B29 WORKING OF PLASTICS; WORKING OF SUBSTANCES IN A PLASTIC STATE IN GENERAL

(processing doughs A21C; working chocolate A23G; casting of metals B22; working cement, clay B28; chemical aspects, <u>see</u> section C, particularly C08; working glass C03B; candle making C11C 5/02; making soap C11D 13/00; manufacture of artificial filaments, threads, fibres, bristles or ribbons D01D, D01F; manufacture of articles from cellulosic fibrous suspensions or from papier-mâche D21J)

- (1) This class does not cover the working of plastics sheet material in a manner analogous to the working of paper, which is covered by class B31. [4]
- (2) In this class, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
 - "plastics" means macromolecular compounds or compositions based on such compounds.
- (3) In this class, the following rules apply:
 - (a) The working of plastics is, as far as possible, classified primarily according to the particular shaping technique used, e.g. in subclass B29C. [4]
 - (b) Classification according to production of particular articles in subclass B29D is restricted to:
 - (i) aspects which are characteristic for the production of a particular article, and not classifiable in subclass B29B or B29C;
 - (ii) combined operations for making the particular article which are not fully classifiable in subclass B29C. [4]
 - (c) Products <u>per se</u> are not classified in this class. However, if a product is characterised by the way it is produced and not by its structure or composition, the production method should be classified in this class. [2010.01]
- (1) The codes of subclass B29K are <u>only</u> for use as indexing codes associated with subclasses B29B, B29C, or B29D so as to provide information concerning moulding materials or materials for reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts. [4]
- (2) The codes of subclass B29L are <u>only</u> for use as indexing codes associated with subclass B29C, so as to provide information concerning the articles produced by the techniques classified in subclass B29C. [4]

B29B PREPARATION OR PRETREATMENT OF THE MATERIAL TO BE SHAPED; MAKING GRANULES OR PREFORMS; RECOVERY OF PLASTICS OR OTHER CONSTITUENTS OF WASTE MATERIAL CONTAINING PLASTICS [4]

Note

In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of subclass B29K. [4]

Subclass index

PRETRE	ATMENT	Other pretreatment15/00
	Mixing; kneading7/00	MAKING GRANULES OR PREFORMS9/00, 11/00
	Conditioning	RECOVERY OF PLASTICS17/00
7/00	Mixing: Kneading (in general B01F; combined with	7/34 with movable mixing or kneading devices [4]
7700	calendering B29C 43/24, with injection B29C 45/46, with extrusion B29C 47/36) [4]	7/36 shaking, oscillating or vibrating [4]
7/02	• non-continuous, with mechanical mixing or kneading	7/38 rotary (B29B 7/52 takes precedence) [4]
1702	devices, i.e. batch type [4]	7/40 with single shaft [4]
7/04	with non-movable mixing or kneading devices [4]	7/42 with screw or helix [4]
7/06	with movable mixing or kneading devices [4]	7/44 with paddles or arms [4]
7/08	shaking, oscillating or vibrating [4]	7/46 with more than one shaft [4]
7/10	rotary [4]	7/48 with intermeshing devices, e.g. screws [4]
7/12	with single shaft [4]	7/50 with rotary casing [4]
7/14	with screw or helix [4]	7/52 with rollers or the like, e.g. calenders [4]
7/16	with paddles or arms [4]	7/54 with a single roller co-operating with a stationary member [4]
7/18	with more than one shaft [4]	7/56 with co-operating rollers [4]
7/20	with intermeshing devices, e.g. screws [4]	7/58 Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary
7/22	Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary	operations [4]
7/24	operations [4] for feeding [4]	7/60 for feeding, e.g. end guides for the incoming material [4]
7/26	for discharging, e.g. doors [4]	7/62 Rollers, e.g. with grooves [4]
7/28	for measuring, controlling or regulating,	7/64 Stripping the material from the rollers [4]
	e.g. viscosity control [4]	7/66 Recycling the material [4]
7/30	 continuous, with mechanical mixing or kneading devices [4] 	7/68 Positioning of rollers [4]
7/32	with non-movable mixing or kneading devices [4]	7/70 Conditioning of rollers, e.g. cleaning [4]

7/72	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]	11/10	Extrusion moulding [4]
7/74	using other mixers or combinations of dissimilar	11/12	Compression moulding [4]
	mixers [4]	11/14	 characterised by structure or composition [4]
7/76	with stream impingement mixing head [4]	11/16	comprising fillers or reinforcements [4]
7/78 7/80	 by gravity, e.g. falling particle mixers [4] Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary operations (B29B 7/22, B29B 7/58 take 	13/00 13/02	Conditioning or physical treatment of the material to be shaped (chemical aspects C08J 3/00) [4] by heating (B29B 13/06, B29B 13/08 take
	precedence) [4]	13/02	precedence) [4]
7/82	Heating or cooling [4]	13/04	by cooling [4]
7/84	Venting or degassing [4]	13/04	by drying (B29B 13/08 takes precedence) [4]
7/86	for working at sub- or superatmospheric	13/08	by using wave energy or particle radiation [4]
	pressure [4]	13/08	
7/88	Adding charges [4]	13/10	 by grinding, e.g. by triturating; by sieving; by filtering [4]
7/90	Fillers or reinforcements [4]		Intering [4]
7/92	Wood chips or wood fibres [4]	15/00	Pretreatment of the material to be shaped, not
7/94	Liquid charges [4]		covered by groups B29B 7/00 to B29B 13/00 [4]
9/00	Making granules (in general B01J; chemical aspects C08J 3/12) [4]	15/02	of crude rubber, gutta-percha, or similar substances (tapping latex A01G; chemical aspects C08C) [4]
9/02	. by dividing preformed material [4]	15/04	Coagulating devices [4]
9/04	in the form of plates or sheets [4]	15/06	Washing devices [4]
9/06	• in the form of filamentary material, e.g. combined with extrusion [4]	15/08	of reinforcements or fillers (chemical aspects C08J, C08K) [4]
9/08	. by agglomerating smaller particles [4]	15/10	. Coating or impregnating (applying liquids in general B05) [4]
9/10	 by moulding the material, i.e. treating it in the molten state [4] 	15/12 15/14	of reinforcements of indefinite length [4] of filaments or wires [4]
9/12	 characterised by structure or composition [4] 	13/14	Of maments of wifes [4]
9/14	fibre-reinforced [4]	17/00	Recovery of plastics or other constituents of waste
9/16	. Auxiliary treatment of granules [4]		material containing plastics (chemical recovery
11/00	Making professor (P20C 61/06 takes precedence) [4]		C08J 11/00) [4]
11/00	Making preforms (B29C 61/06 takes precedence) [4] by dividing preformed material, e.g. sheets, rods [4]	17/02	. Separating plastics from other materials [4]
11/02	 by dividing preformed material, e.g. sheets, rods [4] by assembling preformed material [4] 	17/04	Disintegrating plastics (B29B 9/02, B29B 11/02,
11/04	•		B29B 13/10 take precedence) [8]
	by moulding the material [4]		
11/08	Injection moulding [4]		

B29C SHAPING OR JOINING OF PLASTICS; SHAPING OF SUBSTANCES IN A PLASTIC STATE, IN GENERAL; AFTER-TREATMENT OF THE SHAPED PRODUCTS, E.G. REPAIRING (working in the manner of metal B23; grinding, polishing B24; cutting B26D, B26F; making preforms B29B 11/00; making laminated products by combining previously unconnected layers which become one product whose layers will remain together B32B 37/00 to B32B 41/00) [4]

- (1) Attention is drawn to Note (3) following the title of class B29. [4]
- (2) In this subclass:
 - repairing of articles made from plastics or substances in a plastic state, e.g. of articles shaped or produced by using techniques covered by this subclass or subclass B29D, is classified in group B29C 73/00;
 - component parts, details, accessories or auxiliary operations which are applicable to more than one moulding technique are classified in groups B29C 31/00 to B29C 37/00;
 - component parts, details, accessories or auxiliary operations which are only applicable or only of use for one specific shaping technique are classified only in the relevant subgroups of groups B29C 39/00 to B29C 71/00. [4,5]

Note

In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of subclasses B29K and B29L. [4]

Subclass index

COMPONENT PARTS, DETAILS ACCESSORIES, AUXILIARY OPERATIONS	Compression moulding
Moulds or cores33/00	Injection moulding45/00
Heating, cooling, curing35/00	Extrusion moulding47/00
Other features	Blow-moulding
MOULDING	Thermoforming
by casting, by coating a mould	-

