			T
A	WO-28-48	9	090232	EN	--	mileage recorders for vehicles							
A	WO-28-48	9	090232	EN	--	kilometer recorders for vehicles							
A	WO-28-48	9	090232	FR	changer	enregistreurs kilométriques pour véhicules	compteurs kilométriques pour véhicules		Harmonization with excluding note of Class 12 Explanatory Note		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		


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A	GB-28-2	9		EN	Add		wah-wah-wah pedals		 <p>This is a sound effect device that works with an amplifier to change the sound of the guitar. We see this more akin to electronic apparatus in class 9 than a musical instrument in class 15</p>		<p>USPTO: A wah-wah pedal (or simply wah pedal) is a type of electric guitar effects pedal that alters the tone and frequencies of the guitar signal to create a distinctive sound, mimicking the human voice saying the onomatopoeic name 'wah-wah.'" Wikipedia Based on the definition, the goods appear to be a specific type of "electric and electronic effects units for musical instruments" (Basic No. 090768), which appears in the Alphabetical List in Cl. 9. However, "Pedals for musical instruments" (Basic No. 150060) appears in the Alphabetical List in Class 15 and is broad enough to encompass wah-wah pedals. MGS also includes "wah-wah pedals for guitars" in Class 15. If this entry is adopted in Cl. 9, should the Class 15 indication "pedals for musical instruments" be modified? Please note that the proposed modification to the Class 9 Explanatory Note submitted in Project NI091 includes "electric and electronic effects units for musical instruments" in Cl. 9.</p>	We thank the US for their comments and agree that the Class 15 indication would need to be modified.	
A	GB-28-2	9		FR	ajouter		pédales wah-wah				FR: Pédales d'effet. ok		
A	GB-28-3	9		EN	Add		height charts [measuring instruments]		This is a measuring device.		<p>FR : demande de précision. De quel produit s'agit-il ?</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and encompasses goods in Class 9 and Class 16. Further specification is needed to determine classification. The Alphabetical List includes "cards*/charts" (Basic No. 160070) in Class 16. As worded, the indication appears to include printed matter containing height information, such as depicted below:</p> 	We thank France and the US for their comments. The reason we have placed this item in class 9 is to show the differences between these goods in class 9 and the ones in class 16. These are measuring device that you place on the wall to measure your children. If accepted the explanatory note for 16 will need to be modified. We could change 160070 cards*/charts to cards*/Charts* to show charts are in more than one class and add in explanatory note This Class does not include, in particular: Height charts [measuring instruments]. (instead of : height charts)	
A	GB-28-3	9		FR	ajouter		toises [instruments de mesure]						
A	GB-28-4	9		EN	Add		hairdressing training heads [teaching apparatus]		 <p>These items are used to train new hairdressers</p>		<p>FR: ok, cependant il existe des têtes à coiffer pour enfants. Nous proposons donc ne seconde entrée en cl 28 : « têtes à coiffer [jouets] »</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p>	We thank France and the US for their comments. With regard to the use of these goods -these are used in higher education to train students in hairdressing. These 'heads' have real hair you can cut, style and dye.	



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A	GB-28-4	9		FR	ajouter		têtes à coiffer pour formations de coiffeur [appareils d'enseignement]				FR: Têtes à coiffer pour l'apprentissage [appareils d'enseignement].		
A	GB-28-5	9		EN	Add		devices for the projection of virtual keyboards		 <p>This a computer <u>apparatus</u> whereby the image of a <u>virtual keyboard</u> is projected onto a surface: where the user touches the surface covered by an image of a key, the device records the corresponding keystroke. This is used with smartphone, tablet, and mini-PC.</p>		<p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted because research demonstrates that this is the common commercial name of the goods in the marketplace. See, e.g., Amazon and Gearbest</p> <p>IB: We suggest "Devices for the projection of virtual keyboards / <i>Dispositifs pour la projection des claviers virtuels</i>". This wording was recently approved at the Locarno CE.</p>	We thank the IB and the US for their comments. We agree to the wording as proposed by the IB. (instead of : laser projection virtual keyboards)	
A	GB-28-5	9		FR	ajouter		dispositifs pour la projection des claviers virtuels				FR: Claviers laser virtuels ok		
A	FR-28-3	9	090686	EN	Change	automated teller machines [ATM]	??				<p>CH : existent déjà en classe 9 (n° 90686: « guichets automatiques [DAB] ».) Modification de l'entrée en cl. 9 en « distributeurs automatiques de billets de banque [DAB] » ?</p> <p>ILPO: existing term 090686</p> <p>USPTO prefers to retain BN 090686 for «Automated teller <u>machines</u> [ATM] » because these goods are classified in Class 9.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 9 by analogy to "automated teller machines [ATM] " (Basic No.90686).</p> <p>IB: Pas nécessaire. Voir 090686 "guichets automatiques [DAB] / automated teller machines [ATM]" en cl.9.</p>	Vu les commentaires des Offices, nous préférons amender notre proposition et modifier l'entrée existante pour la version française. (instead of : add « automated teller machine [ATM] / distributeurs automatiques de billets [DAB] » /	
A	FR-28-3	9	090686	FR	changer	guichets automatiques [DAB]	distributeurs guichets automatiques bancaires de billets de banque [DGAB]						
R	FR-28-10	9	090807	EN	Change	wearable video display monitors	video display monitor glasses				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Video display monitor glasses » to match the French option of « Lunettes a moniteurs d'affichage video ».		


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R	FR-28-10	9	090807	FR	changer	moniteurs d'affichage vidéo à porter sur soi	lunettes à moniteurs d'affichage vidéo		<p>Le libellé d'origine en français n'est pas utilisé pour désigner un produit. En outre, il renvoie aussi bien aux écrans qui permettent de regarder soi-même une vidéo, type lunettes connectées:</p>  <p>qu'à des écrans qui permettent de montrer aux autres une image :</p> 			<p>suite aux commentaires de l'USPTO, nous avons ajouté un <u>changement dans la version anglaise</u>. Nous n'avons également conservé que l'un de nos deux propositions de produit. (instead of 2 entries in FR : moniteurs personnels (ou individuels) d'affichage vidéo à porter sur soi OU lunettes à moniteurs d'affichage vidéo)</p>	
A	FR-28-11	9		EN	Add		survival blankets				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Insulated survival blankets to protect against hypothermia » in order to specify why these goods rise to the level of Class 9 life saving equipment.		
A	FR-28-11	9		FR	ajouter		couvertures de survie		<p>Une couverture de survie ou couverture isothermique est une couverture isolante utilisée dans les situations d'urgences afin de réduire les pertes de chaleur et les possibilités d'hypothermie. Une couverture de survie est aussi utilisée pour ses propriétés imperméables contre l'humidité ou le vent, tant par les secouristes que pour divers usages, tel un tapis de sol en bivouac.</p>			l'USPTO propose de remplacer la proposition de la version anglaise par « Insulated survival blankets to protect against hypothermia » ce qui nous semble plus restrictif que notre proposition initiale. Nous laissons le soin aux Offices Anglophones de trouver la traduction la plus appropriée.	
A	NO-28-1	9		EN	Add		lifeboats				<p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p> <p>IB: See 120021 "Boats" and 120306 "Rescue sleds" both in Cl.12. Eventually 090073 "Life-saving rafts" could be transferred to Cl.12 as well.</p>	<p>Lifeboats are used as life-saving equipment and the main purpose is not transportation but saving lives.</p>  <p>See also 090295 "Lifesaving apparatus and equipment" and 090731 "Lifesaving capsules for natural disasters".</p>	
A	NO-28-1	9		FR	ajouter		bateaux canots de sauvetage					<p>CE: The CE accepted this proposal in Cl.9 by analogy with "life-saving rafts" (Basic No. 090073), rather than in Cl.12 with "boats" (Basic No. 120021).</p>	



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A	RU-28-15	9		EN	Add		nanoparticle size analysers		Relevance of product on the market		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted and suggests modifying the entry to "nanoparticle size analysers / nanoparticle size analyzers" to include the American English spelling of "analyzer" and for consistency with "scales with body mass analysers / scales with body mass analyzers" (Basic No. 090761) and "analysers for bacterial identification for medical purposes / analyzers for bacterial identification for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100244). FR: Ok, sous réserve de la traduction proposée en fr	The CE understood that this entry refers to apparatus for analyzing the size of nanoparticles and therefore accepted classification in Cl. 9.	
A	RU-28-15	9		EN	_ Add		nanoparticle size analyzers						
A	RU-28-15	9		FR	ajouter		dispositifs d'analyse granulométrique de nanoparticules						
A	RU-28-16	9		EN	Add		ear pads for headphones		Relevance of product on the market		USPTO: "Headphones caps" is not a common commercial term in the United States. Are these goods "Ear pads for headphones"?  FR: Ok, sous réserve de la traduction proposée en fr IB: This proposal is not clear. Please provide further information about this good.	Ear pads for headphones (instead of headphones caps) On USPTO comments: Yes, your understanding of product is correct. We mean ear pads for headphones.	
A	RU-28-16	9		FR	ajouter		bonnettes de casques à écouteurs						
A	KR-28-7	9		EN	Add		data gloves [computer peripherals]		 This item is an electronic glove that sends information about the hand movements of the person wearing it to a computer. Please see http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/dataglove		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "Data gloves" in two words. We suggest "Data gloves [computer peripherals]", thus following the same style as 090614 "Mouse [computer peripheral]". Or eventually "Data glove input devices" if the following proposal is accepted.	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 09 (Add) data gloves [computer peripherals] (instead of: datagloves)	
A	KR-28-7	9		FR	ajouter		gants de réalité virtuelle [périphériques d'ordinateurs]						
A	KR-28-8	9		EN	Add		trackballs [computer peripherals]		 Please see https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/trackball		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "Trackball" in one word. We suggest "Trackballs [computer peripherals]", thus following the same style as 090614 "Mouse [computer peripheral]".	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 09 (Add) trackballs [computer peripherals] (instead of: track ball input devices)	



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A	KR-28-8	9		FR	ajouter		boules de commande [périphériques d'ordinateurs]						
A	KR-28-9	9		EN	Add		downloadable emoticons for mobile phones		 <p>This item is an image made up of symbols such as punctuation marks, used in text messages, emails, etc. to express a particular emotion Please see http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/emoticon</p>		<p>FR: utile ?</p> <p>USPTO agrees in principle that downloadable graphics, for example, "downloadable graphics for mobile phones" (Basic No. 090804), are classified in Class 9.</p> <p>IB: Is this already covered by 090804 "Downloadable graphics for mobile phones"?</p>	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings consistent with the existing entry 090804 "downloadable graphics for mobile phones" : Class 09 (Add) "downloadable emoticons for mobile phones" (instead of: downloadable emoticons)	
A	KR-28-9	9		FR	ajouter		émoticônes téléchargeables pour téléphones mobiles						
A	IL-28-8	9		EN	Add		telepresence robots		<p>Remote presence robots which allow people in different geographical locations to teleconference and establish a remote presence via a mobile robot.</p> 		<p>CH: you should limit yourself to one entry. We would favour "telepresence robots"</p> <p>FR: ok mais en français une seule entrée est suffisante "robot de téléprésence"</p> <p>USPTO agrees with the proposal "telepresence robots" as submitted. The other two proposals, "remote presence robots" and "video conference robots" appear to be variations of "telepresence robots" that are not common commercial terms in the United States and actually describe attributes of the "telepresence robots."</p>	We thank the members and rephrase to : telepresence robots (instead of 3 entries : remote presence / robots telepresence / robots video conference robots)	
A	IL-28-8	9		FR	ajouter		robots de téléprésence						
A	IL-28-9	9		EN	Add		climate control digital thermostats				<p>USPTO agrees in principle that "digital thermostats" are in Class 9. However, systems generally consist of more than one component. In this proposal, the "system" is a single item that stands alone, "digital thermostats." This could be its own Class 9 entry by analogy to "thermostats" (Basic No. 090238) and "digital signs" (Basic No. 090736) and "digital photo frames" (Basic No. 090711).</p>	We thank the members for their comments, we would like to rephrase to: Climate control digital thermostats (instead of : climate control systems consisting of digital thermostats)	
A	IL-28-9	9		FR	ajouter		thermostats numériques digitaux pour la climatisation				<p>FR : ok mais pour la version FR « thermostats digitaux pour contrôler la température »</p>		

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R	IL-28-10	9		EN	Add		lip guards for athletic use				<p>FR: ce type de produit semble toujours associé à un protège-dents, il ne semble pas en exister seul. Cependant, tous les protège-dents ne sont pas équipés d'une « extension » pour protéger les lèvres, il s'agit donc d'une entrée intéressante. De plus par analogie avec l'entrée existante « protège-dents pour le sport n°090752 « mouth guards for sports ») nous préférons remplacer la référence « athletic use » par le domaine du sport en général. Nous proposons donc plutôt l'entrée suivante « protège-dents équipé d'un protège-lèvres pour le sport » et donc « mouth guards with lips guards for sports ».</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is covered by the existing Alphabetical List entry "mouth guards for sports" in Class 9 (Basic No. 090752).</p>  <p>Alternatively, USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 9. Are these goods "life-saving" as defined in the Class 9 Information File ("fatal or physically incapacitating")? Should these goods be classified in Class 28 by analogy with "shin guards [sports articles]" (Basic No. 280046)?</p> <p>IB: Lip guards for sports? See also 090752 "mouth guards for sports".</p>	We thank the members, we would like to keep this item as it is frequently request alongside mouth guards as a separate item, and we would like to have it classified definitively in class 9.	
R	IL-28-10	9		FR	ajouter		protège-lèvres pour le sport						
A	CH-28-1	9		EN	Add		piezoelectric sensors		Piezoelectric sensors are sensors that measure the force acting on an object		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	CH-28-1	9		FR	ajouter		capteurs piézoélectriques						
A	KR-28-5	9		EN	Add		organic light-emitting diodes [OLED]		Please see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OLED	diodes	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. USPTO suggests that KIPO's OLED and QLED proposals be considered in conjunction with French proposal FR 07 to modify light-emitting diodes (Basic No. 090704).		
A	KR-28-5	9		FR	ajouter		diodes électroluminescentes organiques [OLED DELO]			diodes			
A	KR-28-6	9		EN	Add		quantum dot light-emitting diodes [QLED]		Please see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quantum_dot_display	diodes	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 09 (Add) quantum dot light-emitting diodes [QLED] (We deletes "-" between quantum and dot)	
A	KR-28-6	9		FR	ajouter		diodes électroluminescentes à point quantique [QLED]			diodes			


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A	US-28-24	9		EN	Add		droppers for measuring, <u>other than for medical or household purposes</u>		The Alphabetical List only includes one entry for droppers: "droppers for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100061). This proposal for "droppers for measuring" refers to the following instruments for accurately measuring small amounts of fluids:	dropper			
A	US-28-24	9		FR	ajouter		compte-gouttes gradués <u>autres qu'à usage médical ou domestique</u>		<i>Droppers for measuring in Class 9:</i>  See LP US-28-25 and 26	dropper			
A	US-28-25	21		EN	Add		droppers for cosmetic purposes		The Alphabetical List only includes one entry for droppers: "droppers for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100061). This proposal for "droppers for cosmetic purposes, empty" refers to the following cosmetic utensils for applying cosmetics: <i>Droppers for cosmetic purposes, empty in Class 21:</i>	dropper	IB: Is the word "empty" necessary in the case of droppers, as they are not normally bought filled?	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "droppers for cosmetic purposes, empty" to "droppers for cosmetic purposes," based on the IB's comment that the term "empty" may not be necessary in the case of droppers, as droppers are not normally bought filled.	
A	US-28-25	21		FR	ajouter		compte-gouttes à usage cosmétique		 Empty droppers for cosmetic purposes currently appear in the MGS Manager in Class 21: 21 droppers, empty, for cosmetic purposes 21 droppers sold empty for cosmetic purposes This proposal is worded in the same manner as Alphabetical List entries such as "tool boxes of metal, empty" in Class 6 (Basic No. 060423) and "tool chests of metal, empty" in Class 18 (Basic No. 180047). See LP US-28-24 and 26	dropper			
A	US-28-26	21		EN	Add		droppers for household or kitchen purposes		The Alphabetical List only includes one entry for droppers: "droppers for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100061). This proposal for "droppers for household or kitchen purposes, empty" refers to droppers such as the following kitchen utensils: <i>Droppers for household or kitchen purposes, empty in Class 21:</i>	dropper	IB: Is the word "empty" necessary in the case of droppers, as they are not normally bought filled?	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "droppers for household or kitchen purposes, empty" to "droppers for household or kitchen purposes" based on the IB's comment that the term "empty" may not be necessary in the case of droppers, as droppers are not normally bought filled.	



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<u>A</u>	US-28-26	21		FR	ajouter		compte-gouttes à usage domestique ou culinaire		 <p>See LP US-28-24 and 25</p>	dropper			
<u>R</u>	CH-28-2	9	090776	EN	Change	virtual reality headsets	virtual reality headsets, other than for video games		<p>The ones that are for video games should be classified in class 28</p> <p>See/voir CH-28-3</p>	headset	<p>FR : Non. Un casque de réalité virtuelle constitue un dispositif d'affichage numérique qui doit être classé en 9 quel que soit le domaine d'application : le jeu, le divertissement, la formation, le traitement médical, la visualisation scientifique, l'architecture, les visites virtuelles, la création artistique.</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p> <p>IB: This entry was added to Cl.9 during CE26 as its main function was seen as being a "screen" regardless of its eventual field of use.</p>	<p>We'd like to change the existing entry, because in our view, the headsets for gambling are not just screens. The headsets also contain small point-and-click controllers for navigating through playing games. In addition, it exists virtual reality headsets for video games only functioning in combination with game consoles (e.g. "Playstation VR"). Therefore, we think these headsets are to classify by analogy to "joysticks". We also used to classify them in class 9 only, because they used to be control apparatus for computers. Meantime we classify them either in class 7, 9, 12 or in class 28 if they are adapted for playing games.</p>	
<u>R</u>	CH-28-2	9	090776	FR	changer	casques de réalité virtuelle	casques de réalité virtuelle autres que pour jeux vidéo			headset			
<u>W</u>	CH-28-3	28		EN	Add		virtual reality headsets for video games			headset	<p>ILPO: if the device does not already contain the game and is sold as a separate item then it should be in class 9 as we would classify a tv screen that can be hooked up to a game apparatus.</p> <p>FR : Non cf commentaire précédent</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p>		
<u>W</u>	CH-28-3	28		FR	ajouter		casques de réalité virtuelle pour jeux vidéo			headset			




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A	US-28-27	9	090398	EN	Change	pipettes	laboratory pipettes		This existing entry for “pipettes” (Basic No. 090398) is in Class 9 of the Alphabetical List because it refers to scientific laboratory apparatus. The entry “pipettes [wine-tasters] / wine tasters [siphons]” (Basic No, 210178) is in Class 21 of the Alphabetical List because it refers to utensils for use in tasting wine. Since the explanatory brackets in the Class 21 entry are not included in trademark applications, the entry “pipettes” is essentially classified in both Class 9 and Class 21 of the Alphabetical List, which is resulting in misclassifications in applications filed under the Madrid Protocol. This proposal in Class 9 and the related proposal relating to wine-tasting pipettes in Class 21 is intended to resolve this issue.	pipette			
A	US-28-27	9	090398	FR	changer	pipettes	pipettes de laboratoire		<i>Laboratory pipettes in Class 9:</i> 	pipette			
									See US-28-28				
A	US-28-28	21	210178	EN	Change	pipettes [wine-tasters]	wine-tasting pipettes		This existing entry for “pipettes [wine-tasters] / wine tasters [siphons]” is in Class 21 of the Alphabetical List because it refers to utensils for use in tasting wine, and the entry “pipettes” (Basic No, 090398) is in Class 9 of the Alphabetical List because it refers to scientific laboratory apparatus. This proposal removes the function of the goods from the brackets and incorporates it into the text of the indication. This is intended to distinguish these goods from “laboratory pipettes” in Class 9.	pipette			
A	US-28-28	21	210178	EN	Change	wine tasters [siphons]	wine-tasting siphons		<i>Wine-tasting pipettes in Class 21:</i> 	pipette			
									See US-28-27				
A	US-28-28	21	210178	FR	changer	tête-vin [pipettes]	pipettes à vin			pipette			
A	US-28-28	21	210178	FR	changer	pipettes [tête-vin]	tête-vin			pipette			




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A	WO-28-46	9	090166	EN	Change	plugs, sockets and other contacts [electric connections]	electric plugs		<p>See WO-28-47 The following proposals concern a translation problem. We suggest splitting the current entry 090166 into two separate entries for "plugs" and "sockets".</p> <p>Plug = a device, usually consisting of metal pins in an insulated casing, for inserting into a socket to make an electrical connection, esp. between an appliance and an electricity supply. (OED)</p> 	plugs	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-46	9	090166	FR	changer	prises de courant	prises électriques mâles		<p>2 (1902) PRISE DE COURANT OU PRISE (électrique) : contacteur électrique ; chacune des deux parties du dispositif (bouton isolant portant deux fiches ou prise mâle ; socle isolant muni de deux douilles ou prise femelle).</p> <p>© 2016 Dictionnaires Le Robert - Le Petit Robert de la langue française</p>	plugs	FR : Non. Les fiches sont à priori une partie constitutive de la prise. Si une distinction doit être établie entre ces produits, nous préférons : « prises électriques mâles » et « prises électriques femelles ».	Suite aux commentaires de la FR, nous changerons notre proposition en "prises électriques mâles". (au lieu de : fiches électriques)	
A	WO-28-47	9		EN	Add		electric sockets		<p>Socket = an object in which the terminals of an electricity supply are inside holes made to receive the pins of a plug; spec. one that is fixed to a wall. (OED)</p> 	plugs	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-47	9		FR	ajouter		prises électriques femelles			plugs	FR : id. commentaire précédent		



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A	US-28-22	9	090658	EN	Change	computer programs [downloadable software]	computer programs, downloadable		USPTO proposes incorporating the bracketed term into the text of the indication to clarify the nature of the goods and to distinguish the software goods from software services, e.g., "software as a service [SaaS]" (Basic No. 420220). See LP US-28-23 .	software			
A	US-28-22	9	090658	FR	changer	programmes d'ordinateurs [logiciels téléchargeables]	programmes d'ordinateurs téléchargeables			software			
A	US-28-23	9	090670	EN	Change	computer game software	computer game software, recorded-or-downloadable		The Class 9 Explanatory Note provides, in part - <i>This Class includes, in particular: ... software recorded on magnetic media or downloaded from a remote computer network.</i> USPTO proposes incorporating that specification from the existing Class 9 Explanatory Note into the broadly worded Alphabetical List term. The specific wording recorded or downloadable is necessary to distinguish the software goods from software services, e.g., "software as a service [SaaS]" (Basic No. 420220). See LP US-28-22 .	software			
A	US-28-23	9	090670	FR	changer	logiciels de jeux	logiciels de jeux, enregistrés ou téléchargeables			software			
A	CE-28-1	9		EN	_ Add		computer game software, downloadable			software			
A	CE-28-1	9		FR	_ ajouter		logiciels de jeux téléchargeables			software			
A	WO-28-51	10	100016	EN	Delete	nursing appliances			Harmonization of translations		USPTO suggests amending the English to «breast pumps» if accurate. Neither «nursing appliances» nor «apparatus for nursing infants» clearly convey the nature of the goods.	Further to the comments from USPTO, we note that "breast pumps / tire-lait" already exists in Cl.10 under Basic No. 100107. Thus we suggest the deletion of 100016, but note that "apparatus, devices and articles for nursing infants" should remain in the Cl.10 Class Heading for general guidance (such items would include pumps, bottles, teats, etc.). (instead of change to: apparatus for nursing infants)	
A	WO-28-51	10	100016	FR	supprimer	appareils pour l'allaitement							



A/R/W ₁	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ₄
A	WO-28-52	10	100145	EN	Change	dummies [teats] for babies	dummies for babies		Is it still necessary to keep "[teats]" in the English entries?		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted to delete the term in brackets.	Following comments from the USPTO we have amended our proposal to remove the term "[teats]" from the English entries. If approved, 100145 would read as "dummies for babies / pacifiers for babies // <i>sucettes [tétines] / tétines [sucettes]</i> " = 	
A	WO-28-52	10	100145	EN	Delete	babies' pacifiers [teats]							
A	WO-28-52	10	100145	EN	--	pacifiers for babies							
A	WO-28-52	10	100145	EN	Delete	teats			Teats could also refer to 100170 <i>Feeding bottle teats // tétines de biberons</i>				
A	WO-28-52	10	100145	FR	--	sucettes [tétines]							
A	WO-28-52	10	100145	FR	--	tétines [sucettes]							
A	WO-28-53	10	100209	EN	-	thermal packs for first aid purposes							
A	WO-28-53	10	100209	FR	changer	coussinets thermiques pour premiers soins	coussinets thermiques de premier secours		See similar wording for 100261 " <i>cooling pads for first aid purposes // poches de refroidissement de premier secours</i> " approved by CE27.		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	FR-28-13	10		EN	Add		acupressure bands				USPTO suggests modifying the entry to « Acupressure bands for relief from _____ » in order to specify the function of the goods.		
A	FR-28-13	10		FR	ajouter		bandes d'acupression		Une bande d'acupression est une bande souple, extensible parfois portée sur les points d'acupression spécifiques sur le corps pour soulager certains problèmes de santé. L'utilisation la plus courante pour une bande d'acupression est de soulager les nausées mais il existe aussi des bandes spécifiquement développées pour soulager le rhume des foies et autres symptômes allergiques. Les bandes d'acupressions incluent les « bracelets anti-nausées » (entrée acceptée lors du CE-27 : GB-27-2) mais sont plus larges.				



A/ R/ W 1	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/ FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T 4
A	FR-28-14	10		EN	Add		clips for pacifiers				CH : Est-il vraiment nécessaire d'ajouter ces produits à la liste alphabétique ? Les tétines sont en classe 10 et les attache-tétines sont logiquement aussi en classe 10. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "Clips for pacifiers / dummies"	(instead of: pacifier clips)	
A	FR-28-14	10		EN	Add		clips for dummies						
A	FR-28-14	10		FR	ajouter		attache-tétines						
A	FR-28-14	10		FR	_ ajouter		attache-sucettes						
A	RU-28-18	10		EN	Add		cholesterol meters		Relevance of product on the market		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: Ok, sous réserve de la traduction proposée en fr, mais là encore, le produit devra figurer en classe 9 et non en classe 10, il s'agit d'un appareil de mesure.		
A	RU-28-18	10		FR	ajouter		analyseurs de cholestérol						
R	IL-28-14	10		EN	Add		laboratory apparatus for medical diagnostic purposes				USPTO believes this proposal is unclear and further specification is needed to determine classification as "laboratory apparatus" includes goods in Class 9 by analogy with "apparatus and instruments for scientific research in laboratories" in the including Explanatory Note for Class 9. "Medical apparatus and instruments" (Basic No. 100114) and "diagnostic apparatus for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100201) are, by analogy, in Class 10. USPTO believes further specification is needed to determine classification, for example, to indicate the name of the apparatus or identify the specific medical diagnostic purpose. IB: See the including Expl. Note of Cl.9 "...includes...apparatus and instruments for scientific research in laboratories". See also 090633 "diagnostic apparatus, not for medical purposes" and "diagnostic apparatus for medical purposes".	We thank the members and the IB, we would like to keep our proposal as is.	
R	IL-28-14	10		FR	ajouter		appareils de laboratoire pour diagnostics médicaux						

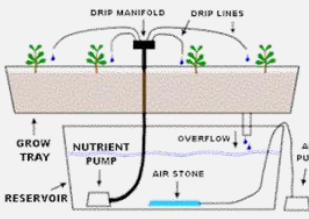
A/R/W ¹	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ⁴
A	MX-28-4	10		EN	Add		patient examination gowns				USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to the broader wording "patient examination gowns / medical gowns" in Class 10, consistent with entries for "patient examination gowns" and "medical gowns" in Class 10 of the MGS Manager. IB: See also 100200 "clothing especially for operating rooms"	We modify the description proposed: "patient's coat/hospital gown", for: "patient examination gowns", based on comments from the USPTO office. We also consider that the terms: "medical gowns" and "clothing especially for operating rooms", doesn't correspond to the good we really want to classified, considering the type of gowns we refer to are not used for operating rooms.	
A	MX-28-4	10		FR	ajouter		blouses d'examen pour patients						
A	MX-28-5	10		EN	Add		bio biomagnetic rings for therapeutic or medical purposes				USPTO believes these goods are similar to "bracelets for medical purposes" in Class 10 (Basic No. 100252) of the Alphabetical List, and suggests modifying this proposal to broader wording such as "bio magnetic rings for medical purposes" in Class 10 or "bio magnetic rings for therapeutic or medical purposes" in Class 10.	We thank the suggestion of the USPTO, and modify our proposal to: "bio magnetic rings for therapeutic or medical purposes", in class 10. (instead of: weight loss biomagnetic rings)	
A	MX-28-5	10		FR	ajouter		anneaux biomagnétiques à usage thérapeutique ou médical						
A	MX-28-6	10		EN	Add		therapeutic facial masks with seeds				FR :Nous souhaitons avoir des précisions sur ce produit. S'agit-il d'un masque en tissu contenant des graines ? Quel effet thérapeutique a-t-il sur le visage ? USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to the broader wording "therapeutic facial masks" in Class 10, which is similar to the TMClass entry "bio therapeutic facial masks" in Class 10. JPO believes the goods is unclear from the wording	Attending to the questions and comments of the France and JPO offices, we would like to mention that the good we refer to, is similar to a sleep mask, as long as it's shape and the way you can use it, is the same. However, the difference between a sleep mask and the good we proposed, is that the latter is filled with certain kind of seeds which by placing them in the eye area and near to the nose, allow to perceive relaxing and therapeutics scents that helps with ailments like: headache, migraine, eye pain, insomnia, reduce inflammation and stress, etc. Thus, we thanks the USPTO for their suggestion, however we consider that is priority to specify that the "therapeutic facial mask" contains seeds, as long as the seeds are what makes it therapeutic and distinguishes it from other type of medical and cosmetic facial masks.	
A	MX-28-6	10		FR	ajouter		masques thérapeutiques contenant des graines à porter utiliser sur le visage						





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A	MX-28-8	10		EN	Add		gum massagers for babies				USPTO suggests modifying this entry to the broader wording "gum massaging instruments" in Class 10, which is a TMClass entry, to cover similar goods for use on the gums of adults. 	We would like to modify our proposal to: "Gum massagers for babies", according to the suggestion of the IB. (instead of: baby's gum massager)	
A	MX-28-8	10		FR	ajouter		dispositifs pour le massage des gencives de doigtiers de dentition pour bébés				IB: "Gum massagers for babies".		
A	MX-28-9	10		EN	Add		pill crushers				USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "pill crushers" in Class 10. IB: "Pill crushers".	We would like to modify our proposal to "pill crushers", according to the suggestions of the USPTO and IB offices. (instead of: pills crusher)	
A	MX-28-9	10		FR	ajouter		broyeurs de comprimés						
A	WO-28-49	10	100096	EN	Delete	hydrostatic beds for medical purposes			See WO-28-50 The following proposals concern a translation problem. The more common term these days is "waterbeds"	beds	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-49	10	100096	EN	Change	water beds for medical purposes	waterbeds for medical purposes		"waterbeds" in one word (see OED, MW)	beds			
A	WO-28-49	10	100096	FR	changer	lits hydrostatiques à usage médical	lits à eau à usage médical		Terme peu fréquent. L'adjectif "hydrostatique" relève plutôt de la physique.	beds			
A	WO-28-50	20	200230	EN	Delete	hydrostatic beds, not for medical purposes				beds	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-50	20	200230	EN	Change	water beds, not for medical purposes	waterbeds, not for medical purposes			beds			
A	WO-28-50	20	200230	FR	changer	lits hydrostatiques non à usage médical	lits à eau autres qu'à usage médical			beds			



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R	IL-28-15	10		EN	Add		refrigerators , cooling apparatus and freezers for medical treatment purposes		 <p>Should these items classified in class 11 or should it be in class 10?</p> <p>See/voir IL-28-15a</p>	fridge	<p>CH: the items shown should be classified in class 11, because they don't have a direct medical purpose. On the other hand, apparatus that cool the body of a patient, like the one shown below should be classified in cl 10. The wording for them should be changed, for example "cooling apparatus for targeted temperature management of patients"</p>  <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes goods in Class 10 and Class 11. The classification will depend on how the identification is worded. The Class 10 identification will have to indicate that the goods are being used during medical or surgical procedures. The Class 11 goods retain their Class 11 purposes in that they cool medications and allow for storage and transportation of such medical goods. Further specification is needed to determine classification.</p> <p>IB: See 110274, 110155, 110209, 110214, 110106: the primary function is to refrigerate, cool or freeze regardless of where it is used.</p>	We thank the members for their comment, we propose two separate entries: Refrigerators, cooling apparatus and freezers for medical treatment purposes In class 10 Refrigerators, cooling apparatus and freezers for medical storage purposes in class 11 (instead of one entry : refrigerators, cooling apparatus and freezers for medical purposes in Class 11)	
R	IL-28-15	10		FR	ajouter		réfrigérateurs , appareils de refroidissement et congélateurs pour les traitements médicaux			fridge			
A	IL-28-15a	11		EN	Add		refrigerators, cooling apparatus and freezers for medical storage purposes			fridge			
A	IL-28-15a	11		FR	ajouter		réfrigérateurs, appareils de refroidissement et congélateurs pour le stockage médical			fridge			
A	RU-28-17 MX-28-3	10		EN	Add		glucometers		Relevance of product on the market	glucomete r	<p>USPTO notes that "Glucometers" is not a common commercial term for these goods in the U.S. marketplace. USPTO suggests modifying this proposal so that both indications share the same Basic No, such as the following: "glucometers / glucose meters" in Class 10. USPTO supports considering this proposal in conjunction with Mexico's Class 10 Proposal for the same goods.</p> <p>FR: Ok, mais en classe 9 et non en classe 10. Il s'agit d'un appareil permettant de mesurer le taux de glucose et non d'un appareil de diagnostic, or les appareils de mesure relèvent de la classe 9.</p> <p>IB: We suggest "Blood glucose meters".</p>	Add synonym : glucose meters On USPTO comments: We agree	
A	RU-28-17 MX-28-3	10		EN	Add		glucose meters		Relevance of product on the market	glucomete r			
A	RU-28-17 MX-28-3	10		FR	ajouter		lecteurs de glycémie		See MX-28-3	glucomete r	FR : Glucomètres		
A	RU-28-17 MX-28-3	<u>10</u>		<u>FR</u>	<u>ajouter</u>		<u>glucomètres</u>			<u>glucomete r</u>			



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A	US-28-29	10	100110	EN	Change	urinals [vessels]	urinals being vessels		USPTO proposes incorporating the bracketed term into the existing indication to distinguish the goods from "urinals [sanitary fixtures]" (Basic No. 110301). See LP US-28-30	urinal	FR: ok mais conserver la version FR "urinaux" IB: We prefer the existing entry.	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "urinals as vessels" to "urinals being vessels" to clarify the primary nature of Class 10 urinals [vessels]. The French Office indicates that there are 2 different French terms for Basic Nos. 100110 and 110301, that is, " <i>urinaux</i> " and " <i>urinoirs</i> ." As such, USPTO agrees that it is not necessary to modify the French terms to distinguish between the urinals in Class 10 and the urinals in Class 11. However, the same English word is used in the Nice Alphabetical List to describe 2 different types of goods in 2 different classes. The use of the same English term in 2 different classes creates confusion and uncertainty for trademark applicants. Therefore, USPTO believes it is necessary to modify the English terms to distinguish between the goods.	
A	US-28-29	10	100110	FR	--	urinaux				urinal		 <i>Urinal being vessels</i>	
A	US-28-30	11	110301	EN	Change	urinals [sanitary fixtures]	urinals being sanitary fixtures		USPTO proposes incorporating the bracketed term into the existing indication to distinguish the goods from "urinals [vessels]" (Basic No. 100110). See LP US-28-29	urinal	FR: en revanche conserver la version FR "urinoirs" IB: We prefer the existing entry.	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "urinals as sanitary fixtures" to "urinals being sanitary fixtures" to clarify the primary nature of the goods in Class 11. Please see USPTO reply comments in US-28-29.  <i>Urinals being sanitary fixtures</i>	
A	US-28-30	11	110301	FR	--	urinoirs				urinal			


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A	JP-28-2	10		EN	Add		curing lamps for medical purposes		<p>These goods are UV irradiation device used for medical purpose or dental purpose. These are classified in Class 10 by analogy with existing entries "dental apparatus and instruments" (Basic No. 100073) and "lasers for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100106) . Please see connected proposal below JP-28-3</p> 	uv	<p>USPTO agrees in principle that these goods are in Class 10. Typically they are called "UV curing lights for medical purposes" in American English. USPTO suggests the alternate wording "Ultraviolet or light-emitting diode irradiation curing devices for medical purposes" to be consistent with the Alphabetical List.</p> <p>IB: According to our research, those with UV lighting seem to have been discontinued. We would suggest a more general term to cover all types of dental curing lights, regardless of whether they are LED or halogen, etc. this approach would allow for future technological developments. The correct term for this good appears to be "Dental curing lights". Eventually, "Curing lamps for medical purposes" could also be acceptable and would allow for a counterpart in Cl.11.</p>	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 10 (add) "Curing lamps for medical purposes" (instead of: UV or LED irradiation curing devices for medical purposes)	
A	JP-28-2	10		FR	ajouter		lampes de durcissement à usage médical			uv			
A	JP-28-3	11		EN	Add		curing lamps, not for medical purposes		<p>These goods are devices not for medical purposes used for the chemical process such as hardening resin. Apparatus that cures UV resin and gel nail by irradiating ultraviolet rays or LEDs. For example, the device for hardening artificial nail (gel nail) and hand-made resin accessories that cures gel nail and UV resin by irradiating ultraviolet rays or LEDs. These are classified in Class 11 by analogy with existing entry "nail lamps" (Basic No. 110347). Please see connected proposal above. JP-28-2</p>	uv	<p>USPTO agrees in principle that these goods are in Class 11. Typically, they are called "curing lamps" in American English. USPTO suggests the alternate wording "Ultraviolet or light-emitting diode irradiation curing devices for household purposes" to be consistent with the Alphabetical List.</p> <p>IB: "Curing lamps, not for medical purposes"?</p>	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 11 (add) "Curing lamps, not for medical purposes" We also have modified the remarks. (instead of: UV or LED irradiation curing devices for household purposes)	
A	JP-28-3	11		FR	ajouter		lampes de durcissement non à usage médical			uv			
A	WO-28-54	11	110248	EN	Delete	petrol burners			<p>It is unclear what this entry refers to. Also note 110044 <i>burners for lamps // becs de lampes</i>, 110060 <i>burners // brûleurs</i>, 110199 <i>oil burners // brûleurs à huile</i></p>		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-54	11	110248	FR	supprimer	becs à pétrole							


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A	WO-28-54	11	110248	FR	supprimer	brûleurs à pétrole							
A	WO-28-56	11	110025	EN	Delete	structural plates for ovens			Wording rather unclear and perhaps not necessary to keep both indications.		USPTO believes that the classification of "structural plates for ovens" in Class 11 is clearer from the language of the entry than the entry "framework of metal for ovens" because the mention of material composition suggests Class 6.	Following the comments, we have amended our proposal to "structural framework for ovens" (and delete the other English entry "structural plates for ovens"). The existing French entry will remain unchanged.	
A	WO-28-56	11	110025	EN	Change	framework of metal for ovens	structural framework for ovens						
A	WO-28-56	11	110025	FR	--	armatures de fours			Harmonisation avec l'anglais			pas de changement (au lieu de changer pour : armatures métalliques pour fours)	
A	WO-28-58	11	110074	EN	M Change & Transfer	loading apparatus for furnaces	furnace loading machines	7	"Furnace loading machines" has appeared in several applications and seems to be a separate machine that is used to load industrial furnaces. We wonder if it should be kept in Cl.11 with the furnaces or transferred to Cl.7 as a separate machine? Eventually 110074 could be deleted. Also note 110231 <i>Ash conveyor installations, automatic // installations automatiques pour transporter la cendre</i> in Cl.11.		FR : ok changement + transfert USPTO agrees that the current entry «loading apparatus for furnaces» is unclear, and as worded it is not justified in Class 11. The goods would have to be specially adapted or part of the Class 11 furnaces to be justified in Class 11.	Thank you for your comments. We therefore propose a transfer to Cl.7, along with a change in wording. (instead of: change or transfer?)	T
A	WO-28-58	11	110074	FR	changer & transférer	appareils de chargement pour fours	machines de chargement pour fourneaux	7				"fours" has been changed to "fourneaux"	T
A	WO-28-59	11	110312	EN	--	electric appliances for making yogurt					USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-59	11	110312	EN	Add		electric appliances for making yoghurt		Consistency with 290065 and 300181				
A	WO-28-59	11	110312	FR	--	yaourtières électriques							
A	GB-28-6	11		EN	Add		hydroponic growing systems		 We see this in line with irrigation apparatus.		CH: to vague, class 21 products are possible as well. KR: We think this term is not clear enough to be classified in class 11 (cl. 21 also possible). USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and may encompass goods in multiple classes depending upon the primary component of the systems. Further specification is needed to determine classification. JPO believes the proposed entry is unclear. Those systems would encompass the goods in class 7.	We thank Switzerland, Korea, US and Japan for their comments. We have the same problem. These goods are available and sold as one and not separately in 7, 11 or 21. Happy to discuss this at the meeting.	
A	GB-28-6	11		FR	ajouter		systèmes de culture hydroponique				FR: Systèmes de culture hydroponique		





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A	RU-28-20	11		EN	Add		thermo-pots, electric		Relevance of product on the market		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: De quel produit s'agit-il ? IB: Please clarify. Are these types of "cooking" pots for food? Or "insulated containers" that are electric? Or simply a kind of "kettle"?		
A	RU-28-20	11		FR	ajouter		récipients calorifuges électriques						
A	KR-28-11	11		EN	Add		food dehydrators, electric				ILPO: why the distinction "for household purposes"? where would the industrial dehydrators be classified? USPTO agrees in principle that the goods are classified in Class 11. The "household" purpose does not appear to be required for classification purposes. IB: We don't think that "for household purposes" is necessary. Thus we suggest "Food dehydrators, electric", which follows the same style as 110338, 110258, 110303, etc.	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 07 (Add) "Food dehydrators, electric" (instead of: electric food dehydrators for household purposes)	
A	KR-28-11	11		FR	ajouter		déshydrateurs alimentaires électriques						
A	KR-28-12	11		EN	Add		USB-powered hand warmers			usb	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	KR-28-12	11		FR	ajouter		chauffe-mains à port alimentés par USB		See/voir UA-28-2	usb			
A	UA-28-2	11		EN	Add		USB-powered cup heaters			usb	USPTO agrees in principle that USB cup heaters are in Class 11. KIPO submitted a proposal to add "USB-powered hand warmers." USPTO suggests using similar wording to describe the USB feature of both entries, e.g., "USB-powered cup heaters." IB: We suggest "USB-powered cup heaters".	Thank you for comments US and IB. The Ukrpatent modifies original proposal as following "USB-powered cup heaters" (instead of: USB cup heater)	
A	UA-28-2	11		FR	ajouter		chauffe-tasses alimentés par USB			usb			
A	CN-28-2	11	110193	EN	Delete	processing installations for fuel and nuclear moderating material			To be consistent		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	Considering comments, we tend to <u>keep only one term</u> . (instead of: change to "processing installations for nuclear fuel and nuclear moderating material")	
A	CN-28-2	11	110193	EN	--	installations for processing nuclear fuel and nuclear moderating material					IB: We suggest keeping only one term in English, namely "installations for processing nuclear fuel and nuclear moderating material".		

