# SECTION C — CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

COATING METALLIC MATERIAL; COATING MATERIAL WITH METALLIC MATERIAL; CHEMICAL SURFACE TREATMENT; DIFFUSION TREATMENT OF METALLIC MATERIAL; COATING BY VACUUM EVAPORATION, BY SPUTTERING, BY ION IMPLANTATION OR BY CHEMICAL VAPOUR DEPOSITION, IN GENERAL; INHIBITING CORROSION OF METALLIC MATERIAL OR INCRUSTATION IN GENERAL

### Note(s)

In this class, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:

- "metallic material" covers:
  - a. metals;
  - b. alloys (attention is drawn to the Note following the title of subclass C22C).
- COATING METALLIC MATERIAL; COATING MATERIAL WITH METALLIC MATERIAL; SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALLIC MATERIAL BY DIFFUSION INTO THE SURFACE, BY CHEMICAL CONVERSION OR SUBSTITUTION; COATING BY VACUUM EVAPORATION, BY SPUTTERING, BY ION IMPLANTATION OR BY CHEMICAL VAPOUR DEPOSITION, IN GENERAL (applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces in general B05; making metal-coated products by extrusion B21C 23/22; covering with metal by connecting pre-existing layers to articles, see the relevant places, e.g. B21D 39/00, B23K; working of metal by the action of a high concentration of electric current on a workpiece using an electrode B23H; metallising of glass C03C; metallising mortars, concrete, artificial stone, ceramics or natural stone C04B 41/00; paints, varnishes, lacquers C09D; enamelling of, or applying a vitreous layer to, metals C23D; inhibiting corrosion of metallic material or incrustation in general C23F; treating metal surfaces or coating of metals by electrolysis or electrophoresis C25D, C25F; single-crystal film growth C30B; by metallising textiles D06M 11/83; decorating textiles by locally metallising D06Q 1/04; details of scanning-probe apparatus, in general G01Q; manufacture of semiconductor devices H01L; manufacture of printed circuits H05K) [4]

### Note(s)

In this subclass, an operation is considered as pretreatment or after-treatment when it is specially adapted for, but quite distinct from, the coating process concerned and constitutes an independent operation. If an operation results in the formation of a permanent sub- or upper layer, it is not considered as pretreatment or after-treatment and is classified as a multi-coating process.

### **Subclass index**

COATING USING MOLTEN COATING MATERIAL	2/00-6/00
SOLID STATE DIFFUSION COATING	8/00-12/00
COATING BY VACUUM EVAPORATION, SPUTTERING OR ION-IMPLANTATION	14/00
CHEMICAL COATING	16/00-20/00
CONTACT PLATING	18/00
CHEMICAL SURFACE TREATMENT	22/00
COATING USING INORGANIC POWDER	24/00
OTHER COATING, MULTI-LAYER COATING	26/00, 28/00
COMPOSITION OF METALLIC COATING MATERIAL	30/00

### Coating by applying the coating material in the molten state [4]

- 2/00 Hot-dipping or immersion processes for applying the coating material in the molten state without affecting the shape; Apparatus therefor [4]
- Pretreatment of the material to be coated, e.g. for coating on selected surface areas (C23C 2/30 takes precedence) [4]
- 2/04 characterised by the coating material [4]
- 2/06 Zinc or cadmium or alloys based thereon [4]
- 2/08 • Tin or alloys based thereon [4]

- 2/10 • Lead or alloys based thereon [4]
- 2/12 • Aluminium or alloys based thereon [4]
- Removing excess of molten coatings; Controlling or regulating the coating thickness (controlling or regulating thickness in general G05D 5/02) [4]
- 2/16 using fluids under pressure, e.g. air knives [4]
- 2/18 • Removing excess of molten coatings from elongated material [4]
- 2/20 • • Strips; Plates **[4]**
- 2/22 • by rubbing, e.g. using knives [4]
- 2/24 • using magnetic or electric fields [4]