OTHER	SHAPING TECHNIQUES		Surface shaping59/00
	Bending, folding, twisting,		Lining or sheathing63/00
	straightening, flattening53/00		Shaping composites70/00
	Stretching	COMBIN	NATIONS OF SHAPING
	Liberation of internal stresses	TECHNI	QUES69/00
	Other techniques	AFTER-	TREATMENT71/00
JOINING	3	REPAIRI	NG73/00
PARTICU	JLAR APPLICATIONS		
	Shaping tube ends		
	1 8		
	ent parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary	33/68	Release sheets [4]
operation	<u>ns</u> [4]	33/70	. Maintenance [4]
31/00	Handling, e.g. feeding of the material to be shaped	33/72	Cleaning [4]
	(in general B65G) [4]	33/74	Repairing [4]
31/02	. Dispensing from vessels, e.g. hoppers [4]	33/76	. Cores (B29C 33/02 to B29C 33/70 take
31/04	Feeding, e.g. into a mould cavity (to presses in		precedence) [4]
	general B30B 15/30) [4]	35/00	Heating, cooling or curing, e.g. crosslinking,
31/06	in measured doses (in general G01F) [4]		vulcanising; Apparatus therefor (moulds with
31/08	of preforms [4]		incorporated heating or cooling means B29C 33/02;
31/10	of several materials [4]		curing devices for plastics dental prostheses
33/00	Moulds or cores; Details thereof or accessories		A61C 13/14; before moulding B29B 13/00; chemical aspects C08J 3/00) [4]
	therefor [4]	35/02	. Heating or curing, e.g. crosslinking, vulcanising (cold
33/02	 with incorporated heating or cooling means [4] 		vulcanisation B29C 35/18) [4]
33/04	using liquids, gas or steam [4]	35/04	using liquids, gas or steam [4]
33/06	using radiation [4]	35/06	for articles of indefinite length [4]
33/08	for dielectric heating [4]	35/08	by wave energy or particle radiation [4]
33/10	with incorporated venting means [4]	35/10	for articles of indefinite length [4]
33/12	 with incorporated means for positioning inserts, 	35/12	Dielectric heating [4]
22/44	e.g. labels [4]	35/14	for articles of indefinite length [4]
33/14	against the mould wall [4]	35/16	. Cooling [4]
33/16	using magnetic means [4]	35/18	. Cold vulcanisation [4]
33/18	using vacuum [4]	37/00	Component parts, details, accessories or auxiliary
33/20	• Opening, closing or clamping [4]	37/00	operations, not covered by group B29C 33/00 or
33/22	by rectilinear movement [4]		B29C 35/00 [4]
33/24	using hydraulic or pneumatic means [4]	37/02	. Deburring or deflashing (by grinding or polishing
33/26	by pivotal movement [4]		B24B) [4]
33/28	using hydraulic or pneumatic means [4]	37/04	of welded articles, e.g. deburring or deflashing in
33/30	. Mounting, exchanging or centering [4]		combination with welding [4]
33/32	using magnetic means [4]		
33/34	 movable, e.g. to or from the moulding station [4] continuously movable [4] 		ar shaping techniques, e.g. moulding, joining;
33/36 33/38	continuously movable [4]characterised by the material or the manufacturing	<u>Apparat</u>	us therefor [4]
33/30	process (B29C 33/44 takes precedence; manufacture	39/00	Shaping by casting, i.e. introducing the moulding
	of moulds or parts thereof from metal B22, B23) [4]		material into a mould or between confining surfaces
33/40	. Plastics, e.g. foam, rubber [4]		without significant moulding pressure; Apparatus
33/42	. characterised by the shape of the moulding surface,		therefor (B29C 41/00 takes precedence) [4]
	e.g. ribs, grooves [4]	39/02	• for making articles of definite length, i.e. discrete
33/44	. with means for, or specially constructed to facilitate,	20101	articles [4]
	the removal of articles, e.g. of undercut articles [4]	39/04	using movable moulds (B29C 41/02 takes
33/46	using fluid pressure [4]	39/06	precedence) [4]
33/48	• with means for collapsing or disassembling [4]	39/00	continuously movable, e.g. along a production line [4]
33/50	elastic [4]	39/08	Introducing the material into the mould by
33/52	soluble or fusible [4]	37/00	centrifugal force [4]
33/54	made of powdered or granular material [4]	39/10	incorporating preformed parts or layers,
33/56	 Coatings; Releasing, lubricating or separating agents [4] 		e.g. casting around inserts or for coating
33/58		20/12	articles [4]
33/60	 . Applying the releasing agents [4] . Releasing, lubricating or separating agents [4] 	39/12	Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]
33/62	based on polymers or oligomers [4]	39/14	for making articles of indefinite length [4]
33/64	Silicone [4]	39/16	between endless belts [4]
33/66	Cellulose; Derivatives thereof [4]		

39/18	incorporating preformed parts or layers,	43/00	Compression moulding, i.e. applying external
	e.g. casting around inserts or for coating articles [4]		pressure to flow the moulding material; Apparatus therefor (shaping or impregnating by compression
39/20	Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]		composites comprising reinforcements other than fibres
39/20	Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary		of short length B29C 70/40; presses in general
37122	operations [4]		B30B) [4,6]
39/24	Feeding the material into the mould [4]	43/02	• of articles of definite length, i.e. discrete articles [4]
39/26	Moulds or cores [4]	43/04	using movable moulds [4]
39/28	with means to avoid flashes [4]	43/06	continuously movable [4]
39/30	with means for cutting the article [4]	43/08	with circular movement [4]
39/32	with joints or the like for making the mould	43/10	Isostatic pressing, i.e. using non-rigid pressure-
	impervious [4]	10 (10	exerting members against rigid parts or dies [4]
39/34	for undercut articles [4]	43/12	using bags surrounding the moulding
39/36	Removing moulded articles [4]	43/14	material [4]
39/38	Heating or cooling [4]	43/14	in several steps [4]
39/40	Compensating volume change, e.g. retraction [4]	43/18	. Forging [4]. incorporating preformed parts or layers,
39/42	Casting under special conditions, e.g. vacuum [4]	43/10	e.g. compression moulding around inserts or for
39/44	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]		coating articles [4]
41/00	Shaping by coating a mould, core or other substrate,	43/20	Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]
11,00	i.e. by depositing material and stripping-off the	43/22	. of articles of indefinite length [4]
	shaped article; Apparatus therefor (with compacting	43/24	Calendering [4]
	pressure B29C 43/00) [4]	43/26	in several steps (B29C 43/30 takes precedence) [4]
41/02	. for making articles of definite length, i.e. discrete	43/28	incorporating preformed parts or layers,
	articles [4]		e.g. compression moulding around inserts or for
41/04	Rotational or centrifugal casting, i.e. coating the		coating articles [4]
44 (0.5	inside of a mould by rotating the mould [4]	43/30	Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]
41/06	about two or more axes [4]	43/32	. Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary
41/08	Coating a former, core or other substrate by		operations [4]
41/10	spraying or fluidisation, e.g. spraying powder [4] by fluidisation [4]	43/34	Feeding the material to the mould or the
41/10	Spreading-out the material on a substrate [4]	12/26	compression means [4]
41/12	. Dipping a core [4]	43/36	 Moulds for making articles of definite length, i.e. discrete articles [4]
41/14	. Slip casting, i.e. applying a slip or slurry on a	43/38	with means to avoid flashes [4]
41/10	perforated or porous or absorbent surface with the	43/40	with means for cutting the article [4]
	liquid being drained away [4]	43/42	for undercut articles [4]
41/18	Slush casting, i.e. pouring moulding material into	43/44	Compression means for making articles of
	a hollow mould with excess material being poured	137 11	indefinite length [4]
	off [4]	43/46	Rollers [4]
41/20	incorporating preformed parts or layers,	43/48	Endless belts [4]
	e.g. moulding around inserts or for coating	43/50	Removing moulded articles [4]
41/22	articles [4] Making multilevered or multicelevred erticles [4]	43/52	Heating or cooling [4]
41/22	Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]	43/54	Compensating volume change, e.g. retraction [4]
41/24 41/26	 for making articles of indefinite length [4] by depositing flowable material on a rotating 	43/56	Compression moulding under special conditions,
41/20	drum [4]		e.g. vacuum [4]
41/28	 by depositing flowable material on an endless 	43/58	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]
.17.20	belt [4]	44/00	Shaping by internal pressure generated in the
41/30	incorporating preformed parts or layers,	44/00	material, e.g. swelling, foaming [6]
	e.g. moulding around inserts or for coating	44/02	for articles of definite length, i.e. discrete articles [6]
	articles [4]	44/04	consisting of at least two parts of chemically or
41/32	Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]		physically different materials, e.g. having different
41/34	. Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary		densities [6]
44 (0.5	operations [4]	44/06	Making multilayered articles [6]
41/36	. Feeding the material on to the mould, core or other	44/08	using several expanding steps [6]
41/38	substrate [4] Moulds, cores or other substrates [4]	44/10	Applying counter-pressure during expanding [6]
41/40	Moulds, cores or other substrates [4] Cores [4]	44/12	Incorporating or moulding on preformed parts,
41/40		44/14	e.g. inserts, reinforcements [6]
71/42	substrates [4]	44/14	the preformed part being a lining [6]
41/44	Articles of indefinite length [4]	44/16	shaped by the expansion of the material [6]
41/46	Heating or cooling [4]	44/18	Filling preformed cavities [6]
41/48	Compensating volume change, e.g. retraction [4]	44/20	. for articles of indefinite length [6]
41/50	Shaping under special conditions, e.g. vacuum [4]	44/22	 consisting of at least two parts of chemically or physically different materials, e.g. having different
41/52	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]		densities [6]
		44/24	Making multilayered articles [6]

