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ORIGINAL:English









INSTITUTEOFTECHNOLOGYAND SUPERIORSTUDIESOFMONTERREY

INTERNATIONALWORKSH OPON MANAGEMENTANDCOMME RCIALIZATIONOFINVENT IONS **ANDTECHNOLOGY**

organizedby theWorldIntellectualPropertyOrganization(WIPO)

incooperationwith theMexicanInstituteofIndustrialProperty(IMPI)

and

theInstituteofTechnologyandSuperiorStudiesofMonterrey(ITESM)

Monterrey(Mexico), April 17to 19,2002

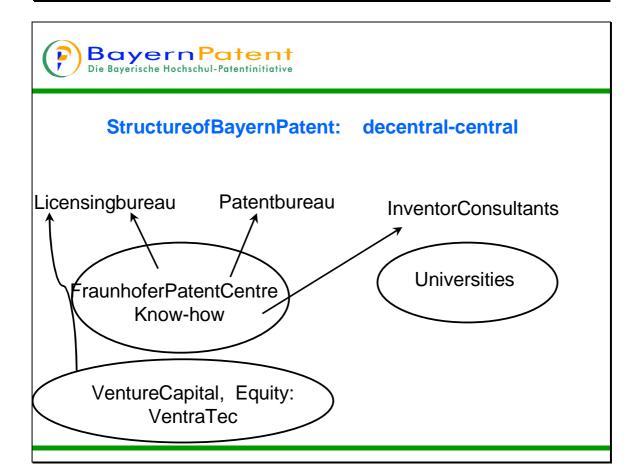
PRESENTATIONOFTHE BAYERNPATENTINITIA TIVE-PROMOTIONOF PATENTINGANDEXPLOI TATIONOFINVENTIONS BYBAVARIANUNIVERS ITIES

DocumentpreparedbyDr.OliverKemper,DirectorofLicensing,BayernPatent,Faunhofer PatentCenterforGermanResearch(PST), Munich, Germany



Why do Universities not currently claim Inventions ?

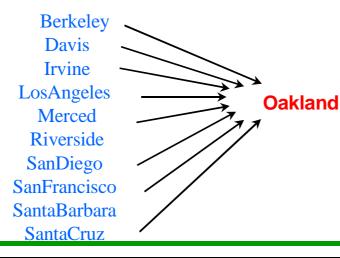
- Scientific Publications take top priority
- Lackof Interestin Patentingat the University and with Inventors
- Lackof Funding for Patenting
- Lack if Infrastructure for PatentingandCommercial Exploitationat Universities
 - Central StartingPoints of BayernPatent:
 - Intensification of PatentingCulture
 - Making Fundsof the High Techlnitiative available for Patenting
 - Provisionof thenecessaryInfrastructure (Inventor Consultants, Patentingburo, Licensing bureau)





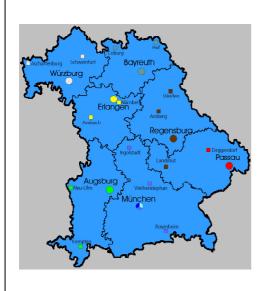
TT Structuresinternational: ExampleCalifornia

UCTTO UC central **Campuses**





Fraunhofer Patentstelle



Augsburg

WolfgangGrenz

 ${\sf TCAugsburg}, {\sf UniversityAugsburg}, {\sf TCKempten}, {\sf TCNeu-Ulm}$

Bayreuth

Dr.Gerd Kammerer

UniversityBayreuth,TCCoburg,TCHof

Dr.Rolf Kapust

Friedrich-Alexander-UniversityErlangen -Nürnberg,TCN ürnberg,TC Ansbach

München

Dr.AndreaFriedrich

Ludwig-Maximilian-University Munich

Alexandor Papaderos

Technical University Munich

Dr.WolfgangMayer TC Munich,TCWeihenstephan,TCRosenheim,TCIngolstadt

PL Dr.Andreas Roser

UniversityPassau,FHDeggendorf

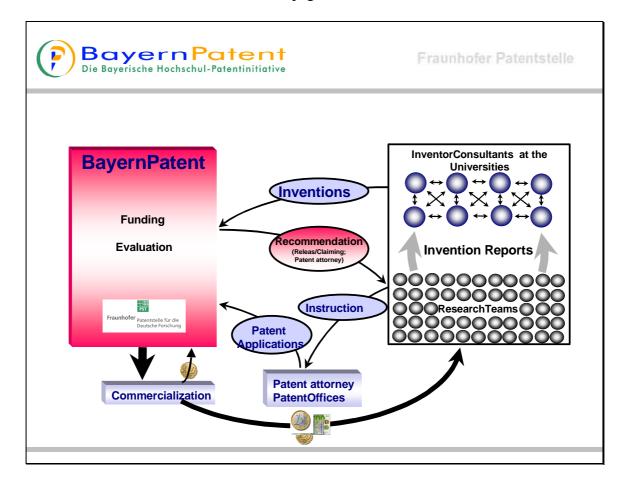
Regensburg

Dr.Stefan Kreitmeier

UniversityRegensburg,TCRegensburg,TCLandshut,TCAmberg-Weiden

Dr. JürgenKappel

UniversityW ürzburg,TCW ürzburg-Schweinfurt,TCAschaffenburg





Advantagesofa CentralizedPatent-und Licensing Bureau:

CriticalMass of Technologies

OneStopShop forInventions outof Bavarian Universities

EstablishmentofTechnologyTransfer based upon FraunhoferPatentCentre 'sKnow -how

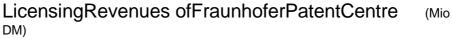


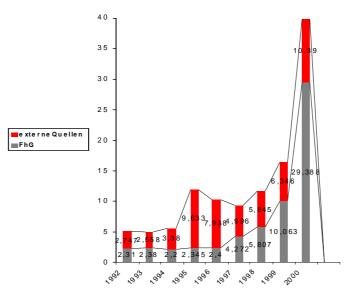
Fraunhofer-Patent center for German Research

Mandate: "ThePatentCenter is tasked with consultation of free inventors, Universities, and ResearchInstitutes, Support of selected Inventions and the Directing of Commercial Utilization of these inventions by Industry"

- Foundation: April 01,1955
- Instituteof the Fraunhofer Society
- 5 60 Employees, of which 35 are Scientists
- LegalAgent forthe FraunhoferSocietyinall matterspertaining toPatentsand Licensing
- Service for Companies, Research Institutes, Universities and Inventors
- ThePatentCenter supportsand consults free Inventors since itsinception
- ⊞ Further Tasks: Servicing University-associatedProjectslike DHGP,BayernPatent









Tasks of theInventorConsultants

- Consultation and Support for Inventors (Service Inventors AND Free Inventors) at the Universities
- Motivationof Scientiststo utilize thePatentSystem
- Attendanceand Consultation for Areasrelevantto Invnetionsat Universities throughpersonal Contacts
- Consultation of Inventors in DiscoveringPatentableContent in Results of ScientificResearch
- The Inventor Consultant is thelink betweenUniversity Inventor,Institute, AdministrationandPatent bureau
- **B** Organization of Presentations and Lectures
- Settingupof Consultationhours and Individual Consultation



Fraunhofer Patentstelle

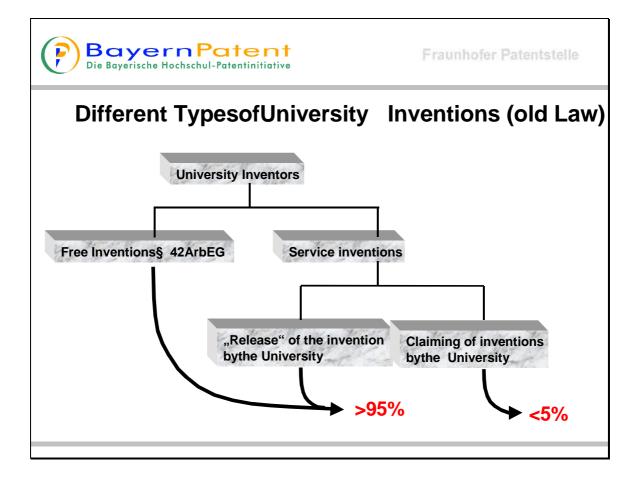
Roleof the PatentBureau

- Treatmentof Inventionsaccording to Law and Regulations of Funding Agencies (Free-Service-, Multi-Party Inventions), Legal Agreements among the parties
- Evaluation Inventions (Patentability, Searchfor Relevant Publications, Technical Feasibility, Economical Exploitability), Recommendation to the University for Claimingor Releaseof the Service Invention (Alternatively, Transferof Rights from Free Inventors)
- Instructing Patent Attorneys, Supervising Patent Applications and the patenting Process
- Coordinationwiththe University RegardingPatentingStrategy (Which Kindof Protection to Applyfor in which Countries, KeepingApplications andPatents Alive) AccordingtoBusiness-andMarket- specific Criteria
- Education of the Inventor Consultants and Coordination of their Tasks
- Initiation of Licensing Activities by the LicensingBureau
- Organizing ofallInformationRelevantto Inventions,Patentsand Licenses and Storing itinaCentralDatabase



Tasks of the Licensing Bureau

- Commercial Exploitation of InventionsCoveredBy Patent Applications
- Coordinationofa Licensing Strategy with the University
- CreationofTechnology Offers
- **Searchfor Potential Licensing Partners**
- Presentation of the Invnetionat Companies (Together with the Inventor)
- Negociation of theConditionsfortheLicensingContractbetween Universityand Industry Partner
- Supervisionof LicensingContracts
- **BalancingAccounts of LicensingRevenues**