2/26 2/28	<ul><li> After-treatment (C23C 2/14 takes precedence) [4]</li><li> Thermal after-treatment, e.g. treatment in oil</li></ul>	8/36	<ul> <li>using ionised gases, e.g. ionitriding (discharge tubes with provision for introducing objects or</li> </ul>
	bath <b>[4]</b>		material to be exposed to the discharge
2/30	• Fluxes or coverings on molten baths (C23C 2/22	8/38	H01J 37/00) [4]  • • • Treatment of ferrous surfaces [4]
2/22	takes precedence) [4]	8/40	<ul> <li>using liquids, e.g. salt baths, liquid suspensions [4]</li> </ul>
2/32	<ul> <li>using vibratory energy applied to the bath or substrate (C23C 2/14 takes precedence) [4]</li> </ul>	8/42	<ul> <li>only one element being applied [4]</li> </ul>
2/34	• characterised by the shape of the material to be	8/44	• • Carburising [4]
2/34	treated (C23C 2/14 takes precedence) [4]	8/46	• • • • of ferrous surfaces [4]
2/36	Elongated material [4]		Nitriding [4]
2/38	• • • Wires; Tubes [4]	8/48 8/50	• • • • of ferrous surfaces [4]
2/40	• • • Plates; Strips [4]	8/52	<ul> <li>more than one element being applied in one</li> </ul>
2/40	Tiuces, outpo [4]	0/32	step [4]
4/00	Coating by spraying the coating material in the	8/54	• • • Carbo-nitriding [4]
	molten state, e.g. by flame, plasma or electric	8/56	• • • • of ferrous surfaces [4]
	discharge (built-up welding B23K, e.g. B23K 5/18,	8/58	<ul> <li>more than one element being applied in more than</li> </ul>
	B23K 9/04; spraying guns B05B; making alloys	0/30	one step [4]
	containing fibres or filaments by thermal spraying of	8/60	<ul> <li>using solids, e.g. powders, pastes (using liquid</li> </ul>
4/02	metal C22C 47/16; plasma guns H05H) [4] • Pretreatment of the material to be coated, e.g. for	3, 33	suspensions of solids C23C 8/40) [4]
4/02	coating on selected surface areas [4]	8/62	<ul> <li>only one element being applied [4]</li> </ul>
4/04	• characterised by the coating material [4]	8/64	• • • Carburising [4]
4/04	Metallic material [4]	8/66	• • • of ferrous surfaces [4]
4/08	• • containing only metal elements [4]	8/68	• • • Boronising [4]
4/10	Oxides, borides, carbides, nitrides, silicides or	8/70	• • • of ferrous surfaces [4]
4/10	mixtures thereof [4]	8/72	<ul> <li>more than one element being applied in one</li> </ul>
4/12	• characterised by the method of spraying [4]		step [4]
4/14	<ul> <li>for covering elongated material [4]</li> </ul>	8/74	• • • Carbo-nitriding [4]
4/16	• • • Wires; Tubes [4]	8/76	• • • of ferrous surfaces [4]
4/18	• After-treatment [4]	8/78	• • more than one element being applied in more than
7/10	riter-treatment [4]		one step [4]
6/00	Coating by casting molten material on the	8/80	After-treatment [4]
	substrate [4]		
		10/00	Solid state diffusion of only metal elements or silicon into metallic material surfaces [4]
Solid stat	te diffusion into metallic material surfaces [4]	10/02	<ul> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated</li> </ul>
			(C23C 10/04 takes precedence) [4]
8/00	Solid state diffusion of only non-metal elements into	10/04	<ul> <li>Diffusion into selected surface areas, e.g. using</li> </ul>
	metallic material surfaces (diffusion of silicon		masks [4]
	C23C 10/00); Chemical surface treatment of metallic	40.100	
		10/06	• using gases [4]
	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive	10/06 10/08	<ul><li>using gases [4]</li><li>only one element being diffused [4]</li></ul>
	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in		
	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of	10/08	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> </ul>
8/02	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in	10/08 10/10	<ul><li>• only one element being diffused [4]</li><li>• • Chromising [4]</li></ul>
8/02	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (C23C 14/00 takes precedence) [4]	10/08 10/10 10/12	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>of ferrous surfaces [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in one step [4]</li> </ul>
8/02 8/04	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (C23C 14/00 takes precedence) [4]  • Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 8/04	10/08 10/10 10/12	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>of ferrous surfaces [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in one step [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in more than</li> </ul>
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8/04 8/06 8/08 8/10 8/12 8/14 8/16 8/18 8/20 8/22 8/24	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (C23C 14/00 takes precedence) [4]  • Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 8/04 takes precedence) [4]  • Treatment of selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]  • using gases [4]  • only one element being applied [4]  • Oxidising [4]  • using elemental oxygen or ozone [4]  • using oxygen-containing compounds, e.g. H2O, CO2 [4]  • Oxidising of ferrous surfaces [4]  • Carburising [4]  • Nitriding [4]	10/08 10/10 10/12 10/14 10/16 10/18 10/20 10/22 10/24 10/26 10/28 10/30	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>offerrous surfaces [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in one step [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in more than one step [4]</li> <li>using liquids, e.g. salt baths, liquid suspensions [4]</li> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Metal melt containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>Salt bath containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>using solids, e.g. powders, pastes [4]</li> <li>using a layer of powder or paste on the surface (using liquid suspensions of solids C23C 10/18) [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>Embedding in a powder mixture, i.e. pack</li> </ul>