44/26	using several expanding steps [6]	45/30	Flow control means disposed within the
44/28	 Expanding the moulding material on continuous moving surfaces [6] 		sprue channel, e.g. "torpedo" construction [4]
44/30	Expanding the moulding material between endless belts or rollers [6]	45/32	having several axially spaced mould cavities [4]
44/32	. Incorporating or moulding on preformed parts, e.g. linings, inserts, reinforcements [6]	45/33	having transversely, e.g. radially, movable mould parts [4]
44/34	Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary	45/34	having venting means [4]
	operations [6]	45/36	having means for locating or centering cores [4]
44/36	Feeding the material to be shaped [6]	45/37	Mould cavity walls [4]
44/38	into a closed space, i.e. to make articles of	45/38	Cutting-off equipment for sprues or ingates [4]
	definite length [6]	45/40	Removing or ejecting moulded articles [4]
44/40	by gravity, e.g. by casting [6]	45/42	using means movable from outside the mould
44/42	using pressure difference, e.g. by injection,		between mould parts [4]
44/44	by vacuum [6]	45/43	using fluid under pressure [4]
44/44	beads [6]	45/44	for undercut articles [4]
44/46	into an open space or onto moving surfaces, i.e.	45/46	Means for plasticising or homogenising the
44/40	to make articles of indefinite length [6]	45 / 47	moulding material or forcing it into the mould [4]
44/48	by gravity, e.g. casting onto, or between,	45/47	using screws (B29C 45/54 takes precedence) [4]
,	moving surfaces [6]	45/48	Plasticising screw and injection screw [4]
44/50	using pressure difference, e.g. by extrusion,	45/50	Axially movable screw [4]
	by spraying [6]	45/52	Non-return devices [4]
44/52	between moving surfaces [6]	45/53	using injection ram or piston [4]
44/54	in the form of expandable particles or	45/54	and plasticising screw [4]
11/56	beads [6]	45/56	using mould parts movable during or after
44/56	 After-treatment of articles, e.g. for altering the shape [6] 		injection, e.g. injection-compression moulding [4]
44/58	Moulds [6]	45/57	Exerting after-pressure on the moulding
44/60	Measuring, controlling or regulating [6]		material [4]
45/00	Injection moulding, i.e. forcing the required volume	45/58	Details [4]
	of moulding material through a nozzle into a closed	45/60	Screws [4]
	mould; Apparatus therefor (injection blow-moulding	45/62	Barrels or cylinders [4]
	B29C 49/06) [4]	45/63	Venting or degassing means [4]
45/02	Transfer moulding, i.e. transferring the required	45/64	Mould opening, closing or clamping devices [4]
	volume of moulding material by a plunger from a "shot" cavity into a mould cavity [4]	45/66	mechanical [4]
45/03	Injection moulding apparatus (transfer moulding	45/67	hydraulic [4]
157 05	B29C 45/02) [4]	45/68 45/70	hydro-mechanical [4]
45/04	using movable moulds (B29C 45/08 takes	43/70	 Means for plasticising or homogenising the moulding material or forcing it into the mould,
	precedence) [4]		combined with mould opening, closing or
45/06	on a turntable [4]		clamping devices [4]
45/07	using movable injection units [4]	45/72	Heating or cooling [4]
45/08	moving with the mould during the injection	45/73	of the mould [4]
45/10	operation [4]	45/74	of the injection unit [4]
45/10	 using moulds or injection units usable in different arrangements or combinations to each other [4] 	45/76	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]
45/12	using two or more fixed moulds, e.g. in tandem [4]	45/77	of velocity or pressure of moulding material [4]
45/13	using two or more injection units co-operating	45/78	of temperature [4]
	with a single mould [4]	45/80	of relative position of mould parts [4]
45/14	. incorporating preformed parts or layers, e.g. injection	45/82	Hydraulic circuits [4]
	moulding around inserts or for coating articles [4]	45/83	. Lubricating means [4]
45/16	 Making multilayered or multicoloured articles [4] 	45/84	Safety devices [4]
45/17	Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary	47/00	Extrusion moulding, i.e. expressing the moulding
47.40	operations [4]		material through a die or nozzle which imparts the
45/18	Feeding the material into the injection moulding		desired form; Apparatus therefor (extrusion blow-
45/20	apparatus [4]		moulding B29C 49/04; extrusion presses in general
45/20	. Injection nozzles [4] Multiple nozzle systems [4]	47/02	B30B 11/22) [4] . incorporating preformed parts or layers,
45/23	Feed stopping equipment [4]	7//02	e.g. extrusion moulding around inserts or for coating
45/24	Cleaning equipment [4]		articles [4]
45/26	Moulds [4]	47/04	. of multilayered or multicoloured articles [4]
45/27	Sprue channels [4]	47/06	Multilayered articles [4]
45/28	Closure devices therefor [4]	47/08	. Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary
	• •		operations [4]

47/10	Feeding the material to the extruder [4]	49/10	using mechanical means [4]
47/12	Extrusion nozzles or dies [4]	49/12	Stretching rods [4]
47/14	with broad opening, e.g. for sheets [4]	49/14	Clamps [4]
47/16	adjustable [4]	49/16	using pressure difference, e.g. pre-blowing [4]
47/18	with die parts oscillating relative to each other [4]	49/18	 using several blowing steps (B29C 49/16 takes precedence) [4]
47/20	with annular opening, e.g. for tubular	49/20	of articles having inserts or reinforcements [4]
	articles [4]	49/22	. using multilayered preforms or parisons [4]
47/22	adjustable [4]	49/24	Lining or labelling [4]
47/24	with die parts rotatable relative to each	49/26	inner lining of tubes [4]
, = .	other [4]	49/28	Blow-moulding apparatus [4]
47/26	Multiple annular extrusion nozzles [4]	49/30	 having movable moulds or mould parts [4]
47/28	Cross-head annular extrusion nozzles [4]	49/30	moving "to and fro" [4]
47/30	Multi-port extrusion nozzles [4]	49/34	the mould parts moving "hand-over-
47/32	Roller-extrusion nozzles [4]	49/34	hand" [4]
47/34	Conveyers for extruded material [4]	49/36	rotatable about one axis [4]
47/36	Means for plasticising or homogenising the	49/38	mounted on movable endless supports [4]
47730	moulding material or forcing it through the nozzle		
	or die [4]	49/40	on co-operating drums [4]
47/38	using screws [4]	49/42	 Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary operations [4]
47/40	using at least two intermeshing screws [4]	49/44	
47/42	using sub-screws, e.g. planetary	49/44	 for applying pressure through the walls of an inflated bag [4]
177 12	screws [4]	49/46	characterised by using particular environment or
47/44	using axially movable screws [4]	49/40	blow fluids other than air [4]
47/46	using screws extruding in opposite	49/48	Moulds [4]
177 10	directions [4]	49/50	
47/48	using screws arranged coaxially, one within		having cutting or deflashing means [4]
.,, .0	the other [4]	49/52	having decorating or printing means [4]
47/50	using at least two screws, one after the other,	49/54	for undercut articles [4]
11,700	e.g. multi-stage plasticisers [4]	49/56	Opening, closing or clamping means [4]
47/52	using rollers or discs [4]	49/58	Blowing means [4]
47/54	using press rams or pistons [4]	49/60	Blow-needles [4]
47/56	using more than one extruder to feed one	49/62	Venting means [4]
.,,	die [4]	49/64	Heating or cooling preforms, parisons or blown
47/58	Details [4]	10.155	articles [4]
47/60	Screws [4]	49/66	Cooling by refrigerant introduced into the
47/62	having more than one screw-thread [4]	40 / 69	blown article [4]
47/64	having incorporated mixing devices [4]	49/68	• • • Ovens specially adapted for heating preforms or parisons [4]
47/66	Barrels or cylinders [4]	49/70	Removing or ejecting blown articles from the
47/68	Filters [4]	49/70	mould [4]
47/70	Flow dividers [4]	49/72	. Deflashing outside the mould [4]
47/72	Feedback means [4]	49/74	Deflashing outside the module [4]
47/74	By-pass means [4]		
47/76	Venting or degassing means [4]	49/76	. Neck calibration [4]
47/78		49/78	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]
4///0	the stream of extruded material [4]	49/80	Testing, e.g. for leaks [4]
47/80	at plasticising zone [4]	51/00	Shaping by thermoforming, e.g. shaping sheets in
47/80	Heating the cylinders [4]		matched moulds or by deep-drawing; Apparatus
47/84	Heating the cymiders [4]		therefor [4]
	<u> </u>	51/02	. Combined thermoforming and manufacture of the
47/86	at nozzle zone [4]		preform [4]
47/88	Heating or cooling the stream of extruded material [4]	51/04	. Combined thermoforming and prestretching,
47/90	with calibration or sizing [4]		e.g. biaxial stretching [4]
47/90		51/06	using pressure difference [4]
47/94	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]	51/08	. Deep-drawing or matched-mould forming, i.e. using
	. Lubricating [4]		mechanical means only [4]
47/96	Safety devices [4]	51/10	• Forming by pressure difference, e.g. vacuum [4]
49/00	Blow-moulding, i.e. blowing a preform or parison to	51/12	 of articles having inserts or reinforcements [4]
	a desired shape within a mould; Apparatus	51/14	 using multilayered preforms or sheets [4]
	therefor [4]	51/16	. Lining or labelling [4]
49/02	. Combined blow-moulding and manufacture of the	51/18	. Thermoforming apparatus [4]
	preform or the parison [4]	51/20	having movable moulds or mould parts [4]
49/04	Extrusion blow-moulding [4]	51/22	rotatable about an axis [4]
49/06	Injection blow-moulding [4]	51/24	mounted on movable endless supports [4]

49/08 . Biaxial stretching during blow-moulding [4]

