

# WIPO



P/EC/VI/3  
ORIGINAL: English  
DATE: August 7, 1970

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION  
UNITED INTERNATIONAL BUREAUX FOR THE PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

GENEVA

# BIRPI

**INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION  
OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY (PARIS UNION)**

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

**Sixth Ordinary Session  
Geneva, September 21 to 29, 1970**

**ICIREPAT ACTIVITIES AND  
ICIREPAT PROGRAM FOR 1971**

Report by the Director of BIRPI

**SUMMARY**

The present report contains a general report on the activities of ICIREPAT and proposals for its program for the year 1971.

Introduction

1. The present report deals with two matters concerning the Paris Union Committee for International Cooperation in Information Retrieval Among Patent Offices (ICIREPAT): a general report on its activities, and its program for 1971.



### General Report on ICIREPAT Activities

2. In the 1969 session of the Executive Committee of the Paris Union, the International Bureau was requested that the 1970 session of the Executive Committee and the Plenary Committee of ICIREPAT be furnished with a comprehensive report on ICIREPAT activities.

3. The report, established by the International Bureau in response to this request, appears as Annex A to the present document. The same report was submitted to the Plenary Committee of ICIREPAT as document IC/PLC/II/2, dated August 7, 1970.

### Program of ICIREPAT for 1971

4. The draft program of ICIREPAT, as proposed by the Technical Coordination Committee of ICIREPAT and endorsed by the Director of BIRPI, appears as Annex B to the present report.

5. The same draft program has been communicated to the participating countries of ICIREPAT (documents IC/PLC/II/7 and IC/TCC/IV/12, Annex III), in preparation for the deliberations of the Plenary Committee of ICIREPAT which will meet on September 16 to 18, 1970. Should these communications elicit comments which might lead the Director of BIRPI to consider certain changes in the draft program, he will propose such changes in a supplement to the present document.

6. In any case, attention is drawn to paragraphs 20 to 23 of Annex A and the corresponding items in Annex B which indicate the fields, outside the shared systems program, to which the Secretariat recommends that ICIREPAT give priority.

7. The Executive Committee is invited to establish the program of ICIREPAT for 1971. It may, in doing so, wish to fix priorities among the various points of the program.

/Annexes A and B follow/



ANNEX A

GENERAL REPORT ON ICIREPAT ACTIVITIES

prepared by BIRPI

Introduction

1. The present report is the first one of its kind. It is intended to give a bird's eye view of ICIREPAT's tasks and achievements. It is not addressed to the specialists, members of the Technical Committees. They might find this report too general, and omitting many, admittedly important, details. But the aim of this document is to report on ICIREPAT to those not involved in the daily work of ICIREPAT but who, nevertheless, are the persons who give the general directions to the representatives of national Offices and the International Patent Institute and to BIRPI as far as the program of ICIREPAT is concerned.
2. The present document, intentionally short, is broken down into two main parts: "Activities of ICIREPAT" and "Suggestions of the Secretariat". The first part is subdivided into two chapters: "The Shared Systems" and "The Standardization Efforts".

ACTIVITIES OF ICIREPAT

3. The objective of ICIREPAT is "to promote international cooperation in the field of the storage and retrieval of technical information needed in connection with the searching and examination of applications for patents" (Organizational



Rules, Article 3(1)). Whenever this report speaks about "patents", also inventors' certificates and utility certificates are meant.

4. For achieving this objective, ICIREPAT acts in two ways, to a great extent interrelated and complementary to each other.

5. One way is through what is usually called the "shared systems"; the other is what may be called "standardization efforts."

#### Shared Systems

6. "Shared systems" consist of analyzing ("indexing") patent and other (mainly articles published in technical and scientific periodicals) documents by characterizing them through the concepts they contain ("conceptual indexing"), and transferring the agreed codes of such concepts onto punched cards. Once the cards are prepared, they may be used as input into a computer. Through questioning the computer or sorting out the relevant cards through other means, for example, mechanical sorters, documents dealing with a given question may be retrieved and brought together. This allows searchers and examiners to obtain quickly and simply the list of documents which are likely to be of relevance in the searching and examination of a given patent application. In ICIREPAT parlance, there are as many "systems" as there are technical fields which by the nature of the problems they cover and the number of the documents they contain constitute a unit of practical size both for agreeing on the concepts to be indexed and the methods of indexing and retrieving. Up to now, work on some 18 systems has been agreed upon. The number of documents each will contain varies greatly. Their average may be around 20,000 in each system. In response to any given question, the system should not output more than a few dozen documents.