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A	CN-28-2	11	110193	FR	changer	installations pour le traitement de combustibles et modérateurs nucléaires	installations pour le traitement de combustibles nucléaires et modérateurs nucléaires				FR : OK si la traduction française ne change pas. IB: Idem en français – garder seulement une entrée, soit "installations pour le traitement de combustibles et modérateurs nucléaires" ou "installations pour le traitement de modérateurs nucléaires et combustibles" ?		
A	CN-28-2	11	110193	FR	supprimer	installations pour le traitement de modérateurs nucléaires et combustibles							
A	FR-28-20a	11		EN	Add		couscous cookers, electric		 See/voir FR-28-20b	couscous	CH : voir le commentaire plus haut sous FR 19a. USPTO agrees in principle that «Electric couscous makers» is in Class 11. IB: It doesn't "make" the couscous. We suggest "couscous cookers, electric" or "couscous steamers, electric" (format consistent with existing NCL entries).	(instead of: electric couscous makers)	
A	FR-28-20a	11		FR	ajouter		couscoussiers électriques		Le couscoussier est un plat de cuisson composé d'une partie haute percée de trous, adaptable au-dessus d'une marmite contenant de l'eau. Ce plat est garni de couscous afin qu'il cuise à la vapeur. Sa version classique est non électrique, mais il existe en version électrique.	couscous			
A	FR-28-20b	21		EN	Add		couscous cooking pots, non-electric			couscous	CH : voir le commentaire plus haut sous FR 19b. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Non-electric couscous steamer pots» in Class 21. See following link – creative cookware IB: It doesn't "make" the couscous. We suggest "couscous cooking pots, non-electric" or "couscous steamers, non-electric" (format consistent with existing NCL entries).	(instead of: non-electric couscous makers)	
A	FR-28-20b	21		FR	ajouter		couscoussiers non électriques		Voir ci-dessus.	couscous			


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A	WO-28-57	11	110152	EN	--	furnace grates			Fire grate: An iron grate of various sizes, but usually square in shape. It is typically mounted on four legs but is sometimes supported on an andiron; used as a support on which to burn coal or wood (Termium) See/voir WO-28-57a	grates	USPTO believes that "furnace grates" and "fire grates" are different goods and have different meanings in English. Is this proposal intended to align the English entry with the French entry? It would be helpful to include a picture of the goods.	In response to the comments, we have amended proposal WO-28-57 and added a new proposal WO-28-57a. Furnace grate =  FR = grilles de fourneaux This is in cl.11 as part of the furnace and by analogy with 110151 "fittings, shaped, for furnaces / fittings, shaped, for ovens / shaped fittings for furnaces / shaped fittings for ovens // garnitures façonnées de fours / garnitures façonnées de fourneaux" (instead of change to: fire grates / grilles de foyer)	
A	WO-28-57	11	110152	EN	Delete	fire bars				grates			
A	WO-28-57	11	110152	FR	supprimer	grilles de foyers				grates			
A	WO-28-57	11	110152	FR	--	grilles de fourneaux				grates			
A	WO-28-57a	6		EN	Add		fireplace grates of metal			grates		A fireplace grate is used to elevate the firewood =  FR = grilles de foyer métalliques? Would be in cl.6 by analogy with 060431 firedogs [andirons] / chenets	
A	WO-28-57a	6		FR	ajouter		grilles de foyer métalliques			grates		The CE accepted this proposal in Cl.6 by analogy with "firedogs [andirons]" (Basic No. 060431).	




A/ R/ W 1	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/ FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T 4
A	CN-28-3	11	110263	EN	--	street lamps			These two proposals are apparently different from each other. Street lamps are usually placed on street, while standard lamps are usually put in rooms.	lamp	<p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. In American English, "street lamps" and "standard lamps" are different goods. USPTO understands that the French "lampadaires" (Basic No. 110263) translates into English as "street lamps" but also means any lamp on a stand that is larger than a desk lamp. How to address this issue with the French translation of these goods perhaps should also be addressed.</p> <p>IB: Perhaps this was the result of a poor translation in English, as "lamp standard" refers to a post or other strong support for a lamp. However, the FR translation of 110263 should also be changed to align with "street lamps". See our suggested modified proposal below: -- <i>street lamps</i> Delete <i>standard lamps</i> changer <i>lampadaires</i> en <i>réverbères</i></p>  <p>Street lamps = a light ... usually mounted on a pole and constituting one of a series spaced at intervals along a public street or highway (MW) Réverbère = Appareil destiné à l'éclairage de la voie publique (Le Petit Robert)</p>	<p>The CE accepted this and the following proposal in order to clarify that street lamps (exterior use) and standard lamps (interior use) are not the same product and should be placed in separate entries.</p>	
A	CN-28-3	11	110263	EN	Delete	standard lamps			See/voir CN-28-4	lamp			
A	CN-28-3	11	110263	FR	changer	lampadaires	réverbères			lamp	FR : Il n'y a qu'une traduction FR pour les deux entrées EN : "lampadaires" qui ne pose pas de difficulté.		



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A	CN-28-4	11		EN	Add		floor lamps			lamp	<p>FR: A voir suivant la traduction proposée</p> <p>USPTO: Would these goods be more appropriately identified in English as "floor lamps?" In American English, "standard lamps" is not the common name for these goods and would not generally be understood.</p> <p>IB: "standard lamp" = a tall electric light which stands on the floor in a living room (Collins). These days, more commonly known as "floor lamps". See our suggested modified proposal below: Add <i>floor lamps</i> ajouter <i>lampadaires ?/ lampadaires sur pied ?</i></p>  <p>Floor lamp = a tall usually portable shaded lamp that stands on the floor (MW) Lampadaire = Appareil d'éclairage électrique monté sur un haut support qui se pose par terre (Le Petit Robert)</p>	This item has been modified according to comments. (instead of: standard lamps)	
A	CN-28-4	11		EN	Add		standard lamps			lamp			
A	CN-28-4	11		FR	ajouter		lampadaires			lamp			



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W	WO-28-55	11		EN	Add		directional lights for vehicles		To clarify that all lights for vehicles belong in Class 11. See/voir IL-28-11	lights	<p>CH- Shouldn't be classified only the lights for illuminating the road in class 11? Whereas the directional lights should be classified in cl. 12 (in analogy with "direction signals for vehicles" (120228)?</p> <p>USPTO notes that "directional lights for bicycles" (Basic No. 110358) in Class 11 and "signal arms for vehicles" (Basic No. 120228) in Class 12 were added to the Alphabetical List under Nice 11-2018. However, it is unclear exactly what the proposed goods are. A photograph or picture would be helpful. The terminology could refer to one or more of the following, which would impact classification.</p>   <p>USPTO believes this proposal should be considered in conjunction with ILPO's Proposal "blinkers [signalling lights]" in Class 9.</p>	<p>Further to the comments, this proposal is intended to compliment 110358 "directional lights for bicycles / <i>feux indicateurs de direction pour bicyclettes</i>" and to clarify that <u>all</u> lights for <u>all</u> types of vehicles belong in Cl.11 as "lighting apparatus". Thus, it refers to this:</p>  <p>Directional lights are not used to light the way, but are used to indicate that the vehicle will turn left or right. Note that 090126 "flashing lights [luminous signals] / blinkers [signalling lights]" refer to lights used for general signaling purposes, such as to signal the presence of an obstruction or roadworks. They belong in Cl.9 as "signaling apparatus".</p>  <p>Finally, in response to the Swiss comments, 120228 was modified for NCL11-2018 and now reads as "signal arms for vehicles / <i>bras de signalisation pour véhicules</i>" (Cl.12 as they are considered to be part of the vehicle).</p>	
W	WO-28-55	11		FR	ajouter		feux indicateurs de direction pour véhicules			lights		<p><u>CE : This proposal intended to clarify that all lights for all types of vehicles belong in Cl.11 as "lighting apparatus". Directional lights are used to indicate that the vehicle will turn left or right. The CE preferred to modify the following proposal, rather than add this one and consequently it was withdrawn.</u></p>	
A	IL-28-11	9	090126	EN	= Change?	flashing lights [luminous signals]	flashing lights and luminous signals, except for land vehicles??		See/voir WO-28-55	lights	<p>IB: "Flashing lights [luminous signals]" is also listed under the same Basic No. They refer to lights used for general signalling purposes, such as to signal the presence of an obstruction or roadworks. Note that 110027 "lights for vehicles" belongs to Cl.11.</p>		


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A	IL-28-11	9	090126	EN	DeleteChange	blinkers [signalling lights]	blinkers and signaling lights, except for land vehicles			lights	FR: Non. En français cette modification rendrait l'ensemble imprécis. USPTO agrees in principle that "Blinkers, signalling lights [except for land vehicles]" are in Class 9. (See Basic No. 090126 "blinkers [signaling lights]"). USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "blinkers and signaling lights, except for land vehicles" in order to incorporate the clarifying wording "except for land vehicles" and delete the brackets. USPTO believes this proposal should be considered in conjunction with the IB's Proposal No. WO-28-55.	We thank the members and we would like to rephrase to: blinkers and signaling lights, except for land vehicles (instead of : blinkers, signalling lights [except for land vehicles]) <u>The CE preferred to delete the synonym "blinkers [signalling lights]" as it could cause confusion with "turn signal blinkers" that are used in cars to indicate a change of direction.</u>	
A	IL-28-11	9	090126	FR	--changer	clignotants [signaux lumineux]	feux clignotants et signaux lumineux autres que pour véhicules terrestres			lights			
A	IL-28-11	9	090126	FR	ajouter?		clignotants et feux de signalisation autres que pour véhicules terrestres			lights			
R	FR-28-15	11	110259	EN	Delete	regulating and safety accessories for gas apparatus			See/voir FR-28-16 to 18	regulating	ILPO: we are against the deletion, the item is needed for classification purposes. USPTO: Is this a proposal to delete this entry because it conflicts with Basic No. 090116 "Heat regulating apparatus," for example? Or is this a proposal to delete this entry because it is overbroad? If overbroad, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to specify the nature of the accessories, e.g., "Safety accessories for gas pipes in the nature of flashback arrestors and reverse flow check valves" in Class 11; or "Pressure regulators for gas installations" in Class 11.	<u>CE: This and the following three proposals intended to delete the term "accessoires", which is considered too vague. As no alternative proposal had been offered, the CE preferred to keep these general indications in the alphabetical list for guidance.</u>	
R	FR-28-15	11	110259	FR	supprimer	accessoires de réglage et de sûreté pour appareils à gaz			Imprécis	regulating			
R	FR-28-16	11	110241	EN	Delete	regulating and safety accessories for water apparatus				regulating	ILPO: See our comments above. USPTO: Is this a proposal to delete this entry because it conflicts with Basic No. 090116 "Heat regulating apparatus," for example? Or is this a proposal to delete this entry because it is overbroad? If overbroad, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to specify the nature of the accessories, e.g., "Regulating accessories for water supply in the nature of metered valves" in Class 11.		
R	FR-28-16	11	110241	FR	supprimer	accessoires de réglage et de sûreté pour appareils à eau			Imprécis	regulating			
R	FR-28-17	11	110216	EN	Delete	regulating accessories for water or gas apparatus and pipes				regulating	ILPO: See our comments above. USPTO: Is this a proposal to delete this entry because it conflicts with Basic No. 090116 "Heat regulating apparatus," for example? Or is this a proposal to delete this entry because it is overbroad? If overbroad, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to specify the nature of the accessories, e.g., "Regulating accessories for water or gas supply in the nature of metered valves" in Class 11.		


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R	FR-28-17	11	110216	FR	supprimer	accessoires de réglage pour appareils à eau ou à gaz et pour conduites d'eau ou de gaz			Imprécis	regulating			
R	FR-28-18	11	110217	EN	Delete	safety accessories for water or gas apparatus and pipes				regulating	ILPO: See our comments above. USPTO: Is this a proposal to delete this entry because it is overbroad? If so, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to specify the nature of the safety accessories, e.g., "Safety accessories for gas pipes in the nature of flashback arrestors and reverse flow check valves" in Class 11.		
R	FR-28-18	11	110217	FR	supprimer	accessoires de sûreté pour appareils à eau ou à gaz et pour conduites d'eau ou de gaz			Imprécis	regulating			
A	FR-28-19a	11		EN	_ Add		tajines, electric			tajine			
A	FR-28-19a	11		EN	Add		electric tagines, electric		 Voir aussi les propositions FR-28-19b & 48	tajine	CH : est-ce vraiment nécessaire d'ajouter ce produit ? il existe déjà les « ustensiles de cuisson électriques » dans la liste alphabétique (n° 110107). USPTO: « Tajine » is not a common commercial term in the United States. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Electric tagines » in Class 11. See following link - Netherton IB: "Tajines, electric" (format consistent with existing NCL entries). Note that "tajine" is the preferred spelling in OED and "tagine" in Merriam-Webster.	(instead of: electric tajines)	
A	FR-28-19a	11		FR	ajouter		tajines électriques		Désigne un plat de cuisson et de service, large et peu profond, surmonté d'un couvercle conique, en terre cuite parfois vernissé, issu de la cuisine berbère, très répandu dans la cuisine traditionnelle du Maghreb mais également en France. Sa version traditionnelle est en terre cuite et non électrique mais ces dernières années la version électrique du même produit s'est fortement répandue.	tajine			
A	FR-28-19b	21		EN	_ Add		tajines, non-electric			tajine			




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A	FR-28-19b	21		EN	Add		non-electric cooking tagines, <u>non-electric</u>		 <p>Voir aussi les propositions FR-28-19a & 48</p>	tajine	<p>CH : est-ce vraiment nécessaire d'ajouter ce produit ? il existe déjà les « ustensiles de cuisson non électriques » dans la liste alphabétique (n° 210274).</p> <p>USPTO: « Tajine » is not a common commercial term in the United States. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Non-electric cooking tagines » in Class 21. See following link – Williams</p> <p>IB: Est-ce que “de cuissons” est nécessaire? Nous suggérons simplement “Tajines non électriques / Tajines, non-electric” (format consistent with existing NCL entries). Note that “tajine” is the preferred spelling in OED and “tagine” in Merriam-Webster.</p>	(instead of: non-electric cooking tajines)	
A	FR-28-19b	21		FR	ajouter		tajines de cuisson non électriques		 <p>Voir définition ci-dessus.</p>	tajine			
A	<u>FR-28-48</u>	<u>29</u>		EN	<u>— Add</u>		<u>tajine [prepared meat, fish or vegetable dish]</u>			<u>tajine</u>			
A	FR-28-48	29		EN	Add		tagine [prepared meat, fish or vegetable dish]			tajine	<p>ILPO: class 29 – meat based</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are meat- and/or vegetable-based, by analogy to Basic Nos. 290030 vegetables, cooked, and 290046 meat. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Tagine [stew] » to make clear the nature of the goods. «Tagine» is the spelling in American English. See Merriam. See USPTO comments for FR 41.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to “bulgogi [Korean beef dish] ” (Basic No.290194).</p> <p>IB: We suggest “tajine [prepared meat, fish or vegetable dish]” in Cl.29. Voir 290046 “viande / meat”, 290047 “poissons non vivants / fish, not live” et 290030 “légumes cuits / vegetables, cooked” en cl.29. Note that “tajine” is the preferred spelling in OED and “tagine” in Merriam-Webster.</p>	(instead of: tajine [prepared dishe] in Cl. 30)	



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A	FR-28-48	29		FR	ajouter		tajine [plat préparé <u>à base de viande, poisson ou légumes</u>]		Voir aussi les propositions FR-19a & 19b Un tajine désigne un plat de cuisson et de service mais également une préparation culinaire d'Afrique du Nord-Ouest, cuite dans cet ustensile d'où la précision proposée entre crochet. Il s'agit d'une sorte de ragoût cuit à l'étouffée, qui peut être composé d'un mélange de viande, de volaille ou de poisson, de légumes ou de fruits et d'épices, et d'huile d'olive. Plat très répandu en France.	tajine			
A	KR-28-16	12	120279	EN	--	driverless cars [autonomous cars]							
A	KR-28-16	12	120279	EN	Add		self-driving cars				FR. : Différence avec l'entrée 120279 « driverless cars [autonomous cars]/voitures sans conducteur [voitures autonomes] » et l'entrée "robotic cars » accepté lors du CE-27? USPTO: Should Basic No. 120279, "driverless cars [autonomous cars]," be modified to add "self-driving cars" under the same basic number? IB: Is there any difference between this proposal and the existing entries 120279 <i>Driverless cars [autonomous cars]</i> and 120300 <i>Robotic cars</i> ?	The KIPO thinks "self-driving cars" are also frequently applied items and modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 12 (Add) "self-driving cars" (under the same basic number with the existing entry 120279 driverless cars).	
A	KR-28-16	12	120279	FR	--	voitures sans conducteur [voitures autonomes]							
A	KR-28-16	12	120279	FR	ajouter		voitures autonomes						
A	KR-28-17	12		EN	Add		pet strollers				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	KR-28-17	12		FR	ajouter		poussettes pour animaux de compagnie						


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A	JP-28-4	12		EN	Add		trucks with a crane feature incorporated		<p>These goods are types of vehicles with a crane. For example, a truck-mounted crane with foldable arm. These goods are predominantly trucks with a crane feature incorporated. The Crane feature is used for lifting heavy transported objects onto and off the truck base. These are classified in Class 12 by analogy with existing entry "trucks" (Basic No. 120022) Please see connected proposal below. JP-28-5</p> 	crane	<p>CH: proposal to be accepted if "trucks with a crane feature incorporated"</p> <p>USPTO would classify the goods in Class 7 by analogy to Basic No.070453 "cranes [lifting and hoisting apparatus]" because the primary function of the goods is to lift and move cargo. The truck is not used primarily for transportation purposes but to position the crane near the object to be moved. Also, these goods are commonly called "truck cranes" in American English.</p> <p>IB: Note that 120307 "Tow trucks / Wreckers for transport" often include hoisting apparatus for lifting vehicles. The images shown below refer to "truck-mounted cranes" or "mobile cranes", which are still considered as a type of "crane" in Cl.7.</p>	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 12 (add) trucks with a crane feature incorporated. (instead of: trucks with crane) We also have modified the remarks.	
A	JP-28-4	12		FR	ajouter		camions avec fonction de grue intégrée			crane			
A	JP-28-5	7		EN	Add		mobile cranes		<p>These goods are predominantly powered, self-propelled cranes. These are not trucks accompanied by a crane. However tires can be attached to the crane which means they can be self run without need for a truck. These are classified in Class 07 by analogy with existing entries "cranes [lifting and hoisting apparatus]" (Basic No. 070453) and "road sweeping machines, self-propelled" (Basic No. 070034). Please see connected proposal above JP-28-4</p>	crane	<p>USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "mobile cranes." This is the common name for these goods in American English.</p> <p>IB: "Cranes, self-propelled"?</p>	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 7 (add) mobile cranes (instead of: self-travelling cranes)	
A	JP-28-5	7		FR	ajouter		grues mobiles			crane			


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R	AU-28-2	912	120301	EN	Transfer ^A dd	camera drones	camera-drones	9	These are mobile cameras for photography purposes. (Analogous to toy drones (280230) which are classified based on purpose). See/voir AU-28-3, 4, KR-28-15	drone	<p>CH: drones remain an aircraft also if they carry cameras. Therefore "camera drones" belong in class 12 as for example "fighter jets or bombers carrying weapons"</p> <p>ILPO: this item was proposed and accepted in CE 27 in class 12.</p> <p>FR: Sauf erreur de notre part, cette proposition a déjà été soumise et refusée lors du dernier CE. Les drones militaires en classe 13 ont aussi été refusés. Il s'agit d'un drone de la classe 12 équipé d'une caméra. Si cette proposition est nécessaire, il conviendra donc de la classer en classe 12. Classer les drones en fonction de leur usage compliquerait inutilement la classification.</p> <p>KR : We think these goods are classified in cl. 12 rather than cl. 9.</p> <p>USPTO would classify these goods in Class 12 by analogy to Basic No. 12031 "camera drones / photography drones" which the accompanying Nice Info file defines "camera drone" as "an unmanned aircraft which incorporates a camera for taking aerial pictures. The goods are in Class 12 because they are used to transport cameras and are thus "apparatus for locomotion by air" in Class 12 rather than cameras in Class 9. Additionally, with the exception of "toy drones" (Basic No. 280230), drones are classified in Class 12 regardless of their purpose.</p> <p>IB: See 120301 for NCL11-2018</p>		
R	AU-28-2	12	120301	EN	Transfer	photography drones		9		drone			
R	AU-28-2	912	120301	FR	transférer ajouter	drones caméras	drones-caméra	9		drone			




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<u>W</u>	AU-28-3	9		EN	Add		surveillance drones		The purpose of these drones is for surveillance and security purposes. They are also used for mapping purposes. These drones are not vehicles for transport and therefore do not belong in class 12.	drone	<p>CH: We already have the entry "military drones" (120273). Mostly they are used for surveilling the enemy's positions</p> <p>ILPO: in class 12 for consistency with CE 27 acceptance of Camera drones in class 12.</p> <p>FR: Idem précédent. Nous pourrions cependant soutenir la proposition suivante: "robot pour la surveillance/ Surveillance robots" en classe 09.</p> <p>KR : We think these goods are classified in cl. 12 rather than cl. 9.</p> <p>USPTO would classify these goods in Class 12 by analogy to Basic No. 12031 "camera drones / photography drones" which the accompanying Nice Info file defines "camera drone" as "an unmanned aircraft which incorporates a camera for taking aerial pictures. The goods are in Class 12 because they are used to transport cameras or some type of surveillance equipment and are thus "apparatus for locomotion by air" in Class 12 rather than cameras in Class 9 or "security surveillance robots" (Basic No. 090789) in Class 12. Additionally, with the exception of "toy drones" (Basic No. 280230), drones are classified in Class 12 regardless of their purpose both due to the mention of "apparatus for locomotion by ...air" in the Class Heading and "remote control vehicles, other than toys" in the including Explanatory Note.</p>		
<u>W</u>	AU-28-3	9		FR	ajouter		drones de surveillance			drone			
<u>A</u>	AU-28-4	12		EN	Add		delivery drones		These drones are for the transport of goods	drone	FR: Idem précédent. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
<u>A</u>	AU-28-4	12		FR	ajouter		drones de livraison			drone			
<u>A</u>	KR-28-15	12		EN	Add		helicams		 <p>Please see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Helicam</p> <p>See/voir AU-28-2 ,3, 4</p>	drone	<p>FR: A examiner avec les caméras drones (propositions AU). Ok pour la classe mais est-ce différent d'un drone ?</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. Under Nice 11-2018, these goods are classified in Class 12 by analogy to "camera drones" (Basic No. 120301).</p> <p>IB: The term "helicam" is not found in either MW or OED dictionaries. In any case, this type of good is covered by 120257 <i>Remote control vehicles, other than toys</i> and 120301 <i>Camera drones / photography drones</i></p>	We think this item is clear enough and a slightly different type of item from "camera drones".	
<u>A</u>	KR-28-15	12		FR	ajouter		hélicoptères télécommandés avec caméra embarquée			drone			



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A	KR-28-14	12		EN	Add		gyrocopters		 <p>Please see https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/gyrocopter See/voir KR-28-14a</p>	gyrocopt r	<p>ILPO: covered by camera drones 120301</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p> <p>IB: A "gyrocopter" is a type of rotorcraft. Shouldn't "helicopters" also be added to the Alphabetical List?</p>	The KIPO makes an additional proposal as follows: Class 12 (Add) "helicopters" (under a different basic number)	
A	KR-28-14	12		FR	– ajouter		gyrocoptères			gyrocopt r			
A	KR-28-14	12		FR	ajouter		autogires			gyrocopt r			
A	KR-28-14a	12		EN	Add		helicopters			gyrocopt r			
A	KR-28-14a	12		FR	ajouter		hélicoptères			gyrocopt r			
A	FR-28-21a	12		EN	Add		self-balancing scooters		 <p>See/voir FR-28-21b, 21c</p>	gyropodes	<p>ILPO: we prefer the more commercial term "segway" or "self balancing scooters"</p> <p>USPTO: «Gyropodes» is not a common commercial term in the United States. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Self-balancing electric transporters» in Class 12. See following link – kohls For recreational, outdoor and on-the-go types, this Segway miniPRO Self-Balancing Personal Transporter offers a unique and exciting ride experience.</p> <p>IB: We suggest "gyropodes / self-balancing scooters". This wording was recently approved at the Locarno CE.</p>	Add : self-balancing scooters	
A	FR-28-21a	12		FR	ajouter		gyropodes			gyropodes			
A	FR-28-21b	12		EN	Add		self-balancing boards		 <p>See/voir WO-28-89</p>	gyropodes	<p>ILPO: "hoverboards" or "self-balancing boards"</p> <p>USPTO: «Gyropodes sans guidon» is not a common commercial term in the United States. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Self-balancing electric scooter boards» in Class 12. See following links – ewheelsusa and ewheelsusa</p> <p>IB: We suggest "planches gyroscopiques / self-balancing boards". This wording was recently approved at the Locarno CE. These goods are mainly for fun and used as playthings. The question is should they be classified in Cl.28 by analogy with 280148 "skateboards" regardless of their mode of operation? See also WO-28-89 proposal to add "motorized skateboards" to Cl.28.</p>	(instead of: gyropodes sans guidon)	
A	FR-28-21b	12		FR	ajouter		planches gyroscopiques			gyropodes			






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A	FR-28-21c	12		EN	Add		self-balancing electric unicycles			gyropodes	USPTO: «Gyropodes une roue» is not a common commercial term in the United States. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Self-balancing electric unicycles » in Class 12. See following link – jetcom IB: We suggest “gyroroues / self-balancing unicycles”. Cl.12 or Cl.28? See also WO-28-89 proposal to add “motorized skateboards” to Cl.28.	(instead of: gyropodes une roue)	
A	FR-28-21c	12		FR	ajouter		gyroroues			gyropodes			
W	WO-28-89	28?		EN	Add		motorized skateboards		Powered by an electric motor and controlled by a handheld remote or smartphone, these goods can reach over 20mph, but are mainly designed for fun and extreme sports. See for example https://www.choosewheels.com/electric-skateboards/ Should they be classified in Cl.28 by analogy with 280148 “Skateboards” regardless of their mode of operation?	gyropodes	FR : ok, en cl28. A priori même fonction que les planches à roulette de la classe 28. USPTO appreciates the intent of this proposal and acknowledges that the area of “personal transporters” is difficult to classify at this time. Analogous to scooters, the primary nature of the goods could be as vehicles or could be as sports articles. USPTO suggests adding entries in both Class 12 and Class 28, such as: “Motorized skateboards as vehicles” in Class 12, and “Motorized skateboards as sports articles” in Class 28. See, for example : Mellow Wikipedia Forbes “Motorized skateboards as vehicles” -- 	We appreciate the comments and await further feedback from the Committee regarding the class. CE: The majority of the CE members indicated a preference for Cl.12. However, this proposal was withdrawn on the grounds that it was incomplete as it did not take into account Basic No. 280148 “Skateboards”.	
W	WO-28-89	28?		FR	ajouter		planches à roulettes motorisées			gyropodes	FR : Planche à roulette motorisée	“planches à roulettes motorisées” (au pluriel).	

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<u>R</u>	US-28-32	28	280125	EN	Transfer	surf skis		12	<p>Surf skis are analogous to kayaks. They are thin, lightweight, and built for speed. wikipedia</p> <p><i>Surf skis in Class 12:</i></p>  <p>Surf skis are used to transport lifeguards for rescuing surfers or swimmers, and are used like kayaks for recreation and racing. Also similar to kayaks, surf skis are comprised of a cockpit where a person sits and uses paddles to propel the craft. While surf skis may be used in racing, they are primarily water vessels. Classifying surf skis in Class 12 is consistent with "motor racing cars" (Basic No. 120299), which are not in Class 28 despite the sports or racing ability. See LP US-28-31</p>	kayak ₁	FR: lors des discussions concernant cette entrée, le Comité avait décidé d'inclure ces produits en cl28 en raison du fait que les kayaks de mer sont utilisés dans un cadre sportif et non à des fins de transport ou de déplacement. Cependant, il nous semble effectivement plus simple de pouvoir retrouver l'ensemble de ces produits au sein d'une même classe, la classe 12.	<p><u>CE: This and the following proposal were discussed together and although the CE seemed to agree that they should be classified in the same class, it was not clear whether they belonged to Cl. 12 or Cl. 28.</u></p> <p><u>A vote on the transfer of "surf skis" to Cl.12 did not obtain the required majority.</u></p> <p><u>Consequently the following proposal for the addition of "kayaks" was withdrawn.</u></p>	
<u>R</u>	US-28-32	28	280125	FR	transférer	kayaks de mer		12		kayak ₁			
<u>W</u>	US-28-31	12		EN	Add		kayaks		<p>A kayak is a small, narrow watercraft which is propelled by means of a double-bladed paddle. wikipedia Kayaks are analogous to "canoes" (Basic No. 120274). This proposal treats kayaks as water vehicles consistent with guidance from U.S. ID Manual, MGS Manager, and EUIPO's Harmonised Database. See LP US-28-32</p>	kayak ₂			
<u>W</u>	US-28-31	12		FR	ajouter		kayaks			kayak ₂			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-60	12	120114	EN	Change	casings for pneumatic tires [tyres]	casings for pneumatic tyres		See/voir WO-28-61 to 63	pneus	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
<u>A</u>	WO-28-60	12	120114	EN	Add		casings for pneumatic tires			pneus			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-60	12	120114	FR	changer	enveloppes [pneumatiques]	enveloppes pour pneumatiques			pneus			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-61	12	120032	EN	--	valves for vehicle tyres				pneus	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
<u>A</u>	WO-28-61	12	120032	EN	--	valves for vehicle tires				pneus			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-61	12	120032	FR	changer	valves de bandages pour véhicules	valves pour pneus de véhicule		Harmonisation des traductions	pneus			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-62	12	120013	EN	--	non-skid devices for vehicle tyres				pneus	USPTO agrees in principle with the proposal as submitted.		
<u>A</u>	WO-28-62	12	120013	EN	--	non-skid devices for vehicle tires				pneus			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-62	12	120013	FR	changer	antidérapants pour bandages de véhicules	antidérapants pour pneus de véhicule			pneus			
<u>A</u>	WO-28-63	9	090069	EN	--	automatic indicators of low pressure in vehicle tyres				pneus	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		



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A	WO-28-63	9	090069	EN	--	automatic indicators of low pressure in vehicle tires				pneus			
A	WO-28-63	9	090069	FR	changer	avertisseurs automatiques de perte de pression dans les pneumatiques	avertisseurs automatiques de perte de pression dans les pneus de véhicule			pneus			
A	WO-28-64	13	130080	EN	Change	rescue flares, explosives or pyrotechnicals	rescue flares, explosive or pyrotechnic		The correct spelling of the adjectives that describe the "rescue flares" is "explosive" and "pyrotechnic". See/voir US-28-21	flares	USPTO requests that this proposal be considered in conjunction with USPTO Proposal #21 «rescue flares, other than explosives or pyrotechnicals.»		
A	WO-28-64	13	130080	FR	--	feux de détresse explosifs ou pyrotechniques				flares			
A	US-28-21	9		EN	Add		rescue flares, non-explosive and non-pyrotechnic		See/voir WO-28-64 Nice 11-2018 includes "rescue laser signalling flares" (Basic No. 090809) and "rescue flares, explosives or pyrotechnicals" (Basic No. 130080). The "rescue laser signalling flares" could be justified in Class 9 as life-saving apparatus, signalling apparatus, or as a type of "lasers, not for medical purposes" (Basic No. 090323). As such, the primary justification for the class is not clear. Are all non-explosive, non-pyrotechnical rescue flares classified in Class 9 as life-saving or signalling apparatus? OR is the proposed term "rescue flares, other than explosives or pyrotechnicals" overbroad because the classification depends on the nature of the goods? Are rescue flares classified based on the nature of the flares or their mode of operation?	flares	CH: rescue flares, non-explosive or non-pyrotechnic	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "rescue flares, other than explosives or pyrotechnicals" to "rescue flares, non-explosive and non-pyrotechnic" as suggested by the Swiss Office. This modified proposal is consistent with the existing Nice Alphabetical List term "fog signals, non-explosive" (Basic No. 090524) and the IB's proposal WO-28-64.	
A	US-28-21	9		FR	ajouter		feux de détresse ni explosifs ni pyrotechniques			flares			
A	MX-28-10	14		EN	Add		retractable key rings				USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite, and that it does not make clear the justification for being in Class 14. USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "retractable key chains" in Class 14 or "retractable reels for holding keys" in Class 14, which is worded similarly to the entry "retractable reels for name badge holders [office requisites]" in Class 16 (Basic No. 160380). Basic No. 160380 is being added to the Alphabetical List pursuant to NCL 11-2018 on January 1, 2018. IB: Retractable key rings/chains?	The MGS Manager data base, classified the "key rings" in class 14. Considering that the good proposed consist on a key ring/chain which has a specific and useful design, is why we proposed class 14 and modify the description: "retractile holder for keys [key chain]", for: "retractable key rings/chains", as the IB suggested.	
A	MX-28-10	14		EN	Add		retractable key chains						
A	MX-28-10	14		FR	ajouter		porte-clés rétractables						

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A	JP-28-6	15		EN	Add		mallets for musical instruments		These goods are mallet products which specialize in musical instruments that are objects to be played, such as bass drums, timpani, xylophone, and iron koto. The consumers and circulation are completely different from existing entry "mallets [hand instruments]" (Basic No. 050449) in class 8. These goods are for instrumental performers to purchase at musical instrument stores as well as drumsticks and bows for stringed instruments. The JPO proposes this proposal in order to make clear which class these goods belong to. Please refer to the definition of dictionaries. ●Oxford Dictionaries: [mallet](noun) 1 A hammer with a large, usually wooden head, used especially for hitting a chisel. 1.1 A long-handled wooden stick with a head like a hammer, used for hitting a croquet or polo ball. 1.2 A wooden or plastic stick with a rounded head, used to play certain percussion instruments such as xylophone and marimba		USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "mallets for musical instruments" in order to clarify that the goods are not themselves musical instruments, but are used to strike the instrument. This wording is appropriate by analogy to "bows for musical instruments" (Basic No. 150004), "catgut for musical instruments" (Basic No. 150015) and others. IB: These are not "musical instruments" per se. The correct term for this good appears to be "Percussion mallets" (FR: maillets [baguettes] de percussion?). See also 150010 Drumsticks / baguettes de tambours.	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 15 (add) "mallets for musical instruments" (instead of: mallets [musical instruments])	
A	JP-28-6	15		FR	ajouter		mailloches pour instruments de musique						
A	WO-28-65	16	160326	EN	Delete	inking ribbons for computer printers			Rather archaic term. We also believe that 160143 <i>inking ribbons</i> // <i>rubans encreurs</i> is sufficient		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-65	16	160326	FR	supprimer	rubans encreurs pour imprimantes d'ordinateurs							
A	WO-28-66	16	160287	EN	--	paper shredders for office use					USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-66	16	160287	FR	changer	déchettes de papier [articles de bureau]	déchettes de papier [articles de bureau]		Harmonisation with excluding note of Class 8 Explanatory Note				
A	WO-28-67	16	160035	EN	--	loose-leaf binders			Suggestion from FR CE27 eforum discussions. We suggest deleting this superfluous entry and will incorporate the English wording in 160092 as outlined below.		USPTO: Is the proposal to delete Basic No. 160035, and change Basic No. 160092 to read "loose-leaf binders / ring binders"? If so, would it be less confusing to change Basic No. 160035 to read "loose-leaf binders / ring binders" ? 	We have amended our proposal WO-28-67 in accordance with the comments from USPTO: Change 160035 to "loose-leaf binders / ring binders" // <i>classeurs à anneaux / classeurs à feuillets mobiles</i> to refer specifically to this good:  (instead of a deletion)	


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A	WO-28-67	16	160035	EN	Add		ring binders						
A	WO-28-67	16	160035	FR	changer	biblorhaptés	classeurs à anneaux						
A	WO-28-67	16	160035	FR	ajouter		classeurs à feuillets mobiles						
A	SG-28-5	16 21 ?		EN	Add		stencils for decorating food and beverages OR stencils for decorating food and beverages [kitchen utensils]		Coffee art stencils are used for creating images on the coffee. Coffee art stencils comes with a handle at the side for holding the stencil in place on top of the coffee cup. This proposal seeks to clarify whether this item should be classified in Class 16 base on NCL 160227 “stencils” or in Class 21 as its sole function is for creating coffee art and can be considered a “kitchen utensils”. 		CH: we prefer to have all stencils in class 16. ILPO: class 21, similar products are also used to decorate cakes and other food goods; perhaps a more general definition is required. FR: Il s'agit spécifiquement d'un ustensile pour la cuisine, nous sommes favorables à la classe 21. USPTO would classify these goods in Class 16 by analogy to “stencils” in Class 16 (Basic No. 160227). IB: See 160227 “Stencils” in Cl.16	stencils for decorating food and beverages OR stencils for decorating food and beverages [kitchen utensils] (instead of coffee art stencils) We would like to discuss this further at the meeting. <u>CE: The CE preferred to classify this entry in Cl.16 by analogy with “stencils” (Basic No. 160227), rather than in Cl.21 as a “kitchen utensil”.</u>	
A	SG-28-5	16 21 ?		FR	ajouter		pochoirs pour la décoration de nourriture et de boissons OU pochoirs pour la décoration de nourriture et de boissons [ustensiles de cuisine]						
A	FR-28-12	16		EN	Add		name badges [office requisites]				CH : les badges en plastique relèvent de la classe 20. USPTO: Is FR 12b intended to be limited to name badges of paper or plastic? Would name badges of leather be classified in Class 18? USPTO suggests modifying this entry to “Name badges [office requisites]” in Class 16. This would be consistent with Basic No. 160379 – Name badge holders [office requisites] in Class 16.	(Instead of: name badges of paper or plastic / badges d'identification en papier ou en plastique)	
A	FR-28-12	16		FR	ajouter		badges d'identification [articles de bureau]		Voir à ce propos l'entrée acceptée lors du CE-27 (WO-27-29) : 160379 porte-badges d'identification [articles de bureau] / name badge holders [office requisites]				
A	KR-28-18	16		EN	Add		barcode ribbons				FR: Nous réservons notre avis en fonction de la traduction USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	KR-28-18	16		FR	ajouter		rubans pour codes-barres						



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R	US-28-33	16		EN	Add		passport holders in the form of wallets		<p>The Alphabetical List does not currently include an entry relating to passport-holding wallets. These are common goods made for holding passports, but also containing compartments for credit cards and paper currency. This has resulted in a recurring issue in applications filed under the Madrid Protocol relating to the proper classification of these goods. This proposal seeks to resolve this issue. This proposal is worded in the same manner as the following MGS Manager entry in Class 16:</p> <p>16 document folders in the form of wallets <i>Passport holders in the form of wallets in Class 16:</i></p> 		<p>CH: the shown product we rather classify in cl. 18. Whereas we classify covers like this in c. 16</p>  <p>IB: See 160340 "passport holders". This proposal could cause confusion with Cl.18, see especially 180125 "credit card cases [wallets]" and 180069 "pocket wallets".</p>	<p>USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. USPTO is aware of the existing Alphabetical List entries for "passport holders" (Basic No. 160340), "credit card cases [wallets]" (Basic No. 180125), and "pocket wallets" (Basic No. 180069). As previously noted, the Alphabetical List does not currently include an entry relating to passport-holding wallets, resulting in classification inconsistencies in Madrid applications. This proposal seeks to resolve that issue. The Swiss Office has indicated that they classify "covers like this" for passports in Class 16, and has provided the following photo of clear plastic covers:</p>  <p>However, the term "passport holders" is commonly used in the trade to refer to goods in the nature of the following, as opposed to clear plastic covers:</p>  


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R	US-28-33	16		FR	ajouter		porte-passeports sous forme de portefeuilles					<p>The primary purpose of “passport holders in the form of wallets” is to hold passports. The wallet-like compartments for credit cards and paper currency are merely additional features of the holders. “Passport holders in the form of wallets” are comparable to cases adapted for holding passports, and, under GOODS (f) of the Nice General Remarks, “Cases adapted to the product they are intended to contain are in principle classified in the same class as the product.” Thus, USPTO believes these goods are proper in Class 16. As to the wording “Passport holders in the form of wallets,” the Alphabetical List currently contains entries in which goods “in the form of” other goods” are classified in the class of the first-listed goods. Please see, for example: “colorants for the restoration of furniture in the form of markers” in Class 2 (Basic No. 020130), which are classified in the class of colorants. “telecommunication apparatus in the form of jewellery / telecommunication apparatus in the form of jewelry” in Class 9 (Basic No. 090805), which are classified in the class of telecommunication apparatus. Accordingly, by analogy, “passport holders in the form of wallets” would be classified in Class 16, which is the class of the first-listed goods (i.e., passport holders), and would not be classified in Class 18, which is the class for wallets.</p> <p><u>CE: This proposal did not obtain consensus, as some members of the CE preferred Cl. 18 for these types of products.</u></p>	
A	US-28-34	16	160217	EN	Change	paint boxes [articles for use in school]	children's paint boxes for use in schools		Clarification is needed as to what these goods are and what the justification is for classifying them in Class 16. Are these goods justified in Class 16 as artists' materials, teaching materials or the fact that the box contains a paintbrush and a mixing tray in addition to the watercolor paints? Nice Class 16 Heading includes: <i>artists' and drawing materials; paintbrushes; instructional and teaching materials</i> . See following link – amazon . <i>Paint box comprised of watercolor paints, a paintbrush and mixing tray in lid in Class 16:</i>		FR: l'entrée existante ne nous pose pas de problème de compréhension ou de classification. En revanche la proposition complique un peu la compréhension et sous-entend que des boîtes de peinture peuvent contenir d'autres produits et que cette boîte pourrait alors potentiellement relever d'une classe différente. Si cette proposition était acceptée, nous souhaiterions conserver la version FR qui est l'expression utilisée pour identifier ces produits. IB: We prefer the wording in the existing entry	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from “children’s paint boxes comprised of watercolor paints, a paintbrush and mixing tray in lid” to “children’s paint boxes for use in schools” to better justify classification as “instructional or teaching materials” in Class 16.	