8/04 8/06 8/08 8/10 8/12 8/14 8/16 8/18 8/20 8/22 8/24 8/26 8/28	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (C23C 14/00 takes precedence) [4]  Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 8/04 takes precedence) [4]  Treatment of selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]  using gases [4]  only one element being applied [4]  outing [4]  outing elemental oxygen or ozone [4]  outing oxygen-containing compounds, e.g. H2O, CO2 [4]  carburising [4]  carburising [4]  outing [4]  outing element being applied in one step [4]	10/08 10/10 10/12 10/14 10/16 10/18 10/20 10/22 10/24 10/26 10/28 10/30	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>chromising [4]</li> <li>offerrous surfaces [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in one step [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in more than one step [4]</li> <li>using liquids, e.g. salt baths, liquid suspensions [4]</li> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Metal melt containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>Salt bath containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>using solids, e.g. powders, pastes [4]</li> <li>using a layer of powder or paste on the surface (using liquid suspensions of solids C23C 10/18) [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>Embedding in a powder mixture, i.e. pack cementation [4]</li> </ul>
8/04 8/06 8/08 8/10 8/12 8/14 8/16 8/18 8/20 8/22 8/24 8/26 8/28	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (C23C 14/00 takes precedence) [4]  Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 8/04 takes precedence) [4]  Treatment of selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]  using gases [4]  only one element being applied [4]  outing [4]  outing elemental oxygen or ozone [4]  outing oxygen-containing compounds, e.g. H2O, CO2 [4]  conditions of ferrous surfaces [4]  conditions of ferrous surfaces [4]  outing elemental oxygen or ozone [4]  outing oxygen-containing compounds, e.g. H2O, CO2 [4]	10/08 10/10 10/12 10/14 10/16 10/18 10/20 10/22 10/24 10/26 10/28 10/30	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>of ferrous surfaces [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in one step [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in more than one step [4]</li> <li>using liquids, e.g. salt baths, liquid suspensions [4]</li> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Metal melt containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>Salt bath containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>using solids, e.g. powders, pastes [4]</li> <li>using a layer of powder or paste on the surface (using liquid suspensions of solids C23C 10/18) [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>Embedding in a powder mixture, i.e. pack cementation [4]</li> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> </ul>
8/04 8/06 8/08 8/10 8/12 8/14 8/16 8/18 8/20 8/22 8/24 8/26 8/28	material by reaction of the surface with a reactive gas, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (C23C 14/00 takes precedence) [4]  Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 8/04 takes precedence) [4]  Treatment of selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]  using gases [4]  only one element being applied [4]  outing [4]  outing elemental oxygen or ozone [4]  outing oxygen-containing compounds, e.g. H2O, CO2 [4]  carburising [4]  carburising [4]  outing [4]  outing element being applied in one step [4]	10/08 10/10 10/12 10/14 10/16 10/18 10/20 10/22 10/24 10/26 10/28 10/30	<ul> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>chromising [4]</li> <li>offerrous surfaces [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in one step [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused in more than one step [4]</li> <li>using liquids, e.g. salt baths, liquid suspensions [4]</li> <li>only one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>Metal melt containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>Salt bath containing the element to be diffused [4]</li> <li>more than one element being diffused [4]</li> <li>using solids, e.g. powders, pastes [4]</li> <li>using a layer of powder or paste on the surface (using liquid suspensions of solids C23C 10/18) [4]</li> <li>Chromising [4]</li> <li>Embedding in a powder mixture, i.e. pack cementation [4]</li> </ul>