51/26	 Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary operations [4] 	53/74	using a forming surface in the shape of an endless belt which is recycled after the forming
51/28	for applying pressure through the wall of an inflated bag or diaphragm [4]	53/76	operation [4] about more than one axis [4]
51/30	Moulds [4]	53/78	using profiled sheets or strips [4]
51/32	having cutting means [4]	53/80	. Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary
51/34	for undercut articles [4]		operations [4]
51/36	specially adapted for vacuum forming [4]	53/82	Cores or mandrels [4]
51/38	Opening, closing or clamping means [4]	53/84	Heating or cooling [4]
51/40	Venting means [4]	55/00	Shaping by stretching, e.g. drawing through a die;
51/42	Heating or cooling [4]	33/00	Apparatus therefor (B29C 61/08 takes precedence) [4]
51/44	Removing or ejecting moulded articles [4]	55/02	of plates or sheets [4]
51/46	Measuring, controlling or regulating [4]	55/04	uniaxial, e.g. oblique [4]
53/00	Shaping by bending, folding, twisting, straightening	55/06	parallel with the direction of feed [4]
22700	or flattening; Apparatus therefor (B29C 61/10 takes	55/08	transverse to the direction of feed [4]
	precedence) [4]	55/10	multiaxial [4]
53/02	 Bending or folding (B29C 53/22, B29C 53/34, 	55/12	biaxial [4]
	B29C 53/36, B29C 53/56 take precedence) [4]	55/14	successively [4]
53/04	of plates or sheets [4]	55/16	simultaneously [4]
53/06	Forming folding lines by pressing or scoring [4]	55/18	by squeezing between surfaces, e.g. rollers [4]
53/08	of tubes [4]	55/20	Edge clamps [4]
53/10	of blown tubular films, e.g. gusseting [4]	55/22	of tubes [4]
53/12	. helically, e.g. for making springs [4]	55/24	radial [4]
53/14	. Twisting [4]	55/26	biaxial [4]
53/16 53/18	Straightening or flattening [4]of plates or sheets [4]	55/28	of blown tubular films, e.g. by inflation [4]
53/18	of tubes [4]	55/30	. Drawing through a die [4]
53/22	Corrugating [4]	57/00	Shaping of tube ends, e.g. flanging, belling, closing;
53/24	. of plates or sheets [4]		Apparatus therefor [4]
53/26	parallel with direction of feed [4]	57/02	• Belling or enlarging, e.g. combined with forming a
53/28	transverse to direction of feed [4]	57/04	groove [4]
53/30	of tubes (by blow-moulding B29C 49/00) [4]	57/04	using mechanical means [4]
53/32	. Coiling (B29C 53/56 takes precedence) [4]	57/06 57/08	 elastically deformable [4] using pressure difference [4]
53/34	. Rim rolling (of tube ends B29C 57/12) [4]	57/08	. Closing [4]
53/36	. Bending and joining, e.g. for making hollow articles	57/10	Rim rolling [4]
	(B29C 53/56 takes precedence; from paper B31C) [4]		
53/38	by bending sheets or strips at right angles to the	59/00	Surface shaping, e.g. embossing; Apparatus
	longitudinal axis of the article being formed and joining the edges [4]	50/02	therefor [4]
53/40	for articles of definite length, i.e. discrete	59/02 59/04	by mechanical means, e.g. pressing [4]using rollers or endless belts [4]
337 10	articles [4]	59/04	using vacuum drums [4]
53/42	using internal forming surfaces,	59/08	by flame treatment [4]
	e.g. mandrels [4]	59/10	by electric discharge treatment (electrodes H01T) [4]
53/44	rotatable about the axis of the article [4]	59/12	in an environment other than air [4]
53/46	using external forming surfaces,	59/14	by plasma treatment (in general H05H) [4]
70 / 40		37/14	
53/48	e.g. sleeves [4]		
	for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a	59/16 59/18	. by wave energy or particle radiation [4]
53/50	• • • for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4]	59/16	
53/50	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, 	59/16 59/18	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4]
	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] 	59/16	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making
53/50 53/52	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] 	59/16 59/18	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4]
	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, 	59/16 59/18	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts
53/52	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] 	59/16 59/18 61/00	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4]
53/52 53/54 53/56 53/58	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] 	59/16 59/18 61/00	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4]
53/52 53/54 53/56	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] using internal forming surfaces, 	59/16 59/18 61/00 61/02 61/04	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4] Thermal expansion [4]
53/52 53/54 53/56 53/58 53/60	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] 	59/16 59/18 61/00	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4] Thermal expansion [4] Making preforms having internal stresses, e.g. plastic
53/52 53/54 53/56 53/58 53/60 53/62	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] rotatable about the winding axis [4] 	59/16 59/18 61/00 61/02 61/04 61/06	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4] Thermal expansion [4] Making preforms having internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4]
53/52 53/54 53/56 53/58 53/60 53/62 53/64	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] rotatable about the winding axis [4] and moving axially [4] 	59/16 59/18 61/00 61/02 61/04 61/06	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4] Thermal expansion [4] Making preforms having internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] by stretching tubes [4]
53/52 53/54 53/56 53/58 53/60 53/62	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] rotatable about the winding axis [4] and moving axially [4] with axially movable winding feed 	59/16 59/18 61/00 61/02 61/04 61/06	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4] Thermal expansion [4] Making preforms having internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4]
53/52 53/54 53/56 53/58 53/60 53/62 53/64	 for articles of indefinite length, i.e. bending a strip progressively [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] using external forming surfaces, e.g. sleeves [4] Guiding, aligning or shaping edges [4] Winding and joining, e.g. winding spirally [4] helically [4] using internal forming surfaces, e.g. mandrels [4] rotatable about the winding axis [4] and moving axially [4] 	59/16 59/18 61/00 61/02 61/04 61/06	 by wave energy or particle radiation [4] by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] Shaping by liberation of internal stresses; Making preforms having internal stresses; Apparatus therefor (for surface shaping B29C 59/18; for lining articles B29C 63/38; for joining preformed parts B29C 65/66) [4] Thermal shrinking [4] Thermal expansion [4] Making preforms having internal stresses, e.g. plastic memory [4] by stretching tubes [4]

53/72 . . . using external forming surfaces [4]

63/00	Lining or sheathing, i.e. applying preformed layers or sheathings of plastics; Apparatus therefor (B29C 73/00 takes precedence; by blowing B29C 49/00; by thermoforming B29C 51/00) [4,5]	65/38 65/40	 Impulse heating [4] Applying molten plastics, e.g. hot melt (using welding bar B29C 65/12; by moulding B29C 65/70) [4]
63/02	using sheet or web-like material (B29C 63/26 takes precedence) [4]	65/42	between pre-assembled parts [4]
63/04	 by folding, winding, bending or the like [4] 	65/44	Joining a heated non-plastics element to a plastics element [4]
63/06	around tubular articles [4]	65/46	heated by induction [4]
63/08	by winding helically [4]	65/48	. using adhesives (heat-activated B29C 65/02; hot
63/10	around tubular articles [4]		melts B29C 65/40; non-mechanical parts of adhesive
63/12	by winding spirally [4]		processes, in general C09J 5/00) [4]
63/14	around tubular articles [4]	65/50	using adhesive tape [4]
63/16	applied by "rubber" bag or diaphragm [4]	65/52	Applying the adhesive [4]
63/18	 using tubular layers or sheathings (B29C 63/26 takes precedence) [4] 	65/54 65/56	between pre-assembled parts [4] . using mechanical means [4]
63/20	using pressure difference, e.g. vacuum [4]	65/58	. Snap connection [4]
63/22	using layers or sheathings having a shape adapted to	65/60	Riveting [4]
	the shape of the article (B29C 63/26 takes	65/62	Stitching [4]
	precedence) [4]	65/64	Joining a non-plastics element to a plastics
63/24	. using threads [4]		element, e.g. by force (B29C 65/44 takes
63/26	 Lining or sheathing of internal surfaces (B29C 63/38 takes precedence) [4] 		precedence) [4]
63/28	applied by "rubber" bag or diaphragm [4]	65/66	 by liberation of internal stresses, e.g. shrinking of one of the parts to be joined [4]
63/30	using sheet or web-like material [4]	65/68	using auxiliary shrinkable element [4]
63/32	by winding helically [4]	65/70	 by moulding (using a particular moulding technique,
63/34	using tubular layer or sheathings [4]		see the relevant place for that technique) [4]
63/36	being turned inside out [4]	65/72	. by combined operations, e.g. welding and
63/38	. by liberation of internal stresses [4]		stitching [4]
63/40	using sheet or web-like material [4]	65/74	by welding and severing [4]
63/42	using tubular layers or sheathings [4]	65/76	. Making non-permanent or releasable joints [4]
63/44	the shape of the layers or sheathings being adapted	65/78	 Means for handling the parts to be joined, e.g. for making containers or hollow articles [4]
63/46	to the shape of the articles [4] of internal surfaces [4]	65/80	Rotatable transfer means [4]
63/48	. Preparation of the surfaces [4]	65/82	. Testing the joint [4]
	-	67/00	Shaping techniques not covered by groups
65/00	Joining of preformed parts; Apparatus therefor (for making boxes, cartons, envelopes or bags B31B; for	07700	B29C 39/00 to B29C 65/00, B29C 70/00 or B29C 73/00 [4,6]
	sealing or securing package folds or closures B65B 51/00; joining constructional elements, in general	67/02	. Moulding by agglomerating [4]
	F16B; splicing of light guides G02B 6/255) [4,5]	67/04	Sintering (combined with compression
65/02	 by heating, with or without pressure [4] 		B29C 43/00) [4]
65/04	Dielectric heating, e.g. high-frequency welding [4]	67/06	Coagulating [4]
65/06	using friction, e.g. spin welding [4]	67/08	Screen moulding, e.g. forcing the moulding material
65/08	using ultrasonic vibrations [4]		through a perforated screen on to a moulding surface [4]
65/10	using hot gases [4]	67/20	for porous or cellular articles, e.g. of foam plastics,
65/12 65/14	 and welding bar [4] using wave energy or particle radiation [4]		coarse-pored [4]
65/16	Laser beam [4]	67/24	. characterised by the choice of material [4]
65/18	using heated tool [4]	69/00	Combinations of shaping techniques not provided for
65/20	with direct contact, e.g. using "mirror" [4]	57700	in a single one of main groups B29C 39/00 to
65/22			B29C 67/00, e.g. associations of moulding and joining
65/24	Heated wire [4]		
	. Heated wire [4]. characterised by the means for heating the	<0.10 2	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4]
		69/02	
<u>Note</u>	characterised by the means for heating the	69/02 70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts,
<u>Note</u>	characterised by the means for heating the tool [4] Classification is made in this group only if the details or		techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising
<u>Note</u>	characterised by the means for heating the tool [4]		techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts,
	characterised by the means for heating the tool [4] Classification is made in this group only if the details or adaptations of the heating means are of interest. [4]	70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts (chemical aspects C08, e.g. C08J 5/00) [6]
65/26	characterised by the means for heating the tool [4] Classification is made in this group only if the details or adaptations of the heating means are of interest. [4] Hot fluid [4]	70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts (chemical aspects C08, e.g. C08J 5/00) [6] In this group, the following terms or expressions are
	characterised by the means for heating the tool [4] Classification is made in this group only if the details or adaptations of the heating means are of interest. [4]	70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts (chemical aspects C08, e.g. C08J 5/00) [6]
65/26 65/28	characterised by the means for heating the tool [4] Classification is made in this group only if the details or adaptations of the heating means are of interest. [4] Hot fluid [4] Flame or combustible material [4]	70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts (chemical aspects C08, e.g. C08J 5/00) [6] In this group, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated: [6] "reinforcement" means a structure in the form of fibres, wires, rods, bars, sections, plates or blocks,
65/26 65/28 65/30	Classification is made in this group only if the details or adaptations of the heating means are of interest. [4] Hot fluid [4] Flame or combustible material [4] Electrical means [4] Induction [4] . using heated elements which remain in the joint,	70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts (chemical aspects C08, e.g. C08J 5/00) [6] In this group, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated: [6] "reinforcement" means a structure in the form of
65/26 65/28 65/30 65/32	Classification is made in this group only if the details or adaptations of the heating means are of interest. [4] Hot fluid [4] Flame or combustible material [4] Electrical means [4] Induction [4]	70/00	techniques; Apparatus therefor [4] . of moulding techniques only [4] Shaping composites, i.e. plastics material comprising reinforcements, fillers or preformed parts, e.g. inserts (chemical aspects C08, e.g. C08J 5/00) [6] In this group, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated: [6] "reinforcement" means a structure in the form of fibres, wires, rods, bars, sections, plates or blocks,