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A	US-28-34	16	160217	FR	--	boîtes de peinture [matériel scolaire]			 <p>Eberhard Faber - Paintbox with Brush (12 Colours) by Eberhard Faber</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Eberhard Faber Paint Box of 12 Colours (with brush) •Vivid Colours •Mixing Tray in Lid •Ideal for School •Ideal for Children 				
A	MX-28-12	16		EN	Add		glitter for stationery purposes				<p>USPTO: If "glitter for stationery purposes" is classified in Class 16, how would other types of glitter be classified? Would "glitter for cosmetic purposes" be classified in Class 3? Where would "glitter, not for cosmetic or stationery purposes" be classified? Would it be classified in Class 28 by analogy to "confetti" in Class 28 (Basic No. 280192) of the Alphabetical List? Would it be classified by material composition in Class 20 because it is made of tiny, shiny pieces of plastic?</p>	<p>Attending to the questions of the USPTO, we would like to mention that the glitter are different from "confetti", not just because of their shapes, but for their uses as the "glitter" is not an article for playing jokes or for parties. We consider "glitter" should be classified according to its function or purpose, per the General Remarks, and maintain our proposal as: "glitter for stationery purposes", in class 16.</p>	
A	MX-28-12	16		FR	ajouter		paillettes pour la papeterie						
R	AU-28-8	16	160276	EN	Delete	bibs of paper			<p>Bibs are for wear and should be in class 25 regardless of whatever material they are made of.</p> <p>See/voir AU-28-9</p>	bib	<p>CH: We prefer to maintain the existing entries</p> <p>FR: Non, un bavoir en papier s'utilise comme une serviette en papier + pbr de consistance avec les nouvelles entrées votées au CE27 : bavoires à manches en papier</p> <p>USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 160276, "bibs of paper," as USPTO finds them analogous to "table napkins of paper" (Basic No. 160295). USPTO finds both paper bibs and paper napkins serve the same purpose in that they protect the user while performing an act, such as eating, from soiling their clothing or person and both the paper bibs and napkins are disposable goods that are not intended to be used as an item of clothing.</p> <p>IB: See also 160384 for NCL11-2018</p>		
R	AU-28-8	16	160276	FR	supprimer	bavoires en papier				bib			
R	AU-28-8	16	160276	FR	supprimer	bavettes en papier				bib			
R	AU-28-8a	16	160384	EN	_ Delete	bibs, sleeved, of paper				bib			
R	AU-28-8a	16	160384	FR	_ supprimer	bavoires à manches en papier				bib			

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W	AU-28-9	25	250128	EN	Change	bibs, not of paper	bibs		Bibs are for wear and should be in class 25 regardless of whatever material they are made of.	bib	CH: We prefer to maintain the existing entries USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 250128 and Basic No. 160276. As discussed above, USPTO finds "paper bibs" (Basic No. 160276) analogous to "paper napkins" (Basic No. 160295) and that both goods serve the same purpose in that they protect the user while performing an act, such as eating, from soiling their clothing or person and both are disposable goods that are not intended to be used as an item of clothing. "Bibs, not of paper" are analogous to "aprons [clothing]" (Basic No. 250096) as they can be actual parts of clothing and are worn as clothing as when used to bear a number for a race participant to wear. See AH IB: See also 250182 for NCL11-2018		
W	AU-28-9	25	250128	FR	changer	bavoires non en papier	bavoires			bib			
W	AU-28-9	25	250128	FR	changer	bavettes non en papier	bavettes			bib			
A	FR-28-22a US-28-36	16	160323	EN	M Change & Transfer	bags for microwave cooking	bags for use in cooking	21	See/voir FR-28-22b and US-28-36	sachets	ILPO: we agree, 21 is more appropriate USPTO has submitted a similar proposal for «Plastic bags for cooking» in Class 16. See USPTO Proposal No. 36. USPTO suggests that FR 22a proposal be considered in conjunction with the USPTO proposal.		T
A	FR-28-22a US-28-36	16	160323	FR	changer & transférer	sachets pour la cuisson par micro-ondes	sachets pour la cuisson- au micro-onde	21	Les ustensiles de cuisson non électriques se classent 21.	sachets			T
A	FR-28-22b	21	210396	EN	M Change	cooking mesh bags, other than for microwaves	cooking mesh bags			sachets	USPTO supports FR-22-b, the French proposal to change Basic No. 210396 to "cooking mesh bags."		T
A	FR-28-22b	21	210396	FR	changer	filets de cuisson autres que pour micro-ondes	filets de cuisson		Dans le cas où la proposition précédente était acceptée, il n'y a plus de raison de distinguer le mode de cuisson de ce type de produit qui relèvent tous de la classe 21.	sachets			T

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W	US-28-35	16	Explanatory Note	EN	Add		This Class includes, in particular: - paper knives...; - plastic bags for household use ; - cases, covers...;		This term plastic bags for household use appears in the MGS Manager. USPTO proposes adding it to the Class 16 Inclusionary Note to provide broad justification for specific goods currently listed in the Alphabetical List and in the MGS Manager, including: <u>Nice Alphabetical List</u> 160371 plastic bags for pet waste disposal <u>MGS Manager</u> 16 garbage bags of plastic 16 plastic bags for disposable diapers 16 plastic sandwich bags 16 trash bags of plastic 16 Halloween goodie bags of paper or plastic See LPs US-28-36, 38	sachets			
W	US-28-35	16	Note explicative	FR	ajouter		Cette classe comprend notamment : - les coupe-papier; - sacs en plastique à usage domestique ; - les étuis, housses...;			sachets			
W	US-28-38	21		EN	Add	cheesecloth bags for use in cooking			Cooking bags are classified according to function, and not based material composition. The cheesecloth bags for use in cooking typically function as strainers. As such, those goods should be classified in Class 21. See wikipedia see also “strainers for household purposes” (Basic No. 210088). Although the MGS Manager currently includes this term in Class 22, this proposal makes the classification of the term consistent with the classification of other cooking bags in the Alphabetical List. <i>Cheesecloth bags for use in cooking in Class 21:</i>	sachets		USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. The French Office indicates that the French version of the term is <i>coton à fromage</i> .	
W	US-28-38	21		FR	ajouter	coton à fromage à usage culinaire			 <p>See LPs US-28-35, 36</p>	sachets	FR: pour la version FR « coton à fromage »		


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A	WO-28-70	17		EN	Add		plastic filaments for 3D printing		Companion term for 060453 "metals in foil or powder form for 3D printing".		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-70	17		FR	ajouter		filaments en matières plastiques pour l'impression 3D						
A	WO-28-71	17	170123	EN	Change	quay wall-mounted rubber cushioning materials for the prevention of damage to docks, ships and vessels	dock bumpers of rubber		This proposal aims to streamline the English wording and also helps to facilitate translation.		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. USPTO notes that the IB's proposed wording could include both ship docks and loading docks: Ship dock  Loading dock 	Agree with the USPTO comment that "dock bumpers" could include both ship docks and loading docks. For information, the French translation "quais" can also refer to both. This further supports our proposal for a change in the English term.	
A	WO-28-71	17	170123	FR	--	butoirs de quais en caoutchouc							
A	WO-28-72	17	170088	EN	--	asbestos fibres					USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-72	17	170088	EN	--	asbestos fibers							
A	WO-28-72	17	170088	FR	changer	filaments d'amiante	fibres d'amiante						
A	CN-28-5	17	170043	EN	--	gaskets					FR: Cette entrée n'a qu'une seule traduction française : "joints". Nous nous rangerons à l'avis des offices anglophones. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	CN-28-5	17	170043	EN	--	joint packings							
A	CN-28-5	17	170043	EN	Delete	seals			"seals" unclear		IB: "Seals" is a useful term in Cl.17, which is also equivalent to the French entry "joints*", and maybe an asterisk could also be added to the English?	This item is still indefinite even though be added with asterisk.	
A	CN-28-5	17	170043	FR	--	joints*							



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A	JP-28-16	18		EN	Add		leathercloth		<p>These goods are pieces of fabric painted with synthetic resin on the surface. They are embossed and wrinkled to resemble genuine leather. The cloths are not made of real leather, but from synthetic materials. They are used general purpose. For example, sofas, wallets, bags, shoes, and book covers. The JPO proposes this proposal in order to make clear which class these goods belong to.</p> 		<p>CH: proposal rejected because too vague. The entry is in conflict with existing entries like "cloths for cleaning" (cl. 21), "chamois leather, other than for cleaning puposes" (cl. 18) or "bookbinding material" (cl. 16)</p> <p>ILPO: in class 18 as imitation leather, or class 16 as "bookcover made of leather cloth"</p> <p>FR: Nous reservons notre avis en fonction de la traduction française qui sera donnée à la proposition. La traduction littérale est trop vague et relève de la classe 18.</p> <p>USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 24. If these goods are used for covering books, should they be classified in Class 16 by analogy to "fabrics for bookbinding" (Basic No. 160150)? Or are these goods a form of imitation leather in Class 18, analogous to "imitation leather" (Basic No. 180042)? If used for textile purposes, would it be more clear if the proposal was "Leathercloth for textile use" in Class 24, analogous to "fabrics for textile use" (Basic No. 240116)? USPTO notes that the term "leathercloth" appears as one word in English. Merriam and Oxford</p> <p>IB: The Expl. Note of Class 18 includes "imitations of leather" (see also 180042 "Imitation leather" and 180063 "Moleskin [imitation leather]"), unless they are classified according to function or purpose, e.g. polishing Cl.21, cleaning Cl.21, clothing Cl.25, etc.. As the proposed goods do not specify a function or purpose, they are proper to Cl.18 in accordance with the above Expl. Note.</p>	<p>The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 18 (add) "leathercloth" (one word)</p> <p>We have changed the class of proposed entry from Class 24 to Class 18 as these goods are types of imitation leather. They are used for general purpose.</p> <p>We have modified the remarks and added the images.</p>	
A	JP-28-16	18		FR	ajouter		toiles en cuir						
W	UA-28-3	18	180098	EN	Change	boxes of vulcanized fibre	bags of vulcanized fibre		<p>We suppose this propose to change will be correctly for goods class 18</p>		<p>CH does not support this proposal, as "bags" is not the same as "boxes". No such bags found on the internet. Furthermore, vulcanized fibre is used as a substitute of leather.</p> <p>FR : Pas en faveur, les boites et les sacs sont deux produits différents.</p> <p>USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 180098 and believes "bags of vulcanized fibre" is overbroad. Vulcanized fiber is a leather-like material. See Vocabulary. Thus, the existing entry "boxes of vulcanised fibre" appears to be classified in Class 18 by analogy to "boxes of leather or leatherboard" (Basic No. 180089).</p> <p>IB: We prefer to keep 180098 as it is. However a new basic number could be added for "bags of vulcanized fibre / fiber".</p>		
W	UA-28-3	18	180098	EN	Change	boxes of vulcanized fiber	bags of vulcanized fiber						

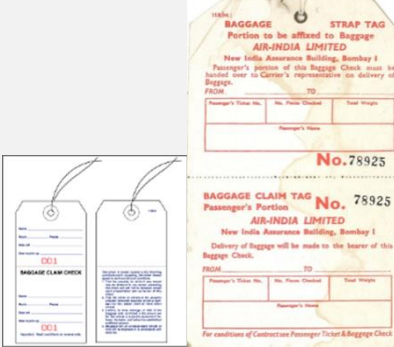

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<u>W</u>	UA-28-3	18	180098	FR	changer	boîtes en fibre vulcanisée	sacs en fibre vulcanisée					
<u>A</u>	MX-28-14	22 ⁴ 8		EN	Add		cloth bags specially adapted for <u>the storage of</u> organizing diapers				FR : S'il s'agit d'un sac à compartiments pour ranger les couches, la classe 18 semble plus adaptée. USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite and overbroad, and that it does not make clear the justification for being in Class 20. USPTO considers these goods to be in the nature of Class 22 cloth bags for storage, and suggests modifying this proposal to "cloth bags for stacking and storing diapers" in Class 22. IB: There are various types on the market including plastic boxes, fabric holders, furniture shelves, ones that hook over furniture, etc. Perhaps more clarity is required?	We decide to modify the proposal from "diaper organizer" in class 20 to "cloth bags specially adapted for organizing diapers", in class 18, based on comments from FR, and to clarified as it was required for the IB.
<u>A</u>	MX-28-14	22 ⁴ 8		FR	ajouter		sacs en toile spécialement conçus pour le rangement de couches					



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<u>W</u>	AU-28-5	18	180015	EN	Change	walking sticks*	walking sticks for fashionable purposes		Walking sticks should be classified based on purpose. As a fashion accessory a walking stick would belong in class 18. See/voir AU-28-6, 7 and RU-28-24 to 26	stick	CH: "fashionable purpose" isn't an objective criterion FR: Ne serait ce pas plus utile de supprimer l'entrée en cl18, car sur le marché il existe des cannes d'aide à la marche et des cannes de sport. Les premières sont également utilisées pour agrémenter un style vestimentaire mais elles restent les mêmes produits. USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Russian proposals to transfer "Mountaineering sticks" and "Hiking sticks, trekking sticks" and change "Walking sticks" to "Fashionable walking sticks," change "Walking stick seats" to "Fashionable walking stick seats" and change "Walking stick handles" to "Fashionable walking stick handles." Under current guidance in Class 18 Class Heading Explanatory Note and Alphabetical List, "walking sticks/canes" (Basic No. 180015), "hiking sticks/trekking sticks" (Basic No. 180140), "mountaineering sticks/alpenstocks" (Basic No. 180001) are in Class 18, with the exception of "walking sticks for medical purposes/ canes for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100263) which are in Class 10. USPTO appreciates the differences in the goods but the definitively describing the distinctions between them for classification purposes is difficult and, if a transfer or change were to take place, clear guidance as to those distinctions would need to be made so the changes and transfers would be applied consistently and not create ambiguity. Russia has provided a study on this subject and an earlier vote on the changes did not pass. IB: Are "walking sticks" ever used as fashion accessories? See 180015 for NCL11-2018 which also includes "canes**".		
<u>W</u>	AU-28-5	18	180015	EN	?	canes*	??			stick			
<u>W</u>	AU-28-5	18	180015	FR	changer	cannes*	bâtons de marche en tant qu'accessoires de mode			stick			
<u>W</u>	RU-28-24	18	Class Heading	EN	Change	walking sticks	fashionable walking sticks			stick	USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Australian "walking sticks" proposal. FR: Non. Ce produit est utilisé en tant que support, qu'aide pour les personnes à mobilité réduite ou ayant des difficultés à se déplacer. (Cf proposition de l'Australie). Cl10. IB: Are "walking sticks" ever used as fashion accessories?		
<u>W</u>	RU-28-24	18	Intitulé de classe	FR	changer	cannes	bâtons de marche en tant qu'accessoires de mode			stick			



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W	RU-28-25	18	180016	EN	Change	walking stick seats	fashionable walking stick seats			stick	USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Australian "walking sticks" proposal. FR: Non, si l'on suit la logique précédente. En effet, si les cannes devaient relevées de la cl10, dans ce cas, en tant qu'accessoires, les poignées de cannes devraient relevées également de la cl10.		
W	RU-28-25	18	180016	FR	changer	cannes-sièges	sièges-cannes en tant qu'accessoires de mode			stick			
W	RU-28-26	18	180060	EN	Change	walking stick handles	fashionable walking stick handles			stick	USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Australian "walking sticks" proposal.		
W	RU-28-26	18	180060	EN	Change	walking cane handles	fashionable walking cane handles			stick			
W	RU-28-26	18	180060	FR	changer	poignées de cannes	poignées de bâton de marche en tant qu'accessoire de mode			stick			
W	RU-28-26	18	180060	FR	ajouter		poignées de canne de marche			stick			
W	AU-28-6	28		EN	Add		walking sticks for sports and recreational purposes		Walking sticks should be classified based on purpose	stick	CH: We prefer to classify all walking sticks in class 18 USPTO: Idem IB: See 180001, 180140 for NCL11-2018		
W	AU-28-6	28		FR	ajouter		bâtons de marche pour les sports et les loisirs			stick			
W	AU-28-7	10		EN	Add		walking sticks being mobility aids		Analogous to item 100226 walking frames for disabled persons.	stick	CH: "being mobility aids" is too vague. The purpose should be "for medical purposes" or "for disabled persons". USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Russian proposals to transfer "Mountaineering sticks" and "Hiking sticks, trekking sticks" and change "Walking sticks" to "Fashionable walking sticks," change "Walking stick seats" to "Fashionable walking stick seats" and change "Walking stick handles" to "Fashionable walking stick handles." Additionally, USPTO prefers "walking sticks for medical purposes/canes for medical purposes" (Basic No. 100263) as the purpose is clearly stated. "Mobility aids" is indefinite as all "walking sticks" may be "mobility aids" as the user is relying on the walking stick to assist with walking in a particular situation that requires extra stability or weight transfer. IB: See 100263 for NCL11-2018		
W	AU-28-7	10		FR	ajouter		bâtons de marche en tant que dispositifs d'aide à la mobilité			stick			
W	RU-28-22	18	180001	EN	Transfer	mountaineering sticks		28	In case of adoption by CE of AU proposals to change entry with basic number 180015 in class 18 and to add a new entry "walking stick for sports and recreational purposes" to class 28	stick	ILPO: we support the transfer USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Australian "walking sticks" proposal. FR: Ok, il s'agit d'un accessoire de sport. IB. Proposal incomplete as the synonym term of 180001 "alpenstocks" is missing.		


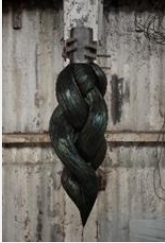
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W	RU-28-22	18	180001	EN	Transfer	alpenstocks		28	See also following proposals RU-23 to 26 See/voir AU-28-5 to 7	stick			
W	RU-28-22	18	180001	FR	transférer	alpenstocks		28		stick			
W	RU-28-22	18	180001	FR	transférer	bâtons d'alpinistes		28		stick			
W	RU-28-23	18	180140	EN	Transfer	hiking sticks		28		stick	ILPO: we support the transfer USPTO believes this proposal should be discussed in conjunction with the Australian "walking sticks" proposal. FR: Ok, il s'agit d'un accessoire de sport.		
W	RU-28-23	18	180140	EN	Transfer	trekking sticks		28		stick			
W	RU-28-23	18	180140	FR	transférer	bâtons de randonnée pédestre		28		stick			
W	RU-28-23	18	180140	FR	transférer	bâtons de trekking		28		stick			
A	US-28-39	18	180128	EN	--	luggage tags			This proposal seeks to add "baggage tags" to the existing indication for "luggage tags" because the terms are used interchangeably. Baggage is defined as "suitcases, trunks, and personal belongings of travelers: luggage. " merriam-webster Baggage tags are fitted or specially adapted for attachment to Class 18 luggage handles and are appropriate to Class 18 regardless of material composition. See for example:	tag	FR: Si la version FR est inchangée nous ne nous opposons pas. En revanche si la version FR doit être modifiée nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction. JPO: We feel that the definition of "baggage tags" is broad. In our definition of "baggage tags", class 16 would be encompassed as well. Please refer to the following URLs. Baggage tags Baggage check-in made easy SWISS Print your baggage tags at home - Air France Print Your Own Baggage Tags - Air Canada	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. USPTO thanks JPO for its comments. JPO indicated that it considers "baggage tags" broad enough to encompass Class 16 tags and included links for print at home tags for luggage. USPTO would not consider tags printed by the users to be goods in trade. USPTO would consider the print-at-home tags similar to the tags printed by airlines to track bags in transit. While the paper or adhesive labels used for airline tags may constitute goods in trade, the tag provided by an airline to mark luggage in transit is merely a necessary part of the transportation service. USPTO proposed the addition of "Paper baggage claim check tags" (see US Proposal No 41) to cover the paper goods that constitute goods in trade.	
A	US-28-39	18	180128	EN	Add		baggage tags		Baggage tags in Class 18:  Eucorie Silicone Cartoon Suitcase Baggage Tag Buy for just \$5.99 (incl. shipping) In Stock See it in action on RU-28-39 when you click on the link in the description. - 22 Material: silicone - 22 Size: 10x5.5x2.5 cm - 22 Easy To Use and convenient to use - 22 Luggage Tags are ideal for hotel, business, and travel - 22 Package included 24 Luggage Tags New 10 Items \$5.99 - \$10.99 shipping amazon	tag			


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A	US-28-39	18	180128	FR	--	porte-adresses pour bagages			  See LPs US-28-40, 41	tag		USPTO acknowledges the French Office's comments and defers to the CE on the appropriate French translation.	
A	US-28-39	18	180128	FR	ajouter		étiquettes à bagages			tag			
A	US-28-40	18	Explanatory Note	EN	Change	This Class includes, in particular: - luggage and carrying bags, for example, suitcases, trunks, travelling bags, sling bags for carrying infants, school bags; - luggage tags;	This Class includes, in particular: - luggage and carrying bags, for example, suitcases, trunks, travelling bags, sling bags for carrying infants, school bags; - luggage and/or baggage tags;		See Remarks in LP US-28-39	tag	FR: voir remarque précédente		
A	US-28-40	18	Note explicative	FR	--changer	Cette classe comprend notamment : - les bagages et les sacs de transport, par exemple : les valises, les malles, les sacs de voyage, les porte-bébés hamac, les cartables; - les porte-adresses pour bagages;	Cette classe comprend notamment : - les bagages et les sacs de transport, par exemple : les valises, les malles, les sacs de voyage, les porte-bébés hamac, les cartables; - les porte-adresses et étiquettes pour bagages;			tag			

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A	US-28-41	16		EN	Add		paper baggage claim check tags of paper		<p>Baggage claim check tags are pre-printed tags commonly used by valets, hotels, airlines, or other transportation or temporary storage providers.</p> <p><i>Paper baggage claim check tags in Class 16:</i></p> 	tag	FR: l'entrée existante ne couvre-t-elle pas déjà ce produit qui nous semble similaire en terme de compréhension et d'identification par le consommateur. De plus ce produit nous semble très restrictif, cette entrée est-elle nécessaire ?	USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. The French Office inquired as to whether Basic No. 180128 covered these goods and asked if the entry was necessary. The purpose of the entry is to distinguish between the permanent luggage tags in Class 18 which are fitted for Class 18 luggage, and these temporary paper tags for attachment to a variety of objects which are covered by the wording "printed matter" in the Class 16 Heading.	
A	US-28-41	16		FR	ajouter		étiquettes en papier pour la réclamation de bagages		See, e.g. shoptags uline See LPs US-28-39, 40	tag			
A	US-28-42	18	180040	EN	Delete	leather twist			<p>This deletion would eliminate ambiguity about leather twists leather thread. In English, <u>leather thread</u> is confusing because "thread" is not made of leather. Leather thread is not a common commercial term for a particular product in the United States. Most marketplace usage of "leather thread" refers to Class 23 thread, not of leather, for use in sewing leather. See, for example, nylon thread for sewing leather: brettuns. Also, <u>leather twist</u> is not a common commercial name in the United States and could refer to finished goods in other classes, such as Class 14 goods leather bracelets:</p> 	thread			
A	US-28-42	18	180040	EN	Delete	leather thread			See LPs US-28-43, 44	thread			
A	US-28-42	18	180040	FR	supprimer	fils de cuir				thread			


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W	US-28-43	23	Explanatory Note	EN	Delete	<i>This Class does not include, in particular:</i> - threads, other than for textile use, that are classified according to the material of which they are made, for example, threads for binding of metal (Cl. 6) and not of metal (Cl. 22), elastic threads, threads of rubber or plastic (Cl. 17), leather thread (Cl. 18) , fibreglass threads (Cl. 21).	<i>This Class does not include, in particular:</i> - threads, other than for textile use, that are classified according to the material of which they are made, for example, threads for binding of metal (Cl. 6) and not of metal (Cl. 22), elastic threads, threads of rubber or plastic (Cl. 17), fibreglass threads (Cl. 21).		This proposal refers to the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 23. The IB's Proposal for the Class 23 refers to "leather thread (Cl. 18)" in the Exclusionary Note. USPTO proposes to delete this reference for the reasons indicated in LP US-28-42 See also LP US-28-44	thread	See Project NI091		
W	US-28-43	23	Note explicative	FR	supprimer	<i>Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment :</i> – les fils autres qu'à usage textile, classés selon la matière dont ils sont constitués, par exemple, les liens métalliques (cl. 6) et non métalliques (cl. 22), les fils élastiques, les fils de caoutchouc ou en matières plastiques (cl. 17), les fils de cuir (cl. 18) , les fils de verre (cl. 21).	<i>Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment :</i> – les fils autres qu'à usage textile, classés selon la matière dont ils sont constitués, par exemple, les liens métalliques (cl. 6) et non métalliques (cl. 22), les fils élastiques, les fils de caoutchouc ou en matières plastiques (cl. 17), les fils de verre (cl. 21).			thread			
A	US-28-44	18	180031	EN	Change	leather laces	leather cord		This proposal provides more precise guidance and clarity. In English, <u>leather cord</u> refers to goods such as the following -- <i>Leather cord in Class 18:</i>  In contrast, <u>leather laces</u> in English most often refers to finished goods with specific functions, analogous in function to "shoe laces" (Basic No. 260034), for example: 	thread	FR: Si la version FR est inchangée nous ne nous opposons pas. En revanche si la version FR doit être modifiée nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction.	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal and confirms that it relates only to the English terms. The French terms would remain unchanged.	
A	US-28-44	18	180031	FR	--	cordons en cuir			See LPs US-28-42, 43	thread			


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A	SG-28-6	20 19		EN	Add		runners, not of metal, for sliding doors		To clarify the classification of the non-metallic version of NCL 060348 "runners of metal for sliding doors".		<p>CH: If you classify the rollers according to the material, class 20 is the appropriate class.</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.</p> <p>IB: In English, the "runner" generally refers to the support along which a sliding door moves:</p>   <p>Does the French translation for 060348 "Galets pour portes coulissantes" refer to the same item? Or just the "wheel" that slides?</p>	<p>CE: This proposal intends to clarify the classification of the non-metallic version of "runners of metal for sliding doors" (Basic No. 060348). The CE preferred to classify these goods in Cl.20 along with other door fittings, rather than in Cl.19 as component parts for doors.</p>	
A	SG-28-6	20 19		FR	ajouter		galets glissières non métalliques pour portes coulissantes						
W	UA-28-4	19 or 20?		EN	Add		fittings for building, not of metal		Please see «fittings of metal for building» (Basic No. 060140)		<p>CH: cl.19</p> <p>ILPO: we prefer "fittings for building construction, not of metal" in class 20"</p> <p>FR : Pas en faveur. La version française de «fittings of metal for building» est « ferrures pour la construction ». Or, les ferrures sont par définition en métal et ne peuvent donc pas faire l'objet d'une entrée en classe 19 ou 20. Dans ce cas, il convient peut-être de modifier la version anglaise de l'entrée n° 060140.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes, for example, goods in Classes 17, 19, and/or 20 depending upon the nature of the fittings.</p> <p>JPO: We would classify them in class19.</p> <p>IB: 060140 generally refers to small metal hardware articles that are used to support fixtures, for example, door handles, hinges, door knockers, latches, window fasteners, etc.</p>	<p>CE: Too vague for classification purposes.</p>	
W	UA-28-4	19 ou 20?		FR	ajouter		garnitures pour bâtiments, autres qu'en métal						






A/R/W ₁	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ₄
A	SG-28-7	20	200131	EN	Delete	ivory, unworked or semi-worked			"Ivory" is deleted from the Class Heading of Class 20 in the 26th session of the Committee of Experts meeting as the trade of ivory is illegal. This proposal seek to delete "Ivory, unworked or semi-worked" from the classification. For guidance on the classification of such goods, users can still refer to the explanatory note for Class 20.		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	SG-28-7	20	200131	FR	supprimer	ivoire brut ou mi-ouvré							
A	MX-28-13	20		EN	Add		bath seats for babies				USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "bath seats for babies" in Class 20, consistent with the entry "bath seats for babies" in Class 20 of the MGS Manager. IB: Bath seats for babies.	We thank to the USPTO and IB offices for their comments, and we accept the suggestion to rephrase as: "Bath seats for babies". (instead of: baby bath seat)	
A	MX-28-13	20		FR	ajouter		sièges de bain pour bébés						
W	US-28-48	20		EN	Add		works of art made of feathers		Clarification is needed as to where these goods should be classified. See following link of works of art made of bird feathers colossal <i>Works of art made of feathers:</i>  There are justifications in Classes 20, 22 and 26. The justification for Class 20 is as follows: Class 20 Explanatory Note – Class 20 includes... certain goods made of wood, cork, reed, cane, etc. <u>and substitutes for these materials...</u> ; The justification for Class 22 is as follows: Class 22 includes, in particular animal fibres and raw textile fibres, for example <u>animal hair</u> , cocoons, jute, raw or treated wool, raw silk. "Animal hair" could be considered analogous to birds' feathers. "Down [feathers]" (Basic No. 220028). The justification for Class 26 is as follows: Explanatory note – Class 26 includes... <u>small decorative items intended to adorn a variety of objects, not included in other classes.</u> "Birds' feathers [clothing accessories]" (Basic No. 260074). See LP US-28-49	art	ILPO: we believe class 20 is the most appropriate FR: Nous ne sommes pas en faveur de cette nouvelle entrée en l'absence d'indication de produits précis. Cette proposition nous semble vague. Les objets d'art en plumes peuvent être très différents et relever de différentes classes en fonction de leur nature. La pratique de notre office serait plutôt de classer ces produits par leur nature plutôt que d'adopter une terminologie générale telle que « objets d'art » pour les qualifier.	USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified.	