7. The systems are called "shared" because the task of inputting (analyzing or indexing) is divided among the participating Offices. Any of the 20 member States and the International Patent Institute is expected to participate in this task, each analyzing the documents which originate with it. In actual fact, however, at the present time, analyzing is for the most part done in four places and covers mainly four sets of documents: the Munich, London and Washington Offices analyze their own documents, and the IIB analyzes those of the French Office. Copies of the coding sheets or other supporting media so prepared by one Office are communicated by that Office to the other three Offices and any other interested Office.



8. Each system requires careful and long preparation before it becomes operational: its field is exactly delimited, the concepts to be coded are agreed upon ("term lists"), a manual on the procedures prepared, the effectiveness tested at various stages, and other procedures followed to make sure that the system will accurately respond to the questions and that all participating Offices proceed in the same way.
9. Not all the technical fields are apt for treatment by coding. Where the prompt understanding of the patent documents depends to a great extent on drawings, coding is particularly difficult. Other fields are a limine discarded because they are relatively inactive, i.e., few new documents are published each year.
10. The Secretariat estimates that the number of patent documents apt for the shared system program will be 1.2 million by the end of 1970 and 2.4 million by 1980. (The total number of patent documents will be 14 and 21 million, respectively, by 1971 and 1980.)
11. Up to the present time, the four Offices have agreed on the development of some 18 systems. Five of them may be regarded as operational in the sense that they contain all the documents they should or almost so. The others are in various stages of development.
12. Up to the present time, some 100,000 documents have been analyzed. Most of them are in the systems which are operational. On the basis of present commitments, the number of documents to be analyzed in 1971 will amount to some 33,000.
13. Out of the total effort in the field of ICIREPAT made by the participating Offices, perhaps 80% is devoted to the shared systems program and its directly supporting activities; this might amount in 1970 to some 36 man-years. About half of the work of the ICIREPAT bodies (Technical Committees and the Technical Coordination Committee) directly relates to the shared systems program; this means about 20 days net spent in international meetings in 1970, and at least half of the travel costs of persons travelling on ICIREPAT business. As far as the Secretariat (BIRPI) is concerned, about half of its ICIREPAT work--approximately 3 man-years--is connected with the shared systems.



### Standardization Efforts

14. The expression "standardization efforts" is not a term used in ICIREPAT parlance. It was coined for the purposes of this report to characterize all ICIREPAT activities not directly pertaining to the shared systems activity. They comprise a number of subjects. The most active ones, at least in 1969 and 1970, were those relating to the standardization of patent documents, microforms, and computer hardware.

15. Patent documents. Their standardization is desired in several respects: size of paper, color of paper, elements to be indicated on front page and gazette entries, identification of such elements by numbers, letter codes for designating countries, uniform expression of dates by numbers, and layout (the place on the sheet of paper on which each element appears on the front sheet). Whereas substantial agreement has been achieved on the identification numbers and letters and the method of dating, the important problems concerning size of paper and layout still remain to be solved.

16. Microforms. These are miniaturized forms of patent documents, today mainly microfilms, inserted in a "window" of a punched card ("aperture card") punched-coded with different data allowing their retrieval by sorting machines. The problems involved are numerous both as to the film image (its size, quality, the order of the pictures in it, the place of the window on the punched card, etc.) and the punched card (what information should be coded, in what places ("columns")). Good progress has been made in 1969 and 1970 and there is now agreement on most points. But the matter requires to be kept under constant review in the light of experience and the new technical possibilities.

17. Computer compatibility. Most of the bigger Offices will, in the next years, use computers for storing and retrieving information concerning patent documents. The aim here is to standardize the data carrier (magnetic tape), and the layout of that data carrier, to enable Offices to receive data from other Offices on magnetic tape. This data should then be readily, i.e., without any change, searchable by computer in the receiving Office. Progress, naturally, is still slow, since few Offices have computers and experience is rather new and limited. However, the matter is of utmost importance for the economic exchange of data and is generally regarded as a standardization task of the highest priority.

18. Out of the total effort in the field of ICIREPAT made by the participating Offices, perhaps 20% is devoted to the standardization efforts program; this might amount in 1970 to some 9 man-years. About half of the work of the ICIREPAT bodies (Technical Committees and the Technical Coordination Committee) relates to these efforts; this means about 20 days net spent in international meetings in 1970, and almost half



of the travel costs of persons travelling on ICIREPAT business. As far as the Secretariat (BIRPI) is concerned, about half of its ICIREPAT work--approximately 3 man-years-- is connected with the standardization efforts program.