	- "filler" means a relatively inert substance in the	70/38	Automated lay-up, e.g. using robots, laying
	form of particles, powder, beads, flakes or spheres, which improves the physical properties or increases		filaments according to predetermined patterns [6]
	the bulk or weight of an article; [6] - "preformed part" means a part made of any material,	70/40	Shaping or impregnating by compression (B29C 70/34 takes precedence) [6]
	being completely shaped to have a determined form and which is not used as a reinforcement, e.g. wires	70/42	for producing articles of definite length, i.e. discrete articles [6]
	or nets forced only into the surface of an article; [6] - "insert" means a preformed part incorporated in an article during moulding. [6]	70/44	using isostatic pressure, e.g. pressure difference-, vacuum bag-, autoclave- or
50.400		70/46	expanding rubber-moulding [6] using matched moulds, e.g. for deforming
70/02	comprising combinations of reinforcements and fillers incorporated in matrix material, forming one or		sheet moulding compounds (SMC), prepregs [6]
70/04	more layers, with or without non-reinforced or non-filled layers [6]	70/48	in the closed mould, e.g. resin transfer
70/04	 comprising reinforcements only, e.g. self-reinforcing plastics [6] 	70/50	moulding (RTM) [6] for producing articles of indefinite length,
70/06	Fibrous reinforcements only [6]		e.g. prepregs, sheet moulding compounds
70/08	comprising combinations of different forms of fibrous reinforcements incorporated in matrix		(SMC), cross moulding compounds (XMC) [6]
	material, forming one or more layers, with or without non-reinforced layers [6]	70/52	by continuously pulling through a die [6]
70/10	• • • characterised by the structure of fibrous reinforcements [6]	70/54	Component parts, details or accessories; Auxiliary operations [6]
70/12	using fibres of short length, e.g. in the form of a mat [6]	70/56	Tensioning reinforcements before or during shaping [6]
70/14	oriented (oriented filler material B29C 70/62) [6]	70/58	. comprising fillers only [6]
70/16	using fibres of substantial or continuous length [6]	Note	
70/18	in the form of a mat, e.g. sheet moulding compound (SMC) [6]		Moulding of plastics matrix material mixed with fillers by a single technique is classified in the appropriate
70/20	oriented in a single direction, e.g. roving		place for that technique. [6]
70/22	or other parallel fibres [6] oriented in at least two directions forming	70/60	comprising a combination of distinct filler types incorporated in matrix material, forming one or
70/24	a two dimensional structure [6] oriented in at least three directions		more layers, and with or without non-filled layers [6]
70/26	forming a three dimensional structure [6] . Non-fibrous reinforcements only [6]	70/62	the filler being oriented during moulding (for fibres of short length B29C 70/14) [6]
70/28	Shaping operations therefor [6]	70/64	the filler influencing the surface characteristics of
			the material, e.g. by concentrating near the surface or by incorporation into the surface by force [6]
(1)	This group <u>covers</u> : [6] - the shaping of coherent fibrous reinforcements	70/66	• the filler comprising hollow constituents, e.g. syntactic foam [6]
	which are pre-impregnated or without binder, or of non-coherent reinforcements of fibres placed in a	70/68	 by incorporating or moulding on preformed parts, e.g. inserts, layers [6]
	mould or on a support; [6] the impregnation or introduction of a plastics matrix	Note	
(2)	in reinforcements during shaping. [6] This group does not cover: [6]		This group does not cover: [6]
(=)	the moulding by a single technique of plastics matrix material mixed with and containing		 incorporating, or moulding on, preformed parts by a single technique, which is covered by the
	reinforcing fibres of short length, which is covered		appropriate place for that technique; [6]
	by the appropriate place for that technique; [6]		- pretreatment of preformed parts <u>per se</u> , i.e.
	 the pretreatment, e.g. impregnation, of reinforcements <u>per se</u>, i.e. independently of their 		independently of their shaping, which is covered by group B29B 15/00. [6]
	shaping, which is covered by group B29B 15/08. [6]		group B27B 10/00/ [0]
		70/70	Completely encapsulating inserts [6]
70/30	Shaping by lay-up, i.e. applying fibres, tape or	70/72	Encapsulating inserts having non-encapsulated
	broadsheet on a mould, former or core; Shaping by spray-up, i.e. spraying of fibres on a mould,		projections, e.g. extremities, terminal portions of electrical components [6]
	former or core [6]	70/74	Moulding material on a relatively small portion of
70/32	on a rotating mould, former or core [6]		the preformed part, e.g. outsert moulding [6]
70/34	and shaping or impregnating by compression [6]	70/76	Moulding on edges or extremities of the preformed part [6]
70/36	*	70/78	Moulding material on one side only of the
10/30	and impregnating by casting, e.g. vacuum casting [6]		preformed part [6]

70/80	 Moulding sealing material into closure members [6] Forcing wires, nets or the like partially or completely into the surface of an article, e.g. by cutting and pressing (pressing beads or the like 	 73/04 . using preformed elements [5] 73/06 using plugs sealing in the hole [5] 73/08 Apparatus therefor, e.g. for inserting [5] 73/10 . using patches sealing on the surface of the article (B29C 73/14 takes precedence) [5]
70/84	 into a surface B29C 70/64) [6] . Moulding material on preformed parts to be joined [6] 	73/12 Apparatus therefor, e.g. for applying (B29C 73/30 takes precedence) [5]
70/86	Incorporating in coherent impregnated reinforcing layers [6]	73/14 using elements composed of two parts joined together after having been placed one on each side of the article [5]
70/88	 characterised primarily by possessing specific properties, e.g. electrically conductive, locally reinforced [6] 	73/16 • Auto-repairing or self-sealing arrangements or agents (sealing compositions, see Section C, e.g. C09K 3/10) [5]
71/00	After-treatment of articles without altering their	73/18 the article material itself being self-sealing, e.g. by compression [5]
	shape ; Apparatus therefor (B29C 44/56, B29C 73/00 take precedence; surface shaping B29C 59/00; chemical	73/20 the article material only consisting in part of a deformable sealing material [5]
71/02 71/04	aspects C08J 7/00) [4,5,6] Thermal after-treatment [4] by wave energy or particle radiation [4]	73/22 the article containing elements including a sealing composition, e.g. powder being liberated when the article is damaged [5]
73/00	Repairing of articles made from plastics or	73/24 • Apparatus or accessories not otherwise provided for [5]
	substances in a plastic state, e.g. of articles shaped or produced by using techniques covered by this subclass or subclass B29D (retreading tyres	73/26 for mechanical pretreatment [5] 73/28 for clamping and stretching flexible material, e.g. inner tubes [5]
	B29D 30/54; devices for covering leaks in pipes or hoses F16L 55/16) [5]	73/30 for local pressing or local heating [5]
73/02	 using liquid or paste-like material (B29C 73/16 takes precedence) [5] 	73/32 using an elastic element, e.g. inflatable bag [5] 73/34 for local heating [5]

PRODUCING PARTICULAR ARTICLES FROM PLASTICS OR FROM SUBSTANCES IN A PLASTIC STATE (making granules B29B 9/00; making preforms B29B 11/00) [4]

Note

Attention is drawn to Note (3) following the title of class B29. [4]