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W	US-28-48	20		FR	ajouter		œuvres d'art en plumes			art			
W	US-28-49	22		EN	Add		works of art made of rope or string of natural or artificial fibers		Clarification is needed as to where these goods should be classified. See following link of works of art made of rope – textile artist Works of art made of rope or string:  There are justifications in Classes 20 and 22. The justification for Class 20 is as follows: Class 20 Explanatory Note – Class 20 includes... certain goods made of wood, cork, reed, cane, etc. <u>and substitutes for these materials...</u> ; The justification for Class 22 is as follows- The Class 22 Heading includes “Ropes and string;” See LP US-28-48	art	ILPO: we believe class 20 is the most appropriate FR: id. remarque précédente JPO believes the proposal would encompass the goods in class 6 by analogy to “works of art of common metal” (Basic No.60278) and “ropes of metal” (Basic No.60341).	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from “works of art made of rope or string” in Class 20, to “works of art made of rope or string of natural or artificial fibers” in Class 22 based on JPO’s comments.	
W	US-28-49	22		FR	ajouter		œuvres d'art en corde ou ficelle en fibres naturelles ou artificielles			art			
A	WO-28-73	20	200272	EN	Change	indoor window blinds [shades] [furniture]	indoor window blinds [furniture]		See/voir WO-28-74 to 76	blinds	USPTO agrees in principle with this proposal, but suggests incorporating the bracketed wording, such as, “ <u>indoor window blinds being furniture.</u> ”		
A	WO-28-73	20	200272	EN	--	indoor window shades [furniture]				blinds	USPTO agrees in principle with this proposal, but suggests incorporating the bracketed wording, such as, “ <u>indoor window shades being furniture.</u> ”		
A	WO-28-73	20	200272	FR	changer	stores d'intérieur pour fenêtres [mobilier]	stores d'intérieur [mobilier]			blinds	FR : Nous ne sommes pas favorables à ces entrées. Celles-ci risquent de compliquer la classification qui distingue les stores intérieur des stores d'extérieur. Cette distinction nous semble claire et dénuée d'ambiguïté.	In response to the FR comment, it is clear that “ indoor window blinds” are considered as window furniture and are classified in Cl.20. Whereas “ outdoor ” blinds are considered as building components and are classified by material composition in Cl.6, 19 or 22. Proposals WO-28-73-76 merely aim to harmonize the wording of the Cl.20 entries.	
A	WO-28-74	20	200282	EN	Change	interior textile window blinds	indoor window blinds of textile			blinds	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-74	20	200282	EN	Add		indoor window shades of textile			blinds	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-74	20	200282	FR	changer	stores de fenêtre d'intérieur en matières textiles	stores d'intérieur en matières textiles			blinds	FR : id. commentaire précédent	idem	
A	WO-28-75	20	200281	EN	Change	paper blinds	indoor window blinds of paper			blinds	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-75	20	200281	EN	Add		indoor window shades of paper			blinds	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-75	20	200281	FR	changer	stores en papier	stores de fenêtre d'intérieur en papier			blinds	FR : id. commentaire précédent	idem	



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A	WO-28-76	20	200269	EN	Change	woven timber blinds [furniture]	indoor window blinds of woven wood			blinds	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-76	20	200269	EN	Add		indoor window shades of woven wood			blinds	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-76	20	200269	FR	changer	stores en bois tissé [mobilier]	stores de fenêtre -d'intérieur en bois tissé			blinds	FR : id. commentaire précédent	idem	
W	CN-28-6	20		EN	Add		curtain rails of metal		See 210171 curtain rails. To make clear they are classified in Class 20, not 6. See/voir CN-28-7	curtain	CH: not necessary FR: Non. l'ensemble des "rails pour rideaux/ curtain rails of metal" sont en classe 20. Mais faire apparaitre en classe 20 la notion de produit en métal risque de créer de la confusion. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. The USPTO believes the Basic No. for "curtain rails" is 200171. IB: Not necessary. "Curtain rails" 200171 are classified in Cl.20, along with other hardware for curtains, irrespective of material composition.	Although "curtain rails" hasn't been specified with the material, applicants are still not sure wether it includes metal or not. This proposal intends to make it clear that all curtain rails are classified in Cl.20, irrespective of material composition.	
W	CN-28-6	20		FR	ajouter		rails métalliques pour rideaux			curtain			
W	CN-28-7	20		EN	Add		curtain rods of metal		See 210175 curtain rods. To make clear they are classified in Class 20, not 6.	curtain	CH: not necessary FR: Ídem precedent USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. The USPTO believes the Basic No. for "curtain rods" is 200175. IB: Not necessary. "Curtain rods" 200175 are classified in Cl.20, along with other hardware for curtains, irrespective of material composition.	See above.	
W	CN-28-7	20		FR	ajouter		tringles métalliques pour rideaux			curtain			

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A	US-28-45	20		EN	Add		lap desks		<p>This proposal intends to resolve conflicting classification practices, in particular, “lap desks” and “portable desks” are classified in Class 16 in the U.S. ID Manual and in Class 20 in the MGS Manager. “Desks” (Basic No. 200036), “writing desks” (Basic No. 200180) and “standing desks” (Basic No. 200152) are in Class 20 of the Alphabetical List. A desk is “a table, frame, or case with a sloping or horizontal surface especially for writing and reading and often with drawers, compartments, and pigeonholes.” merriam Lap desks and portable desks consist of a table-like surface which may include storage and with a soft cushion underneath for the user’s lap. These are different from stands adapted for laptops which are made to accommodate a laptop and/or mouse and which should be classified in Class 9. As lap desks and portable desks are analogous the desks in Class 20 in the Alphabetical List, USPTO proposes adding these to Class 20. USPTO also proposes adding “stands adapted for laptops” to Class 9 to avoid confusion with “lap desks” and “portable desks” in Class 20. <i>Lap desks and portable desks in Class 20:</i></p>	desk			
A	US-28-45	20		FR	ajouter		bureaux portatifs tablettes de travail à poser sur les genoux		 <p>See LPs US-28-46, 47</p>	desk			
A	US-28-46	20		EN	Add		portable desks		See LPs US-28-45, 47	desk			
A	US-28-46	20		FR	ajouter		bureaux portables			desk			


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A	US-28-47	9		EN	Add		stands adapted for laptops		Stands adapted for laptops in Class 9: 	desk			
A	US-28-47	9		FR	ajouter		supports adaptés pour ordinateurs portables		See LPs US-28-45, 46	desk			
W	AU-28-10	20	200220	EN	Delete	bottle closures, not of metal			These goods are household utensils and belong in class 21 regardless of what material they are made of. See/voir AU-28-11	stopper	CH: Bottles and their stoppers aren't just used in households. We'd like to keep classifying the stoppers according to the material FR: Quid des Bouchons à vis non métalliques, pour bouteilles/ Screw tops, not of metal, for bottles. Il faudrait peut être traiter toutes les entrées concernant les bouchons en même temps plutôt que d'en prendre une de façon isolée. USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 200220 because it finds that Basic No. 200220, along with Basic No. 060481 "stoppers of metal," Basic No. 170018 "rubber stoppers," Basic No. 200334 "stoppers, not of glass, metal or rubber," and Basic No. 210042 "glass stoppers" are analogous to Basic No. 060300 "bottle closures of metal/bottle fasteners of metal" and Basic No. 060299 "bottle caps of metal," Basic No. 060442 "screw tops of metal for bottles," Basic No. 200029 "corks for bottles," Basic No. 200219 "bottle caps, not of metal," Basic No. 200285 "screw tops, not of metal, for bottles." Deletion of the material content component of Basic No. 200220 impacts multiple analogous goods listed above which specify a material composition. IB: See 200220 for NCL11-2018		
W	AU-28-10	20	200220	EN	Delete	bottle fasteners, not of metal				stopper			
W	AU-28-10	20	200220	FR	supprimer	fermetures de bouteilles non métalliques				stopper			

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W	AU-28-11	21		EN	Add		stoppers for bottle		These goods are household utensils and belong in class 21 regardless of what material they are made of.	stopper	CH: We'd like to keep classifying the stoppers according to the material USPTO prefers to retain the material content requirement for "stoppers for bottles," finding Basic No. 060481 "stoppers of metal," Basic No. 170018 "rubber stoppers," Basic No. 200334 "stoppers, not of glass, metal or rubber," and Basic No. 210042 "glass stoppers" as analogous to Basic No. 060300 "bottle closures of metal/bottle fasteners of metal" and Basic No. 060299 "bottle caps of metal," Basic No. 060442 "screw tops of metal for bottles," Basic No. 200029 "corks for bottles," Basic No. 200219 "bottle caps, not of metal," Basic No. 200285 "screw tops, not of metal, for bottles." Adding "stoppers for bottles" to delete the material content impacts multiple goods listed above which currently specify a material composition for analogous goods.		
W	AU-28-11	21		FR	ajouter		bouchons pour bouteilles			stopper			
A	WO-28-80	21	210326	EN	--	mixing spoons [kitchen utensils]							
A	WO-28-80	21	210326	FR	changer	cuillers à mélanger [ustensiles de cuisine]	cuillères à mélanger [ustensiles de cuisine]		Propose changing "cuillers" to "cuillères" for consistency with the term used in the Cl.21 Explanatory Note (voir "Cette classe comprend notamment...")		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-81	21	210242	EN	Change	candle rings	candle drip rings		This proposed change aims to provide more clarity in EN and greater alignment with FR translation. "Bobèches" = "Candle drip rings" and refer to these types of rings that catch the melted wax at the base of a candle.  Candle rings could refer to decorations for candles, such as:    		USPTO agrees with this proposal. The term "bobèches" is also used in the U.S. to describe such candle drip rings. Merriam USPTO suggests adding this term to Basic No. 210242: " <u>candle drip rings / bobèches.</u> "	OK. We found "bobèches" in MW (without an accent on the "e"). We are happy to add that wording as a synonym term in English to our proposal.	

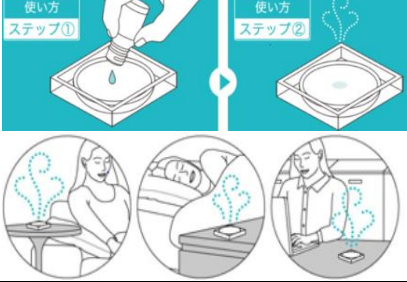
A/R/W ¹	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T ⁴
A	WO-28-81	21	210242	EN	Add		bobeches						
A	WO-28-81	21	210242	FR	--	bobèches			No change				
A	GB-28-7	21		EN	Add		egg yolk separator <u>s</u>		 This is a kitchen utensil for separating the yolk from the whites of eggs.		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	We thank the US for their comments.	
A	GB-28-7	21		FR	ajouter		séparateurs de jaunes d'oeuf				FR: Séparateurs de jaune d'œuf. ok		
A	GB-28-8	21		EN	Add		reusable <u>silicone</u> food covers		 This is a silicon food cover that can be used on any container or food.		USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes, for example, goods in Class 6 and Class 16. Further specification is needed to determine classification and to make clear the nature of the goods. For example, "covers" encompasses "plastic sheets [and] films ... for wrapping and packaging" in the Class 16 Heading and the following Alphabetical List entries: "wrapping paper / packing paper" (Basic No. 160130) in Class 16, "plastic film for wrapping" (Basic No. 160218) in Class 16, and "foils of metal for wrapping and packaging" (Basic No. 060416) in Class 6.	We thank US for their comments. These goods are sold as re-useable covers and not the plastic sheets or film in class 16. It is the way the silicon moulds itself whatever you wish to cover. Once use you wash it and re-use again.	
A	GB-28-8	21		FR	ajouter		couvercles alimentaires <u>en silicone</u> réutilisables				FR: Films alimentaires réutilisables. ok		
A	GB-28-9	21		EN	Add		animal grooming gloves		 These are seen as akin to grooming brushes and combs in class 21.		USPTO agrees with this proposal but suggests the wording Animal grooming gloves, consistent with other Alphabetical List entries (such as "polishing gloves" Basic No. 210294 and "gardening gloves" Basic No. 210321).	We thank US for their comments and agree with the change suggested. Animal grooming gloves <u>s</u>	
A	GB-28-9	21		FR	ajouter		gants de <u>pour le</u> toilettage d' <u>pour</u> animaux				FR: Gants de toilettage pour animaux		
A	KR-28-19	21	210053	EN	Delete	brush goods			Basic No. 210014 'brushes*'		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	KR-28-19	21	210053	FR	supprimer	brosserie							
A	MX-28-15	21		EN	Add		squeegees [cleaning instruments]				USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite and overbroad, and that it does not make clear the justification for being in Class 21. USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to the broader wording "squeegees for household use" in Class 21, consistent with the entry "squeegees for household use" in Class 20 of the MGS Manager. IB: "squeegees" or "window cleaning blades". See 210104 "cleaning instruments, hand-operated"	We decide to modify the proposal from: "double bladed squeegee", to "squeegees [cleaning instrument]", in class 21.	



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A	MX-28-15	21		FR	ajouter		raclettes [instruments de nettoyage]						
A	MX-28-16	21		EN	Add		egg poachers				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	MX-28-16	21		FR	ajouter		pocheuses à œufs						
R	MX-28-18	21		EN	Add		tamale steamer, non-electric				USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite and overbroad as proposed, and could refer to tamale steamers in the nature of both "food steamers, electric" in Class 11 (Basic No. 110337) and "food steamers, non-electric" in Class 21 (Basic No. 210353). Additionally, based on the provided photograph, USPTO thinks this proposal is covered by the entry "food steamers, non-electric" in Class 21 (Basic No. 210353). USPTO further notes that "CROCK-POT" is a registered trademark in the United States for "non-electric cookware, namely, cooking pots and cooking pans" (see U.S. Registration No. 3325829) and "electric cooking appliances" (see U.S. Registration Nos. 0928614, 3644324, 4761465). JPO: These goods are classified in Class 11 by analogy with "autoclaves, electric, for cooking" and "pressure cookers, electric" (Basic No.110254). IB: Electric or non-electric? See 110337 and 210353.	Attending the USPTO and JPO comments, we would like to emphasize that the importance of classified this good consist in distinguish it from any other common food steamer, considering that a "tamale steamer", is a steamer whose inside and shape is specially adapted for tamale. In a food steamer you can cook different kind of food, but a "tamale steamer", is used only for cook tamales. At this point, and in order to avoid confusions with other classes, and considering "crock pot" is a trademark registered in the USA, we modify our proposal from: "tamale steamer [crock pot]", to "tamale steamer, non-electric", in class 21.	
R	MX-28-18	21		FR	ajouter		cuit-vapeur pour tamales, non électriques						
A	CN-28-8	16 4		EN	Add		cloths of non-woven textile materials paper wipes for cleaning		See 210077 "cloths for cleaning" and "rags for cleaning". This proposal is intended to make clear they are classified in Class 21, not 16. See/voir CN-28-8a	cloth	ILPO: conflicts with 160306 towels of paper in class 16 FR: L'entrée actuelle en Français est uniquement en tissus. Sauf erreur de notre part, il n'existe pas de torchons en papier. USPTO: Should these goods be classified in Class 16 by analogy with "towels of paper" and "face towels of paper" (Basic Nos. 160306 and 160307)? IB: By definition a "cloth" or "rag" is made from textile, not paper (Rag = a waste piece of cloth – MW). See also 160306 "Towels of paper" in Cl.16.	In view of comments, we incline to <u>add two items in two different Classes: Class 16 and Class 21.</u> (instead of: add "cloths of paper for cleaning" / "rags of paper for cleaning") CE: The CE accepted this entry in Cl.16 on the understanding that the "wipes" were not impregnated with cleaning substances.	
A	CN-28-8	16 4		EN	Add		rags of non-woven textile materials for cleaning			cloth			
A	CN-28-8	16 4		FR	ajouter		chiffons en matières textiles non tissées chiffonnettes en papier pour le nettoyage			cloth			
A	CN-28-8	16 4		FR	ajouter		chiffonnettes en matières textiles non tissées pour le nettoyage			cloth			
W	CN-28-8a	16		EN	Add		sheets of reclaimed cellulose for cleaning			cloth		See above	


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W	CN-28-8a	16		FR	ajouter		feuilles de cellulose régénérée pour le nettoyage			cloth			
A	WO-28-77	21	210118	EN	--	siphon bottles for carbonated water			To harmonize with 320035 "aerated water" See/voir WO-28-78, 79	gazeuse	USPTO appreciates the intent of this proposal. However, the term "aerated water" is not commonly used in the U.S. USPTO suggests changing Basic No. 210118 to include both terms: " <u>siphon bottles for carbonated water / siphon bottles for aerated water.</u> "	We agree with the US comments. See also MW definition: "aerated water (<i>chiefly British</i>) : any water artificially impregnated with a large amount of gas (as carbon dioxide)". Thus, we are happy to amend our proposal to keep "carbonated" and add "aerated".	
A	WO-28-77	21	210118	EN	Add		siphon bottles for aerated water			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-77	21	210118	FR	changer	siphons à eaux gazeuses	siphons pour eau gazéifiée			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-77	21	210118	FR	ajouter		siphons pour eau gazéifiée par adjonction de gaz carbonique			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-78	32	320013	EN	--	preparations for making aerated water				gazeuse	USPTO appreciates the intent of this proposal. However, the term "aerated water" is not commonly used in the U.S. USPTO suggests changing Basic No. 320013 to include both terms: " <u>preparations for making aerated water / preparations for making carbonated water.</u> "	idem	
A	WO-28-78	32	320013	EN	Add		preparations for making carbonated water			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-78	32	320013	FR	changer	produits pour la fabrication des eaux gazeuses	préparations pour la fabrication d'eau gazéifiée			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-78	32	320013	FR	ajouter		préparations pour la fabrication d'eau gazéifiée par adjonction de gaz carbonique			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-79	32	320035	EN	--	aerated water				gazeuse	USPTO appreciates the intent of this proposal. However, the term "aerated water" is not commonly used in the U.S. USPTO suggests changing Basic No. 320035 to include both terms: " <u>aerated water / carbonated water.</u> "	idem	
A	WO-28-79	32	320035	EN	Add		carbonated water			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-79	32	320035	FR	changer	eaux gazeuses	eau gazéifiée			gazeuse			
A	WO-28-79	32	320035	FR	ajouter		eau gazéifiée par adjonction de gaz carbonique			gazeuse			


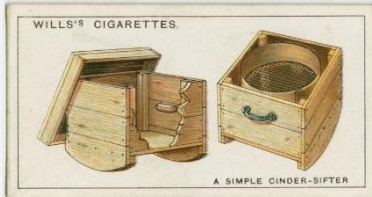
A/ R/ W 1	Prop. No./n°	Cl.	Basic No. or Place/ N° de base ou endroit	EN/ FR ²	Action	Existing entry/ Entrée existante	New or modified entry/ Nouvelle entrée ou entrée modifiée	New Cl./ Nlle cl.	Remarks/ Remarques	LP/ PL ³	Comments from Offices/ Commentaires des Offices	Responses to comments/ Réponses aux commentaires	T 4
A	JP-28-7	21		EN	Add		aromatic oil diffusers, utilizing mist other than reed diffusers		<p>These goods are electric equipment for diffusing aromatic oils or essential oils by mist. They are initially sold unfilled. They are able to effectively diffuse and disperse a fragrant mist around the room. The most common diffuser is ultrasonic diffuser and it utilizes ultrasonic waves to create vibrations in water, which creates a fine mist of water and essential oils that is released into the air. These are classified in Class 21 by analogy with existing entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056). Please refer to the Nice Information File for Basic No. 210368 "plug-in diffusers for mosquito repellents": as follows. It identifies "(210056) perfume burners (Cl. 21) "and "plug-in diffusers for fragrances (Cl. 21) ".</p> <p>http://www.wipo.int/classifications/nice/nclpub/en/fr/20170101/information_files/good_or_service/210368/?lang=en "(210056) perfume burners (Cl. 21). These goods are apparatus that release fragrances into the air by heating essential oils using a candle or nightlight. They are classified in Cl. 21 based on the mention of "apparatus for household... use" in the Explanatory Note. It is worth noting that the candles or nightlights used therewith belong in Cl. 4, however. plug-in diffusers for fragrances (Cl. 21). This is not an NCL term. If plug-in diffusers are used to diffuse fragrances, they would also belong in Cl. 21 based on the mention of "apparatus for household... use" in the Explanatory Note and by analogy with perfume burners. " Please refer to the following URLs. Please see connected proposals JP-28-8, 9.</p> <p>muji</p> 	oil	<p>ILPO: in class 11 as a steam generating apparatus</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal may be inaccurate as to the word "steam." The links provided above discuss products that utilize ultrasonic waves to create a cool water mist, not steam. Steam is created by boiling water using heat. In the second link provided in the Remarks Smiley, the goods are referred to a "Whisper-Quiet Cool Mist Humidifier." Would these goods be more appropriate in Class 11, by analogy with "humidifiers for central heating radiators" (Basic No. 110084)? Consider the following: Quora</p> <p>IB: See 110009 Air deodorizing apparatus and 110275 Deodorizing apparatus, not for personal use" both in Cl.11.</p>	<p>The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 21 (add) "aromatic oil diffuser utilizing mist"</p> <p>The JPO thank US for the notice. We have reconsider our proposal in terms of accuracy.</p> <p>We have changed the word "steam" to "mist" of proposed entry.</p> <p>We also have modified the remarks. We believe that the goods of our proposal would be classified in Class 21 by analogy with existing entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056) according to its function and purpose.</p>	
A	JP-28-7	21		FR	ajouter		diffuseurs d'huiles aromatiques par brumisation autres que diffuseurs à bâtonnets			oil			

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W	JP-28-8	21		EN	Add		aromatic oil diffuser utilizing heat		<p>These goods are equipment for warming aromatic oils or essential oils from the bottom of the dish on top of the device. They are initially sold unfilled. There are one that heats by electricity and the other that heats by flame. It is a fire (candle) heating type, and the electric type is also called oil burner, aroma burner. They are able to effectively spread the scent of warmed aromatic oil around the room. These are classified in Class 21 by analogy with existing entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056). Please refer to the Nice Information File for Basic No. 210368 "plug-in diffusers for mosquito repellents": as follows. It identifies "(210056) perfume burners (Cl. 21) "and "plug-in diffusers for fragrances (Cl. 21) ". http://www.wipo.int/classifications/nice/nclpub/en/fr/20170101/information_files/good_or_service/210368/?lang=en "(210056) perfume burners (Cl. 21) These goods are apparatus that release fragrances into the air by heating essential oils using a candle or nightlight. They are classified in Cl. 21 based on the mention of "apparatus for household... use" in the Explanatory Note. It is worth noting that the candles or nightlights used therewith belong in Cl. 4, however. plug-in diffusers for fragrances (Cl. 21) This is not an NCL term. If plug-in diffusers are used to diffuse fragrances, they would also belong in Cl. 21 based on the mention of "apparatus for household... use" in the Explanatory Note and by analogy with perfume burners. "</p>	oil	<p>ILPO: in class 11</p> <p>USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 21. Are these goods "small, hand-operated utensils and apparatus for household" use, per the Class 21 Explanatory Note? Alternatively, USPTO believes these goods are already identified in the Alphabetical List in the entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056), based on the photos provided above and the discussion of "perfume burners" in the Nice Information File for Basic No. 210368: Based on this, would it be appropriate to modify Basic No. 210056 to accommodate these goods rather than create a new entry?</p> <p>IB: See 110009 Air deodorizing apparatus and 110275 Deodorizing apparatus, not for personal use" both in Cl.11. The image on the right is a "Perfume burner" in Cl.21 (210056).</p>	<p>The JPO has modified the remarks. We believe that the goods of our proposal would be classified in Class 21 by analogy with existing entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056) according to its function and purpose. The JPO thank US and IB for the notice that the image on the right in our remarks is a type of "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056). We have reconsidered our proposal. Eventually we decided not to change our action to modify existing entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056) because "perfume burners" and proposed goods "aromatic oil diffuser utilizing heat" are not exactly the same. The material put into the dish on top of "aromatic oil diffuser utilizing heat" is not perfume but aromatic oil. And its heats encompass both by electricity and by flame.</p>	
W	JP-28-8	21		FR	ajouter		diffuseurs à chaud pour huiles aromatiques			oil			



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A	JP-28-9	21		EN	Add		plates for diffusing aromatic oil		These goods are exclusive plates for holding aromatic oils or essential oils and spreading the scent naturally, without heating. They are initially sold unfilled. These goods are not electric. The scent lasts for a certain period of time. These are classified in Class 21 by analogy with existing entry "perfume burners" (Basic No. 210056). Please see connected proposals JP-28-7 and 8 .	oil	USPTO agrees in principle that "plates for diffusing aromatic oil" is in Class 21.	Thank you for the comments from the USPTO.	
A	JP-28-9	21		FR	ajouter		plaques pour la diffusion d'huile aromatique			oil			
A	US-28-19	21		EN	Add		pasta makers, hand-operated		This proposal intends to resolve conflicting classification practices, in particular, "non-electric pasta makers for domestic use" is classified in Class 8 in the U.S. ID Manual and in Class 21 in MGS Manager. Moreover, there is no guidance in Nice for "non-electric pasta makers." The Alphabetical List includes all pasta making machines in Class 7. USPTO believes that hand-operated pasta makers are analogous to "vegetable spiralizers, hand-operated" (Basic No. 080278) in Class 8 in that they both cut. Vegetable spiralizers make "pasta" out of veggies. bedbath See following examples of "hand operated pasta makers for rolling and cutting pasta": surlatable williams-sonoma	pasta maker	<p>ILPO: class 21 is a more suitable classification, as a hand-operated utensils and apparatus for kitchen use.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 21 by analogy to "noodle machines, hand-operated" (Basic No. 210327).</p> <p>IB: "pasta makers, hand-operated, for rolling and cutting pasta" (format consistent with existing NCL entries).</p>	<p>USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "hand-operated pasta makers for rolling and cutting pasta" in Class 8 to "pasta makers, hand-operated" in Class 21, based on comments made by JPO, ILPO and the IB.</p> <p><u>CE: in Cl.21 by analogy with "noodle machines, hand-operated" (Basic No. 210327).</u></p>	



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A	US-28-19	21		FR	ajouter		machines à pâtes à fonctionnement manuel		<p>Hand operated pasta makers for rolling and cutting pasta in Class 8:</p>  <p>“Pasta makers not only roll out dough into flat sheets but also convert sheets of dough into noodles of various sizes and shapes. Pasta makers have two functions: they flatten dough into a sheet with a set of flat rollers, and they slice the sheet with special cutters.” bestreviews See LP US-28-20.</p>	pasta maker			
A	US-28-20	7	070296	EN	Change	machines for making pasta	pasta making machines, electric		<p>This is a corollary to the proposal for “Hand-operated pasta makers for rolling and cutting pasta” in Class 8. See following link for an electric pasta making machine: jbrince</p>	pasta maker	IB: “pasta making machines, electric” (format consistent with existing NCL entries).	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from “electric pasta making machines” to “pasta making machines, electric” based on the IB’s comments.	
A	US-28-20	7	070296	FR	changer	machines pour la fabrication de pâtes alimentaires	machines électriques pour la fabrication de pâtes alimentaires		<p>Electric pasta making machine in Class 7:</p>  <p>See LP US-28-19.</p>	pasta maker			
A	FR-28-23abcd	21	210120	EN	Change	shoe trees [stretchers]	shoe trees		See/voir FR-28-23e	shoe	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	FR-28-23abcd	21	210120	FR	changer	formes [embauchoirs, tendeurs] pour chaussures	embauchoirs à chaussures		Proposition retirée par le WO lors du CE 27	shoe	IB: chaussures = footwear, souliers = shoes Garder “embauchoirs pour souliers” pour harmonisation avec l’anglais?	en réponse à la proposition de modification du Bureau International, nous ne souhaitons pas remplacer le terme « chaussures » par « souliers » car ce dernier est un terme désuet qui n’est plus utilisé en France (sauf pour évoquer des chaussures d’un autre temps !). Il faudrait peut être modifier la version anglaise aux fins de cohérence. Nous laissons le soin aux Offices anglophones de trouver la formulation adéquate.	
A	FR-28-23abcd	21	210120	FR	supprimer	embauchoirs [formes] pour chaussures				shoe			
A	FR-28-23abcd	21	210120	FR	supprimer	formes [embauchoirs] pour chaussures				shoe			
A	FR-28-23abcd	21	210120	FR	supprimer	formes [embauchoirs] pour souliers				shoe			




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A	FR-28-23e	21	210347	EN	Change	boot trees [stretchers]	boot trees			shoe	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: Pour info: 210347 = formes [embauchoirs, tendeurs] pour bottes / boot trees [stretchers]		
A	FR-28-23e	21	210347	FR	changer	formes [embauchoirs, tendeurs] pour bottes	embauchoirs pour bottes		Proposition retirée par le WO lors du CE 27	shoe			
W	US-28-50	21	210061	EN	Change	sifters [household utensils]	sifters for household purposes, hand-operated		The current Alphabetical List entry for "sifters [household utensils]" (Basic No. 210061) is too broad because it includes different types of sifters, e.g., hand-operated flour sifters for household use in Class 21, electric flour sifters in Class 7, and "cinder sifters [household utensils]" (Basic No. 210067). <i>Hand-operated flour sifters for household use in Class 21:</i>	sifter	IB: We think that the proposed wording is too limiting. Sifters can also be used with icing sugar, for example, and in the garden they are used for sifting soil. Also note 210097 "Sieves [household utensils] / tamis [ustensiles de ménage]".	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "hand-operated flour sifters for household use" to "sifters for household purposes, hand-operated" based on the IB's comments. As a corollary, based on the IB's comments, USPTO proposes that "cinder sifters [household utensils]" (Basic No. 210067) be <u>deleted</u> . (See US Proposal No. 52.) The goods are antiquated and would be covered by the proposed ID above of "sifters for household purposes, hand-operated."	
W	US-28-50	21	210061	FR	changer	cribles [ustensiles de ménage]	tamis à fonctionnement manuel à usage domestique			sifter			See LPs US-28-51 to 53


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W	US-28-51	7		EN	Add		sifters, electric, for household purposes		<p>This is a corollary to “Hand-operated flour sifters for household use” in Class 21. Electric flour sifters for both household and industrial purposes are classified in Class 7. See following links for electric flour sifters: chefkitchen amazon <i>Electric flour sifters in Class 7:</i></p>  <p>Below are analogous Alphabetical List entries that are split between Classes 7 and 21: “Fruit presses, non-electric, for household purposes” (Basic No. 210138); “Fruit presses, electric, for household purposes” (Basic No. 070460); “Presses [machines for industrial purposes]” (Basic No. 070316). See LPs US-28-50, 52, 53</p>	sifter	IB: Is this necessary? See 070556 “sifting machines” and 070133 “sifting installations”.	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from “electric flour sifters” to “sifters, electric, for household purposes” based on the IB’s comments.	
W	US-28-51	7		FR	ajouter		tamis électriques à usage domestique			sifter			
W	US-28-52	21	210067	EN	Delete	cinder sifters [household utensils]			<p>This proposal removes the function of the goods from the brackets, incorporates it into the text of the indication, and indicates that the goods are hand-operated to distinguish these goods from the “cinder sifters [machines]” (Basic No. 070082) in Class 7. A cinder-sifter is a perforated shovel or sieve for sifting ashes or dust from cinders. wordnik Hand-operated cinder sifters for household use appear to be antiquated goods:</p>  <p>digitalcollections</p>	sifter	IB: Is this change necessary? These goods appear to be rather archaic nowadays.	Based on the IB’s comments, USPTO <u>modifies</u> the Action of this proposal from <i>change</i> to <i>delete</i> for “cinder sifters [household utensils]” (Basic No. 210067) because the goods are rather archaic. Moreover, the goods would be covered by the proposed ID of “sifters for household purposes, hand-operated.”	
W	US-28-52	21	210067	FR	supprimer	tamiseurs de cendres [ustensiles de ménage]			See LPs US-28-50, 51, 53	sifter			





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W	US-28-53	7	070082	EN	Delete	cinder sifters [machines]			This proposal removes the function of the goods from the brackets and incorporates it into the text of the indication to distinguish these goods from the cinder sifters in Class 21.	sifter	IB: If necessary, we suggest "cinder sifting machines". See 070556 "sifting machines" and 070133 "sifting installations".	Based on the IB's comments, USPTO <u>modifies</u> the Action of this proposal from <i>change</i> to <i>delete</i> for "cinder sifters [machines]" (Basic No. 070082) because it is covered by "sifting machines" (Basic No. 070556).	
W	US-28-53	7	070082	FR	supprimer	tamiseurs de cendres [machines]			See LPs US-28-50 to 52	sifter			
A	WO-28-82	22	Explanatory Note	EN	Change	This Class includes, in particular: - certain sacks and bags not otherwise classified by function or purpose, for example, bags for washing hosiery , body bags, mail bags; ...	This Class includes, in particular: - certain sacks and bags not otherwise classified by function or purpose, for example, mesh bags for washing laundry , body bags, mail bags; ...		Harmonization with 220106 <i>mesh bags for washing laundry // filets pour le lavage du linge</i>		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-82	22	Note explicative	FR	changer	Cette classe comprend notamment : - certains sacs non classés par ailleurs selon leur fonction ou leur destination, par exemple : les sacs de lavage de bonneterie , les sacs mortuaires, les sacs postaux;...	Cette classe comprend notamment : - certains sacs non classés par ailleurs selon leur fonction ou leur destination, par exemple : filets pour le lavage du linge , les sacs mortuaires, les sacs postaux;...						




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A	US-28-54	22		EN	Add		bivouac shelters		<p>Bivouac shelters or bivouac sacks are lightweight, waterproof shelters for sleeping bags, and they are generally considered alternatives to camping tents. <i>Bivouac shelters/bivouac sacks being shelters in Class 22:</i></p> 	bivouac	<p>FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction FR afin, notamment, de comprendre la différence avec les « tentes » (« tents » N° de base 220071).</p> <p>IB: We prefer "bivouac shelters".</p>	<p>USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. The IB prefers the term "bivouac shelters." USPTO agrees that it would be simpler to distinguish between bivouac shelters in Class 22 and bivouac sacks in Class 24. However, the internet evidence shows that the term "bivouac sacks" is used in connection with both tent-type goods in Class 22 and covers for sleeping bags in Class 24. See, for example –</p>  <p>yellow bivy sack for minimalist solo expedition camping, open entry with mosquito net, foam sleeping pad inside</p> <p>goo.gl/4NdPSd See also, for example -- goo.gl/mehcpg Therefore, the alternative wording is useful and necessary to prevent improper classification of the tent-type or shelter-type bivouac sacks in Class 24. USPTO thanks the French Office for considering possible French translations.</p>	
A	US-28-54	22		EN	Add		bivouac sacks being shelters		See LP US-28-55	bivouac		<p><u>CE: The CE preferred to accept the term "bivouac sacks being shelters". However, the proposal to add "bivouac shelters" did not receive support from the CE as it could refer to a type of temporary wooden structure, which would not be proper to Cl.22.</u></p>	
A	US-28-54	22		FR	ajouter		abris de bivouac			bivouac			
A	US-28-54	22		FR	ajouter		grands sacs de bivouac en tant qu'abris			bivouac			



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A	US-28-55	24		EN	Add		bivouac sacks being covers for sleeping bags		<p>The term bivouac sacks is used to refer to shelters in Class 22, see above. The term is also used to refer to waterproof covers for sleeping bags and should be classified in the same class as the sleeping bags.</p> <p><i>Bivouac sacks being covers for sleeping bags in Class 24:</i></p> 	bivouac	<p>FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction FR afin, notamment, de comprendre la différence avec les « sacs de couchage » (« sleeping bags » N° de base 240124).</p>	<p>USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. The French Office asked about the difference between bivouac sacks and sleeping bags (Basic No. 240124). The bivouac sacks and the sleeping bags are 2 different goods. The bivouac sack in the example below is yellow. It is a cover for the sleeping bag, which is dark blue.</p>  <p>http://www.trailspace.com/gear/brooks-range/alpini-bivy-sack/ The bivouac sacks being covers for sleeping bags are typically made of waterproof material and shield the user from moisture and insects when sleeping in the sleeping bag. USPTO thanks the French Office for considering possible French translations.</p>	
A	US-28-55	24		FR	ajouter		grands sacs de bivouac en tant que protections pour sacs de couchage		See LP US-28-54	bivouac			
A	WO-28-83	24	240020	EN	--	lining fabric for footwear							
A	WO-28-83	24	240020	FR	changer	étoffes à doublure pour articles chaussants	étoffes à doublure pour chaussures		En cohérence avec la traduction de "footwear" dans d'autres entrées de la liste alphabétique.		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
R	CN-28-10	24		EN	Add		bedsheets of leather		Although they are made of leather, they still should be classified in Class 24.		<p>ILPO: agree with the classification, propose "leather bed linen"</p> <p>USPTO agrees in principle that "leather bed sheets" are in Class 24.</p> <p>IB: Although NCL already has 240068 Bed linen, 240114 Bed blankets, 240125 Bed valances, 240029 Bed covers, there is no entry for "Bed sheets". Perhaps a more general entry for "Bed sheets" could be added as well?</p>		
R	CN-28-10	24		FR	ajouter		draps de lit en cuir						


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A	SG-28-8	24		EN	Add		picnic blankets		Both "Picnic blankets" and "Picnic mats" appears to be referring to the same type of goods. This proposal seeks to clarify the classification of such goods. See/voir SG-28-8a	picnic	CH: according to the definitions, a mat is thicker than a blanket. Although it appears to be the same products, the picnic blankets should be classified in class 24 and the picnic mats in class 27. ILPO: class 27 FR: En français, on parlera plutôt de nattes de picnic/ picnic mats qui se classe donc en 27.  USPTO believes "picnic blankets" is classified in Class 24 (not Class 27), by analogy to "table linen, not of paper" (Basic No. 240070).  JPO: These goods are classified in Class 27 by analogy with "mats*" (Basic No.270006).	(2 entries, see SG-28-8a) CE: Although the CE acknowledged that various terms such as "picnic blankets", "picnic rugs" and "picnic mats" seem to be commonly used for the same type of good, it preferred to accept only one indication in Cl.24 for this product.	
A	SG-28-8	24		FR	ajouter		couvertures de pique-nique			picnic			
W	SG-28-8a	27		EN	Add		picnic mats		Both "Picnic blankets" and "Picnic mats" appears to be referring to the same type of goods. This proposal seeks to clarify the classification of such goods.	picnic			
W	SG-28-8a	27		FR	ajouter		tapis de pique-nique			picnic			
A	UA-28-5	25		EN	Add		embroidered clothing		These goods are types of clothing. We suppose it will be useful to add these goods to the NCL		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. By analogy, see "knitwear [clothing]" (Basic No. 250071), "beach clothes" (Basic No. 250104), and "clothing of leather" (Basic No. 250151).		
A	UA-28-5	25		FR	ajouter		vêtements brodés						
A	MX-28-20	25		EN	Add		heel protectors for shoes				USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite as proposed. USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to wording that specifies the protective function of the goods, such as "Fitted heel protectors for high-heeled shoes to prevent sinking into grass and damage to heels" in Class 25, by analogy to the following TMClass entry that specifies the protective function of heel protectors: <input type="checkbox"/> 27 Heel protectors [mats] to prevent damage, is that we prefer to scuffing whilst driving the vehicle keep the current wording.	We thanks to the USPTO for their comments and suggestion, however considering that the function of the good proposed is not only to "prevent sinking into grass", but avoid that they get stuck in grids, cobblestones or stones floors, and that they get	

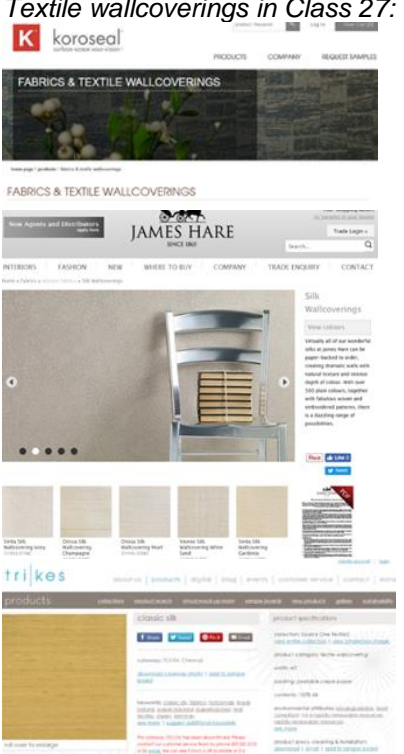



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A	MX-28-20	25		FR	ajouter		protège-talons pour chaussures						
A	US-28-56	25		EN	Add		headwear		This addition is necessary as a result of the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 25. Headwear means "coverings for the head, such as hats, caps and scarves." Oxford	headwear			
A	US-28-56	25		FR	ajouter		coiffures articles de chapellerie		See LPs US-28-56 to 61	headwear			
A	US-28-57	25	250047	EN	Delete Change	headgear for wear	headgear being headwear		This change is necessary as a result of the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 25. Headgear means "hats, helmets and other items worn on the head." Oxford	headwear	FR: ok, plus conforme à la version FR qui doit donc rester inchangée		
A	US-28-57	25	250047	FR	supprimer changer	coiffures [chapellerie]	articles de chapellerie en tant que coiffures		See LPs US-28-56 to 61	headwear			
A	US-28-57	25	250047	FR	supprimer	chapellerie				headwear			
A	US-28-58	9		EN	Add		headgear being protective helmets		This addition is necessary as a result of the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 25. Headgear means "hats, helmets and other items worn on the head." Oxford	headwear	FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction FR. Des exemples de produits pourraient être utiles.	<p>USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified.</p>  <p>https://www.rehabmart.com/product/opticool-headgear-single-shell-eva-foam-helmet-45521.html</p>	
A	US-28-58	9		FR	ajouter		articles de chapellerie couvre-chefs en tant que casques de protection		See LPs US-28-56 to 61	headwear			
A	US-28-59	25	250012	EN	Change	caps [headwear]	caps being headwear		This change is necessary as a result of the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 25. This proposal removes the function of the goods from the brackets and incorporates it into the text of the indication to distinguish these goods from caps in other classes, e.g., bottle caps of metal in Class 6, radiator caps in Class 11, hub caps in Class 12, hair coloring caps in Class 26, etc.	headwear	FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction FR. L'équivalent en FR « bonnets / barrettes [bonnets] / casquettes / coiffes » est trop complexe et couvre des produits divers, une simplification semble nécessaire.		
A	US-28-59	25	250012	FR	supprimer ?	bonnets			See LPs US-28-56 to 61	headwear			
A	US-28-59	25	250012	FR	supprimer ?	barrettes [bonnets]				headwear			
A	US-28-59	25	250012	FR	= changer?	casquettes	casquettes en tant que coiffures			headwear			
A	US-28-59	25	250012	FR	supprimer ?	coiffes				headwear			



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A	US-28-60	25	250170	EN	Change	visors [headwear]	visors being headwear		This change is necessary as a result of the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 25. The proposal removes the function of the goods from the brackets and incorporates it into the text of the indication to distinguish these goods from visors in other classes, e.g., anti-glare visors in Class 9.	headwear	FR: ok si la version FR « visières [chapellerie], qui est parfaitement claire, reste inchangée.		
A	US-28-60	25	250170	FR	changer	visières [chapellerie]	visières en tant que coiffures		See LPs US-28-56 to 61	headwear			
A	US-28-61	18	Explanatory Note	EN	Change	This class does not include, in particular: - clothing, footwear and headgear of leather for humans (Cl. 25);	This class does not include, in particular: - clothing, footwear and headwear of leather for humans beings (Cl. 25);		This change is necessary as a result of the Class Heading Revision Project for Class 25. The term “headgear” must be changed to “headwear” to be consistent with the changes made to the Class 25 Heading as a result of the Class Heading project.	headwear	FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en fonction de la traduction FR		
A	US-28-61	18	Note explicative	FR	--	Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment : - les articles d'habillement en cuir pour êtres humains (cl. 25);			See LPs US-28-56 to 61	headwear			
A	WO-28-84	25	250099	EN	Change	mittens	fingerless gloves		In order to harmonize translations, we suggest replacing “mittens” with “mitts [fingerless gloves]” which corresponds to “mitaines” in French. A new separate entry for “mittens” is also proposed with the correct French translation “moufles”. Mitts (fingerless gloves):  Mittens:  See/voir WO-28-85	mittens	USPTO does not agree with this proposal. In American English, the term “mitts” implies a protective glove (baseball mitt, oven mitt) or person’s hands or a type of mitten. The term “mitts” is not commonly used to describe fingerless gloves. USPTO would prefer the English to be “fingerless gloves” which is more accurate and precise.  Baseball mitt  Oven mitt Dictionary Collins Cambridge If “fingerless gloves” is not accepted, USPTO suggests removing the brackets: “mitts being fingerless gloves.”	In order to avoid any ambiguity, we have amended our proposal to “fingerless gloves”. (instead of: mitts [fingerless gloves])	
A	WO-28-84	25	250099	FR	--	mitaines				mittens			
A	WO-28-84	25	250099	FR	supprimer	mitons			obsolète	mittens			