Service Inventor -Free Inventor (old law)

- Service InventionLaw
- **Service Inventor:**
 - -Employee undercontract
 - Notification of theInvention to theEmployer ,Release or Claiming of theInventionbytheEmployerwithin 4 Months
- §42 definesfreeInventors:
 - -UniversityProfessorsand Lecturers
 - Scientific Assistants (independent scientific ServiceinResearch

Teaching, withthepossibility ofindependentResearch)

- Students without contract likeinterns and scholarshipholders





ServiceIntention Law- § 42 old

- University Techers owntheirinventions, they do nothave to reportinventions to the university
- Thisleads to inventionescommonlyowned e.g. by a Professorand the University
- The invention may be soldto third parties without consultation of the university (Cooperation Agreements)
- TheUniversit ät is hinderedin licensing its own partin the invention
- Also the free partof the invention cannot belicensed by itself and isnotattractive for a company



ServiceIntention Law - § 42 new (7.2.2002)

- University teachersareserviceinventorsasare all other employees of universities: Dutyto report <u>all</u> inventions
- University mayaquiretheentire rightto itsinvention
- No exception forthirdpartyfundedresearch
- 4 Monthstermforclaimingtheinvention
 But: Inventors may publish within 2 Monthsif so declared (constitutionallaw Art.5, para3)
- Negative "Freedomto publish" (constitutionallaw) But: IfPublicationisintendedlater , theinventionmustbe reportedbeforepublication



ServiceIntention Law - § 42new (7.2.2002)

- University may no longerprofitfrominventorsownlicensing activity
- Rightof the inventorto use the invention forResearch (exceeds experimental use)
- Inventor receives 30% of gross Licensing income
- Cooperation agreements must be adapted to the new law by 7.2.2003



BayernPatent:Distribution of Costsand Revenues

	Revenues	Costs
Inventor	25(30)%	0%
Faculty	25(22.5)%	0%
BayernPatent	25(22.5)%	100%
University	25(22.5)%	0%

Distribution accordingto Service Inventor's Law(ArbEG)

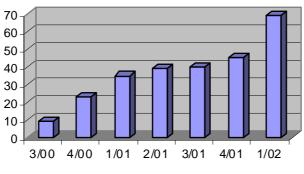
	RevenuesCosts	
Inventor	ca.1-15%	0%
Faculty	?%	0%
BayernPatent	-	-
University	ca.85-99%	100%



Fraunhofer Patentstelle

BayernPatent: Number of inventionsreported

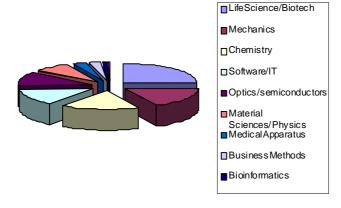
NumberofinventionsperQuarter

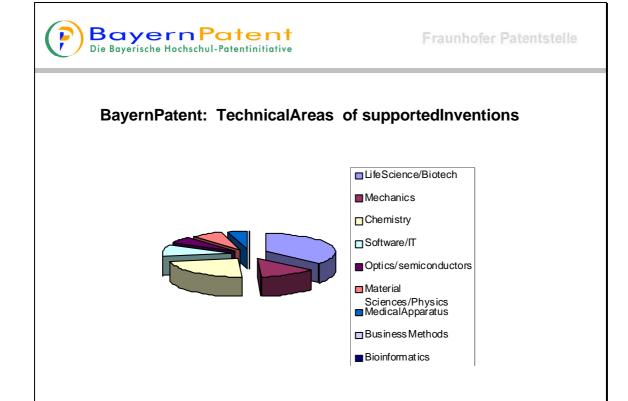


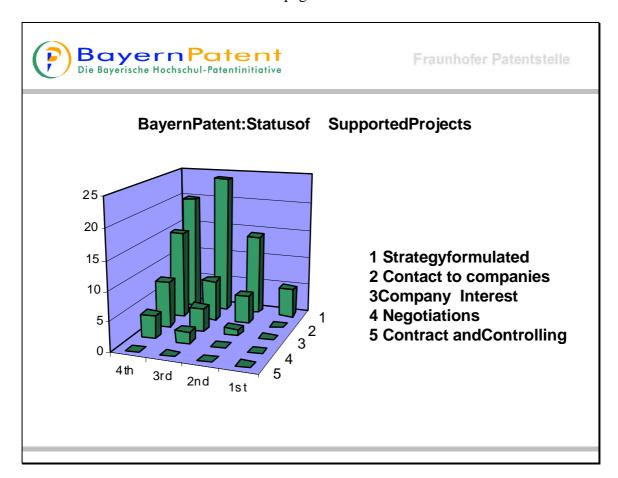
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BayernPatent: TechnicalAreas of Inventions Total









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