Note

In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of subclass B29K. [4]

1/00	Producing articles provided with screw threads	12/00	Producing frames
5/00	Producing elements of slide fasteners; Combined making and attaching of elements of slide fasteners [4]	12/02 15/00	Spectacle frames (constructional form G02C) Producing gear wheels or similar articles with grooves or projections, e.g. control knobs
5/02	. the fasteners having separate interlocking members [4]	16/00	Producing articles with corrugations (B29D 23/18 takes precedence) [4]
5/04	 the interlocking members being formed by continuous meander of filamentary material [4] the interlocking members being formed by 	17/00	Producing carriers of records containing fine grooves or impressions, e.g. disc records for needle playback,
5/08	continuous helix [4] the interlocking members being formed by profiled or castellated edge of a stringer [4]		cylinder records (recording sound or other information using formed grooves or the equivalent G11B); Producing record discs from master stencils [4,6]
5/10	 the interlocking members being formed by continuous profiled strip [4] 	19/00 19/04	Producing buttons or semi-finished parts of buttons . by cutting, milling, turning, stamping, or perforating
7/00	Producing flat articles, e.g. films or sheets (B29D 24/00 takes precedence) [4]	19/06	moulded parts; Surface treatment of buttons Devices for feeding semi-finished parts to the
7/01 11/00	Films or sheets [4]Producing optical elements, e.g. lenses, prisms	19/08	processing machines . Making holes in buttons or in semi-finished parts
11/02	(grinding or polishing of optical elements B24B; constructional form of optical elements G02B) [4] Artificial eyes from organic plastic material		thereof

21/00	Producing hair combs or similar toothed or slotted articles	30/36	Expansion of tyres in a flat form, e.g. of tyres built by the flat-tyre method or by jointly covering two
21/04			bead-rings [4]
21/04 21/06	 by sawing, milling, cutting, or similar operations Polishing 	30/38	Textile inserts, e.g. cord or canvas layers, for tyres
21/00	. Folishing	30730	(making woven fabrics D03D); Treatment of
22/00	Producing hollow articles (tubular articles		inserts prior to building the tyre (pretreatment of
	B29D 23/00; pneumatic tyres B29D 30/00) [4]		inserts B29B 15/00; manufacture of layers
22/02	. Inflatable articles [7]		comprising fibrous parallel reinforcements of
22/04	. Spherical articles, e.g. balls (B29D 22/02 takes		substantial or continuous length B29C 70/20) [4]
	precedence) [7]	30/40	Chemical pretreatment of textile inserts before
22 /00	D 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 (D20D 24/00 1 1		building the tyre [4]
23/00	Producing tubular articles (B29D 24/00 takes	30/42	Endless textile bands without bead-rings [4]
23/14	precedence) [4]	30/44	Stretching or treating the layers before
	. Cigar or cigarette holders [4]		application on the drum (during application
23/18	Pleated hoses [4]		B29D 30/30) [4]
23/20	Flexible squeeze tubes, e.g. for cosmetics [4]	30/46	Cutting textile inserts to required shape [4]
23/24	. Endless tubes, e.g. inner tubes for pneumatic tyres [6]	30/48	Bead-rings or bead-cores (from wire B21F 37/00);
24/00	Producing articles with hollow walls [4]		Treatment thereof prior to building the tyre [4]
, 00	11 out only with 15 to 1	30/50	Covering, e.g. by winding, the separate bead-
25/00	Producing frameless domes		rings or bead-cores with textile material, e.g. with flipper strips (folding textile layers
28/00	Producing nets or the like (by knotting D04G) [4]		around bead-rings or bead-cores B29D 30/18, B29D 30/32; jointly covering bead-rings or
29/00 29/06	Producing belts or bands [4]		bead-cores B29D 30/34) [4]
	Conveyer belts [4]	30/52	Unvulcanised treads, e.g. on used tyres;
29/08	Toothed driving belts [4]		Retreading (apparatus for forming and vulcanising
29/10	. Driving belts having wedge-shaped cross-section [4]		treads B29C 35/02; apparatus characterised by the
30/00	Producing pneumatic or solid tyres or parts thereof		means for holding wheels or parts thereof
	(producing inner tubes B29D 23/24; constructional form		B60B 30/00) [4,5]
	of tyres or parts thereof B60C; connection of valves to	30/54	Retreading [4]
	inflatable elastic bodies B60C 29/00; testing of tyres	30/56	Retreading with prevulcanised tread [4]
	G01M 17/02) [4]	30/58	Applying bands of rubber treads, i.e. applying
30/02	. Solid tyres [4]		camel backs [4]
30/04	 Resilient fillings for rubber tyres; Filling tyres 	30/60	by winding narrow strips [4]
	therewith [4]	30/62	by extrusion or injection of the tread on
30/06	• Pneumatic tyres or parts thereof [4]	20151	carcass [4]
30/08	Building tyres [4]	30/64	Tyre spreaders [4]
30/10	on round cores, i.e. the shape of the core is	30/66	Moulding treads on to tyre casings, e.g. non-
	approximately identical with the shape of the	20150	skid treads with spikes [4]
	completed tyre [4]	30/68	Cutting profiles into the treads of tyres [4]
30/12	Cores [4]	30/70	Annular breakers [4]
30/14	Rolling-down or pressing-down the layers in	30/72	Side-walls [4]
	the building process [4]	33/00	Producing bushes for bearings [2010.01]
30/16	Applying the layers; Guiding or stretching	33700	Trouveing busines for bearings [2010.01]
	the layers during application [4]	35/00	Producing footwear [2010.01]
30/18	Fitting the bead-rings or bead-cores; Folding		
	the textile layers around the rings or		
20/20	cores [4]	(1)	Classification is made in this group if the moulding
30/20	 by the flat-tyre method, i.e. building on cylindrical drums [4] 	(1)	technique is of interest. [2010.01]
20/22		(2)	The assembling of individual parts by mechanical
30/22	Breaker plies being applied in the	. ,	joining is classified in subclass A43D, e.g. by gluing
30/24	unexpanded state [4]		shoe parts A43D 25/00. [2010.01]
	Drums [4]		
30/26	Accessories or details, e.g. membranes, transferrings [4]	35/02	. made in one piece using a moulding technique,
30/29	<u> </u>		e.g. by injection moulding or casting [2010.01]
30/28	Rolling-down or pressing-down the layers in the building process [4]	35/04	having multilayered parts [2010.01]
30/30		35/06	. having soles or heels formed and joined on to
30/30	the layers during application [4]		preformed uppers using a moulding technique, e.g. by
30/32	Fitting the bead-rings or bead-cores; Folding		injection moulding, pressing and
30/32	the textile layers around the rings or		vulcanising [2010.01]
	cores [4]	35/08	having multilayered parts [2010.01]
30/34	by jointly covering two bead-rings, located	35/10	. having preformed soles or heels joined on to
30/37	parallel to each other at a distance apart, with		preformed uppers using a moulding technique, e.g. by
	fabric or cord layers [4]		feeding or injecting plastics material between the
			parts to be joined [2010.01]

35/14

35/12 . Producing parts thereof, e.g. soles, heels or uppers, by a moulding technique [2010.01]

. . Multilayered parts [2010.01]

99/00 Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass [2010.01]

B29K INDEXING SCHEME ASSOCIATED WITH SUBCLASSES B29B, B29C OR B29D, RELATING TO MOULDING MATERIALS OR TO MATERIALS FOR REINFORCEMENTS, FILLERS OR PREFORMED PARTS, E.G. INSERTS [4]

- (1) This subclass constitutes an indexing scheme associated with subclasses B29B, B29C or B29D. [4]
- (2) In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
 - "rubber" covers:
 - (a) natural or conjugated diene rubbers;
 - (b) rubber in general (for a specific rubber, other than a natural rubber or a conjugated diene rubber, <u>see</u> the group provided for such macromolecular compounds). [4]

Subclass index

COMPOSITIONS FOR FILLERS.......401/00 to 511/00 COMPOSITIONS FOR PREFORMED PARTS601/00 to 711/00

Compositions for moulding materials; Condition, form or state of moulded material [6]		55/00	Specific polymers obtained by polymerisation reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon
1/00	Cellulose, modified cellulose or cellulose derivatives, e.g. viscose [4]	55/02	unsaturated bonds, not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 23/00 to B29K 45/00 [4] . ABS polymers, i.e. acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene
7/00	Natural rubber [4]		polymers [4]
9/00 9/06	Rubber derived from conjugated dienes [4] . SB polymers, i.e. butadiene-styrene polymers [4]	59/00	Polyacetals [4]
19/00	Rubber not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 7/00 to B29K 9/00 [4]	61/00 61/04 61/20	Condensation polymers of aldehydes or ketones [4] . Phenoplasts [4] . Aminoplasts [4]
21/00	Unspecified rubbers or elastomers [4]	63/00	Epoxy resins [4]
23/00	Polyalkenes [4]	67/00	Polyesters [4]
25/00	Polymers of vinyl-aromatic compounds [4]	69/00	Polycarbonates [4]
27/00	Polyvinylhalogenides [4]	71/00	Polyethers [4]
27/06 27/12	PVC, i.e. polyvinylchloride [4] containing fluorine [4]	73/00	Other polymers having oxygen as the only hetero atom in the main chain [4]
27/18	. PTFE, i.e. polytetrafluorethene [4]	75/00	Polyureas; Polyurethanes [4]
29/00	Polyvinylalcohols, polyvinylethers, polyvinylaldehydes, polyvinylketones or	77/00	Polyamides, e.g. polyesteramides [4]
31/00	polyvinylketals [4]	79/00	Other polymers having nitrogen in the main chain, with or without oxygen or carbon only [4]
	Polyvinylesters [4]	0.1.10.0	
33/00	Polymers of unsaturated acids or derivatives thereof (B29K 35/00 takes precedence) [4]	81/00	Polymers having sulfur in the main chain, with or without nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [4]
33/04 33/18 33/20	 Polymers of esters [4] Polymers of nitriles [4] PAN, i.e. polyacrylonitrile [4] 	83/00	Polymers having silicon in the main chain, with or without sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [4]
	, 1 , 1	85/00	Polymers having other elements in the main chain [4]
35/00 45/00	Polymers of unsaturated polycarboxylic acids [4] Polymers of unsaturated cyclic compounds having no unsaturated aliphatic groups in a side-chain, e.g. coumarone-indene resins [4]	86/00	Specific polymers obtained by polycondensation or polyaddition not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 59/00 to B29K 85/00 [4]
		91/00	Waxes [4]
		95/00	Bituminous materials [4]