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A	WO-28-85	25		EN	Add		mittens			mittens	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-85	25		FR	ajouter		moufles		Moufle: Pièce de l'habillement qui couvre entièrement la main, sans séparation pour les doigts, sauf pour le pouce (Le Petit Robert)	mittens			
A	US-28-62	26		EN	Add		hat pins, <u>other than jewellery</u> for securing hats		These two proposals are intended to establish that hat pins are classified in Class 26 based on function even though the goods may have ornamental features. Hat pins in Class 26 are distinguishable from jewelry pins for use on hats in Class 14, see below. <i>Hat pins for securing hats in Class 26:</i>	pins	ILPO: for clarity we would prefer adding hat pins for securing hats <u>other than jewelry</u>	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. It is not necessary to incorporate "other than jewelry," as suggested by the ILPO. Although the head of the hat pin may be ornamented, the primary function is to keep a hat in place on the head https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/hatpin	
													
A	US-28-62	26		EN	Add		hatpins, <u>other than jewelry</u> for securing hats			pins			
A	US-28-62	26		FR	ajouter		épingles à chapeau <u>autres qu'articles de bijouterie</u> pour fixer les chapeaux		See LPs US-28-63 to 66	pins			
A	US-28-63	14		EN	Add		jewellery <u>hat pins</u> for use on hats		See above. <i>Jewelry pins for use on hats in Class 14:</i>	pins			
A	US-28-63	14		EN	Add		jewelry <u>hatpins</u> for use on hats			pins			
A	US-28-63	14		FR	ajouter		épingles-bijoux pour chapeaux			pins			
									See LPs US-28-62, 64 to 66				



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W	US-28-64	26		EN	Add		bonnet pins for securing bonnets		<p>These two proposals intend to resolve conflicting classification practices between the MGS Manager (Class 14) and the U.S. ID Manual (Class 26) and to align the classification of bonnet pins with classification of hats pins. <i>Bonnet pins for securing bonnets in Class 26:</i></p>  <p>See LPs US-28-62, 63, 65, 66</p>	pins	ILPO: for clarity we would prefer adding bonnet pins for securing bonnets other than jewelry	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO reply comments in LP US-28-62.	
W	US-28-64	26		FR	ajouter		épingles de ?? pour la fixation de ??		IB: Please specify "bonnet"	pins			
W	US-28-65	14		EN	Add		jewellery pins for use on bonnets		This new term may appear under the same Basic No. as US-28-63 , "jewelry pins for use on hats." See LPs US-28-62 to 64 and 66	pins			
W	US-28-65	14		EN	Add		jewelry pins for use on bonnets			pins			
W	US-28-65	14		FR	ajouter		épingles sous forme d'articles de bijouterie à utiliser sur de ??		IB: Please specify "bonnet"	pins			
A	US-28-66	12		EN	Add		vehicle bonnet pins		<p>Bonnet pin is the British term for "hood pin," which is a pin designed to hold the vehicle hood closed especially when driving at a high speed. <i>Vehicle bonnet pins / vehicle hood pins in Class 12:</i></p>  <p>See LPs US-28-62 to 65</p>	pins	CH: classification according to the material, either class 6 or 20.	USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified. The MGS Manager includes "automobile bonnets" and "luggage racks for attachment to vehicle bonnets" in Class 12. Similar to the aforementioned luggage racks, the vehicle bonnet pins are specialized goods for use with vehicle bonnets and do not have any function other than for use with vehicle bonnets. Therefore, the vehicle bonnet pins are classified in Class 12 and not in Class 6 or Class 20 according to material composition as indicated by the Swiss Office. See - <i>Hood pins are a great-looking style element that can be added easily to any vehicle. But did you know they actually serve an important purpose? These pins keep the hood buttoned down in the event the main latch should fail - preventing the hood panel from flying open at speed. This often happens after accidents, that's why many racetracks require hood pins to be fitted on competition cars. Carid</i>	
A	US-28-66	12		EN	Add		vehicle hood pins			pins			
A	US-28-66	12		FR	ajouter		attache-capots pour véhicules			pins			

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<u>W</u>	RU-28-27	27		EN	Add		marmoleum		New type of product/floor covering		<p>DE: "MARMOLEUM" is a trade mark in more than 12 states: IR 318894 for class 27 "floorings"</p> <p>CH: a trademark in Switzerland</p> <p>ILPO: unnecessary, covered by LINOLEUM 270014</p> <p>USPTO cannot agree as the indication is a registered trademark for floor and wall coverings in the United States (U.S. Registration No. 1154045).</p> <p>FR: Non. D'après nos recherches, il s'agit d'une sorte de linoléum, lequel existe déjà dans la classification (270014).</p> <p>JPO: "Marmoleum" is a registered trademark in Japan and in some countries.</p>	<p>We thank for your comment. it will be taken into account for futher modification of our proposal. We take all measures to save trademarks as trademarks. However during their intensive using by customers sometimes trademarks have become to indication of goods.</p>	
<u>W</u>	RU-28-27	27		FR	ajouter		marmoleum						
<u>A</u>	JP-28-10	27		EN	Add		tatami mats		<p>These goods are types of mats made of rice and straw and one of Japan's traditional national products used as mats. Tatami is not a flooring or building material. Individual tatami mats are replaceable according to the deterioration of each mat. These are classified in Class 27 by analogy with existing entry "mats" (Basic No. 270006). Please refer to the definition of dictionaries.</p> <p>●Oxford Dictionaries [tatami (also tatami mat)] (noun)A rush-covered straw mat forming a traditional Japanese floor covering.</p>		<p>CH: perhaps the entry "tatami [rice and straw mats] would be more precise.</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "tatami mats" in order to clarify classification. Do these goods also include goods shown in the following images?</p> <p>IB: Or simply "Tatami mats"?</p>	<p>The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 27 (add) "Tatami mats" without square brackets.</p> <p>The images that the US have attached with their comments are also included in our entry and we have modified the remarks and added the images.</p>	
<u>A</u>	JP-28-10	27		FR	ajouter		tatamis						




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A	US-28-67	27		EN	Add		textile wallcoverings		A "wallcovering" is material such as wallpaper or textured fabric used as a decorative covering for interior walls. oxford "Textile wallcovering" is the common name for a product that is manufactured in long narrow sheets of stiff fabric that is applied permanently to walls with a paste, like a wallpaper. This proposal is distinct from "wall hangings of textile / tapestry [wall hangings], of textile" (Basic No. 240103).		FR: quelles différences existent-elles avec les « papiers peints / papiers de tenture / wallpaper » (270007) ?	USPTO <u>maintains</u> this proposal. A wall covering is "material such as wallpaper or textured fabric used as a decorative covering for interior walls." <u>Oxford</u> Wallpaper is "decorative paper for the walls of a room." <u>Merriam</u>	
A	US-28-67	27		FR	ajouter		revêtements muraux en matières textiles		<p><i>Textile wallcoverings in Class 27:</i></p> 			 <p>Textile wall covering</p>  <p>Wallpaper</p>	
A	WO-28-88	28	280205	EN	Change	swimming kick boards	swimming kickboards		"kickboards" in one word (MW)		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-88	28	280205	FR	--	planches de natation pour battements de pieds							
A	KR-28-22	28		EN	Add		boomerangs				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	KR-28-22	28		FR	ajouter		boomerangs		Please see http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/boomerang				



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W	IL-28-16	28		EN	Add		prize selection machines		An apparatus for amusement in which the user tries to capture different prizes by using skill and technique. 		USPTO agrees in principle that "Prize selection machines" are in Class 28 so long as the machines are for amusement purposes. Without such clarification, the goods may encompass "vending machines / distribution machines, automatic" (Basic No. 070537) and in the including Explanatory Note "automatic vending machines," in addition to Class 28 "amusement machines, automatic and coin-operated" (Basic No. 280189). Are the goods amusement machines that offer a prize when the user is successful in manipulating a claw to pick up a prize? If so, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "prize selection arcade machines" to clarify classification in Class 28. Wikipedia and gaming IB: See 280189 "amusement machines, automatic and coin-operated" in Cl.28.	We thank the members for their comments, we would still like to see this in the Nice list as it is very frequently requested and misclassified in class 9.	
W	IL-28-16	28		FR	ajouter		machines de sélection de gains				FR: pour la traduction FR "grues foraines (appareils de jeux)"		
A	US-28-68	28		EN	Add		trading cards for games		USPTO proposes this term as a corollary to the existing term in the Nice Alphabetical List, "trading cards, other than for games" (Basic No. 160354).				
A	US-28-68	28		FR	ajouter		cartes à échanger pour jeux						
A	MX-28-22	28		EN	Add		waist trimmer exercise belts				USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "waist trimmer exercise belts" in Class 28, which is a common commercial term for these goods in the marketplace. See, for example: https://goo.gl/ZLSGEu JPO: These goods are classified in Class 25 by analogy with "sweat-absorbent socks" (Basic No. 250176) and "sweat-absorbent stockings" (Basic No. 250007). IB: "Abdominal sweat bands" or "Waist trimmer belts"? We prefer Cl.25 as we see these items as "clothing", rather than "sports articles".	We thank the members for their comments and accept the suggestion of the USPTO, to modify the proposal as the good is known in the commerce: "waist trimmer exercise belts". (instead of: belts for sweating [sports articles]) We also maintain the class 28 as proposed, considering that this kind of belts are made and are used only for and during training or exercise. This good is not used like clothing as it is not worn all day long. CE: The CE accepted this entry on the understanding that it is only worn during sports exercise and not as an item of clothing.	
A	MX-28-22	28		FR	ajouter		ceintures d'exercice pour affiner la taille						




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W	SG-28-9	28		EN	Add		equipment for use in lion dance performances		<p>The goods intended are the lion head figure used in lion dance.</p>  <p>See/voir SG-28-10</p>	dance	<p>CH: Without addition of “theatrical masks” the entry is not clear.</p> <p>FR: Nous réservons notre position dans l’attente de la traduction. Le terme “props” peut se traduire par accessoires, ce qui est trop vague pour la pratique de l’INPI. S’agit-il d’une sorte de Costumes de mascarade/ Mascarade costumes ? pour la danse.</p> <p>USPTO would identify the goods shown in the picture as “costumes for the traditional lion dance” and classify the goods in Class 25 by analogy to masquerade costumes (Basic No. 250153) because these are worn over the bodies of the dancers as a costume, rather than hand-held in the nature of a ‘prop.’ See: Wikipedia Wikipedia</p>	<p>equipment for use in lion dance performances (instead of props for lion dance)</p> <p>The goods in question are not just masks or costumes. The lion head is hand-held by the performer, who has to manipulate it to mimic the head and facial movements of the lion.</p> <p>CE: The proposing office requested guidance from the CE regarding this and the following proposal. The CE was of the opinion that both should be classified in Cl.28 by analogy with “puppets” (Basic No. 280087). However, there was no strong support for the addition of these proposals and they were withdrawn.</p>	
W	SG-28-9	28		FR	ajouter		matériel à utiliser pour les spectacles de la danse du lion			dance			
W	SG-28-10	28		EN	Add		equipment for use in dragon dance performances		<p>The goods intended are the dragon figure and the supporting poles used in dragon dance.</p> 	dance	<p>CH: they should be classified in analogy of the figurines according to the material.</p> <p>FR: Idem proposition précédente.</p> <p>USPTO: The term “props for dragon dance” is not a common commercial term in the United States. The entry “Props for the dragon dance” would be clearer. Would the word “puppets” (Basic No. 280087) be more appropriate for these goods?</p>	<p>equipment for use in dragon dance performances (instead of props for dragon dance)</p>	
W	SG-28-10	28		FR	ajouter		matériel à utiliser pour les spectacles de la danse du dragon			dance			
A	US-28-69	28	280093	EN	Change	flippers for swimming	flippers for swimming and diving		<p>This proposal seeks to clarify that “flippers for swimming” are the same goods that are used for diving, and that flippers for diving are not in the nature of Class 9 diving equipment. “Flippers for diving” currently appears in the MGS Manager in Class 28:</p> <p>28 diving flippers</p> <p>28 flippers for diving</p> <p>The goods “swimming webs [flippers]” (Basic No. 280093) in the existing entry are in the nature of webbed gloves for swimming, and are not most commonly referred to as “flippers.” These goods are being re-proposed in a new, related entry.</p>	swim	<p>FR: la position FR qui est claire doit rester inchangée</p>	<p>USPTO <u>maintains</u> the proposal as worded and as classified.</p>	
A	US-28-69	28	280093	EN	Delete	swimming webs [flippers]			See LP US-28-70	swim			





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A	US-28-69	28	280093	FR	--changer	palmes pour nageurs	palmes de natation et de plongée			swim			
A	CE-28-2	28		EN	_ Add		flippers for diving			swim			
A	CE-28-2	28		FR	_ ajouter		palmes de plongée			swim			
A	US-28-70	28		EN	Add	swimming webs			Swimming webs [flippers], which currently appear in the Alphabetical List entry "flippers for swimming/swimming webs [flippers]" (Basic No. 280093), are in the nature of webbed gloves for swimming, and are not most commonly referred to as "flippers" in the relevant industry. Accordingly, these goods are being proposed in this new entry. <i>Swimming webs / webbed gloves for swimming in Class 28:</i>	swim	FR: OK et pour la traduction FR "gants de natation"		
A	US-28-70	28		EN	Add	webbed gloves for swimming				swim			
A	US-28-70	28		FR	ajouter		palmes de mains		See LP US-28-69 See/voir FR-28-24, 25	swim			
A	US-28-70	28		FR	ajouter		gants palmés pour la natation			swim			
A	FR-28-24	28	280238	EN	--	swimming pool air floats			See/voir FR-28-25	swim	USPTO: This proposal involves only a French translation issue so the USPTO has no comment. USPTO agrees with the English entry of « Swimming pool air floats. »		
A	FR-28-24	28	280238	FR	changer	objets gonflables pour piscines	objets gonflables pour flotter en piscine		En français, l'entrée originale correspond à des produits divers, ce qui ne semble pas le cas de la version anglaise. Voir proposition FR 25	swim			
A	FR-28-25	28		EN	Add	inflatable games for swimming pools				swim	USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Inflatable games for swimming pools » for clarity purposes. « Inflatable pool games » could be interpreted as inflatable games for the cue-sport game of pool, e.g., billiards, for example.	(instead of: inflatable pool games)	
A	FR-28-25	28		FR	ajouter		jeux gonflables pour piscine			swim	IB: "inflatable games for swimming pools"		
A	WO-28-86	28	280061	EN	--	golf bags, with or without wheels			See/voir WO-28-87	golf			
A	WO-28-86	28	280061	FR	changer	sacs pour crosses de golf, avec ou sans roulettes	sacs de golf, avec ou sans roulettes		Harmonisation avec la Note explicative de la cl.22 "Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment...les sacs de golf".	golf	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		


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A	WO-28-87	18	Explanatory Note	EN	--	This Class does not include, in particular: - bags and cases adapted to the product they are intended to contain, for example, bags adapted for laptops (Cl. 9), bags and cases for cameras and photographic equipment (Cl. 9), cases for musical instruments (Cl. 15), golf bags with or without wheels , bags especially designed for skis and surfboards (Cl. 28);				golf			
A	WO-28-87	18	Note explicative	FR	changer	Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment : - les sacs et étuis adaptés aux produits auxquels ils sont destinés, par exemple : les sacoches conçues pour ordinateurs portables (cl. 9), les sacs et étuis pour appareils photographiques et équipements photographiques (cl. 9), les étuis pour instruments de musique (cl. 15), les sacs pour crosses de golf avec ou sans roulettes , les housses spécialement conçues pour skis et planches de surf (cl. 28);	Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment : - les sacs et étuis adaptés aux produits auxquels ils sont destinés, par exemple : les sacoches conçues pour ordinateurs portables (cl. 9), les sacs et étuis pour appareils photographiques et équipements photographiques (cl. 9), les étuis pour instruments de musique (cl. 15), les sacs de golf, avec ou sans roulettes , les housses spécialement conçues pour skis et planches de surf (cl. 28);		To align with proposed change to 280061 above.	golf	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	NO-28-2	28		EN	Add		roller skis		See/voir NO-28-3, 4	ski	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	NO-28-2	28		FR	ajouter		skis à roulettes			ski			
A	NO-28-3	28		EN	_ Add		ski sticks			ski			
A	NO-28-3	28		EN	Add		ski poles			ski	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: In British English these are known as "Ski sticks". In French "bâtons de skis".	See MGS-term 9804630 «ski poles».	
A	NO-28-3	28		FR	ajouter		bâtons de ski			ski			
A	NO-28-4	28		EN	_ Add		ski sticks for roller skis			ski			
A	NO-28-4	28		EN	Add		ski poles for roller skis			ski	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "Ski poles / sticks for roller skiing" – but in any case, are they different to the "Ski poles" proposed above?	The tip of the roller ski poles are made of harder metal especially adapted for use on asphalt.	
A	NO-28-4	28		FR	ajouter		bâtons de ski pour skis à roulettes			ski			


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<u>W</u>	KR-28-24	28	280010	EN	Change	swings	swings for playgrounds		 <p>3*1.6*2m Swings can be classified differently depending on their purposes. See/voir KR-28-24a</p>	swing	<p>CH: yes, but two different entries</p> <p>USPTO agrees in principle that swings for playgrounds and yoga swings are in Class 28. Should the goods be under two different basic numbers since they are distinct products? USPTO suggests adding yoga swings under a different basic number.</p> <p>IB: Is the change necessary as both of these goods are still "swings" in Cl.28?</p>	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 28 (Change) the existing entry "swings" → "swings for playgrounds" Class 28 (Add) yoga swings (under a different basic number)	
<u>W</u>	KR-28-24	28	280010	FR	changer	balançoires	balançoires pour terrains de jeu			swing			
<u>A</u>	KR-28-24a	28		EN	Add		yoga swings			swing			
<u>A</u>	KR-28-24a	28		FR	ajouter		balançoires de yoga			swing			
<u>A</u>	KR-28-23	28		EN	Add		play tents		 <p>This proposal intends to distinguish from "tents" in Class 22 depending on their purposes. (Basic No. 220071) See/voir KR-28-23a</p>	tents	<p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. Should Basic No. 220071 be modified to add an asterisk? Should the list of excluded items in the Class 22 Explanatory Note be modified to insert "play tents (Cl. 28)"?</p>	The KIPO makes an <u>additional proposal</u> as followings: Class 22 (Change) the existing entry 220071 "tents" → "tents*"	
<u>A</u>	KR-28-23	28		FR	ajouter		tentes de jeu			tents			
<u>A</u>	KR-28-23a	22	220071	EN	Change	tents	tents*			tents			
<u>A</u>	KR-28-23a	22	220071	FR	changer	tentes	tentes*			tents			
<u>A</u>	FR-28-26a	28		EN	Add		video game consoles		See/voir FR-28-26b	video	<p>CH : entrée inutile, car « appareils de jeux vidéo » comme intitulé général de la classe 28 depuis le 01.01.2017.</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Video game consoles » in Class 28.</p> <p>IB: "video game consoles"</p>	(instead of: video games consols)	
<u>A</u>	FR-28-26a	28		FR	ajouter		consoles de jeux vidéo			video			
<u>A</u>	FR-28-26b	28		EN	Add		hand-held consoles units for playing video games			video	<p>CH: entrée inutile, car classement par analogie aux « appareils de jeux vidéo »</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to add a hyphen between the words "Hand held" as follows – Hand-held units for playing video games.</p> <p>IB: "hand-held video game consoles" for consistency with the French wording.</p>	(instead of: hand held units for playing video games)	
<u>A</u>	FR-28-26b	28		FR	ajouter		consoles de jeux vidéo portatives			video			



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	SG-28-11	29		EN	Add		tempeh		To clarify the classification of tempeh, which is found in Class 29 of MGS.		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "Tempeh" = an Asian food prepared by fermenting soybeans with a rhizopus (MW)	CE: The CE preferred to postpone all discussions relating to Classes 29 through 33 (pages 111 to 136 of this annex) until detailed guidelines are prepared with respect to food and beverages that are typical of certain countries or regions (see body of the report, paragraph 15).	
	SG-28-11	29		FR	ajouter		tempeh						
	SG-28-12	29		EN	Add		satay [grilled meat on skewers]		A dish consisting of small pieces of meat grilled on a skewer and served with a spiced sauce that typically contains peanuts (OED)		USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "satay [grilled meat on skewers]" in order to distinguish these goods from cooking skewers of metal in Class 21 (Basic No. 210049). "Grilled meat skewers" implies the goods are only skewers, intended for use with grilled meat.	satay [grilled meat on skewers] (instead of satay [grilled meat skewers])	
	SG-28-12	29		FR	ajouter		saté [brochettes de viande grillée]						
	FR-28-27	29		EN	Add		vegetables, processed				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "vegetables, processed" (format consistent with existing NCL entries).	(instead of: processed legumes)	
	FR-28-27	29		FR	ajouter		légumes transformés						
	FR-28-28	29		EN	Add		fruit, processed				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: "fruit, processed" ("fruit" in singular – this format is consistent with existing NCL entries, e.g., 290017, 290043).	(instead of: processed fruits)	
	FR-28-28	29		FR	ajouter		fruits transformés						
	FR-28-30	29		EN	Add		petits farcis [stuffed vegetables]				USPTO agrees in principle that these goods are classified in Class 29. IB: Nous suggérons " <i>petits légumes farcis</i> / petits farcis [stuffed vegetables]" in Cl.29.		
	FR-28-30	29		FR	ajouter		petits farcis						
	FR-28-31	29		EN	Add		ratatouille				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-31	29		FR	ajouter		ratatouille						



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	FR-28-32	29		EN	Add		piperade [cooked vegetable dish]				USPTO suggests modifying the English for the proposal to "Piperade [cooked vegetable dish]" for two reasons. First "piperade" does not appear to be the common commercial term in English. Second, this modification would be consistent with the following Basic Nos., in which the original language term is followed by an English description in brackets: 290165 - ajvar [preserved peppers] 290199 - guacamole [mashed avocado] 290181 - smetana [sour cream] 290230 - yuba [tofu skin] 300250 - bibimbap [rice mixed with vegetables and beef] 300233 - jiaozi [stuffed dumplings] IB: "piperade": a dish originating in the Basque region of France, consisting of eggs scrambled with tomatoes and sweet peppers (OED). Eventually, "piperade [prepared egg and tomato dish]" in Cl.29.	(instead of: piperade)	
	FR-28-32	29		FR	ajouter		piperade		La piperade est un accompagnement culinaire à base de légumes d'origine basque et gascon qui est servi généralement avec des viandes et du poisson.				
	FR-28-33	29		EN	Add		duck confits				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Duck confit » Duck confit (French: confit de canard French pronunciation: [kõ.fi d(ə) ka.naʁ]) is a French dish made with the whole duck. Wikipedia IB: OK – the plural "confits" is correct (see MW)		
	FR-28-33	29		FR	ajouter		confits de canard		Spécialité culinaire du sud-ouest de la France, région réputée pour l'élevage de canard pour son foie, pour la préparation de confits etc. Il est vendu sous différentes formes et notamment en boîtes de conserves.				
	FR-28-34	29		EN	Add		andouillettes				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. Andouillette - a fresh pork sausage made with tripe or chitterlings - Merriam IB: a fresh pork sausage made with tripe or chitterlings (MW)		
	FR-28-34	29		FR	ajouter		andouillettes		L'andouillette est une charcuterie cuite faite d'intestins de porc souvent additionnée d'estomac de porc et de fraise de veau.				



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	FR-28-35	29	290013	EN	Change	black pudding	boudins noirs [blood sausages]				CH : « Boudins noirs » ou « boudin noir » ? En anglais, « blanc » devrait être remplacé par « noir ». USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Boudins noir [blood sausage] » instead of « Boudin blanc [blood sausages] » Boudin noir – blood sausage - AH IB: This proposal conflicts with the existing NCL entry 290013 “ <i>boudin [charcuterie] // black pudding / blood sausage</i> ”. We suggest changing the FR in 290013 from “boudin [charcuterie]” to “boudins noir”.	(instead of: Add “boudins blanc [blood sausages] / boudins noir”)	
	FR-28-35	29	290013	EN	Delete	blood sausage							
	FR-28-35	29	290013	FR	changer	boudin [charcuterie]	boudins noirs		Le boudin noir, variété de boudin, est l'une des plus anciennes charcuteries connues. Il est fabriqué à partir de sang de porc, de graisse de porc et de condiments.				
	FR-28-36	29		EN	Add		boudins blancs [white sausages]				CH : « boudins blancs » ou « boudin blanc » ? USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Boudins blanc [white sausage] » instead of « Boudin blanc [white sausages] » Boudin blanc – white sausage – Dictionary	(instead of : boudins blanc [white sausages] / boudins blanc)	
	FR-28-36	29		FR	ajouter		boudins blancs		Le boudin blanc est une préparation charcutière hachée de viande blanche, cuite, enserrée dans un boyau.				
	FR-28-37	29		EN	Add		fricadelles [sausages]				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Fricadelles [sausage] . ». The modern frikandel is a long, firm, skinless, dark-coloured meat sausage which is usually eaten warm. Wikipedia		
	FR-28-37	29		FR	ajouter		fricadelles		La fricadelle est une préparation à base de viande cuisinée et généralement panée. C'est une spécialité du Nord de la France.				
	FR-28-38	29		EN	Add		aligot [potato and cheese puree]				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Aligot [Cooked dish comprised primarily of potatoes and cheese puree] ». Aligot or Aligote is a dish made from cheese blended into mashed potatoes (often with some garlic) that is made in L'Aubrac (Aveyron, Cantal, Lozère, Occitanie) region in southern Massif Central of France. This fondue-like dish from the Aveyron department is a common sight in Auvergne restaurants. Wikipedia IB: “Aligot [potato and cheese purée]”	(instead of: aligot [potatos and cheese puree])	



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	FR-28-38	29		FR	ajouter		aligot		L'aligot est une spécialité culinaire rurale traditionnelle de la région de l'Aubrac, à base de purée de pommes de terre, de tome fraîche ou « tome d'aligot », de crème, de beurre et d'ail.				
	FR-28-40	29		EN	Add		cassoulet				<p>ILPO: too broad, main ingredient may vary. Beans and meat are in class 29, what is the justification for class 30?</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are vegetable- and meat-based, by analogy to Basic No. 290123 beans, preserved, and Basic No. 290046 meat.</p> <p>Cassoulet - a casserole of white beans baked with herbs and meat (such as pork, lamb, and goose or duck) - Merriam</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "beans, preserved" (Basic No.290123). and "bulgogi [Korean beef dish] " (Basic No.290194).</p> <p>IB: a casserole of beans baked with herbs and pork sausage and sometimes other meats (MW). Thus Cl.29.</p>	(instead of Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-40	29		FR	ajouter		cassoulet		Le cassoulet est une spécialité régionale du Languedoc, à base de haricots secs, généralement blancs, et de viande.				




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	FR-28-41	29		EN	Add		choucroute garnie [prepared sauerkraut and charcuterie dish]				<p>ILPO: isn't the main ingredient meat products? Why not 29?</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are vegetable- and meat-based, by analogy to Basic Nos. 290020 sauerkraut, 290029 vegetables, preserved, 290097 sausages, 290046 meat.</p> <p>Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Choucroute garnie [sauerkraut with meat] » for two reasons. First, « garnished sauerkraut » does not appear to be a common commercial term in the U.S. marketplace. Second, this modification would be consistent with the following Basic Nos., in which the original language term is followed by an English description in brackets: 290165 ajvar [preserved peppers] 290199 guacamole [mashed avocado] 290181 smetana [sour cream] 290230 yuba [tofu skin] 300250 bibimbap [rice mixed with vegetables and beef] 300233 jiaozi [stuffed dumplings]</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "sauerkraut" (Basic No.290020) and "bulgogi [Korean beef dish]" (Basic No.290194).</p> <p>IB: Nous suggérons "choucroute garnie [prepared sauerkraut and charcuterie dish]" en cl.29. Voir 290020 "choucroute / sauerkraut" et 290018 "charcuterie / charcuterie" en cl.29 Choucroute garnie: sauerkraut cooked and served with meat (MW)</p>	(instead of: garnished sauerkraut in Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-41	29		FR	ajouter		choucroute garnie		Plat traditionnel alsacien préparé à partir de choucroute, de pommes de terre et de viande, voire de poisson et fruits de mer.				


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	FR-28-42	29		EN	Add		petit salé aux lentilles [prepared meat and lentil dish]				<p>ILPO: meat and lentils are class 29</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are lentil- and meat-based, by analogy to Basic No. 290077 lentils, preserved, and Basic No. 290046 meat. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Petit salé aux lentilles [lentil and meat dish] ». See USPTO comments for FR 41.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "lentils, preserved" (Basic No.290077) and "bulgogi [Korean beef dish] " (Basic No.290194).</p> <p>IB: Nous suggérons "petit salé aux lentilles [prepared meat and lentil dish]" en cl.29. Voir 290046 "viande / meat" et 290077 "lentilles [légumes] conservées / lentils, preserved" en cl.29.</p>	(instead of: petit salé aux lentilles [prepared meat and lentils dishes] in Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-42	29		FR	ajouter		petit salé aux lentilles		Plat traditionnel de la gastronomie française à base de viande de porc et de lentilles.				
	FR-28-43	29		EN	Add		couscous [prepared dish]				<p>ILPO: covered by 300163 couscous [semolina]</p> <p>USPTO is concerned about creating confusion in light of existing Basic No. 300163 couscous [semolina]. USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Couscous [couscous-based dish with meat or vegetables]» in order to clarify the nature of the product and distinguish it from the existing Basic No. 300163. See USPTO comments for FR 41.</p> <p>IB: Requires further clarification due to NCL11-2018 entry 300163 "couscous [semolina] / <i>couscous [semoule]</i>". We therefore suggest "couscous [prepared dish] / <i>couscous [plat préparé]</i>".</p>	(instead of: couscous / couscous in Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-43	29		FR	ajouter		couscous [plat préparé]		Plat traditionnel de la cuisine nord africaine très répandu et apprécié en France préparé à base de semoule, de légumes. Il peut être végétarien ou préparé avec de la viande ou du poisson.				

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	FR-28-44	29		EN	Add		bouillabaisse [fish and seafood soup]				<p>ILPO: why not 29? 290026 soups</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 by analogy to Basic No. 290026 soups. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Bouillabaisse ». This term is a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace and is found in English language dictionaries. Merriam</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "soups" (Basic No.290026).</p> <p>IB: a fish stew made of at least two and usually five or six kinds of fish, seasoned with onions and herbs, and flavored and colored with saffron (MW). Nous suggérons "bouillabaisse / bouillabaisse" en cl.29. Voir 290026 "potages / consommés // soups" et 290047 "poissons non vivants / fish, not live" en cl.29.</p>	(instead of Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-44	29		FR	ajouter		bouillabaisse		Soupe provençale composée de poissons divers et de crustacés cuits à l'eau salée avec persil, ail, safran, laurier, huile et tomates.				
	FR-28-45	29		EN	Add		tartiflette [prepared cheese and potato dish]				<p>ILPO: class 29</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are potato-based, by analogy to Basic Nos. 290148 potato fritters, 290154 potato flakes, 290213 potato-based dumplings, 290030 vegetables, cooked. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Tartiflette [potato-based gratin] » to make clear the nature of the goods. Tartiflette is not a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace. See USPTO comments for FR 41.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "potato-based dumplings" (Basic No.290213).</p> <p>IB: Nous suggérons "tartiflette [prepared cheese and potato dish]" en cl.29. Voir 290034 "fromages / cheese" et 290030 "légumes cuits / vegetables, cooked" en cl.29.</p>	(instead of: tartiflette in Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-45	29		FR	ajouter		tartiflette		La tartiflette est un gratin de pommes de terre, de lardons, d'oignons sur lequel on fait fondre du reblochon, un fromage originaire des Pays de Savoie.				

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	FR-28-46	29		EN	Add		baeckeoffe [prepared meat and potato dish]				<p>ILPO: Class 29 vegetable and meat based</p> <p>KR: We think that these goods should be clarified.</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are potato- and meat-based, by analogy to Basic Nos. 290148 potato fritters, 290154 potato flakes, 290213 potato-based dumplings, 290030 vegetables, cooked, and 290046 meat. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to « Baeckeoffe [potato and meat casserole] » to make clear the nature of the goods. Baeckeoffe is not a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace. See USPTO comments for FR 41.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "potato-based dumpling" (Basic No.290213) and "bulgogi [Korean beef dish]" (Basic No.290194).</p> <p>IB: Nous suggérons "baeckeoffe [prepared meat and potato dish]" en cl.29. Voir 290046 "viande / meat" et 290030 "légumes cuits / vegetables, cooked" en cl.29.</p>	(instead of: baeckeoffe in Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-46	29		FR	ajouter		baeckeoffe		Le baeckeoffe est un plat traditionnel de la cuisine alsacienne, à base de pommes de terre, de légumes, et d'assortiment de viandes d'agneau, de bœuf et de porc, mariné, puis mijoté à l'étouffée sur plus de 24 heures dans une terrine, avec des épices, et du vin blanc du vignoble d'Alsace.				
	FR-28-47	29		EN	Add		blanquette de veau [prepared veal dish]				<p>ILPO: class 29</p> <p>USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are meat- and vegetable-based, by analogy to Basic Nos. 290030 vegetables, cooked, and 290046 meat. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Blanquette de veau [veal and vegetable dish] » to make clear the nature of the goods.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "bulgogi [Korean beef dish]" (Basic No.290194).</p> <p>IB: "blanquette": a dish of light meat (esp. veal) in a white sauce (OED). We suggest "blanquette de veau [prepared veal dish]" in Cl.29.</p>	(instead of: blanquette de veau [veal blanquette] in Cl. 30)	




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	FR-28-47	29		FR	ajouter		blanquette de veau		La blanquette de veau est un plat complet traditionnel français à base de viande de veau bouillie, de carottes et de sauce au beurre.				
	FR-28-49	29		EN	Add		daube [prepared meat dish]				ILPO: class 29 USPTO believes these goods should be classified in Class 29 because they are meat-based and contain vegetables, by analogy to Basic Nos. 290030 vegetables, cooked, and 290046 meat. Additionally, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Daube [meat-based stew with vegetables]» to make clear the nature of the goods. Daube is not a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace. See USPTO comments for FR 41. JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 29 by analogy to "bulgogi [Korean beef dish] " (Basic No.290194). IB: We suggest "daube [prepared meat dish]" in Cl.29 .	(instead of: daube [prepared dishe] in Cl. 30)	
	FR-28-49	29		FR	ajouter		daube [plat préparé]		La daube provençale est une spécialité régionale de la cuisine provençale, à base de viande de bœuf, ou de mouton, d'agneau, de sanglier, de taureau, marinée dans du vin rouge ou du vin blanc du vignoble de Provence.				
	AU-28-12	29		EN	Add		hash browns		These are delicious potato based products which deserve recognition in the Nice list		CH: as should the "Rösti" © Wikipedia FR: OK. Galette de pommes de terre frit comme il en existe dans beaucoup de pays USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "Hash brown potatoes" in order to clarify the nature of the goods and justify the classification of the goods which, per the Class 29 Class Heading is inclusive of "preserved, frozen, dried and cooked fruits and vegetables."		
	AU-28-12	29		FR	ajouter		galettes de pommes de terre râpées						
	KR-28-26	29		EN	Add		omelettes		 Please see https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/omelet		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: Also note the British English spelling "omelettes".	The KIPO also add an item "omelettes" <u>under the same basic number</u> .	
	KR-28-26	29		EN	Add		omelets						
	KR-28-26	29		FR	ajouter		omelettes						




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	UA-28-6	29		EN	Add		cabbage rolls stuffed with meat		<p>These products consist with cabbage leaves and meat stuff with rice that's why these are classified in class 29</p> 		<p>USPTO: In the image provided, it appears that the primary component of the goods is rice. As this controls classification, these goods would be classified in Class 30. Cabbage rolls can be stuffed with and primarily be comprised of Class 30 ingredients, such as quinoa, couscous, or rice. See images below.</p>  <p>Thus, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "cabbage rolls stuffed with meat" to make clear that the primary ingredients are appropriate to Class 29.</p>	<p>Thank you for comments US. The Ukrpatent modifies original proposal as following "cabbage rolls stuffed with meat" (instead of: stuffed cabbage rolls)</p>	
	UA-28-6	29		FR	ajouter		rouleaux de choux farcis à la viande						
	MX-28-23	29		EN	Add		vegetable or fruit-based concentrate for cooking				<p>FR: Libellé imprécis. Les concentrés végétaux pour la cuisine peuvent être utilisés comme assaisonnements. Dans ce cas, ils relèvent de la classe 30.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite as proposed because it is unclear whether this wording refers to "concentrates of fruit mixed with vegetables for cooking" or to the separate goods "fruit concentrates for cooking" and "vegetable concentrates for cooking."</p> <p>IB: Please clarify. Note that "fruit juice concentrates" would be in Cl.32. See also 290023 "broth concentrates / bouillon concentrates".</p>	<p>In response to the comments of the FR, USPTO and IB offices, we would like to precise that as the IB suggest, they are concentrates to prepare beverages in class 32, but the good we referred to consist on a concentrate not for beverages, but for cooking meals, and neither it is a seasoning product, as long as it is not only for give a good flavor, is a concentrate used for prepared a dish and the main ingredient are vegetables or fruits, that's the reason why we classified it in class 29, by analogy with "tomato paste" (Basic No.290184) and "tomato purée" (Basic No. 290101). In order to clarify the good proposed, we rephrase as: "Vegetable or fruit-based concentrate for cooking", (instead of: concentrate of fruit and vegetables for cooking) and maintain the class 29.</p>	
	MX-28-23	29		FR	ajouter		concentrés à base de fruits ou légumes à usage culinaire						
	MX-28-24	29		EN	Add		vegetable-based spreads				<p>USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "vegetable-based spreads" in Class 29, consistent with the entry "nut-based spreads" in Class 29 (Basic No. 290212) of the Alphabetical List and with the following entry in the MGS Manager:</p> <p>29 vegetable-based spreads</p> <p>IB. We suggest "vegetable-based spreads".</p>	<p>We thank the USPTO and IB offices for their comments. We accept to modify to "vegetable-based spreads", in class 29. (instead of: spread paste based on vegetables)</p>	





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	MX-28-24	29		FR	ajouter		pâtes à tartiner à base de légumes						
	KR-28-25	29		EN	Add		agar-agar for culinary purposes		 <p>This proposal intends to distinguish from "agar-agar" in Class 01 depending on their purposes. (Basic No. 010029) See/voir KR-28-25a</p>	agar	<p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. Should Basic No. 010029 be modified to clarify that the Class 1 goods are "for industrial purposes"? By analogy, see "gelatin for industrial purposes" (Basic No. 010330) in Class 1.</p> <p>JPO thinks these goods are too vague.</p> <p>IB: Is "gelatine" necessary? We suggest simply "agar-agar for culinary purposes", which follows the same style as similar entries for "gelatine" – see 010330 and 050157.</p> <p>If this proposal is accepted, an asterisk should be added to 010029 "agar-agar".</p>	The KIPO modifies the original proposal and makes an additional proposal as followings: Class 12 (Add) "agar-agar for culinary purposes" Class 01 (Change) the existing entry 010029 "agar-agar" → "agar-agar for industrial purposes" (instead of: agar-agar gelatine for culinary purposes)	
	KR-28-25	29		FR	ajouter		agar-agar à usage culinaire			agar			
	KR-28-25a	1	010029	EN	Change	agar-agar	agar-agar for industrial purposes			agar			
	KR-28-25a	1	010029	FR	changer	agar-agar	agar-agar à usage industriel			agar			
	RU-28-29	29		EN	Add		fruit or berry starch-based beverages OR kissel [fruit or berry starch-based beverage]		<p>Relevance of product on the market To justify classification approach</p> <p>See/voir RU-28-30, 31</p>	kissel	<p>CH- too vague</p> <p>ILPO: class 32</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is unclear as these goods could include, for example, "fruit juices / fruit juice" (Basic No. 320010) "rice-based beverages, other than milk substitutes" (Basic No. 320055). Further specification is needed to determine classification.</p> <p>FR: Superflu. De plus, les boissons à base de fruits sont classées en 32.</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 32 by analogy to "fruit juice" (Basic No.320010) and "non-alcoholic fruit juice beverages" (Basic No.320006).</p> <p>IB: This proposal is not clear.</p>	Add OR kissel [fruit or berry starch-based beverage] We mean a product "kissel" for more information the reference on https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kissel	
	RU-28-29	29		FR	ajouter		boissons amyliées de fruits ou de baies OU kissel [boisson amyliée de fruits ou de baies]			kissel			