#### SUGGESTIONS OF THE SECRETARIAT

19. BIRPI has been closely associated with ICIREPAT work for about two years only. Consequently, the Secretariat does not have enough experience to be able to have definitive views on what should be done in order to increase the usefulness of ICIREPAT to the national Offices and the IIB. With the hesitation and the humility called for by these circumstances, the Secretariat nevertheless offers the following thoughts for the consideration of those concerned with the future program of ICIREPAT:

20. Shared systems. It might be worthwhile trying--as a pilot project--in a selected technical field (for example, organic chemical compounds) to make an existing and in all likelihood continuing codification and notation system, developed outside any Office, the basis of a fully computerized retrieval system. In other words, to merely try to adopt an existing coding system as the coding system of ICIREPAT in this particular field. This would, of course, require active cooperation between a scientific association or a private documentation pool and ICIREPAT.

21. Patent documents. It would certainly be worthwhile to give high priority to the efforts of standardizing the format and layout of patent documents, so that not only the national patent documents but also the international (PCT) applications and the European patent documents would look as much alike as possible. This holds also for the national gazettes and the future PCT and European gazettes.

22. Exchange of microforms. Finally, it appears to be highly worthwhile to give priority to the organizing of efficient, cheap and prompt exchange of microforms so that by the time several Offices will issue their patent documents in this way, or also in this way, all concerned are ready for their processing and use.

23. Organization of the Technical Committees. On another level, namely that of international organization, the Secretariat wishes to renew its suggestion that the number of the Technical Committees be reduced in order to avoid the danger of duplication of work among some of them and to allow each to work in a broader context. One of the possibilities would be to merge Technical Committee I with II, III with VI, and IV with V. At the same time, the contribution of ad hoc



working groups for the efficient and urgent handling of specific details could be encouraged.

Annex B follows



ANNEX B

ICIREPAT Program for 1971

Prepared by the Technical Coordination Committee and BIRPI

Shared Systems

1. Work should continue on the adopted shared use package programs with the objective of achieving the following by the end of 1971 (assuming that all of the systems have reached Stage 5 by the end of 1970):

- (a) Steroids - 100% complete
- (b) Organometallics - 100% complete
- (c) Electrolysis - substantially complete with a second subsystem in addition to electroplating (e.g. electrosynthesis/extraction) fully complete
- (d) Taps and Valves - 15,000 additional documents indexed in 1971
- (e) Insulated Cables and Lines - 40% complete
- (f) Color T.V. - substantially complete.

2. It is noted that the remaining systems in the existing package programs have reached Stage 6 or will reach Stage 6 by the end of 1970.

3. With respect to a new package program for shared indexing as may be adopted by TCC by December 1970, based upon recommendations submitted by TC.II, indexing by each of the Offices cooperating in each system of such package program should be done at a rate to be approved by the TCC during its December 1970 session.

4. With respect to a new package program for development as may be adopted by the TCC in December 1970 based upon recommendations submitted by TC.II, the originating Office for each system of such package program should take all reasonable steps to expedite advancement to Stage 5.



Microform Aperture Cards

5. Procedures for the exchange of aperture cards should be produced as soon as possible.

Technical Coordination Committee

6. The TCC should study the number and the organization of the TCs and their mandates, with a view to achieving a higher degree of efficiency.

7. The TCC should take such measures as are necessary to ensure that the TCs do concentrate their efforts on the items set out in this program and that progress on these items does not suffer as a result of other less important tasks being undertaken.

Technical Committees and ABCS

The TCs and the ABCS should concentrate their efforts on the following:

8. Technical Committee I

(a) Completion of the codifying work on tests to be performed in Stages 2, 3 and 4;

(b) Review of the "Guiding Principles" and their adaptation to computer - implemented systems;

(c) Continuance of the work on system performance, search performance and indexing performance.

9. Technical Committee II

(a) Continuance of the preferred fields study;

(b) Continuance of the field demarcation study;

(c) Compilation of a proposed package of fields for which system-development should be started or expedited in 1972 and a proposed package of systems for indexing in 1972.

10. Technical Committee III

(a) Study of the state of the art in advanced computer techniques;

(b) Coordination of the work of those Offices able to work in this field.



11. Technical Committee IV

- (a) Completion of work on exchange of aperture cards;
- (b) Study of the need for and the uses of other micro-forms.

12. Technical Committee V

- (a) Study of the problems arising from reproduction methods for publication of typewritten applications;
- (b) Production of recommendations on the layout of the first page of patent and like documents;
- (c) Investigation of computer type-setting and photo-setting processes.

13. Technical Committee VI

- (a) Production of recommendations on magnetic tape record layout;
- (b) Production of recommendations on updating indexing work sharing.

14. Advisory Board for Cooperative Systems

Work on systems forming part of the packages agreed by the TCC and those for fields included in the TC.II development packages.

/End of Annex B and of document/