96/00	Specified macromolecular materials not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 1/00 to	233/18 233/20	Polymers of nitriles [6]PAN, i.e. polyacrylonitrile [6]
96/02	B29K 95/00 [4] . Graft polymers (B29K 55/02 takes precedence) [4]	235/00	Polymers of unsaturated polycarboxylic acids [6]
96/04	Block polymers (B29K 55/02 takes precedence) [4]	245/00	Polymers of unsaturated cyclic compounds having no
101/00	Unspecified macromolecular compounds (unspecified rubbers B29K 21/00) [4]		unsaturated aliphatic groups in a side-chain, e.g. coumarone-indene resins [6]
101/10	. Thermosetting resins [4]	255/00	Specific polymers obtained by polymerisation
101/12	. Thermoplastic materials [6]		reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds, not provided for in a single one
103/00	Resin-bonded materials [4]		of main groups B29K 223/00 to B29K 245/00 [6]
103/04	. Inorganic materials [4]	255/02	. ABS polymers, i.e. acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene
103/06	. Metal powders, metal carbides or the like [4]		polymers [6]
103/08	Mineral aggregates, e.g. sand, clay or the like [4]	259/00	Polyacetals [6]
105/00	Condition, form or state of moulded material [4]	261/00	Condensation polymers of aldehydes or ketones [6]
105/02	. heat-shrinkable [4]	261/04	Phenoplasts [6]
$\frac{105/04}{105/06}$	cellular or porous [4]	$\frac{261}{0}$. Aminoplasts [6]
105/08	 containing reinforcements, fillers or inserts [4] of continuous length, e.g. cords, rovings, mats, 	262/00	
103700	fabrics, strands, yarns [4]	263/00	Epoxy resins [6]
105/10	oriented [4]	267/00	Polyesters [6]
105/12	 of short lengths, e.g. chopped filaments, staple fibres, bristles [4] 	269/00	Polycarbonates [6]
105/14	oriented [4]	271/00	Polyethers [6]
105/16	. Fillers [4]	273/00	Other polymers having oxygen as the only hetero
$\frac{105/18}{105/20}$	oriented [4] Inserts [4]		atom in the main chain [6]
$\frac{105/20}{105/22}$	metallic [4]	275/00	Polyureas; Polyurethanes [6]
105/24	. cross-linked or vulcanised [4]		
105/26	. Scrap [4]	277/00	Polyamides, e.g. polyesteramides [6]
105/28	. opaque [4]	279/00	Other polymers having nitrogen in the main chain,
105/30	. reflecting [4]		with or without oxygen or carbon only [6]
105/32	transparent [4]	281/00	Polymers having sulfur in the main chain, with or
105/34	. insulating [4]		without nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [6]
Composi	tions for reinforcements [6]	283/00	Polymers having silicon in the main chain, with or without sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [6]
201/00	Cellulose, modified cellulose or cellulose derivatives, e.g. viscose [6]	285/00	Polymers having other elements in the main chain [6]
207/00	Natural rubber [6]	286/00	Specific polymers obtained by polycondensation or
209/00	Rubber derived from conjugated dienes [6]		polyaddition not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 259/00 to B29K 285/00 [6]
209/06	. SB polymers, i.e. butadiene-styrene polymers [6]	295/00	Bituminous materials [6]
219/00	Rubber not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 207/00 or B29K 209/00 [6]	296/00	Specific macromolecular materials not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 201/00 to
221/00	Unspecified rubbers or elastomers [6]		B29K 295/00 [6]
223/00	Polyalkenes [6]	296/02 296/04	 Graft polymers (B29K 255/02 takes precedence) [6] Block polymers (B29K 255/02 takes precedence) [6]
225/00	Polymers of vinyl-aromatic compounds [6]	301/00	Unspecified macromolecular compounds (unspecified
227/00	Polyvinylhalogenides [6]	201.416	rubbers or elastomers B29K 221/00) [6]
227/06	• PVC, i.e. polyvinylchloride [6]	301/10	Thermosetting resins [6]
227/12	. containing fluorine [6]	301/12	. Thermoplastic materials [6]
227/18	PTFE, i.e. polytetrafluoroethene [6]	303/00	Resin-bonded materials [6]
229/00	Polyvinylalcohols, polyvinylethers,	303/04	. Inorganic materials [6]
	polyvinylaldehydes, polyvinylketones or	303/06	Metal powders, metal carbides or the like [6]
	polyvinylketals [6]	303/08	Mineral aggregates, e.g. sand, clay or the like [6]
231/00	Polyvinylesters [6]	305/00	Metals, their alloys or their compounds [6]
233/00	Polymers of unsaturated acids or derivatives thereof (B29K 235/00 takes precedence) [6]		
233/04	Polymers of esters [6]		

233/04

. Polymers of esters [6]

<u>Note</u>		435/00	Polymers of unsaturated polycarboxylic acids [6]
	Alloys or compounds of specified metals are indexed with the same code as the specified metals. [6]	445/00	Polymers of unsaturated cyclic compounds having no unsaturated aliphatic groups in a side-chain, e.g. coumarone-indene resins [6]
305/02 305/04 305/06 305/08	 Aluminium [6] Lead [6] Tin [6] Transition metals [6] 	455/00	Specific polymers obtained by polymerisation reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds, not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 423/00 to B29K 445/00 [6]
$\frac{305/10}{305/12}$	Copper [6] Iron [6]	455/02	ABS polymers, i.e. acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene polymers [6]
307/00	Elements other than metals [6]	459/00	Polyacetals [6]
307/02 307/04	. Boron [6] . Carbon [6]	461/00 461/04	Condensation polymers of aldehydes or ketones [6] . Phenoplasts [6]
309/00	Inorganic materials not provided for in groups B29K 303/00 to B29K 307/00 [6]	461/20	. Aminoplasts [6]
309/02	. Ceramics [6]	463/00	Epoxy resins [6]
309/04	Carbides; Nitrides [6]	467/00	Polyesters [6]
309/06 309/08	. Concrete [6] . Glass [6]	469/00	Polycarbonates [6]
309/10	. Mica [6]	471/00	Polyethers [6]
309/12 311/00	. Asbestos [6] Natural products or their composites not provided	473/00	Other polymers having oxygen as the only hetero atom in the main chain [6]
211 /02	for in groups B29K 201/00 to B29K 309/00 [6]	475/00	Polyureas; Polyurethanes [6]
311/02 311/04	. Cork [6] . Linoleum [6]	477/00	Polyamides, e.g. polyesteramides [6]
311/06	. Bone, horn, ivory [6]	479/00	Other polymers having nitrogen in the main chain,
311/08	Leather [6]	7/2/00	with or without oxygen or carbon only [6]
$\frac{311}{10}$	Natural fibres, e.g. wool, cotton [6]Paper, e.g. cardboard [6]	481/00	Polymers having sulfur in the main chain, with or
311/14	. Wood, e.g. woodboard, fibreboard [6]		without nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [6]
Composi	itions for fillers [6]	483/00	Polymers having silicon in the main chain, with or without sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [6]
401/00	Cellulose, modified cellulose or cellulose derivatives, e.g. viscose [6]	485/00	Polymers having other elements in the main chain [6]
407/00	Natural rubber [6]	486/00	Specific polymers obtained by polycondensation or polyaddition not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 459/00 to B29K 485/00 [6]
409/00 409/06	Rubber derived from conjugated dienes [6] . SB polymers, i.e. butadiene-styrene polymers [6]	491/00	Waxes [6]
419/00	Rubber not provided for in a single one of main	495/00	Bituminous materials [6]
115700	groups B29K 407/00 or B29K 409/00 [6]		
421/00	Unspecified rubbers or elastomers [6]	496/00	Specific macromolecular materials not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 401/00 to B29K 495/00 [6]
423/00	Polyalkenes [6]	496/02	. Graft polymers (B29K 455/02 takes precedence) [6]
425/00	Polymers of vinyl-aromatic compounds [6]	496/04	. Block polymers (B29K 455/02 takes precedence) [6]
427/00	Polyvinylhalogenides [6]	501/00	Unspecified macromolecular compounds (unspecified rubbers or elastomers B29K 421/00) [6]
427/06 427/12	PVC, i.e. polyvinylchloride [6]containing fluorine [6]	501/10	Thermosetting resins [6]
427/12	. PTFE, i.e. polytetrafluoroethene [6]	501/12	. Thermoplastic materials [6]
429/00	Polyvinylalcohols, polyvinylethers,	503/00	Resin-bonded materials [6]
125700	polyvinylaldehydes, polyvinylketones or polyvinylketals [6]	503/04 503/06	Inorganic materials [6]Metal powders, metal carbides or the like [6]
431/00	Polyvinylesters [6]	503/08	Mineral aggregates, e.g. sand, clay or the like [6]
433/00	Polymers of unsaturated acids or derivatives thereof (B29K 435/00 takes precedence) [6]	505/00	Metals, their alloys or their compounds [6]
433/04	. Polymers of esters [6]		
433/18 433/20	Polymers of nitriles [6]PAN, i.e. polyacrylonitrile [6]		