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	RU-28-30	30		EN	Add		kissel [cereal starch-based beverage]		Relevance of product on the market To justify classification approach	kissel	<p>CH- too vague</p> <p>ILPO: class 32</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is unclear as these goods could include, for example, "kvass [non-alcoholic beverage]" (Basic No. 320010) "rice-based beverages, other than milk substitutes" (Basic No. 320055). Further specification is needed to determine classification.</p> <p>FR: Superflu</p> <p>JPO: These goods appear appropriate to be classified as class 32 by analogy to "soya-based beverages, other than milk substitutes" (Basic No.320053) and "rice-based beverages, other than milk substitutes" (Basic No.320055)..</p> <p>IB: This proposal is not clear.</p>	<p>kissel [cereal starch-based beverage] (instead of cereal starch-based beverages)</p> <p>We based our classification on the main ingredient of the beverage. Fruit or berry kissel and cereal kissel both made from starch however the other ingredients are different. for more information the reference on https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kissel</p>	
	RU-28-30	30		FR	ajouter		kissel [boisson amylacée de céréales]			kissel			
	RU-28-31	30 or 32		EN	Add		dry mixes used for preparation of starch-based beverages		Relevance of product on the market To justify classification approach	kissel	<p>CH- too vague</p> <p>ILPO: not clear, are these powders used to make beverages? If so class 32</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is unclear and further specification is needed to determine classification. Should these goods be classified in Class 32 by analogy with "preparations for making beverages" (Basic No. 320008)?</p> <p>FR: Superflu</p> <p>JPO believes the proposed goods is unclear.</p> <p>IB: This proposal is not clear. See also 320008 "preparations for making beverages" in Cl.32.</p>	<p>or Class 32</p> <p>This product helps to prepare kissel. It is not a finished product. You need to add water to mixes and boiled it together. The main ingredients of such mixes is starch with various flavorings. We classify this product in class 30.</p>	
	RU-28-31	30 ou 32		FR	ajouter		mélanges secs pour la préparation de boissons amylacées			kissel			
	FR-28-29a	29		EN	Add		mollusks, not live		See/voir FR-28-29b	mollusc	<p>USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to "Mollusks, not live" in Class 29. Mollusk – variant – Mollusc -any of a large phylum (Mollusca) of invertebrate animals (such as snails, clams, or squids) with a soft unsegmented body usually enclosed in a calcareous shell; <i>broadly shellfish mollusk</i></p> <p>IB: "molluscs, not live". We note that "mollusc" is the preferred spelling in OED and "mollusk" in Merriam-Webster.</p>	<p>(instead of: non-living molluscs)</p>	
	FR-28-29a	29		FR	ajouter		mollusques non vivants			mollusc			

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	FR-28-29b	31		EN	Add		mollusks, live			mollusc	USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to "Mollusks, live" in Class 31. Mollusk – variant – Mollusc –any of a large phylum (Mollusca) of invertebrate animals (such as snails, clams, or squids) with a soft unsegmented body usually enclosed in a calcareous shell; <i>broadly shellfish mollusk</i> IB: "molluscs, live". We note that "mollusc" is the preferred spelling in OED and "mollusk" in Merriam-Webster.	(instead of: live molluscs)	
	FR-28-29b	31		FR	ajouter		mollusques vivants			mollusc			
	WO-28-90	30	-	EN	Add		gluten-free bread		Might be useful to add this entry to clarify that "gluten-free" does not qualify for Cl. 5?		FR : Ne nous semble pas nécessaire, il s'agit toujours du même produit avec ou sans gluten. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-90	30	-	EN	ajouter		pain sans gluten						
	SG-28-15	30		EN	Add		tamarind [condiment]		Sticky brown acidic pulp from the pod of a tree of the pea family, widely used as a flavouring in Asian cooking (OED)		USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 30, due to the wide variety of uses of tamarind for culinary purposes. Wikipedia Merriam USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "tamarind being spice."		
	SG-28-15	30		FR	ajouter		tamarin [condiment]						
	SG-28-16	30		EN	Add		pandan flavourings for culinary purposes		Pandan is a plant commonly used as a flavouring in cooking.		USPTO agrees in principle that pandan flavorings for culinary purposes is in Class 30.		
	SG-28-16	30		EN	Add		pandan flavorings for culinary purposes						
	SG-28-16	30		FR	ajouter		aromatisants au pandan à usage culinaire						
	SG-28-17	30		EN	Add		laksa [rice noodle-based dish]		A dish consisting of rice noodles served in a curry sauce or hot soup (OED)		USPTO would classify the goods in Class 29 by analogy to "soups," "vegetable soup preparations," and "preparations for making soup" (Basic Nos. 290026, 290066 and 290099). Alternatively, if the goods are primarily rice noodles, USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "laksa noodles" in Class 30 in order to clarify that the entry identifies the noodles sold without the soup. IB: Is this a "noodle-based dish" or a "soup with noodles"? See also 300234 "ramen [Japanese noodle-based dish]" in Cl.30 and 290026 "soups" in Cl.29.	laksa [rice noodle-based dish] (instead of laksa [rice noodles served in curry or spicy soup])	
	SG-28-17	30		FR	ajouter		laksa [plat à base de nouilles de riz]						
	FR-28-39	30	300076	EN	--	ice for refreshment					USPTO: This proposal involves only a French translation issue so the USPTO has no comment.		
	FR-28-39	30	300076	FR	changer	glace à rafraîchir	glaces pour rafraîchir		Uniquement pour la version FR.				




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	FR-28-50	30		EN	Add		socca [chickpea flour pancake]				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: Nous n'avons pas trouvés ces termes en Le Petit Robert ni en Larousse. Donc nous suggérons plus de précision, par exemple : <i>socca</i> [crêpes à base de farine de pois chiche] / <i>cade</i> [crêpes à base de farine de pois chiche] In English, we suggest "socca [chickpea flour-based pancakes] / cade [chickpea flour-based pancakes]".		
	FR-28-50	30		FR	ajouter		socca		Galette de farine de pois chiche cuite sur une plaque ronde dans un four à pizza. Le terme socca est utilisé dans la région de Nice, tandis que le même produit porte le nom de cade dans celle de Toulon.				
	FR-28-50	30		FR	ajouter		cade						
	FR-28-51	30		EN	Add		pissaladière [savory tart]				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Pissaladière [savory tart]» to make clear the nature of the goods. See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: As the anchovy seems to be an important part of this dish, we suggest "pissaladière [anchovy tarts]" or, eventually, "pissaladière [savory tarts]".	(instead of: pissaladière [salted tart])	
	FR-28-51	30		FR	ajouter		pissaladière		La pissaladière est une spécialité culinaire de la région niçoise, que l'on retrouve dans toute la Provence. Elle est préparée à partir de pâte à pain, d'oignons compotés, de pissalat (crème d'anchois), d'anchois et d'olives noires.				
	FR-28-52	30		EN	Add		flammenküeche [savory tart]				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Flammenküeche [savory tart]» to make clear the nature of the goods. See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: In English, we suggest "tartes flambées [savory tarts] / flammekueche [savory tarts]". Note that the French wording should read "tartes flambées / flammekueche" (alt. flammeküche) (voir Le Petit Robert, Larousse).	(instead of: flammenküeche [salted tart] / tarte flambée)	
	FR-28-52	30		FR	ajouter		tartes flambées		La tarte flambée ou flammenküeche en alsacienne/alsacien est un plat traditionnel de la cuisine alsacienne, composé d'une fine abaisse de pâte à pain recouverte de crème fraîche épaisse et/ou de fromage blanc et garnie de lardons, d'oignons crus en rondelles, déclinée en multiples variantes, puis rapidement cuite au four à pain très chaud.				
	FR-28-52	30		FR	ajouter		flammenküeche						




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	FR-28-53	30		EN	Add		far [cakes]				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Far [cake]» to make clear the nature of the goods. It appears «pastry » is not accurate in English because these goods are not made with dough. See Merriam and Merriam . See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: This appears to be a “flan-style” cake, rather than a “pastry”. Thus, we suggest “Far [cakes]”.	(instead of: far [pastry])	
	FR-28-53	30		FR	ajouter		far		Le far est une recette de Bretagne proche du clafoutis dont il existe plusieurs variantes, la plus connue est celle avec des pruneaux, préparée à partir d'œufs, de sucre, de farine et de lait.				
	FR-28-54	30		EN	Add		kouign amann [pastries]				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: “kouign-amann” (avec trait d'union – voir Le Petit Robert, Larousse). For the English, we suggest “kouign-amann [pastries]” (see 300108 “pastries”).	(instead of : kouign amann [pastry])	
	FR-28-54	30		FR	ajouter		kouign amann		Le kouign amann est une spécialité bretonne. Il s'agit d'un gâteau, fabriqué à partir de pâte à pain, recouverte d'un mélange de beurre et de sucre puis repliée à la manière d'un feuilletage. Lors de la cuisson, le mélange de beurre et de sucre fond, imprègne la pâte à pain et suinte à travers le feuilletage pour caraméliser, ce qui confère au kouign-amann une texture fondante à l'intérieur, et croustillante et caramélisée à l'extérieur.				
	FR-28-55	30		EN	Add		kouglof [cakes]				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Kouglof [cake]» to make clear the nature of the goods. It appears «pastry » is not accurate in English because it is not made from dough. See Merriam and Merriam . See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: We suggest “kouglof [cakes]” or, eventually, “kouglof [sweet or savoury cakes]”.	(instead of: kouglof [pastry])	
	FR-28-55	30		FR	ajouter		kouglof		Le kouglof est une spécialité alsacienne, de l'Autriche, de la République tchèque et du sud de l'Allemagne. Il s'agit d'une brioche à pâte levée, dont l'apparence est caractéristique en raison de son moule, qui lui donne une forme haute, cannelée et creusée en son milieu. Le Kouglof peut être sucré, avec des raisins secs imbibés de rhum ou de kirsch et des amandes, ou salé, avec des lardons et des noix.				



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	FR-28-56	30		EN	Add		profiteroles [pastries]				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-56	30		FR	ajouter		profiteroles		La profiterole est une pâtisserie sucrée. Classique de la pâtisserie française, il s'agit d'un chou rempli de crème pâtissière, fleurette ou chantilly, ou de glace recouvert très souvent d'une sauce au chocolat.				
	FR-28-57	30		EN	Add		Saint-Honoré [pastries]				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: For the English, we suggest "Saint-Honoré [pastries]" (see 300108 "pastries").	(instead of: saint-honoré [pastry])	
	FR-28-57	30		FR	ajouter		Saint-Honoré [pâtisserie]		Le saint-honoré est une pâtisserie française. Il porte le nom du patron des boulangers: saint Honoré. Classique de la pâtisserie française, il est préparé avec un fond de pâte feuilletée, brisée ou sablée est garni de pâte à choux avant la cuisson. Il est ensuite recouvert de crème pâtissière et son pourtour de petits choux garnis toujours avec cette même crème puis nappés de caramel à leur sommet. Le gâteau se termine en emplissant son centre d'une crème chiboust ou plus généralement, d'une simple crème chantilly. Cette crème est disposée avec une douille à Saint-honoré.				
	FR-28-58	30		EN	Add		croissants				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-58	30		FR	ajouter		croissants		Il s'agit d'une viennoiserie qui est un classique de la boulangerie française.				
	FR-28-59	30		EN	Add		pains au chocolat				USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Pains au chocolat [chocolate pastries]» to make clear the nature of the goods. Pains au chocolat is not a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace. See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: "pain au chocolat": In French cookery: a pastry, usually rectangular in shape, made with croissant dough and filled with chocolate (OED).		

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	FR-28-59	30		FR	ajouter		pains au chocolat		Il s'agit d'une viennoiserie qui est un classique de la boulangerie française. Les termes employés diffèrent en fonction des régions d'où la proposition avec une double entrée en français.				
	FR-28-59	30		FR	ajouter		chocolatines						
	FR-28-60	30		EN	Add		croissants aux amandes				USPTO: In light of the proposal to add « Croissants », USPTO believes this proposal is unnecessary and does not provide needed guidance. If necessary, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Croissants aux amandes [almond croissants]» to make clear the nature of the goods. Croissants aux amandes is not a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace. See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: Proposal FR-58 would cover all types of "croissants". If still deemed necessary, proposal FR-60 could be worded as "Almond-filled croissants".		
	FR-28-60	30		FR	ajouter		croissants aux amandes		Il s'agit d'une viennoiserie qui est un classique de la boulangerie française.				
	FR-28-61	30		EN	Add		pains au chocolat aux amandes				USPTO: In light of the proposal to add «Pains au chocolat », USPTO believes this proposal is unnecessary and does not provide needed guidance. If necessary, USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Pains au chocolat aux amandes [chocolate and almond pastries]» to make clear the nature of the goods. Pains au chocolat aux amandes is not a common commercial name in the U.S. marketplace. See USPTO comments for FR 41. IB: Proposal FR-59 would cover all types of "pains au chocolat". If still deemed necessary, proposal FR-61 could be worded as "pains au chocolat with almonds".		
	FR-28-61	30		FR	ajouter		pains au chocolat aux amandes		Il s'agit d'une viennoiserie qui est un classique de la boulangerie française.				
	FR-28-61	30		FR	ajouter		chocolatines aux amandes						
	FR-28-62	30		EN	Add		sugar pie				USPTO believes that existing Basic No. 300129 tartes / tarts already includes helpful guidance for goods such as these. Thus this proposal is not necessary. IB: We didn't find "tarte au sucre" in either Le Petit Robert or Larousse. Thus, we feel that FR-62 may not necessary, as it would be covered by 300129 "tarts / tartes".		
	FR-28-62	30		FR	ajouter		tarte au sucre		Il s'agit d'une viennoiserie qui est un classique de la boulangerie française.				









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	FR-28-67	30	300174	EN	--	crackers					USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted, assuming that the English version remains « crackers ». IB: For info 300174 currently reads as “crackers” in both English and French. Proposal FR-67 appears to only affect the FR wording.		
	FR-28-67	30	300174	FR	changer	crackers	biscuits salés [crackers]						
	RU-28-32	30		EN	Add		sugar mastic		Relevance of product on the market		USPTO: “Sugar mastic” is not a common commercial term in the United States. Is this a dessert, chewing gum, or a confectionery similar to fondant? FR: Est-ce de la pâte à sucre ? dans ce cas ok. JPO believes the proposed goods is unclear. IB: Please clarify. Does this refer to a type of “chewing gum”?	On USPTO comment: This product is used to decorate cakes. It consists of powdered sugar, syrup, gelatin, water, food dyes.	
	RU-28-32	30		FR	ajouter		pâte à sucre						
	CH-28-4	30		EN	Add		dipping sauces [condiments]		Dips are thick cold sauces for dipping pieces of food into before eating them. Like other sauces, for example dressings for salad, they should be classified in class 30 in analogy of condiments		ILPO: not the same as a sauce, more similar to a spread, needs to be classified according to main ingredient. KR: We think that the purposes of these goods should be clarified, such as “dips [sauce]”. USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes goods in Class 29. The term “dips” may also be defined as “a soft mixture into which food may be dipped,” and is inclusive of bean dips, cheese dips, and other dairy-based dips, which are properly classified in Class 29. See, for example, the following entries in the MGS Manager: 29 bean dips 29 cheese dips 29 dairy-based dips JPO: It appears not appropriate to classify all dips in class 30. Some dips can be classified according to the ingredients used. For example, Cheese dips and bean dips are classified in Class 29. IB: This proposal is rather vague. There are already a number of entries in the Alphabetical List that provide guidance, such as 290199 <i>Guacamole [mashed avocado]</i> , 290158 <i>Hummus [chickpea paste]</i> , 290181 <i>Smetana [sour cream]</i> all in Cl.29 and 300179 <i>Soya sauce</i> in Cl.30. Thus in principle the predominant ingredient determines the classification. Nevertheless, would “Dipping sauces [condiments]” be acceptable in Cl.30?	dipping sauces [condiments] / sauces pour tremper des aliments [condiments] (instead of dips / sauces froides à tremper [dips]) En réponse aux commentaires, nous avons adapté notre proposition.	

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	CH-28-4	30		FR	ajouter		saucés pour tremper des aliments [condiments]				FR : Nous proposons la formulation suivante : « saucés pour tremper des aliments [dips] ».		
	JP-28-11	30		EN	Add		kelp tea		<p>These goods are types of tea. The tea is made from pouring hot water onto chopped or powdered dried kelp. These teas taste salty. These are classified in Class 30 by analogy with existing entries "tea" (Basic No. 300037) and "tea-based beverages" (Basic No. 300187) .</p>		<p>USPTO agrees in principle that this proposal is in Class 30. How does "tea of salty kelp powder" differ from kombucha powder (kelp tea)? Would "kombucha powder [Japanese kelp tea]" be an appropriate proposal?</p> <p>IB: Or simply "Kelp tea"? Alt. "Tea made from powdered kelp".</p>	<p>The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 30 (add) "Kelp tea" The US's understanding is correct. Our original proposal of "tea of salty kelp powder" is the same as "kombucha powder (kelp tea)" which was identified by the US. We usually call it "kombucha" in Japanese although "kombucha" is now widely known outside of Japan as a completely different beverage made of black tea fungus. To avoid any misunderstanding, we have omitted the use of the word "kombucha" in this entry.</p>	
	JP-28-11	30		FR	ajouter		thé de varech						
	MX-28-26	30		EN	Add		voundan [chocolate cake]				<p>FR : Nous proposons la formulation suivante : voundan [chocolate cake].</p> <p>USPTO: "Voundan" is not a common commercial term in the United States. USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite as proposed because it is unclear whether this wording refers to a filling of dark chocolate or to a type of cake.</p> <p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of "VOUNDAN"?</p> <p>IB: We did not find this term in the dictionaries. Without the image, it is not possible to know what this proposal refers to. More clarification is therefore required.</p>	<p>The term "voundan", is the name of a specific kind of chocolate cake, characterized by containing liquid chocolate inside. As it is the name of the cake, is that there is no translation. There are similar cases in NIZA, where the description correspond to the name of the good, as: "jiaozi [stuffed dumplings]" (300233), "onigiri [rice balls]" (300251). We accept the suggestion of FR, in order to clarify our proposal, from: "voundan", to: "voundan [chocolate cake]", in class 30.</p>	
	MX-28-26	30		FR	ajouter		voundan [fondant au chocolat]						
	MX-28-27	30		EN	Add		crème brûlée				<p>FR : En faveur ! .</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted, but notes that it may require the addition of diacritical marks (e.g., crème brûlée).</p> <p>IB: Could you please explain why you have chosen Cl.30?</p>	<p>We consider the good proposed should classify in class 30, as it is a pastry product and modify the proposal from: "crème brulee", to: "crème brûlée", in class 30, based on the USPTO comments.</p>	
	MX-28-27	30		FR	ajouter		crème brûlée						




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	MX-28-28	30		EN	Add		batter mixes for food				USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "batter mixes for food" in Class 30. IB: Batter mixes for coating food?	We modify our proposal to: "batter mixes for food", based on the suggestion of USPTO.	
	MX-28-28	30		FR	ajouter		pâtes à frire à usage alimentaire						
	MX-28-29	30		EN	Add		obleas [wafer]				FR : Nous proposons la formulation suivante : oblea [wafer]. USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "Obleas [wafer cookies/wafer biscuits]" in Class 30. IB: We did not find this term in the dictionaries. Without the image, it is not possible to know what this proposal refers to. More clarification is therefore required.	The product we referred to is a thin sheet made of flour, salt and water, than can be used as a cover or based of some candies, or can be eaten alone, and it is not a cookie or biscuit precisely. Based on the FR office suggestion, we modify the description proposed to: "obleas [wafer]". (instead of 2 entries: obleas / wafers)	
	MX-28-29	30		FR	ajouter		obleas [gaufres]						
	MX-28-30	30		EN	Add		pozole [broth base on corn]				USPTO: Should these goods be classified in Class 29 by analogy with "broth" (Basic No. 290014) and "soups" (Basic No. 290026)? IB: Class 29? See 290014 Broth / Bouillon and 290026 Soups.	The "pozole", is a typical Mexican dish. The importance of classified this good consist in distinguish it as a Mexican dish and the specification in brackets was in order to clarify the good we were proposing, considering there is no translation for it. It is not a soup or a broth by itself, is a dish that is prepared in a special way and whose main ingredient is the corn. That's the reason why we consider the good proposed should be classified in class 30. In order to avoid confusion with class 29, we modify our proposal to: "pozole [broth base on corn]". (instead of: pozole [broth based on corn and meat])	
	MX-28-30	30		FR	ajouter		pozole [bouillon à base de maïs]						
	MX-28-31	30		EN	Add		tlacoyos [stuffed tortillas]				USPTO agrees in principle that "tlacoyos" are classified in Class 30, but believes the bracketed wording "stuffed with several ingredients" may require further specification of the types of ingredients. IB: We suggest "Tlacoyos [stuffed tortillas]" in Cl.30. Analogy would be 300117 Ravioli ("pasta" in Cl.30 gives the classification, rather than the filling).	We modify the description proposed to: "tlacoyos [stuffed tortillas]", based on the IB suggestion. (instead of: tlacoyos [tortilla stuffed with several ingredients])	
	MX-28-31	30		FR	ajouter		tlacoyos [tortillas garnies]						

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	MX-28-32	30		EN	Add		tascalate [cocoa-based beverages with corn]				CH: In order the tascalate could be classified in class 30, it should be named a chocolate drink → Tascalate [chocolate drink with corn and cocoa] USPTO suggests modifying this proposal to "tascalate [cocoa-based beverages with corn]" in Class 30, if accurate, by analogy to "cocoa-based beverages" in Class 30 (Basic No. 300150) and "cocoa beverages with milk" in Class 30 (Basic No. 300083). IB: "Tascalate [cocoa-based beverages]"	We thank the CH, USPTO and IB offices for their comments. We modify our proposal to: "tascalate [cocoa-based beverages with corn]". (instead of: tascalate [drink based on corn and cocoa])	
	MX-28-32	30		FR	ajouter		tascalate [boissons à base de cacao et de maïs]						
	WO-28-92	30	300020	EN	Change	sweetmeats [candy]	sweets		See/voir WO-28-93 to 97 The following linked proposals aim to align existing translation problems. "Sweets" (British English) and "Candies" (US English) refer to "bonbons" (français), namely confections made of sugar: 	candy	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-92	30	300020	EN	Add		candies			candy			
	WO-28-92	30	300020	FR	--	bonbons				candy			
	WO-28-93	30	300032	EN	Change	caramels [candy]	caramels [candies]		Delete? Or eventually change to simply "caramels" without the square brackets.	candy	USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 300032. This entry is useful because "caramels" are a very particular type of candy. USPTO supports the IB's proposal to change Basic No. 300032 to incorporate the bracketed wording, "caramels."	We prefer to modify 300032 to align it with the previous proposal. (change and add instead of a deletion. FR pas de changement)	
	WO-28-93	30	300032	EN	Add		caramels [sweets]			candy			
	WO-28-93	30	300032	FR	--	caramels [bonbons]				candy			

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	WO-28-94	30	300153	EN	Change	candy*	crystallized rock sugar*		The current translations do not align. "Sucre candi" refers to sugar in the form of large crystals.	candy	<p>USPTO cannot support this change as these terms describe different goods. <u>Candy</u> and <u>sugar candy</u> are types of sugar confectioneries. Wikipedia Encyclopedia Crystallized sugar is a different type of goods and is sometimes an ingredient of candy. In the U.S., <u>crystallized sugar</u> is:</p>  <p>and is called "rock candy" when it is a confection: Wikipedia</p>  <p>Colored and flavored rock candy commonly sold in the United States</p> <p><u>Crystallized sugar</u> is different goods in trade than candy:</p> 	<p>The main issue here is that the translations simply do not align. We need to find an equivalent term in English that refers to this type of good "sucre candi" in French:</p>   <p>It refers to crystallized raw sugar. It is not refined and is less sweet than refined sugar. We would not refer to "crystallized sugar" as this:</p>  <p>which is rather known as "white refined sugar" ("granulated sugar" or "caster sugar" depending on its coarseness). We have thus modified our proposal to "crystallized rock sugar". (instead of: sugar candy [crystallized sugar]* / candy [crystallized sugar]*) However it is <u>imperative</u> to change the English term from the current "candy", which is obviously wrong and very misleading.</p>
	WO-28-94	30	300153	FR	--	sucre candi*				candy	 	

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	WO-28-95	5	050310	EN	Change	candy for medical purposes	crystallized rock sugar for medical purposes		See definition of "candy" (more fully called "sugar candy") in OED, and in MW.	candy	USPTO – See US comments to WO-28-94. <u>Crystallized sugar</u> is a different type of goods and is sometimes an ingredient of <u>candy</u> .	idem We have thus modified our proposal to " crystallized rock sugar for medical purposes ". (instead of: sugar candy [crystallized sugar] for medical purposes / candy [crystallized sugar] for medical purposes) It is imperative to change the English term from the current "candy", which is obviously wrong and very misleading.	
	WO-28-95	5	050310	FR	--	sucre candi à usage médical				candy			
	WO-28-96	5	050057	EN	Change	candy, medicated	medicated candies			candy	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-96	5	050057	EN	Add		medicated sweets			candy	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-96	5	050057	FR		bonbons médicamenteux				candy			
	WO-28-97	21	210244	EN	--	candy boxes				candy			
	WO-28-97	21	210244	EN	Change	boxes for sweetmeats	boxes for sweets			candy	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-97	21	210244	FR	--	bonbonnières				candy			
	CN-28-11	30		EN	Add		liaojiu [seasoned alcohol for cooking]		Unlike Huangjiu, Liaojiu has already been added with various seasonings, such as cloves, star anise, cassia, black cardamom, Sichuan pepper, ginger, nutmeg, and salt. It is only used in Chinese cooking.	jiu	CH: Wine (alcoholic beverage) should be classified in class 33 ILPO: class 33, still a wine FR: En Fr.: "sauce au vin de saison". Nous ne pourrions pas soutenir une entrée "vin" dans une autre classe que la classe 33. USPTO: Should these goods be classified in Class 33 by analogy with "wine" (Basic No. 330013)? USPTO and MGS classify "cooking wine" in Class 33. JPO: Even if it can be used for cooking, the wine should be classified in class 33 rather than class 30. IB: It is still "Wine" in Cl.33 - see 330013 Wine	Liaojiu is a condiment, not an alcoholic drink. We have changed description in order to differentiate it from cooking wine. (instead of: liaojiu [seasoned cooking wine])	
	CN-28-11	30		FR	ajouter		liaojiu [vin de cuisine vieilli]		See/voir CN-28-12	jiu			
	CN-28-12	33		EN	Add		huangjiu [yellow wine]		Huangjiu is a type of Chinese alcoholic beverage made from water and cereal grains.	jiu	USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "huangjiu [yellow wine]" in order to follow translation standards, such as "nira [sugarcane-based alcoholic beverage]" (Basic No. 330036). Wikipedia	We have modified this item in consideration of comments. (instead of 2 entries: huangjiu / yellow wine)	
	CN-28-12	33		FR	ajouter		huangjiu [vin jaune]			jiu			

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	WO-28-91	30	300089	EN	Change	macaroons [pastry]	macarons		See/voir WO-28-91a This proposal intends to align the EN with the FR.  Macaroons: a small cookie composed chiefly of the white of eggs, sugar, and ground almonds or almond paste or coconut (MW) Macarons: like "macarons" in FR, this is "a light, often brightly colored sandwich cookie consisting of two rounded disks made from a batter of egg whites, sugar, and almond flour surrounding a sweet filling (as of ganache, buttercream, or jam)" (MW). See image below.	macaron	USPTO: Because of the popularity of both types of these baked goods, USPTO suggests changing Basic No. 300089 to "coconut macaroons [pastry]" and suggests adding a new entry for "macarons."	We have added proposal WO-28-91a in response to the comments from USPTO.	
	WO-28-91	30	300089	FR	--	macarons [pâtisserie]			 Gâteau sec, de forme ronde, à base de pâte d'amandes, de blanc d'œuf et de sucre (PR)	macaron			
	WO-28-91a	30		EN	Add		coconut macaroons			macaron			
	WO-28-91a	30		FR	ajouter		rocher coco [pâtisserie]			macaron			
	WO-28-98	31	310110	EN	--	potatoes, fresh							
	WO-28-98	31	310110	FR	changer	pommes de terre	pommes de terre fraîches		Consistency with other cl.31 goods.		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		

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	FR-28-63	31		EN	Add		agricultural products unprocessed				<p>KR: We think that these goods should be clarified.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad because it could include goods in other classes, including Class 22 raw textiles, such as Basic No. 220025 raw cotton. «Unprocessed agricultural products » See uslegal</p> <p>JPO believes the proposal is too broad as worded. The alphabetical list of NCL should be consists of concrete and precise entries.</p> <p>IB: This wording does form part of the Cl.31 Class Heading and, as such, provides a general guideline for the contents of the class, however it is probably not necessary to add it as an individual term to the Alphabetical List.</p>		
	FR-28-63	31		FR	ajouter		produits agricoles bruts						
	FR-28-64	31		EN	Add		horticultural products unprocessed				<p>KR: idem</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Horticultural products, unprocessed » in order to add a comma before « unprocessed».</p> <p>JPO: idem</p> <p>IB: idem</p>		
	FR-28-64	31		FR	ajouter		produits horticoles bruts						
	FR-28-65	31		EN	Add		aquacultural products unprocessed				<p>KR: idem.</p> <p>USPTO believes this term is too vague and the combination of «aquacultural» and «unprocessed» is unclear. Is this intended to cover live seafood? Unprocessed aquatic plants?</p> <p>JPO: idem</p> <p>IB: idem</p>		
	FR-28-65	31		FR	ajouter		produits aquacoles bruts						
	FR-28-66	31		EN	Add		forestry products unprocessed				<p>KR: idem.</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Forestry products, unprocessed » in order to add a comma before « unprocessed ».</p> <p>JPO: idem</p> <p>IB: idem</p>		
	FR-28-66	31		FR	ajouter		produits de la sylviculture bruts						

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	US-28-72	31		EN	Add		freeze-dried fishing bait		Clarification is needed as to where these goods should be classified. "Artificial fishing bait" (Basic No. 280002) is classified in Class 28 and "fishing bait, live" (Basic No. 310132) is classified in Class 31.		ILPO: we believe these items are justified in class 31 being food stuff for animals. FR: sauf à considérer que les appâts sont destinés à nourrir les poissons, ce qui n'est en principe pas la fonction première des appâts, il nous semblerait plus juste d'inclure ces produits en cl28 avec les leurres pour la pêche.	The USPTO thanks the French Office for its comments that bait functions like artificial lures in Class 28 because the bait lures the fish and is not meant to feed the fish. The USPTO thanks the ILPO for its comments that these goods are justified in Class 31 being food stuff for animals. The USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified, based on definitions for the term bait that define bait as food. For example, "Food used to entice fish or other animals as prey." Oxford	
	US-28-72	31		FR	ajouter		appâts lyophilisés pour la pêche						
	BX-28-1	31	310004	EN	Change	nuts [fruits]	unprocessed nuts		It's not clear enough that the nuts have not been processed		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: The preferred NCL format would be "nuts, unprocessed".		
	BX-28-1	31	310004	FR	changer	fruits à coque	fruits à coque non transformés		Il n'est pas suffisamment clair que les noix n'ont subi aucune transformation				
	UA-28-7	32		EN	Add		uzvar [non-alcoholic dried fruit beverage]		Popular goods in the market		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: For consistency, we suggest "uzvar [non alcoholic dried fruit-based beverages]"		
	UA-28-7	32		FR	ajouter		uzvar [boisson non alcoolisée aux fruits séchés]						

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A	US-28-73	34		EN	Add		wicks adapted for cigarette lighters		This proposal intends to resolve conflicting classification practices, in particular, "wicks for cigarette lighters" is classified in Class 34 in the U.S. ID Manual and in Class 4 in the MGS Manager. The Nice Information File for Class 34 states: " <i>Not only are tobacco and tobacco-based products in Class 34, but also articles used by smokers. Articles that could be classified in other classes are in Class 34 because of this special use.</i> " Wicks for cigarettes lighters, due to their small size, have no other use other than in "cigarette lighters". Please note that while Nice 11-2018 has "lamp wicks" (Basic No. 040061) in Class 4, "wicks adapted for oil stoves" are classified in Class 11 (Basic No. 110353). <i>Wicks adapted for cigarette lighters in Class 34:</i>	wicks	ILPO: we agree with the definition in class 34, we believe a transfer to class 11 is required to resolve the issue of "lamp wicks"		
A	US-28-73	34		FR	ajouter		mèches conçues pour briquets à cigarette		 <p>See LP US-28-74</p>	wicks			
A	US-28-74	4	Explanatory Note	EN	Add		<p><i>This Class does not include, in particular:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - wicks adapted for oil stoves (Cl. 11) and for cigarette lighters (Cl. 34). 		This proposal adds "wicks adapted for cigarette lighters (Cl. 34)" to the Class 4 Exclusionary Note. The guidelines for the Exclusionary Notes indicate that they "...are normally used to limit the scope of the class heading, the introductory sentence of the explanatory note or the including note." Since "wicks for lighting" is in the Class Heading of Class 4, USPTO proposes to add these goods to the Exclusionary Note.	wicks			
A	US-28-74	4	Note explicative	FR	ajouter		<p><i>Cette classe ne comprend pas notamment :</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - les mèches conçues pour les poêles à pétrole (cl. 11) et les briquets à cigarette (cl. 34). 		See LP US-28-73	wicks			

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<u>A</u>	WO-28-101	35 42 ?		EN	Add		graphic design of promotional materials		<p>IB recently had a query concerning the “graphic design of promotional matter”. Does such a term belong in cl.42 as a “graphic arts design” service or in cl.35 by analogy with 350121 design of advertising materials?</p> <p>In fact, what is the difference between 420144 and 350121 as these days “graphic design” encompasses a wide range of artistic design and may be used within the promotional field.</p> <p>Should 350121 also be considered as a “design” service in Cl.42 rather than a “advertising” service in cl.35?</p> <p>As it stands, these two entries are confusing and contradictory.</p>		<p>CH: we prefer cl. 35. As we make a difference between “production of advertising films” (350104) and “film production, other than advertising films” (410020) we should distinguish the “graphic design for advertising purposes” from “graphic design not for advertising purposes”. → We would prefer as new entry in class 35 “graphic design for advertising purposes” instead of “graphic design of promotional materials” and to change 420144 “graphic design” to “graphic design not for advertising purposes”</p> <p>FR : que recouvre exactement le service de conception de matériels publicitaires ? Quelle est la différence avec cette proposition ? A priori tout ce qui a trait à la publicité est classé en 35.</p> <p>JPO: These services appear appropriate to be classified as class 35 by analogy to “design of advertising materials” (Basic No. 350121).</p> <p>USPTO supports classifying these services in Class 42. Services under Basic No. 350121 include the design of intangible advertising concepts. Services under Basic No. 420144 include the design of visual communications, such as product packaging, magazine layouts, book covers, opening credits in films, and other non-advertising communications. Because the primary function of the underlying services – <i>using design elements to convey information or create an effect</i> – remains constant regardless of the objective, these should be classified analogous to Basic No. 420144 “graphic arts design.” Merriam Wikipedia</p>	<p>We appreciate the comments and await further feedback from the Committee.</p> <p>CE: The CE accepted this entry in Cl. 42 by analogy with “graphic arts design” (Basic No. 420144).</p>	
<u>A</u>	WO-28-101	35 42 ?		FR	ajouter		conception graphique de matériel promotionnel						
<u>W</u>	WO-28-102	35	350121	EN	Transfer?	design of advertising materials		42			<p>CH: we prefer to keep the entry in cl. 35</p> <p>FR : id commentaire précédent.</p> <p>JPO believes it is redundant to transfer them due to the purpose of the services.</p>	<p>Given the US explanation that “Services under Basic No. 350121 include the design of intangible advertising concepts” should 350121 be reworded to “development / creation of advertising concepts”?</p> <p>This is independent of whether the previous proposal is accepted in Cl. 35 or 42.</p>	
<u>W</u>	WO-28-102	35	350121	FR	transférer ?	conception de matériels publicitaires		42				<p>Développement / création de concepts publicitaires ??</p>	

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<u>W</u>	FR-28-69	35		EN	Add		online community manager services				<p>KR: We believe that the purposes of these services should be clarified.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad. It refers not to specific services but to a profession, and includes various activities in multiple classes, including Class 35 promotional services, and Class 42 technology services. For instance, the following are excerpts of job advertisements for showing activities that appear Class 42 in nature:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop and document environment, standards, and procedures for installing, troubleshooting, repairing, and maintaining community technology solutions Provide in-person and phone/web based technical assistance on social media platforms. <p>IB: See also the Wikipedia article "online community manager". This proposal could include for example, managing social media sites for brands, celebrities, causes etc. and may involve aspects of marketing, public relations and customer support.</p>		
<u>W</u>	FR-28-69	35		FR	ajouter		services d'un animateur de communauté en ligne [community manager]		Métier en plein essor qui consiste à animer et fédérer des communautés sur Internet pour le compte d'une société, d'une marque, d'une célébrité ou d'une institution. C'est un service qui est assimilable à un service de relations publiques ce qui justifie son classement en 35, ce métier a cependant des spécificités particulières. Une entrée autonome nous semble donc nécessaire. Le cœur de la profession réside dans l'interaction et l'échange avec les internautes (animation, modération); mais le gestionnaire de communauté peut occuper des activités diverses selon les contextes.				