<u>Note</u>		635/00	Polymers of unsaturated polycarboxylic acids [6]
	Alloys or compounds of specified metals are indexed with the same code as the specified metals. [6]	645/00	Polymers of unsaturated cyclic compounds having no unsaturated aliphatic groups in a side-chain, e.g. coumarone-indene resins [6]
505/02 505/04 505/06 505/08 505/10	 Aluminium [6] Lead [6] Tin [6] Transition metals [6] 	655/00 655/02	Specific polymers obtained by polymerisation reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds, not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 623/00 to B29K 645/00 [6] . ABS polymers, i.e. acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene
505/12	Copper [6] Iron [6]		polymers [6]
505/14	Noble metals, e.g. silver, gold, platinum [6]	659/00	Polyacetals [6]
507/00 507/02 507/04	Elements other than metals [6] . Boron [6] . Carbon [6]	661/00 661/04 661/20	Condensation polymers of aldehydes or ketones [6] . Phenoplasts [6] . Aminoplasts [6]
509/00	Inorganic materials not provided for in groups B29K 503/00 to B29K 507/00 [6]	663/00	Epoxy resins [6]
509/02	. Ceramics [6]	667/00	Polyesters [6]
509/04	. Carbides; Nitrides [6]	669/00	Polycarbonates [6]
509/06	. Concrete [6]		
509/08 509/10	. Glass [6] . Mica [6]	671/00	Polyethers [6]
509/10	. Asbestos [6]	673/00	Other polymers having oxygen as the only hetero atom in the main chain [6]
511/00	Natural products or their composites, not provided for in groups B29K 401/00 to B29K 509/00 [6]	675/00	Polyureas; Polyurethanes [6]
511/02	. Cork [6]	677/00	Polyamides, e.g. polyesteramides [6]
511/04	Linoleum [6]	679/00	Other polymers having nitrogen in the main chain,
511/06 511/08	. Bone, horn, ivory [6] . Leather [6]		with or without oxygen or carbon only [6]
511/00	Natural fibres, e.g. wool, cotton [6]	681/00	Polymers having sulfur in the main chain, with or
511/12	. Paper, e.g. cardboard [6]		without nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [6]
511/14	. Wood, e.g. woodboard, fibreboard [6]	683/00	Polymers having silicon in the main chain, with or without sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon only [6]
Composi	tions for preformed parts, e.g. inserts [6]	685/00	Polymers having other elements in the main chain [6]
601/00	Cellulose, modified cellulose or cellulose derivatives, e.g. viscose [6]	686/00	Specific polymers obtained by polycondensation or polyaddition not provided for in a single one of main
607/00	Natural rubber [6]		groups B29K 659/00 to B29K 685/00 [6]
609/00	Rubber derived from conjugated dienes [6]	691/00	Waxes [6]
609/06	. SB polymers, i.e. butadiene-styrene polymers [6]	695/00	Bituminous materials [6]
619/00	Rubber not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 607/00 or B29K 609/00 [6]	696/00	Specific macromolecular materials not provided for in a single one of main groups B29K 601/00 to
621/00	Unspecified rubbers or elastomers [6]	696/02	B29K 695/00 [6] Graft polymers (P20K 655/02 tokes precedence) [6]
623/00	Polyalkenes [6]	696/02	 Graft polymers (B29K 655/02 takes precedence) [6] Block polymers (B29K 655/02 takes precedence) [6]
625/00	Polymers of vinyl-aromatic compounds [6]	701/00	Unspecified macromolecular compounds (unspecified
627/00	Polyvinylhalogenides [6]	701 /10	rubbers or elastomers B29K 621/00) [6]
627/06	PVC, i.e. polyvinylchloride [6]	701/10 $701/12$	Thermosetting resins [6]Thermoplastic materials [6]
627/12 627/18	containing fluorine [6]PTFE, i.e. polytetrafluoroethene [6]		-
		703/00 703/04	Resin-bonded materials [6] . Inorganic materials [6]
629/00	Polyvinylalcohols, polyvinylethers, polyvinylaldehydes, polyvinylketones or polyvinylketals [6]	703/06 703/08	 Metal powders, metal carbides or the like [6] Mineral aggregates, e.g. sand, clay or the like [6]
631/00	Polyvinylesters [6]	705/00	Metals, their alloys or their compounds [6]
633/00	Polymers of unsaturated acids or derivatives thereof (B29K 635/00 takes precedence) [6]		
633/04	• Polymers of esters [6]		
633/18	Polymers of nitriles [6]		
633/20	PAN i e polyacrylonitrile [6]		

. . PAN, i.e. polyacrylonitrile [6]

<u>Note</u>		709/00	Inorganic materials not provided for in groups B29K 703/00 to B29K 707/00 [6]
705/02 705/04 705/06 705/08 705/10 705/12 705/14 707/00 707/02	Alloys or compounds of specified metals are indexed with the same code as the specified metals. [6] . Aluminium [6] . Lead [6] . Tin [6] . Transition metals [6] . Copper [6] . Iron [6] . Noble metals, e.g. silver, gold, platinum [6] Elements other than metals [6] . Boron [6]	709/00 709/02 709/04 709/06 709/08 709/10 709/12 711/00 711/02 711/04 711/06 711/08	Inorganic materials not provided for in groups B29K 703/00 to B29K 707/00 [6] Ceramics [6] Concrete [6] Glass [6] Mica [6] Asbestos [6] Natural products or their composites, not provided for in groups B29K 601/00 to B29K 709/00 [6] Cork [6] Linoleum [6] Bone, horn, ivory [6] Leather [6]
707/04	. Carbon [6]	711/10 711/12 711/14	 Natural fibres, e.g. wool, cotton [6] Paper, e.g. cardboard [6] Wood, e.g. woodboard, fibreboard [6]

B29L INDEXING SCHEME ASSOCIATED WITH SUBCLASS B29C, RELATING TO PARTICULAR ARTICLES [4]

<u>Note</u>

This subclass constitutes an indexing scheme associated with subclass B29C. [4]

1/00	Articles provided with screw threads [4]	29/00	Belts or bands [4]
5/00	Elements of slide fasteners [4]	30/00	Pneumatic or solid tyres or parts thereof (inner tubes B29L 23/24) [4]
7/00	Flat articles, e.g. films or sheets (B29L 24/00 takes precedence) [4]	31/00	Other particular articles [4]
9/00	Layered products [4]	31/04 31/06	Bearings [4]Rods, e.g. connecting rods [4]
11/00	Optical elements, e.g. lenses, prisms [4]	31/08	Blades for rotors, stators, fans, turbines or the like, e.g. screw propellers [4]
12/00	Frames [4]	31/10	Building elements, e.g. bricks, blocks, tiles, panels, posts, beams [4]
15/00	Gear wheels or similar articles with grooves or projections, e.g. control knobs [4]	31/12	Chains [4] Filters, sieves or screens [4]
16/00	Articles with corrugations (B29L 23/18 takes precedence) [4]	31/16 31/18	 Frictional elements, e.g. brake or clutch linings [4] Heat-exchangers or parts thereof [4]
17/00	Carriers of records containing fine grooves or impressions, e.g. disc records for needle playback,	31/20 31/22	 Fuel-blocks, e.g. nuclear fuel elements [4] Hinges [4]
	cylinder records [4]	31/24	Pipe joints or couplings (B29L 31/26 takes precedence) [4]
19/00 21/00	Buttons or semi-finished parts of buttons [4]	31/26	 Sealing devices, e.g. packaging for pistons or pipe joints [4]
	Hair combs or similar toothed or slotted articles [4]	31/28	Tools, e.g. cutlery [4]
22/00	Hollow articles (tubular articles B29L 23/00; pneumatic tyres B29L 30/00) [4]	31/30	 Vehicles, e.g. ships or aircraft, or body parts thereof [4]
22/02	. Inflatable articles (balls B29L 31/54) [5]	31/32	. Wheels, pinions, pulleys, castors or rollers [4]
23/00 23/14	Tubular articles (B29L 24/00 takes precedence) [4] Cigar or cigarette holders [4]	31/34	 Electrical apparatus, e.g. sparking plugs or parts thereof [4]
23/18	. Pleated hoses [4]	31/36	Plugs, connectors, or parts thereof [4]
23/20	. Flexible squeeze tubes, e.g. for cosmetics [4]	31/38	Loudspeaker cones; Acoustic diaphragms [4]
23/24	• Endless tubes, e.g. inner tubes for pneumatic tyres [6]	31/40	. Test specimens [4]
24/00	Articles with hollow walls [4]	31/42	Brushes [4]Furniture or parts thereof [4]
		31/44	. Knobs or handles [4]
25/00	Frameless domes [4]	31/48	. Wearing apparel [4]
28/00	Nets or the like [4]	31/50	Footwear, e.g. shoes or parts thereof [4]

31/52 • Sports equipment; Toys (B29L 31/54 takes precedence) [4]

31/54 . Balls [4]

31/56 . Stoppers or lids for bottles, jars, or the like [4]

31/58 • Upholstery or cushions, e.g. vehicle upholstery or interior padding [4]

31/60

• Multitubular or multicompartmented articles, e.g. honeycomb [4]