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A	FR-28-70	35		EN	Add		media relations services				<p>KR: We believe that the purposes of these services should be clarified.</p> <p>USPTO agrees that these are Class 35 services and suggests the English term «media relations services » because that is the common commercial name in the U.S. for the services. See Wikipedia</p> <p>JPO thinks these services are too vague. Would you be able to clarify the meaning of "Press relations services" as a provided service to be classified under class 35?</p> <p>IB: This appears to be a type of public relations service that develops between companies and the journalistic media. We suggest simply "press relations" or "media relations" for the English wording; "relations presse" (ou "... de presse"?) for the French. This format would be consistent with 350042 "public relations / relations publiques".</p>	(instead of: press relations services)	
A	FR-28-70	35		FR	ajouter		services de relations presse		<p>Les relations presse regroupent l'ensemble des actions effectuées à destination de la presse et journalistes dans le but d'obtenir une couverture presse favorable à l'entreprise ou à ses produits. Les relations presse comprennent notamment les communiqués de presse, les dossiers de presse, l'organisation et/ou la tenue de conférences de presse, l'organisation de voyages de presse, la mise à disposition et la réalisation des kits presse. Les relations presse sont le plus souvent confiées à une agence spécialisée dans les relations publiques mais en sont une partie bien distincte. Une entrée spécifique nous semble donc nécessaire.</p>				
A	AU-28-13	35		EN	Add		corporate communications services		<p>These services are set of activities involved in managing and orchestrating all internal and external communications aimed at creating favourable point of view among stakeholders on which a business/company depends. They belong holistically in class 35</p>		<p>CH: too vague</p> <p>ILPO: not clear, can be confused with services in class 38.</p> <p>FR: OK, l'INPI a des demandes sur ce libellé.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes services in multiple classes, for example Class 35 services as "public relations" (Basic No. 350042) and Class 42 "web site design consultancy" (Basic No. 420219) or is at the very least indefinite and requires further clarification. Further specification is needed to determine classification.</p> <p>IB: Is this a type of marketing service?</p>		

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A	AU-28-13	35		FR	ajouter		services de communication d'entreprise						
A	IL-28-17	35		EN	Add		<p>providing rental of office equipment in co-working facilities in the nature of renting office equipment</p>				<p>FR: les espaces de "coworking" ou de bureaux partagés en français offrent de nombreux services, pourquoi se limiter à celui-ci en particulier ? Si l'accent souhaite être mis sur la location de matériels ou d'équipements de bureaux, nous préférons inverser la logique de cette formulation afin d'être plus précis sur ce qui est proposé comme service et avoir le libellé suivant : « location de machines et d'appareils de bureau dans des espaces de bureau partagé (coworking) » et « office machines and equipment rental in coworking places » notamment par analogie avec « location de machines et d'appareils de bureau* » n°350013</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and may include services in Class 35 and Class 36. "Providing co-working facilities in the nature of ..." may identify "rental of offices for co-working" (Basic No. 360119). The wording "in the nature of renting office equipment" seems analogous to "office machines and equipment rental" (Basic No. 3500163). Further specification is needed to determine classification.</p> <p>JPO believes the activity is unclear from the wording. Are these services similar to the "rental of offices for co-working" (Basic No.360119)?</p> <p>IB: Please clarify. This seems to be 2 different services that are already covered by 350013 "office machines and equipment rental" and 360119 "rental of offices for co-working".</p>	<p>We thank the members for their comment, we believe the term refers to the rental of office equipment and not real-estate rental</p> <p>CE: Analogous with "office machines and equipment rental" in Cl.35 (Basic No. 350013).</p>	
A	IL-28-17	35		FR	ajouter		<p>mise à disposition d'installations de cotravail sous forme de services de location d'équipements de bureau dans des installations de cotravail</p>						

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A	AU-28-14	35		EN	Add		commercial lobbying services advocacy [promoting, publicising or otherwise representing the interests or concerns of others]		These services are the public promotion of the interests of a particular cause or policy. As a promotional service they belong in class 35. See/voir AU-28-15, RU-28-37	advocacy	CH: too vague ILPO: not clear, we suggest "commercial lobbying services in the nature of promoting, publicising or otherwise representing the interests or concerns of others." FR: Peut-on avoir plus de détail sur ce service, y-a-t-il une différence avec les services de lobbying ? USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes services in Class 35 as public advocacy services and Class 45 as personal advocacy services. The including Explanatory Note for Class 45 specifies "services rendered by ..., and personal advocates...." Also, MGS has "providing patient advocate services to hospital patients and patients in long term care facilities" in Class 45. Further specification is needed to determine classification. IB: Advocacy = the profession or work of an advocate (MW). In some countries an "advocate" is the technical name for someone who practices in the field of law. See also WIPO Recommendation No. 13 dated 2 July 2002 concerning "Lobbying services for commercial purposes" (Cl.35) and "Lobbying services other than for commercial purposes" (Cl.45)		
A	AU-28-14	35		FR	ajouter		services de lobbying commercial défense d'intérêts [services destinés à promouvoir, faire connaître ou encore représenter les intérêts ou préoccupations de tiers]			advocacy			

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A	AU-28-15	45		EN	Add		legal advocacy services		To provide legal advice or plead a case on behalf of others. As a legal service they belong in 45.	advocacy	FR: A voir en fonction des discussions concernant l'entrée similaire en cl35. Indispensable si le service advocacy est accepté en classe 35. Cependant en France ce service qui s'apparente à un "service de plaidoirie" n'existe pas. L'avocat plaide pour le compte de son client, aucun autre professionnel ne peut le faire. A la limite "Services juridiques rendus par des avocats" voir en ce sens proposition similaire de la Fédération de Russie USPTO agrees in principle that "legal advocacy services" may be in Class 45 based on the Class 45 including Explanatory Note indicating Class 45 includes "services rendered by lawyers, ..., and personal advocates, to individuals, group of individuals, organizations and enterprises" and the dictionary definition "the profession or work of a legal advocate." USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "personal legal advocate services" to make the services definite and to distinguish these advocate services from legal services that are provided through public advocacy programs or services that are both legal and public advocacy based such as lobbying. Oxford		
A	AU-28-15	45		FR	ajouter		services de défense juridique			advocacy			
W	RU-28-37	45		EN	Add		legal advocacy services OR attorney services		Relevance of product on the market	advocacy	USPTO agrees in principle that the proposal is in Class 45. USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "Legal advocacy services / Attorney services" as advocacy services in English can have a non-legal meaning. See Merriam USPTO also suggests replacing the word "or" with a slash (" / ") so that the wording is consistent with other Alphabetical List indications such as "chaperoning / escorting in society [chaperoning]" (Basic No. 450002). FR: Ok mais dans ce cas, préciser par "services juridiques d'avocats", les avocats rendant divers services, il convient d'en préciser la nature. Voir proposition de l'Australie. IB: See also AU proposals. Advocacy = the profession or work of an advocate (MW). In some countries an "advocate" is the technical name for someone who practices in the field of law. Also note WIPO Recommendation No. 13 dated 2 July 2002 concerning "Lobbying services for commercial purposes" (Cl.35) and "Lobbying services other than for commercial purposes" (Cl.45).	legal advocacy services (instead of advocacy services)	
W	RU-28-37	45		FR	ajouter		services d'avocats			advocacy			
A	WO-28-116	35	350064	EN	--	organization of exhibitions for commercial or advertising purposes			See/voir WO-28-117 to 121	buts			

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A	WO-28-116	35	350064	FR	changer	organisation d'expositions à buts commerciaux ou de publicité	organisation d'expositions à des fins commerciales ou publicitaires		Harmonisation. Remplacer "à buts" par "à des fins..."	buts	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-117	35	350082	EN	--	organization of trade fairs for commercial or advertising purposes				buts			
A	WO-28-117	35	350082	FR	changer	organisation de foires à buts commerciaux ou de publicité	organisation de salons professionnels à des fins commerciales ou publicitaires			buts	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-118	35	350101	EN	--	layout services for advertising purposes				buts			
A	WO-28-118	35	350101	FR	changer	mise en pages à buts publicitaires	mise en page à des fins publicitaires			buts	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-119	35	350127	EN	--	web indexing for commercial or advertising purposes				buts			
A	WO-28-119	35	350127	FR	changer	référencement de sites web à but commercial ou publicitaire	référencement de sites web à des fins commerciales ou publicitaires			buts	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-120	41	410051	EN	--	organization of exhibitions for cultural or educational purposes				buts			
A	WO-28-120	41	410051	FR	changer	organisation d'expositions à buts culturels ou éducatifs	organisation d'expositions à des fins culturelles ou éducatives			buts	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-121	41	410187	EN	--	layout services, other than for advertising purposes				buts			
A	WO-28-121	41	410187	FR	changer	mise en pages, autre qu'à buts publicitaires	mise en page, autre qu'à des fins publicitaires			buts	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-103	35	350114	EN	--	commercial intermediation services			See/voir WO-28-104	concierge			
A	WO-28-103	35	350114	FR	changer	services d'intermédiation commerciale [conciergerie]	services d'intermédiation commerciale			concierge	USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
A	WO-28-104	45		EN	Add		concierge services		For example, making personal arrangements and providing personal information to meet the needs of individuals.	concierge	CH: too vague JPO: We feel that the definition of "concierge services" is too broad. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	We appreciate the comments and await further feedback from the Committee. CE: The CE accepted this entry in Cl.45 whilst acknowledging that a concierge may perform many different types of services and the definition could vary from country to country. Nevertheless, the predominant function of a concierge is to provide a personal service or to carry out a personal request, which is then rendered by others in order to meet the needs of individuals.	
A	WO-28-104	45		FR	ajouter		services de conciierge			concierge			

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<u>W</u>	BX-28-3	35		EN	Add		directing and presenting of commercials		See next proposal / Voir proposition suivante BX-28-4	films	<p>CH : we suggest to amend it to « Directing and showing of commercials »</p> <p>USPTO thinks that the proposed English wording is unclear as “presenting” could include services in other classes such as “providing films, not downloadable, via video-on-demand services” (Basic No. 410208) and “cinema presentations / movie theatre presentations” (Basic No. 410057) in Class 41. USPTO also suggests modifying the wording to “Directing of advertising films” based on the existing wording “production of advertising films” (Basic No. 35104) in Class 35.</p> <p>IB: Please clarify what you mean by “presenting”. Moreover, the preferred wording in NCL is “advertising films” rather than “commercials”.</p>		
<u>W</u>	BX-28-3	35		FR	ajouter		réalisation et projection de spots publicitaires			films	<p>FR : Ok pour la réalisation de spots publicitaires. Pour la projection de spots publicitaires : si ce service consiste à projeter des spots publicitaires dans une salle de cinéma ou de spectacle, avant la projection d'un film ou la représentation d'un spectacle, il s'agit d'un service de même nature que la « projection de films cinématographiques / cinema presentations / movie theater presentation » n° 410057 et doit donc figurer en classe 41.</p> <p>IB: Please clarify what you mean by “projection”. Moreover, the preferred wording in NCL is “<i>films publicitaires</i>” rather than “spots”.</p>		
<u>A</u>	BX-28-4	41		EN	Add		<u>film directing</u> of films , other than <u>advertising films</u> commercials		See previous proposal Voir proposition précédente BX-28-3	films	<p>USPTO suggests modifying the wording to “Film directing, other than advertising films” based on the existing wording “film production, other than advertising films” (Basic No. 410020) in Class 41.</p> <p>IB: The preferred wording in NCL is “advertising films” rather than “commercials”.</p>		
<u>A</u>	BX-28-4	41		FR	ajouter		réalisation de films, autres que spots publicitaires			films	<p>IB: The preferred wording in NCL is “<i>films publicitaires</i>” rather than “spots”.</p>		

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W	US-28-76	35	350153	EN	Change	retail services for works of art provided by art galleries	retail art gallery services		USPTO notes that the primary activity of commercial art galleries is the bringing together, for the benefit of others, artwork enabling customers to conveniently view and purchase artwork. "Retail services," on the other hand, refers only to "selling" which is not considered a service under the Trademark Act or the Nice Agreement. As with other retail services, the nature of the activity, e.g., retail stores, wholesale outlets, commercial art gallery services, etc. should be the lead-in for the entry instead of "retail services." "Commercial art galleries are professionally run businesses that derive their profit from sales of artwork." artscenetoday	gallery	CH: unclear. If the "service" includes only the sale of the artwork, you rather have to classify the artwork in the conform class ILPO: agree FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en attente de la traduction FR. En l'état la proposition est trop complexe alors que l'entrée initiale est beaucoup plus claire. De plus la fonction première d'une galerie d'art est bien de vendre des œuvres d'art, elles sont exposées dans la galerie mais dans le but de les vendre. Dans le cas contraire il s'agit d'un musée et le but de l'exposition est éducatif. KR: We think the existing entry is more clear, so we prefer to retain the existing entry.	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "Commercial art gallery services featuring artwork for sale" to "Retail art gallery services." "Retail art gallery services" is analogous to "Retail store services" in that retail store services and "retail art gallery services" are both retail establishments that "bring together, for the benefit of others, a variety of goods enabling customers to conveniently view and purchase those goods" as stated in Class 35 Explanatory Note. Typically a retail or service establishment is one which sells goods or services to the general public. <u>Law Cornell</u>	
W	US-28-76	35	350153	FR	changer	services de vente au détail d'œuvres d'art fournis par des galeries d'art	services de vente au détail fournis par des galeries d'art ?? services de galeries d'art pour la vente au détail ??		See LP US-28-77	gallery			

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W	US-28-77	41	410216	EN	Change	cultural, educational or entertainment services provided by art galleries	art gallery services for the presentation of visual art to the public for cultural, educational or entertainment purposes		The wording "Cultural, educational or entertainment services provided by art galleries" is overbroad. This entry could include educational services in the nature of providing art seminars in Class 41, rental of art galleries for social functions in Class 43, etc. USPTO proposes that the primary activity of art gallery services in Class 41 is the <u>presentation of visual art to the public for cultural, educational or entertainment purposes</u> . The Nice Class 41 Heading includes education, entertainment and cultural activities and the Explanatory Note includes: " <i>Presentation of works of visual art to the public for cultural or educational purposes.</i> " In broad terms, in North American usage, the word "gallery" alone often implies a private gallery, while a public gallery is more likely to be described as an "art museum." In British and Commonwealth usage, the word "gallery" alone implies a public gallery, while a "private gallery" or "commercial gallery" will be distinguished using those terms, and the word "museum" alone is generally understood to refer to institutions holding collections of historic, archaeological or scientific <u>artefacts</u> , rather than of fine art. – wikipedia	gallery	ILPO: agree FR: id précédent.	USPTO <u>maintains</u> this proposal as worded an as classified.	
W	US-28-77	41	410216	FR	changer	services culturels, pédagogiques et de divertissement fournis par des galeries d'art	services de galeries d'art pour la présentation d'art visuel au public à des fins culturelles, pédagogiques ou de divertissement		See LP US-28-76	gallery			
A	WO-28-108	35	350084	EN	Change	on-line advertising on a computer network	online advertising on a computer network		Harmonization of all NCL entries containing the wording "online". Preferred spelling should be in one word with no hyphen (see MW and OED). See/voir WO-28-109 to 115	online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-108	35	350084	FR	--	publicité en ligne sur un réseau informatique				online			
A	WO-28-109	35	350120	EN	Change	provision of an on-line marketplace for buyers and sellers of goods and services	provision of an online marketplace for buyers and sellers of goods and services			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-109	35	350120	FR	--	mise à disposition d'espaces de vente en ligne pour acheteurs et vendeurs de produits et services				online			
A	WO-28-110	41	410091	EN	Change	on-line publication of electronic books and journals	online publication of electronic books and journals			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		

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A	WO-28-110	41	410091	FR	--	publication en ligne de livres et revues spécialisées électroniques				online			
A	WO-28-111	41	410099	EN	Change	providing on-line electronic publications, not downloadable	providing online electronic publications, not downloadable			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-111	41	410099	FR	--	mise à disposition de publications électroniques en ligne non téléchargeables				online			
A	WO-28-112	41	410201	EN	Change	providing on-line videos, not downloadable	providing online videos, not downloadable			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-112	41	410201	FR	--	mise à disposition en ligne de vidéos non téléchargeables				online			
A	WO-28-113	41	410200	EN	Change	providing on-line music, not downloadable	providing online music, not downloadable			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-113	41	410200	FR	--	mise à disposition en ligne de musique non téléchargeable				online			
A	WO-28-114	41	410094	EN	Change	game services provided on-line from a computer network	game services provided online from a computer network			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-114	41	410094	FR	--	services de jeu proposés en ligne à partir d'un réseau informatique				online			
A	WO-28-115	45 4	450218	EN	Change	on-line social networking services	online social networking services			online	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
A	WO-28-115	45 4	450218	FR	--	services de réseautage social en ligne				online			
W	WO-28-99	35		EN	Add		project management services for others in the field of computer projects		<p>See/voir WO-28-100, US-28-78 "Project management services" have business administration and management skills as their core function.</p> <p>As mentioned in Wikipedia, the project manager "... seldom participates directly in the activities that produce the end result, but rather strives to maintain the progress, mutual interaction and tasks of various parties in such a way that reduces the risk of overall failure, maximizes benefits, and minimizes costs."</p> <p>Of course, in the case of "project management services for others in the field of computer projects", the "project manager" will probably have a high technical knowledge, but nevertheless will be using "business management skills" in order to plan and oversee the progress of the project (cl.35) and is not generally involved in the actual programming (cl.42).</p>	project	<p>KR: We think that the purposes of these services should be clarified, such as "business project management services for others in the field of computer projects".</p> <p>FR : ok sous réserve de la traduction. Cependant pour nous ces libellés sont à classer en fonction du projet géré, aussi ce libellé tout comme le suivant sont à classer en 42.</p> <p>USPTO appreciates clarification for "project management" services. Do all project managers have high technical knowledge, but use "business management skills" in order to plan and oversee the project? If not, how may we differentiate Class 35 project management services from those in <i>highly specialized industries</i>, such as "construction project management," "IT project management," or "biotechnology project management?" Wikipedia USPTO suggests the format "business project management services for ___" to clarify the Class 35, business-focused project management services, consistent with Basic No. 350118 "business project management services for construction projects."</p>	<p>We appreciate the comments and await further feedback from the Committee.</p> <p>CE: This and the following IB proposal intended to clarify the classification of "project management services" that are used for planning and overseeing projects in various fields. Some members of the CE suggested that these proposals be clarified as "business" services in Cl.35, whilst other members suggested classifying the services according to their subject area. As no agreement could be reached regarding either the wording or the classification, the proposals were withdrawn.</p>	
W	WO-28-99	35		FR	ajouter		services de gestion de projets pour des tiers dans le domaine des projets informatiques			project			

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W	WO-28-100	35		EN	Add		project management services for others in the field of architectural projects		In this proposal, the "project manager" will probably have a high technical knowledge, but nevertheless will be using "business management skills" in order to plan and oversee the progress of the project (cl.35) and is not generally involved in the actual architectural design or engineering (cl.42).	project	KR: We think that the purposes of these services should be clarified, such as "business project management services for others in the field of architectural projects". FR : id commentaire precedent US: See US comments to WO-28-99.	We appreciate the comments and await further feedback from the Committee.	
W	WO-28-100	35		FR	ajouter		services de gestion de projets pour des tiers dans le domaine des projets architecturaux			project			
W	US-28-78	37		EN	Add		construction project management and planning		This proposal intends to resolve conflicting classification practices, in particular, "construction planning" is classified in Class 37 in U.S. ID Manual and in Class 42 in MGS Manager. According to the Class 37 Heading and explanatory note, Class 37 includes building construction services and services ancillary to building construction. See Nice Information File for "Building construction supervision" in Class 37. USPTO proposes that "Construction planning" should be classified based on the underlying activity that is being planned. Since "Construction planning" involves "Construction management [supervision]" in Class 37, USPTO proposes that these services belong in Class 37. See following description of "Construction planning – hse	project	CH: we classify this service in cl. 35 or 42 dependent on the detailed definition. ILPO: not clear, does the item cover architectural aspect, business aspects, financial aspects.... IB: Is this similar to "project management"? If so, we think that it is an administrative service in Cl.35 regardless of the field of activity - see also WO-28-99 and 100 concerning "project management services". See also 350118 "business project management services for construction projects / services de gestion de projets commerciaux dans le cadre de projets de construction" in Cl.35 and 420038 "construction drafting / établissement de plans pour la construction" in Cl.42.	USPTO <u>modifies</u> the proposal from "Construction planning" to "Construction project management and planning" because "Construction project management services" is an acceptable TM5 entry in Class 37.	
W	US-28-78	37		FR	ajouter		gestion et planification de projets de construction			project			

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	IL-28-18	35		EN	Add		providing user reviews/ranking/rating for commercial or advertising purposes		Should this service be classified according to the subject nature of the review given? Review and ranking regarding restaurants in class 43, review regarding medical services in class 44? Or should the classification be according to either commercial or entertainment purposes? See/voir IL-28-22	review	FR: en toute logique la formulation proposée doit relever de la classe 35 cependant dans quelle mesure est-ce un service rendu à un tiers? Généralement celui qui propose les commentaires est soit l'opérateur économique lui-même qui propose le service de restauration ou médical par exemple, dans ce cas c'est un service qu'il se rend à lui-même, soit un opérateur économique spécialisé dans la compilation de commentaires et d'avis de type « tripadvisor » ou « Yelp » et dans ce cas le service proposé consiste plutôt à proposer au consommateur des informations sur un service (de divertissement, d'hébergement, médical ou autre). Dans ce cas il convient de les diviser au sein des classes correspondantes aux thèmes abordés. Il peut également s'agir d'un service plus technique qui consiste à proposer un forum en ligne ou un espace pour partager ses avis, ce service devrait alors relever de la cl38. Dans l'attente de précisions sur la position du groupe d'experts sur cette question nous réservons notre avis définitif. USPTO believes that the nature of the reviews/ranking/rating is the factor for determining classification. For example, reviews/rankings/ratings purely for a commercial purposes are in Class 35, those for entertainment purposes are in Class 41, while, for example, reviews of restaurants as strictly a review of the restaurant is in Class 43. IB: Please clarify. Does the service refer to providing a forum allowing people to post an online review? See 380050 "providing online forums", 380043 "providing internet chatrooms" both in Cl.38. Or does it refer to a "publication" service? See 350038, 410016.		The term doesn't refer to telecommunication services but to commercial services, it is the same as providing information to consumers in the nature of reviews and ratings See 350093 commercial information and advice for consumers in the choice of products and services. CE: proposals in pages 150 to 179 could not be discussed at the 28th session due to lack of time. They will be discussed at the following, 29th session (see body of the report, paragraph 16).	
	IL-28-18	35		FR	ajouter		mise à disposition des critiques/classements/évaluations d'utilisateurs à des fins commerciales ou publicitaires			review				


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	IL-28-22	41		EN	Add		providing user reviews/ranking/rating for entertainment or cultural purposes		Should this service be classified according to the subject nature of the review given? Review and ranking regarding restaurants in class 43, review regarding medical services in class 44? Or should the classification be according to either commercial or entertainment purposes?	review	FR: voir remarque précédente concernant le même domaine (IL-28-18) USPTO believes that the nature of the reviews/ranking/rating is the factor for determining classification. For example, reviews/rankings/ratings purely for entertainment or cultural purposes are in Class 41, while, for example, reviews of restaurants as strictly a review of the restaurant is in Class 43. IB: Please clarify. Does the service refer to providing a forum allowing people to post an online review? See 380050 "providing online forums", 380043 "providing internet chatrooms" both in Cl.38. Or does it refer to a "publication" service? See 350038, 410016.	We thank the members, we believe the nature of the review is made clear by specifying that it is for entertainment or cultural purposes. And we maintain our proposal as is.	
	IL-28-22	41		FR	ajouter		mise à disposition des critiques/classements/évaluations d'utilisateurs à des fins culturelles ou de divertissement			review			
	FR-28-68a	35	350074	EN	Change	telephone answering for unavailable subscribers	switchboard services		See/voir FR-28-68b, 68c	telephone	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: providing / operating telephone switchboards for others?		
	FR-28-68a	35	350074	FR	changer	services de réponse téléphonique pour abonnés absents	services de standard téléphonique		La formulation actuelle nous semble désuète et/ou un peu complexe pour identifier ce qui nous semble correspondre tout simplement à un service de standard téléphonique. La modification proposée correspond à une formulation plus actuelle et répandue.	telephone			
	FR-28-68b	38		EN	Add		automatic telephone answering			telephone	USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and may not be classified correctly. Marketplace usage in the United States shows that the more common terms used are « automated telephone answering » services, and that the nature of the services varies. One type generally consists of Class 42 technology services, such as the provision of the temporary use of online nondownloadable software. See messaging . While the service involves the subject matter of telephone calls, the nature of the service itself is not the transmission of telephone calls or data, and thus does not appear to be in Class 38. Another type of automated telephone answering service is voice mail services, already included in the existing Basic No. 380045 voice mail services.		
	FR-28-68b	38		FR	ajouter		services de répondeurs téléphoniques automatiques			telephone			

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	FR-28-68c	38		EN	Add		rental of telephone answering apparatus			telephone	USPTO agrees that these services are in Class 38, and proposes the English term « Rental of telephone answering apparatus » consistent with Basic Nos. 380031 rental of facsimile apparatus, 380029 rental of message sending apparatus, 380032 rental of modems, etc. IB: "Rental of telephone answering apparatus" for consistency.	(instead of: hire of telephone answering apparatus)	
	FR-28-68c	38		FR	ajouter		location de répondeurs téléphoniques			telephone			
	FR-28-71	36		EN	Add		clearing house services				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: Pas nécessaire. Voir 360021 "opérations de compensation [change] // clearing, financial / clearing-houses, financial" en cl.36.		
	FR-28-71	36		FR	ajouter		services de chambre de compensation		La chambre de compensation est un organisme financier ayant pour but d'éliminer les risques de contrepartie sur les marchés dérivés. Elle est la contrepartie unique de tous les opérateurs. La chambre de compensation assure la surveillance des positions. Elle exige la formation dans ses livres d'un dépôt de garantie le jour de la conclusion d'un contrat. En cas de perte potentielle d'un intervenant, elle procède à un appel de marge.				
	NO-28-5	36		EN	Add		property trading				USPTO: The term "Property trading" is not a common commercial term for a category of services in the U.S. marketplace. Additionally, USPTO believes this proposal is overly broad and could include services in Classes 36 and 43. USPTO also believes the term "property" (which is defined as "something owned or possessed") should also be clarified, e.g., real estate, land vehicles, etc. Merriam This proposal could include "real estate brokerage" (Basic No. 360008) or any number of the services identified under the Class 36 Explanatory Note #4 "services of brokers dealing in shares and property." The services could also involve the exchange of real estate in the nature of "rental of temporary accommodation" (Basic No. 430028). IB: Please provide further clarification.	«Property trading» is a service for trading property not exclusively carried out by property agents. This service can also be carried out by banks and attorneys.	
	NO-28-5	36		FR	ajouter		négoce de biens immobiliers						

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	JP-28-12	36		EN	Add		electronic transfer of virtual currencies		This entry indicates the service to settle the price paid by virtual currencies such as Bitcoin. These are classified in Class 36 by analogy with existing entries "electronic funds transfer" (Basic No. 360058), and "processing of debit card payments" (Basic No. 360057). Please refer to the definition of dictionaries. ●Oxford Dictionaries: [bitcoin](noun) 1 A type of digital currency in which encryption techniques are used to regulate the generation of units of currency and verify the transfer of funds, operating independently of a central bank		FR: Est-ce utile ? il s'agit d'un service électronique de transfert de devise. Il importe peu que cette devise soit une devise étatique qui relève d'une banque centrale ou d'une monnaie virtuelle type bitcoin, le service reste le même. USPTO agrees in principle that this proposal is in Class 36.	Thank you for the comments.	
	JP-28-12	36		FR	ajouter		transfert électronique de devises virtuelles						
	RU-28-33	36		EN	Add		financial valuation of intellectual property assets		Existing concept from MGS, relevance of service on the market See/voir RU-28-34	assets	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: Non, complique la classification. De plus il n'y a aucune ambiguïté, il s'agit d'analyses financières. IB: Also note 360107 "financial evaluation of wool / financial valuation of wool" and 360105 "financial evaluation of standing timber / financial valuation of standing timber"		
	RU-28-33	36		FR	ajouter		évaluation financière d'actifs de propriété intellectuelle			assets			
	RU-28-34	36		EN	Add		consultancy relating to the financial valuation of intellectual property assets		Existing concept from MGS, relevance of service on the market	assets	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: Idem (comment RU-28-33)		
	RU-28-34	36		FR	ajouter		services de conseillers en rapport avec l'évaluation financière d'actifs de propriété intellectuelle			assets			

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	IL-28-19	36		EN	Add		real estate entrepreneurship relating to the sale, purchase and leasing of real estate		See/voir IL-28-20, 23	real	<p>FR: Non. Quel est l'intérêt de mettre en avant l'entrepreneuriat dans ce service? En soit, l'entrepreneuriat est une forme d'organisation choisie par un opérateur économique et qui est davantage lié à son type d'imposition qu'à la façon de rendre ou proposer un service. De plus il existe déjà des services immobiliers en cl36 cet ajout n'apporterait rien de plus. Cependant, si ce service est destiné à couvrir la « promotion immobilière » la pratique de notre Office consiste à préciser et diviser ce service en 3 classes différentes (CL35, 36 et 37) afin de couvrir tous les aspects de ce service.</p> <p>USPTO: The term "Real estate entrepreneurship" is not a common commercial term in the United States for these type of services. According to Wikipedia, a "real estate entrepreneur" is someone who actively or passively invests in real estate. Wikipedia USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 360004 for "rental of real estate," Basic No. 360007 for "real estate agency services," Basic No. 360008 for "real estate brokerage," and Basic No. 360032 for "real estate management" because they identify the actual real estate services being rendered. USPTO suggests considering modifying "real estate entrepreneurship" to "real estate investment," analogous to "capital investment" (Basic No. 360017). Is this proposal to "ADD" this entry to the Alphabetical List?</p> <p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of "entrepreneurship" as a provided service to be classified under class 36?</p> <p>IB: Please clarify what you mean by "real estate entrepreneurship". See "real estate affairs" Cl.36 Class Heading.</p>	<p>We thank the members for their comments, we agree that the service " Real estate entrepreneurship" is unclear, however the term is very frequently requested in Israel and often classified in various classes as it may refer to different aspects of real estate, we believe the correct approach is to separate the different services which are provided within the framework of Real estate entrepreneurship, clearly there can be endless options, but we would like to make it clear that certain services are inherent to specific classes even if they are provided within the same framework. In this case sale, purchase and leasing of real estate in class 36.</p>	
	IL-28-19	36		FR	ajouter		services d'entrepreneurs immobiliers en rapport avec la vente, l'achat et le crédit-bail de biens immobiliers			real			

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	IL-28-20	37		EN	Add		real estate entrepreneurship relating to building and construction services			real	<p>FR: Non, id. remarque précédente concernant le même domaine (IL-28-19)</p> <p>USPTO: The term "Real estate entrepreneurship" is not a common commercial term in the United States, especially in context with the named Class 42 services. According to Wikipedia, a "real estate entrepreneur" is someone who actively or passively invests in real estate. Wikipedia For such services, USPTO prefers "building construction supervision" (Basic No. 370031), "construction consultancy" (Basic No. 370131), and "construction information" (Basic No. 370104). Is this proposal to "ADD" this entry to the Alphabetical List? If so, alternatively, USPTO suggests modifying the proposal to "building construction services" in Class 37.</p> <p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of "entrepreneurship" as a provided service to be classified under class 37?</p> <p>IB: Please clarify what you mean by "real estate entrepreneurship". See also 350118 "business project management services for construction projects" and 370029 "construction".</p>	We thank the members for their comments, we agree that the service " Real estate entrepreneurship" is unclear, however the term is very frequently requested in Israel and often classified in various classes as it may refer to different aspects of real estate, we believe the correct approach is to separate the different services which are provided within the framework of Real estate entrepreneurship, clearly there can be endless options, but we would like to make it clear that certain services are inherent to specific classes even if they are provided within the same framework. In this case: building and construction services in class 37.	
	IL-28-20	37		FR	ajouter		services d'entrepreneurs immobiliers en rapport avec des services du bâtiment et de la construction			real			
	IL-28-23	42		EN	Add		real estate entrepreneurship relating to the design of building interiors and exteriors			real	<p>FR: Non, id. remarque précédente concernant le même domaine (IL-28-19)</p> <p>USPTO – The term "Real estate entrepreneurship" is not a common commercial term in the United States, especially in context with the named Class 42 services. According to Wikipedia, a "real estate entrepreneur" is someone who actively or passively invests in real estate. Wikipedia USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes services in Class 36, e.g., Class 36 including Explanatory Note "services of brokers dealing in shares and property, Class 42, e.g. "interior design" (Basic No. 420237), "architectural services" (Basic No. 420011), and Class 44, e.g., "landscape design" (Basic No. 440199).</p> <p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of "entrepreneurship" as a provided service to be classified under class 42?</p> <p>IB: Please clarify what you mean by "real estate entrepreneurship". See also 420011 "architectural services", 420237 "interior design".</p>	We thank the members for their comments, we agree that the service " Real estate entrepreneurship" is unclear, however the term is very frequently requested in Israel and often classified in various classes as it may refer to different aspects of real estate, we believe the correct approach is to separate the different services which are provided within the framework of Real estate entrepreneurship, clearly there can be endless options, but we would like to make it clear that certain services are inherent to specific classes even if they are provided within the same framework. In this case: design of building interiors and exteriors in class 42.	

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	IL-28-23	42		FR	ajouter		services d'entrepreneurs immobiliers en rapport avec la conception d'intérieurs et d'extérieurs de bâtiments			real			
	FR-28-75	37		EN	Add		charging stations services for electric vehicles				<p>USPTO would classify the services of charging electric vehicles in Class 37 by analogy with Basic No. 370137 vehicle battery charging. USPTO believes Basic No. 370137 already encompasses these services and thus the proposal is unnecessary in addition to being misclassified. When electric vehicles are charged, the actual service is battery charging. If necessary, USPTO proposes the wording "battery charging services for electric vehicles" to clarify what the service is. The current wording referring to "stations" is unclear because that is where the service occurs, not a reference to the actual service rendered.</p> <p>JPO: These services appear appropriate to be classified as class 37 by analogy to "vehicle battery charging" (Basic No.370137) and "vehicle service stations [refuelling and maintenance]" (Basic No. 370083)</p> <p>IB: It may be preferable to amend the existing NCL entry 370083 "vehicle service stations [refuelling and maintenance]" to read "vehicle service stations [refuelling, battery charging and maintenance]" (FR: "stations-service [remplissage en carburant, recharge de batteries et entretien]". See also 370137 "vehicle battery charging / recharge de batteries de véhicule" also in Cl.37.</p>	il s'agit d'un service différent de celui de « recharge de batteries de véhicules ». En revanche nous sommes d'accord sur les remarques effectuées concernant le classement de ce service en cl37. (instead of : Cl. 39)	
	FR-28-75	37		FR	ajouter		services de stations de bornes de recharge pour véhicules électriques						
	IL-28-21	37		EN	Add		housekeeping services [cleaning services]				<p>USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 370009 for "cleaning of buildings [interior]" because "Housekeeping services" are broadly stated services and may include such services as Basic No. 370010 for "laundering." Is this proposal to "ADD" this entry to the Alphabetical List? If so, alternatively, USPTO suggests modifying the proposal to "cleaning of residential houses" in Class 37.</p> <p>IB: "domestic cleaning services"? See also 370009 "cleaning of buildings [interior]".</p>	We thank the members, we would like to keep our proposal as is.	
	IL-28-21	37		FR	ajouter		services ménagers [services de nettoyage]						

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	CN-28-13	37		EN	Add		cellphone battery charging services				<p>CH: Why not "charging and recharging of batteries and accumulators" to have a service independent of the use of the batteries and accumulators"</p> <p>FR: OK par analogie avec l'entrée "Recharge de batteries de véhicule/ Vehicle battery charging »</p> <p>USPTO agrees in principle that these services are in Class 37 and suggests modifying the entry to "cellphone <u>battery</u> charging services" in order to clarify the services.</p> <p>IB: We suggest "Mobile telephone battery charging / Cell phone battery charging", thus following the same style as 370137 "Vehicle battery charging". For consistency, see 090734 <i>Mobile telephones / Cell phones / Cellular phones</i></p>	We have modified this item in consideration of comments (instead of: cellphone charging service)	
	CN-28-13	37		FR	ajouter		services de recharge de batteries pour téléphones cellulaires						
	CN-28-14	37		EN	Add		rental of electric vehicle batteries		<p>Referring to 370137 <i>vehicle battery charging</i>, should they be classified in Class 37? Or consider them as a part of vehicles, and classify them in Class 39? Or refer to 400104 <i>rental of generators</i>, classify them in Class 40?</p>		<p>ILPO: in class 39</p> <p>FR: OK pour l'entrée mais plutôt en classe 39. La batterie est un appareil de stockage d'électricité, mais ne produit pas d'électricité.</p> <p>USPTO believes these services are more appropriately classified in Class 40, by analogy to "rental of generators" (Basic No. 400104). Although batteries store chemical energy, storage is not the primary function of the battery. The storage feature is ancillary to the primary function, which is converting the chemical energy into electricity. Also, USPTO notes that "Rental of batteries" is found in TMclass in Class 40.</p>		
	CN-28-14	37		FR	ajouter		location de batteries pour véhicules électriques						
	CN-28-15	37		EN	Add		rental of cellphone batteries				<p>ILPO: in class 38</p> <p>FR: Idem avec la proposition précédente : plutôt la classe 39.</p> <p>USPTO believes these services are more appropriately classified in Class 40, by analogy to "rental of generators" (Basic No. 400104). Although batteries store chemical energy, storage is not the primary function of the battery. The storage feature is ancillary to the primary function, which is converting the chemical energy into electricity. Also, USPTO notes that "Rental of batteries" is found in TMclass in Class 40.</p> <p>JPO: These services are classified in Class 38 by analogy with "rental of telephones" (Basic No.380034).</p>	Class 37? 38? 40?	
	CN-28-15	37		FR	ajouter		location de batteries pour téléphones cellulaires						

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	FR-28-72a	37	370076	EN	Change	rat exterminating	rat exterminating services, other than for agriculture, aquaculture, horticulture and forestry		See/voir FR-28-72b	rat	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-72a	37	370076	FR	changer	dératisation	services de dératisation autres que pour l'agriculture, l'aquaculture, l'horticulture et la sylviculture		La "dératisation" (N° de base 370076) existe en tant que tel en classe 37 alors que la destruction d'animaux nuisibles est divisée en deux entrées distinctes l'une en classe 37 avec la précision «autres que pour l'agriculture, l'aquaculture, l'horticulture et la sylviculture» («other than for agriculture, aquaculture, horticulture and forestry») et l'autre en classe 44 avec la mention «dans l'agriculture, l'aquaculture, l'horticulture et la sylviculture» («for agriculture, aquaculture, horticulture and forestry»). Le rat est considéré comme un nuisible. Par conséquent sa destruction, c'est à dire la dératisation, doit également être précisée de la même façon et être ventilée entre les classes 37 et 44.	rat			
	FR-28-72b	44		EN	Add		rat exterminating services for agriculture, aquaculture, horticulture and forestry			rat	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-72b	44		FR	ajouter		services de dératisation pour l'agriculture, l'aquaculture, l'horticulture et la sylviculture			rat			
	KR-28-28	38		EN	Add		transmission of podcasts		Please see https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/podcast		FR: S'agit-il d'un service de transmission différent des autres services de transmission ? USPTO agrees in principle that transmission of podcasts is in Class 38. The space before the letter „s” should be deleted.	The KIPO modifies the original proposal as followings: Class 12 (Add) "transmission of podcasts" (We delete the space before the letter „s”)	
	KR-28-28	38		FR	ajouter		transmission de podcasts						
	JP-28-13	38		EN	Add		rental of smartphones		This entry indicates the services to rent smartphones. These are classified in Class 38 by analogy with existing entries "rental of telephones" (Basic No. 380034) and "rental of telecommunication equipment" (Basic No. 380033).		USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 38. A smartphone is a handheld personal computer with a mobile operating system and an integrated mobile broadband cellular network connection for voice, SMS, and Internet data communication. Wikipedia Should this proposal be classified in Class 42 by analogy to "computer rental" (Basic No. 420083)?	Thank you for the comments. Please refer to the ID-list No.306808 class38 Rental of smartphones	
	JP-28-13	38		FR	ajouter		location de smartphones						
	FR-28-73	39		EN	Add		civil drone operator services				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		


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	FR-28-73	39		FR	ajouter		services d'opérateur de drone civil		C'est un service qui se développe de plus en plus et qui consiste à mettre à disposition un drone qui est piloté/manipulé par son propriétaire pour la prise de photographies et/ou de vidéos à des fins documentaires, cinématographiques ou commerciales par exemple. Le service qui est ici proposé vise à couvrir ce qui est proposé par ce professionnel.				
	FR-28-74	39		EN	Add		rental of meters for the recording of energy consumption				USPTO would classify these services in Class 42 consistent with the General Remarks « Rental services are in principle classified in the same classes as the services provided by the means of the rented objects.... » Here, the rented meters are not devices for actual energy distribution consistent with Class 39, but are a form of measurement technology, and thus encompassed by the Class 42 heading « scientific and technological services », and analogous to the purpose of Basic No. 420218 energy auditing.		
	FR-28-74	39		FR	ajouter		location de compteurs pour le relevé de la consommation énergétique		Ce service est lié à la «distribution d'énergie»/ «distribution of energy» (n°390090) ce qui justifie son classement en classe 39. Ces compteurs sont utilisés pour mesurer et relever, souvent à distance, la consommation d'énergie.				
	FR-28-76	39		EN	Add		arranging for travel visas and travel documents for persons traveling abroad				USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-76	39		FR	ajouter		préparation de visas et de documents de voyage pour les personnes se rendant à l'étranger		Il s'agit d'un service qui peut être proposé par des agences de voyage par exemple dans le cadre de leur offre de services en proposant au-delà de la vente du voyage en lui-même la prise en charge de l'ensemble des formalités liées à ce déplacement.				

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	FR-28-77	39		EN	Add		preparation and packaging of goods for collection at sales points or in warehouses				<p>USPTO appreciates that the activities described in the Remarks are increasingly popular in the marketplace. However, the English proposal «Goods withdrawal services, at points of sale or in warehouses» is not a common commercial name in English and so vague that the service is unclear.</p> <p>Further, is the activity described a distinct Class 39 service, or a feature of Class 35 retail store services, including online retail store services? Might it be Class 9 goods (downloadable mobile applications), or Class 42 services (non-downloadable applications) ? In the US marketplace, this activity (allowing consumers to purchase goods via website or app, then allowing the consumer to take possession of their purchased items via a drive up service) appears to be offered not as a stand-alone service but as a feature of retail store services. That is, a retail store such as Target® offers both the underlying retail store service, but rather than shopping in a physical store, a consumer selects goods and pays for them using a downloadable mobile application, and then physically goes to a Target® location to pick up the goods without having to leave their cars. See target. The purchased goods are « packaged » in bags or boxes and placed in a consumer's vehicle, however there is no transport of the goods, nor is the packaging of the goods for the purpose of transport (see the IB Class 39 Information File, « This class also includes packaging of goods for the purpose of transport or storage. ») It is difficult to analogize this packaging to services such as the following involving stand-alone professional packaging services: UPS and Parcel. Instead, the described activities appear to be a modern facet or feature of the services encompassed by Class 35 Explanatory Note «This Class includes, in particular: the bringing together, for the benefit of others, of a variety of goods (excluding the transport thereof), enabling customers to conveniently view and purchase those goods; such services may be provided by retail stores, wholesale outlets, through mail order catalogues or by means of electronic media, for example, through web sites or television shopping programmes. » USPTO views these services as being in the nature of « retail store services featuring curbside pickup.»</p> <p>IB: The English wording is rather vague. Does it refer to the "preparation of goods for collection at sales points or in warehouses"? Is it a type of "packaging of goods" service in Cl.39 or simply the "bringing together of goods" for collection, being an "after-sales" service in Cl.35?</p>	(instead of: goods withdrawal services, at points of sale or in warehouses / services de retrait de produits, dans des points de vente ou dans des entrepôts [drive])	

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	FR-28-77	39		FR	ajouter		services de préparation en d'emballage de produits en vue de leur retrait, dans des points de vente ou dans des entrepôts [drive]		Il s'agit d'un service qui s'est fortement développé ces dernières années et qui consiste à permettre au consommateur de venir retirer les produits qu'il a commandé au préalable à distance dans entrepôt dédié. Ces marchandises auront été préparées et emballées en vue de leur retrait, le client se contentant de se les faire remettre directement au sein ou à proximité de son véhicule. Ce service s'est notamment répandu par le biais des grandes enseignes de magasins alimentaire. Si ce service est communément appelé «drive» en France, la formulation exacte demeure celle proposée.				
	FR-28-79	39		EN	Add		delivery of goods to pick-up points		See/voir FR-28-80	relais	USPTO agrees in principle that the service is in Class 39. This is a developing service in the US marketplace and the language is evolving. The term "pick-up and go location" is not a common commercial term in the US. USPTO proposes "Parcel delivery to temporary storage lockers." JPO believes the services are unclear from the wording, IB: We understand this service to refer to the delivery of (usually online purchased) goods to specific physical locations. We suggest "delivery of goods to pick-up points" or "delivery of goods to collection points".	(instead of: delivery in pick-up and go location)	
	FR-28-79	39		FR	ajouter		livraison en point relais		Service courant en France.	relais			
	FR-28-80	39		EN	Add		collecte of goods for reshipment in pick-up points		See/voir FR-28-79	relais	USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes services in various classes, such as business management of returned merchandise in Class 35, Class 39 services such as storage or delivery of returned merchandise, and Class 42 services such as online nondownloadable software for use in return management. See Class 35 services such as: spinnaker ; Class 39 services such as: UPS ?; Class 42 services such as: UPS ? "Return goods services" is not a common commercial name in the US marketplace or in English and the nature of the services is unclear. As noted above, it may encompass a variety of activities. See also USPTO comments about "pick-up and go location" for FR 79. JPO believes the services are unclear from the wording, IB: Does this refer to the counterpart of FR-79, namely the "collection of returned goods from pick-up points"?	(instead of: return goods services in pick-up and go location / services de retour de produits en point relais)	

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	FR-28-80	39		FR	ajouter		services de collecte de produits en vue de leur réexpédition par des points relais		Service courant en France.	relais			
	WO-28-122	39	390114	EN	--	car sharing services			See/voir WO-28-123 This proposal aims to align the translations. This is a type of car rental service that allows people to book a car from a fixed location (such as a railway station) in order to drive to another location for short periods of time, such as by the hour. They are useful for customers who make only occasional use of a vehicle. See examples such as "Car2go" in Rome, "Mobility" in Geneva or "Autolib" in Paris. Also known as "Car clubs" in the UK.	sharing	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-122	39	390114	FR	changer	services de covoiturage	services d'autopartage		The French translation should be changed to reflect the service outlined above, which should be translated as "services d'autopartage". The current French translation "Services de covoiturage" refers to "carpooling" (US) (known as "car sharing" in the UK). It is a service that connects people who each have a car but who prefer to travel together to save costs (e.g. to share the use of their car for a specific journey, commuting to work etc.). We suggest adding "Services de covoiturage" as a separate new entry in the following proposal with the correct equivalent English translation.	sharing	FR : le service d'autopartage n'existe pas en tant que tel. Au vue des commentaires nous proposons l'entrée suivante : « services de location de véhicules en libre-service » cl 39. Nous préférons en effet une entrée plus large puisqu'aujourd'hui, il est possible de louer, sous cette formule, des vélos ou des scooters par exemple. USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.	We maintain this proposal as submitted. Voir aussi "autopartage" : Utilisation partagée d'une flotte de véhicules par différents usagers, pour une courte durée et par abonnement. <i>Société d'autopartage. Voiture en autopartage.</i> (Dictionnaires Le Robert - Le Petit Robert de la langue française) https://www.autolib.eu/en/ https://www.mobility.ch/fr/	
	WO-28-123	39		EN	Add		carpooling services		See for example: https://www.blablacar.co.uk/	sharing	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	WO-28-123	39		FR	ajouter		services de covoiturage			sharing			
	WO-28-124	40	400028	EN	--	custom fashioning of fur							
	WO-28-124	40	400028	FR	changer	façonnage des fourrures	façonnage de fourrures sur mesure		Harmonisation avec l'anglais		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		

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	US-28-79	40		EN	Add		pasteurising of food and beverages		Clarification is needed as to where these services should be classified. Pasteurization is defined as: (1) partial sterilization of a substance and especially a liquid (such as milk) at a temperature and for a period of exposure that destroys objectionable organisms without major chemical alteration of the substance; (2) irradiation of food products. merriam USPTO classifies these services in Class 40 as a "treatment of materials" "rendered by ... chemical processing, transformation of ... objects or inorganic or organic substances" pursuant to the Nice Class 40 Heading and Explanatory Note.				
	US-28-79	40		EN	Add		pasteurizing of food and beverages						
	US-28-79	40		FR	ajouter		pasteurisation de boissons et de nourriture						
	FR-28-81a	40		EN	Add		wine-making services		Voir les propositions FR-28-81b, 83a,b	wine	USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.		
	FR-28-81a	40		FR	ajouter		services de vinification		Désigne l'ensemble des techniques mises en œuvre pour transformer le raisin ou le jus de raisin en vin.	wine			
	FR-28-81b	40		EN	Add		consultancy in the field of wine-making		Voir les propositions FR-28-83a,b	wine	USPTO suggests modifying the entry to «consultancy in the field of wine-making» for clarity. IB: "consultancy in the field of ..."	(instead of: wine-making services consultancy)	
	FR-28-81b	40		FR	ajouter		conseils en matière de vinification			wine			
	FR-28-83a	44		EN	Add		viticulture services			wine	USPTO suggests modifying the entry to «Viticulture services» for clarity. JPO: We feel that the definition of "growing" is too broad in the wording of the proposed entry. In our definition, "wine growing" encompasses "wine-making" in class 40 so further clarification is needed. Was the proposal intending to mean the growing of grapes specifically for wine? IB: We suggest "viticulture services"	(instead of: wine growing services)	
	FR-28-83a	44		FR	ajouter		services de viticulture		Désigne l'activité agricole qui met en œuvre un ensemble des techniques permettant de cultiver la vigne pour produire du vin. Voir les propositions FR-28-81a,b	wine			
	FR-28-83b	44		EN	Add		consultancy in the field of viticulture			wine	USPTO suggests modifying the English entry to «Consultancy in the field of viticulture» for clarity. JPO: Please see above. IB: We suggest "consultancy in the field of viticulture"	(instead of: wine growing services consultancy)	

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	FR-28-83b	44		FR	ajouter		conseils en matière de viticulture			wine			
	WO-28-126	41		EN	Add		rental of training simulators		By analogy with 410207 <i>training services provided via simulators / services de formation par le biais de simulateurs</i> . These simulators are not computers. They are preprogrammed to be used as training equipment.		USPTO: Simulators are devices that enable users to reproduce situations under test conditions. Merriam The word "simulation" refers to an imitation of a real-life process, usually via a computer or other technological device, in order to provide a lifelike experience. Wikipedia Many simulators are in fact computer-related, such as flight simulation: Wikipedia This proposal classifies the rental of training simulators in Class 41. What would be the proper classification for the rental of simulators other than for training?	What are examples of "simulators other than for training"? As far as we can see "simulators", for example, flight simulators, driving simulators, simulators for training surgeons, simulators for golf, etc. are all used for teaching or training prior to fulfilling the task in a real-life situation. Although some "sports simulators" may ultimately be used for entertainment purposes, we prefer to maintain the term "training" in order to emphasize the primary service involved. Note that this proposal refers to the "device" and not the "software".	
	WO-28-126	41		FR	ajouter		location de simulateurs d'entraînement				FR : ok sous réserve de la traduction fr.		
	AU-28-16	41		EN	Add		fitness assessment services for training purposes		These services are provided by a fitness instructor in order to assess a persons level of fitness so a training plan can be developed. They are not medical in nature		FR: en FR "Services d'évaluation de la condition physique (à des fins de formation)". En revanche il existe une ambiguïté sur ce service avec la cl44. Un médecin peut effectuer cette évaluation en vue de délivrer un certificat médical par ex dans le but de pratiquer une activité sportive. Cette évaluation se fait alors sous la forme d'un examen médical et relève de la cl44. Ce service doit donc être précisé par ex "services d'évaluation de la condition physique rendus par un entraîneur sportif" USPTO agrees in principle that the services are in Class 41 but suggests modifying the entry to "Physical fitness assessment services for training purposes" in order to clarify that the services are not for medical purposes nor are they for assessing mental fitness and to incorporate the wording within the parentheses.		
	AU-28-16	41		FR	ajouter		services d'évaluation de la forme physique d'individus à des fins d'entraînement						
	MX-28-34	41		EN	Add		face painting for children				USPTO believes this proposal is indefinite because, based on the photograph, it is unclear whether these services are "make-up application services" in Class 44 or "face painting services," which are classified in Class 41 of the MGS Manager as an entertainment service. 41 face painting	We thank the offices and accept to transfer this item to class 41 as "face painting for children". (instead of: services of make-up for children parties in Cl. 44)	
	MX-28-34	41		FR	ajouter		services de peinture sur le visage pour enfants						

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	WO-28-127	43		EN	Add		hookah lounge services		See/voir US-28-80, 81	lounge	<p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of the proposal as a provided service to be classified under class 43?</p> <p>USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 43. A hookah lounge is an establishment where patrons share communal hookahs (an instrument for vaporizing and smoking flavored tobacco). Wikipedia Class 43 include "services for providing food and drink." Would extending this to all consumables (food, drink, smoking) require amending the Class 43 Nice Class Heading? Or are hookah lounge services better classified as Class 41 "Entertainment?"</p>	<p>The primary purpose of a hookah lounge is to provide a temporary place for an individual or group to convene and is thus appropriate in Cl.43 by analogy with "rental of meeting rooms". Moreover, such lounges derive the bulk of their income from beverage sales and that provides further justification for the classification of these services in Cl.43.</p> <p>Entertainment services in Class 41 are generally those where entertainment is provided to an audience by a group of actors or musicians. Just because something is done for leisure purposes does not mean it is an entertainment service, the primary purpose of the service must be taken into account.</p>	
	WO-28-127	43		FR	ajouter		services de salons à narguilé			lounge			
	US-28-80	41		EN	Add		hookah lounge services		<p>Hookah lounge services are classified in Class 41 because: 1) hookah smoking is a social, communal, or leisure activity Wikipedia 2) hookah lounge services are a specific type of recreation facility service; and 3) the Alphabetical List includes "providing recreation facilities" (Basic No. 410014) in Class 41.</p>	lounge	<p>CH: We rather classify the service in cl. 43 according to accommodation services</p> <p>FR: voir proposition WO-28-127, ok pour l'ajout de ce service mais qui relève pour nous de la cl43. En effet au-delà du fait de proposer des narguilés à fumer, les salons ou bars à chichas, proposent en principe tous des services de restauration et de boissons. L'ensemble doit donc relever pour nous de la cl43 car en cl41 toute une partie de l'activité serait mise de côté.</p> <p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of the proposal as a provided service to be classified under class 41?</p> <p>IB: We prefer Class 43. See proposal WO-28-127. The primary purpose of a hookah lounge is to provide a temporary place for an individual or group to convene and is thus appropriate in Cl.43 by analogy with "rental of meeting rooms". Moreover, such lounges derive the bulk of their income from beverage sales and that provides further justification for the classification of these services in Cl.43. Entertainment services in Class 41 are generally those where entertainment is provided to an audience by a group of actors or musicians. Just because something is done for leisure purposes does not mean it is an entertainment service, the primary purpose of the service must be taken into account.</p>	<p>USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 5.</p>	
	US-28-80	41		FR	ajouter		services de bars à chicha		See LP US-28-81, WO-28-127	lounge			

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	US-28-81	41		EN	Add		smoking lounge services		Smoking lounge services, which typically involve cigarette or tobacco smoking, are classified in Class 41 because the service activity is analogous to hookah lounge services.	lounge	FR: id commentaire précédent, ok mais en cl43 JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of the proposal as a provided service to be classified under class 41? IB: We prefer Class 43 – see explanation above.	USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 5.	
	US-28-81	41		FR	ajouter		services de salons pour fumeurs		See LP US-28-80, WO-28-127	lounge			
	FR-28-82	42		EN	Add		technology watch services		Autre version anglaise possible : « technological watch services »		USPTO: Consistent with US comments offered regarding this proposal during CE27, USPTO finds the English entries ambiguous. At best they refer to a general field, however the nature of the actual service offered is unclear. It could encompass business consulting services in the technology field in Class 35, Class 41 publication services in the field of technology innovations, legal research in the field of patents in Class 45, etc. « Technology watch services » and « technological watch services » are not recognized common commercial names for services in the US. JPO believes the services are unclear from the wording, IB: See the Wikipedia article " technology intelligence ".		
	FR-28-82	42		FR	ajouter		services de veille technologique		La veille technologique, consiste à surveiller les évolutions techniques, les innovations dans un secteur ou une activité donné. La veille technologique comprend notamment la surveillance, la collecte, le partage et la diffusion d'information permettant d'anticiper ou de s'informer sur des changements en matières de recherche, de développement, de brevet, de lancement de nouveaux produits, de matériaux, de processus, de concepts, d'innovation etc afin d'évaluer l'impact sur l'environnement et l'organisation.				
	RU-28-36	42		EN	Add		research services in the field of development and use of nanotechnologies		New type of service		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. FR: Vague		
	RU-28-36	42		FR	ajouter		services de recherche dans le domaine du développement et de l'utilisation des nanotechnologies						

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	JP-28-14	42		EN	Add		research in the field of artificial intelligence		This entry indicates the services of scientific research for the development of the artificial intelligence. They are classified in Class 42 by analogy with existing entry "scientific research" (Basic No. 420222). Please refer to the definition of dictionaries. ●Oxford Dictionaries [artificial intelligence (also AI)] noun[mass noun] The theory and development of computer systems able to perform tasks normally requiring human intelligence, such as visual perception, speech recognition, decision-making, and translation between languages. ●Macmillan Dictionary [artificial intelligence] noun [uncountable] the use of computer technology to make computers and other machines think and do things in the way that people can		FR: Nous préférons avoir la précision "technique" : "recherche technique en intelligence artificiel/ Artificial intelligence technical research" pour éviter tout ambiguïté. USPTO agrees in principle that "Artificial intelligence research" is in Class 42. IB: We suggest "Research in the field of artificial intelligence".	The JPO has modified the original proposal as follows: Class 42 (add) Research in the field of artificial intelligence (instead of: artificial intelligence research)	
	JP-28-14	42		FR	ajouter		recherche en matière d'intelligence artificielle						
	BX-28-2	42	420230	EN	Change	outsource service providers in the field of information technology	information technology services on an outsourcing basis		In order to be able to justify class 42, we prefer to put it the other way round		USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 420230 as the wording "services on an outsourcing basis wording" in the proposal could be confused with "outsourcing services [business assistance]" (Basic No. 350097). USPTO believes that the Info File for Basic No. 420230 is sufficient for providing justification for Class 42 classification. The Info File states, in part, "It should be noted that outsource service provider services may be classified in any service class, depending on the nature of the activities being performed by the service provider."		
	BX-28-2	42	420230	FR	--	services externalisés en matière de technologies de l'information							

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	US-28-82	42		EN	Add		user authentication services using technology for e-commerce transactions		The term user authentication services is used in the marketplace to refer to the use of technology to validate electronic credentials , which may be in the form of username/passwords, digital keys, or biometric data, for example, for the purpose of authorizing physical or electronic access to facilities, data, or other secure systems . Under Nice 11-2017, user authentication services are classified in Class 42 pursuant to the Class 42 Explanatory Note, <i>This Class includes, in particular: computer and technology services for securing computer data and personal and financial information and for the detection of unauthorized access to data and information;</i> and consistent with the Alphabetical List term, "data security consultancy" (Basic No. 420242) in Class 42.	authentication	FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en attente de la traduction FR car en l'état la proposition nous semble générale et un peu vague même si nous comprenons le concept. Ne serait-ce pas un service bancaire ? S'agit-il ici de proposer le développement de cette technologie ce qui justifierait son classement en cl42 ? Pourquoi se limiter au e-commerce ? Si ce service existe en tant que tel, une seule entrée serait suffisante.	USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 6.	
	US-28-82	42		FR	ajouter		services d'authentification d'utilisateur par voie technologique pour transactions de commerce électronique		See LPs US-28-83, 84	authentication			
	US-28-83	42		EN	Add		user authentication services using single sign-on technology for online software applications		See above. This proposal indicates a specific type of user authentication service. techtarg	authentication	FR: id commentaire précédent	USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 6.	
	US-28-83	42		FR	ajouter		services d'authentification d'utilisateur au moyen de la technologie d'authentification unique pour applications logicielles en ligne		See LPs US-28-82, 84	authentication			
	US-28-84	45		EN	Add		verifying personal identity as part of personal background investigations		This proposal is intended to distinguish identification verification services in Class 45 from user authentication services in Class 42. While <u>user authentication services</u> encompass the use of technology to validate electronic credentials, <u>identification verification services</u> may consist of comparing an individual's birth certificate and driver's license to confirm his or her identity, for example. These activities are very different in nature. The user authentication services are in the nature of computer technology services in Class 42, while the identification verification services may be considered personal services in Class 45.	authentication	FR: nous réservons notre avis définitif en attente de la traduction FR. Cependant il semble s'agir d'enquêtes de personnalité qui ne peuvent être effectuées que par des professionnels bénéficiant d'une habilitation judiciaire. Nous ne sommes pas favorables à cette entrée.	USPTO maintains the proposal as worded and as classified. Please see USPTO Annex 7.	

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	US-28-84	45		FR	ajouter		vérification d'identité personnelle dans le cadre d'investigations sur les antécédents personnels		See LPs US-28-82, 83	authentication			
	AU-28-17	43		EN	Add		bakery services		<p>A bakery isn't merely a retail outlet that sells food items like a grocery store or a vending machine. Those services involve bringing together products from other traders and selling them to the public. A baker prepares their own food for consumption by the consumer and they generally don't sell other traders food. Consistent with the General Remarks its primary purpose would fall under the Class 43 heading. This aligns with the reasoning provided in WIPO's information files under Class 43 for classifying restaurants, cafeterias and snack bars in Class 43, 'these services involve preparing food and/or beverages for immediate consumption by the consumer'. Furthermore, since a baker doesn't bring together goods or services, their services could not fall under the term retail, at least as it's defined under Class 35.</p> <p>See WO-28-105, 106, 107</p>	bakery0	<p>CH: We can't accept this proposal. Primary, a bakery produces products to sell them. They should demand for their products in class 30. In class 43 we would accept for example "catering services provided by a bakery"</p> <p>ILPO: not clear, could include services in class 35 & 40.</p> <p>FR: Soutien : Si la traduction française est "Services de boulangerie". En France, une boulangerie a l'obligation de préparer elle-même son pain.</p> <p>USPTO believes that a bakery does sell the baked goods produced in the manner contemplated by Class 35 services and that the production of the baked goods may be Class 40 services, custom manufacturing of goods to the order and specification of others as per the including Explanatory Note for Class 40. For the "bakery" to be a restaurant per Class 43, the identification would require modification to identify the inclusion of such services. A bakery is defined as "a place for baking or selling baked goods" which is supportive of Class 35 classification. Merriam USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "bakery cafes" in order to identify a Class 43 service analogous to "cafes" (Basic No. 430024). Wikipedia</p> <p>IB: See also our proposals WO-28-105, 106, 107 on the same subject.</p>		
	AU-28-17	43		FR	ajouter		services de boulangeries			bakery0			
	WO-28-107	43		EN	Add		bakery services*		See/voir AU-28-17, WO-28-105, 106	bakery1	<p>CH: too vague</p> <p>USPTO believes that this proposal does not make clear the justification for being in Class 43. Wouldn't the broad wording "bakery services" implicate the Class 40 (WO-28-106) and Class 35 (WO-28-105) proposals? Further specification is needed to determine classification. This proposal should be considered in conjunction with Australia's Proposal #20.</p>	<p>This proposal is intended to include services provided by persons or establishments whose aim is to prepare food for consumption (by analogy with Class Heading of Cl.43). The asterisk indicates that the general term "bakery services" falls in Cl.43 and that other services relating to "bakeries" may appear in other classes.</p> <p>That being said, the IB would not have anything against classifying all bakery services in Cl. 43. The importance is to have clear guidance. Do we need to make a difference in the classification of bakery services provided by an industrial bakery producing bread, e.g., for supermarkets and restaurants, and those provided by the small corner bakery? Is the concept of custom baking services important?</p>	


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	WO-28-107	43		FR	ajouter		services de boulangeries*			bakery1	FR : Services de boulangerie		
	WO-28-105	35		EN	Add		retail services relating to bakery products		The following proposals aim to provide guidance for "bakery services".	bakery2	FR : ok mais dans ce cas, il faudrait également un libellé « services de vente en gros de produits de boulangerie » afin d'y incorporer les activités industrielles. USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	This proposal is intended to include the bringing together of baked goods enabling customers to view and purchase them (in accordance with Class 35 Expl. Note).	
	WO-28-105	35		FR	ajouter		services de vente au détail en rapport avec des produits de boulangerie			bakery2	FR : Services de vente au détail de produits de boulangerie		
	WO-28-106	40		EN	Add		custom manufacturing of bakery products to the order and specification of others			bakery3	FR : de quel service s'agit-il exactement ? Est-ce que les services de boulangerie et les services de vente ne permettent pas de couvrir ce service ? USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	This proposal is intended to include custom baking, such as special shape, size or ingredients, to the order and specification of others.	
	WO-28-106	40		FR	ajouter		services de fabrication sur commande de produits de boulangerie, à la demande et selon le cahier des charges de tiers			bakery3			
	AU-28-21	43	430013	EN	Change & Transfer	retirement home services	retirement home services being long term accommodation	36	These services are for long term leasing of real estate and should be classified in class 36. They are not temporary accommodation services as they are not for an indefinite period of time. Analogous to 360035 rental of apartments See/voir AU-28-22	home	CH: We'd like to keep the existing entry. These services are more similar to hotel services although the "guests" stay for a longer period. FR: La traduction française de l'entrée actuelle "maison de retraite" ne correspond pas au service de la classe 36 car la définition légale de ce mode d'hébergement précise qu'il y a nécessairement des services médicaux associés à l'hébergement. Si cette proposition devait être acceptée, nous proposons le libellé suivant "Résidences services", ce service inclut l'hébergement longue durée (via un achat ou de la location) avec des services associés tels que des services de restauration, de loisirs etc. USPTO prefers to retain Basic No. 430013. A person enters such a facility after retirement and, generally, at an advanced age as a temporary living accommodation, even if the length of the stay exceeds expectations. A retirement home generally offers each resident a room or suite of rooms in addition to a variety of other activities or benefits such as recreation room and facilities for meals. This is a very different service from apartment rental or buying a home for permanent, long-term accommodations. Wikipedia and Oxford JPO: We feel that the definition of "services" is too broad in the wording of the modified entry. In our definition of the services, class 41 the recreation of people and class 43 provision of food and drink would be encompassed as well.		

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	AU-28-21	43	430013	FR	changer & transférer	services de maisons de retraite pour personnes âgées	services de résidences pour retraités en tant que modes d'hébergement longue durée	36		home			
	AU-28-22	44		EN	Add		retirement homes [medical and nursing]		Analogous to 440114 nursing home services. Retirement homes often have low and high care facilities. The provision of care to sustain life is the primary service and 44 is appropriate.	home	<p>CH: The wording should be changed in a manner that the entry describes a service. For example "Retirement home services (medical and nursing)"</p> <p>FR: ok, l'entrée FR serait alors "services de maisons de retraite", sans les termes "pour personnes âgées" qui ne sont pas utiles car la définition même des termes "maisons de retraite" suppose qu'elles s'adressent à des personnes âgées. La référence aux services médicaux n'est pas non plus utile pour la France, faisant partie de la définition légale des maisons de retraites.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes services in Class 43 as retirement homes are considered temporary accommodations per Basic No. 430013. Additionally, "retirement homes" differ from nursing homes primarily in the level of care provided. Although retirement homes may offer some minimal medical and nursing care, their primary purpose is a temporary living facility with some benefits such as activities and meals. "Medical services" are identified in the Class 44 Class Heading and "nursing, medical" (Basic No. 440153) supports that "nursing homes," where round-the-clock nursing services are provided are Class 44 services. "Retirement homes, as discussed in Australia's Proposal #24, are regarded as temporary housing that offer little to no medical support. Some retirement homes may offer a variety of services ranging from independent living facilities to assisted living facilities to nursing home type services. Each of these services must be specifically identified and classified. USPTO supports retaining Basic No. 430013 "retirement homes" and notes that "medical assistance" (Basic No. 440087) is a Class 44 service as are "nursing homes" (Basic No. 440114) because of the medical services they offer.</p> <p>IB: Is this necessary? All medical care and nursing belongs to Cl.44 regardless of the place where it is provided – see 440087 Medical assistance, 440153 Nursing, medical, 440114 Nursing home services.</p>		
	AU-28-22	44		FR	ajouter		services de maisons de retraite [soins médicaux et infirmiers]			home			

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	JP-28-15	44		EN	Add		home-visit nursing care		This entry indicates the services of home visiting care support, and looking after people with disabilities and the elderly. They are classified in Class 44 by analogy with "nursing home services" (Basic No. 440114). Please refer to the definition of Dictionaries. ●Oxford Dictionaries [home visit] (noun)A visit to a person's home, especially one made by a health-care professional or social worker.		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted.	Thank you for the comments.	
	JP-28-15	44		FR	ajouter		services de soins infirmiers à domicile						
	US-28-85	44		EN	Add		rental of hair styling machines and apparatus for use in beauty salons or barbers' shops		The wording "rental of machines and apparatus for use in beauty salons or barbers' shops" often appears in applications filed under the Madrid Protocol. See, for example, the following entry in Class 44 of the MGS Manager: 44 rental of machines and apparatus for use in beauty salons or barbers' shops This wording may be overbroad, in that it may include the rental of salon and barber shop machines and apparatus such as sterilizers and washing machines, which would be classified in Class 37. This proposal is intended to add an entry to the Alphabetical List for salon and barber shop machines and apparatus rental that is definitively in Class 44.				
	US-28-85	44		FR	ajouter		location d'appareils et de machines de coiffage destinés à être utilisés dans des instituts de beauté ou des salons de coiffure pour hommes						
	WO-28-128	45	450210	EN	-	legal research							
	WO-28-128	45	450210	FR	changer	recherches légales	recherches juridiques		légal : conforme à la loi juridique : qui a rapport au droit judiciaire : relatif à la justice et à son administration (EN : judicial)		USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		
	WO-28-128	45	450210	FR	supprimer	recherches judiciaires					USPTO does not have any comments concerning this translation issue.		



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	GB-28-10	45		EN	Add		bereavement counselling		We see this as a personal service as it is connected with an individual on an emotional, spiritual and physical level.		<p>KR: We believe that the purposes of these services should be clarified.</p> <p>FR : Ce service n'existe pas en France, ce type d'aide est généralement associé à du soutien psychologique, lequel relève du domaine médical et donc de la classe 44. A priori, il n'existe pas d'équivalent en français. Quelle serait la traduction ?</p> <p>USPTO agrees with this proposal. If accepted by the Committee, USPTO suggests adding the alternative spelling "Bereavement counseling" to the same basic number. See, e.g., health counselling / health counseling (Basic No. 440212). See also Merriam</p>	We thank US and Korea for their comments. This service is to give emotional support/counselling and not medical support to people who have suffered bereavement.	
	GB-28-10	45		FR	ajouter		services de conseillers dans le domaine du deuil						
	FR-28-84	45		EN	Add		domestic help services				<p>ILPO: not clear, can include cleaning services in class 37, Or nursing services in class 44.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and includes services in multiple classes. As described in the proposal, the services could include a variety of activities, including cleaning services (see Basic No. 370009 cleaning of buildings [interior]), gardening (see Basic No. 440077 gardening), etc. The proposal describes a profession rather than a distinct service.</p>		
	FR-28-84	45		FR	ajouter		services d'auxiliaire de vie		<p>Un auxiliaire de vie aide les personnes en difficulté, malades, âgées, fragiles ou dépendantes à accomplir les tâches et activités de la vie quotidienne.</p> <p>Choix de la classe 45 car si un auxiliaire peut rendre différents services tels le rangement, le ménage, la préparation de repas, l'aide à la toilette, l'aide au lever/coucher, de petits travaux de jardinage, ces services sont fournis par une seule personne et sont rendus à des fins personnelles et sociales afin de satisfaire les besoins d'autres personnes.</p>				
	FR-28-85	45		EN	Add		lifeguard services				<p>USPTO agrees with the proposal but suggests modifying the English entry to «Lifeguard services ». See Merriam</p> <p>IB: "lifeguard" in one word.</p>	(lifeguard in one word)	
	FR-28-85	45		FR	ajouter		services de maître-nageur [surveillant de baignade]						

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	AU-28-18	45		EN	Add		immigrations services		These services assist in changing a persons legal status in a particular country (visa, residency etc).		CH: The entry is too vague, also services of other classes are involved, for example trainings of class 41. FR: avec la précision services juridiques ? En France, les services d'immigration renvoient uniquement l'administration en charge de gérer les demandes de visas. Pas un service commercial. KR: We believe that the purposes of these services should be clarified. USPTO believes the term "servcies" should be "services." USPTO believes this proposal is overbroad and could include administration services in Class 35 and legal services in Class 45 ("services rendered by lawyers, legal assistants, ... to individuals, groups of individuals, organizations and enterprises" Class 45 Explanatory Note), medical examination services such as immigration health care services that would be classified in Class 44, and other services.		
	AU-28-18	45		FR	ajouter		services d'immigration						
	RU-28-38	45		EN	Add		consultancy in the field of management of intellectual property and of copyright		Existing concept from MGS, relevance of service on the market		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. IB: See also 450206 "intellectual property consultancy" and 450207 "copyright management".		
	RU-28-38	45		FR	ajouter		services de conseillers dans le domaine de la gestion de droits d'auteur et de propriété intellectuelle				FR : « Conseils en matière de gestion de droits de propriété intellectuelle et de copyright »		
	KR-28-30	45		EN	Add		tarot card reading services for others		Please see https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/tarot		USPTO agrees with this proposal as submitted. Does the Committee of Experts believe "for others" is required in this instance?		
	KR-28-30	45		FR	ajouter		services de tirage des tarots, pour des tiers						

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	MX-28-35	45		EN	Add		corpse dress with esthetic purposes				<p>FR : Nous souhaitons avoir la version française avant de nous prononcer.</p> <p>USPTO believes this proposal might be covered by the entry "funerary undertaking" in Class 45 (Basic No. 450057) of the Alphabetical List.</p>  <p>JPO: Would you be able to clarify the meaning of "CORPSE DRESS" as a provided service?</p> <p>IB: Please clarify.</p>	<p>The service proposed referred to the set of practices that are carried out on a corpse for its sanitation, conservation and aesthetic care for its presentation during a funeral. This service differs from the "funerary undertaking" service, as long as this last involves the rental of the room for the veiling ceremony, the burial or cremation of the corpse, the administrative procedure for the transportation of the corpse, etc.</p> <p>It is possible that the funerary undertaking provider, includes as a part of the package, the sanitation, conservation and aesthetic care of the corpse, but for this purpose, are agencies specialized for provide this specific service, which are hire for the funerary undertaking provider. That's the importance to classify this service, as it is a specific service different from the common funerary service.</p>	
	MX-28-35	45		FR	ajouter		services de préparation de défunts à des fins esthétiques						
	AU-28-19	45		EN	Add		auditing for regulatory compliance		This is a legal type service See/voir AU-28-20	auditing	<p>CH: too vague</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "regulatory compliance auditing" so the format is similar to "financial auditing" (Basic No. 350144) and "energy auditing" (Basic No. 420218). It is noted that MGS has "reviewing standards and practices to assure compliance with laws and regulations" in Class 45.</p>		
	AU-28-19	45		FR	ajouter		services d'audit à des fins de conformité réglementaire			auditing			
	AU-28-20	45		EN	Add		auditing for legal compliance		This is a legal service	auditing	<p>CH: too vague</p> <p>USPTO suggests modifying the entry to "legal compliance auditing" so the format is similar to "financial auditing" (Basic No. 350144) and "energy auditing" (Basic No. 420218). MGS has "reviewing standards and practices to assure compliance with laws and regulations" in Class 45. See "legal compliance" defined as "the process to ensure that an organization follows relevant laws, regulations and business rules." Wikipedia and Corplaw</p>		
	AU-28-20	45		FR	ajouter		services d'audit à des fins de conformité juridique			auditing			

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	FR-28-86a	45		EN	Add		flowering of burial places services		See/voir FR-28-86b	burial	<p>ILPO: not clear, is it planting of flower or providing of flowers or flower arranging? In any case in class 44.</p> <p>USPTO: While the Class 45 Explanatory Note includes «funeral services», the USPTO believes that the decoration of burial places with flowers extends beyond a funeral service. A «funeral» is defined as «A ceremony or group of ceremonies held in connection with the burial or cremation of a dead person.» AH A funeral service is a defined activity; inherent to its nature, the funeral service ends in time once the memorial is held or a person is cremated or interred. While the conducting of the actual funeral service itself is a personal service in Class 45, there may be various activities conducted in relation to a funeral service—and afterwards—that are not in Class 45. For instance, a retail store service provider in the field of caskets for use in funerals is in Class 35 based on the nature of the actual service (retail) regardless of the subject matter (funeral goods). In this case, the identified activity is not conducting of the actual funeral service and is a separable activity which may continue for years after the Class 45 funeral service. As stated in the IB's Information File for Class 45, «The personal and social services that are included in Class 45 are quite specific. Some examples are...religious ceremonies and burial services... The Class Heading "personal and social services rendered by others to meet the needs of individuals" is not intended to serve as a catch-all phrase that justifies the classification of services in Class 45 so long as they are related to needs of individuals. Many services that are provided to individuals are in other classes and should not be placed in Class 45 simply because they are "personal" or because the activity is performed to benefit an individual. For example, banking services may meet the needs of individuals, nevertheless they are financial in nature and are thus always classified in Cl. 36. » USPTO does not see support for classifying any burial-place related activity in Class 45 as a «funeral service»; burial place activities should be classified based on the nature of the actual service. Additionally, «Flowering» is not a common commercial name in the US for a service; «flowering» is a botanical term describing the natural activity of a plant that flowers. See Merriam. Further, the actual service offered by providers is unclear and could include services in Classes: 35, such as retail store services featuring flowers (see the Explanatory Note for 35 «This Class includes, in particular the bringing together, for the benefit of others, of a variety of goods...»); 39 (see Basic No. 3900963 flower delivery); and 44 (see Basic No. 440143 flower arranging).</p>	nous remercions les Offices qui ont pris la peine de poster des commentaires concernant les propositions FR-86 a et b. Leurs commentaires rejoignent les questions que nous nous posons concernant ces deux services. Nous pensons qu'il serait plus simple de les regrouper en cl45 avec les services de pompes funèbres. Cependant nous réservons notre position définitive en fonction des échanges qui auront lieu durant le Comité.	
											<p>IB: See 440077 "gardening", 440143 "flower arranging", 440148 "lawn care" all</p>		

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	FR-28-86a	45		FR	ajouter		services de fleurissement de sépultures		Ce service, qui permet de fleurir régulièrement une sépulture, est généralement souscrit dans le cadre d'un service de pompes funèbres, c'est la raison pour laquelle il relève de la classe 45.	burial			

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	FR-28-86b	45		EN	Add		cleaning of burial places services			burial	<p>ILPO: cleaning services are classified in class 37</p> <p>KR: We think these services are classified in cl. 37 rather than cl. 45.</p> <p>USPTO: See US comments for FR 86a. USPTO supports classification of these services consistent with their inherent nature. USPTO notes that an accurate English version of the French version « services d'entretien... » would be « maintenance of... » rather than « cleaning of... » Further, both maintenance and cleaning services would be in Class 37 consistent with the Class 37 Explanatory Note « Class 37 includes...services rendered by persons or organizations engaged in the restoration of objects to their original condition without altering their physical or chemical properties » and analogous to Basic Nos. 370001 furniture maintenance, 370085 vehicle maintenance, 370045 window cleaning, 370112 cleaning of buildings [exterior surface], etc. Additionally, in the US marketplace, « maintenance of burial places » is overbroad because in addition to the Class 37 activities above, it routinely includes services analogous to Basic Nos. 440077 gardening, 440012 landscape gardening, and 440148 lawn care. See Chicora and Landscape For instance, this is lawn care (lawn aeration) rendered at a burial place:</p>  <p>As such, maintenance services related to «burial places» is overbroad. USPTO would classify maintenance of tomb or grave enclosures, tombstones, plaques, monuments, etc., in Class 37. This would include services such as cleaning, polishing, and repair. See Gravestone and such as :</p>  <p>JPO: These services appear appropriate to be classified as class 37 by analogy to “cleaning of buildings [exterior surface]” (Basic No.370112), “cleaning of buildings [interior]” (Basic No.370009).and “street cleaning” (Basic No.370124).</p> <p>IB: See 370112 “ cleaning of buildings [exterior surface]”, 370009 “ cleaning of buildings [interior]” all in Cl.37 regardless of the place of activity.</p>		

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	FR-28-86b	45		FR	ajouter		services d'entretien de sépultures		Ce service est généralement souscrit dans le cadre d'un service de pompes funèbres, c'est la raison pour laquelle il relève de la classe 45.	burial			

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