10/42	• • • • • in the presence of volatile transport additives, e.g. halogenated	14/46	• • • by ion beam produced by an external ion source (C23C 14/40 takes precedence) [4]
	substances [4]	14/48	<ul> <li>Ion implantation [4]</li> </ul>
10/44	• • • • Siliconising [4]	14/50	<ul> <li>Substrate holders [4]</li> </ul>
10/46	• • • • of ferrous surfaces [4]	14/52	<ul> <li>Means for observation of the coating process [4]</li> </ul>
10/48	• • • • Aluminising [4]	14/54	<ul> <li>Controlling or regulating the coating process</li> </ul>
10/50	• • • • of ferrous surfaces [4]		(controlling or regulating in general G05) [4]
10/52	<ul> <li>more than one element being diffused in one</li> </ul>	14/56	<ul> <li>Apparatus specially adapted for continuous</li> </ul>
	step <b>[4]</b>		coating; Arrangements for maintaining the
10/54	• • • Diffusion of at least chromium [4]		vacuum, e.g. vacuum locks [4]
10/56	• • • • and at least aluminium [4]	14/58	After-treatment [4]
10/58	• • • more than one element being diffused in more		
	than one step [4]	Chemica	l deposition or plating by decomposition; Contact
10/60	After-treatment [4]	plating [4	
12/00	Solid state diffusion of at least one non-metal element	-	
12,00	other than silicon and at least one metal element or	16/00	Chemical coating by decomposition of gaseous
	silicon into metallic material surfaces [4]		compounds, without leaving reaction products of
12/02	Diffusion in one step [4]		surface material in the coating, i.e. chemical vapour
	1		<b>deposition (CVD) processes</b> (reactive sputtering or
		16/01	vacuum evaporation C23C 14/00) [4]
	by vacuum evaporation, by sputtering or by ion	16/01	<ul> <li>on temporary substrates, e.g. on substrates subsequently removed by etching [7]</li> </ul>
<u>implanta</u>	tion [4]	16/02	
4.4.00		16/02	<ul> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 16/04 takes precedence) [4]</li> </ul>
14/00	Coating by vacuum evaporation, by sputtering or by	16/04	
	ion implantation of the coating forming material (discharge tubes with provision for introducing objects	10/04	<ul> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> </ul>
	or material to be exposed to the discharge	16/06	<ul> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic</li> </ul>
	H01J 37/00) [4]	10/00	material [4]
		16/08	• • from metal halides [4]
		16/10	Deposition of chromium only [4]
14/02	<ul> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated</li> </ul>	16/12	Deposition of aluminium only [4]
	(C23C 14/04 takes precedence) [4]	16/14	• • • Deposition of only one other metal element [4]
14/04	<ul> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using</li> </ul>	16/16	• • from metal carbonyl compounds [4]
	masks [4]	16/18	from metallo-organic compounds [4]
14/06	<ul> <li>characterised by the coating material (C23C 14/04</li> </ul>	16/20	Deposition of aluminium only [4]
	takes precedence) [4]	16/22	• characterised by the deposition of inorganic material,
14/08	<ul> <li>Oxides (C23C 14/10 takes precedence) [4]</li> </ul>	10/22	other than metallic material [4]
14/10	• • Glass or silica [4]	16/24	Deposition of silicon only [4]
14/12	<ul> <li>Organic material [4]</li> </ul>	16/26	<ul> <li>Deposition of carbon only [4]</li> </ul>
14/14	<ul> <li>Metallic material, boron or silicon [4]</li> </ul>	16/27	• • • Diamond only [7]
14/16	• • • on metallic substrates or on substrates of boron	16/28	<ul> <li>Deposition of only one other non-metal</li> </ul>
	or silicon [4]	10/20	element [4]
14/18	• • • on other inorganic substrates [4]	16/30	<ul> <li>Deposition of compounds, mixtures or solid</li> </ul>
14/20	• • • on organic substrates [4]		solutions, e.g. borides, carbides, nitrides [4]
14/22	<ul> <li>characterised by the process of coating [4]</li> </ul>	16/32	• • • Carbides [4]
14/24	<ul> <li>Vacuum evaporation [4]</li> </ul>	16/34	• • • Nitrides [4]
14/26	• • • by resistance or inductive heating of the	16/36	• • • Carbo-nitrides [4]
4.4.50	source [4]	16/38	• • • Borides [4]
14/28	• • • by wave energy or particle radiation	16/40	• • • Oxides [4]
1.4/20	(C23C 14/32-C23C 14/48 take precedence) [4]	16/42	• • • Silicides [4]
14/30	• • • by electron bombardment [4]	16/44	<ul> <li>characterised by the method of coating (C23C 16/04</li> </ul>
14/32	• • by explosion; by evaporation and subsequent ionisation of the vapours (C23C 14/34-		takes precedence) [4]
	C23C 14/48 take precedence) <b>[4]</b>	16/442	<ul> <li>using fluidised bed processes [7]</li> </ul>
14/34	• • Sputtering [4]	16/448	<ul> <li>characterised by the method used for generating</li> </ul>
14/35	<ul> <li>by application of a magnetic field, e.g.</li> </ul>		reactive gas streams, e.g. by evaporation or
17/00	magnetron sputtering [5]		sublimation of precursor materials [7]
14/36	Diode sputtering (C23C 14/35 takes	16/452	, , ,
, 50	precedence) [4, 5]		introduction into the reaction chamber, e.g. by
14/38	• • • by direct current glow discharge [4]	40	ionization or by addition of reactive species [7]
14/40	• • • • with alternating current discharge, e.g. high-	16/453	1 0 0
, 10	frequency discharge [4]		torches, e.g. atmospheric pressure CVD
14/42	• • • Triode sputtering (C23C 14/35 takes		(C23C 16/513 takes precedence; for flame or plasma spraying of coating material in the molten
	precedence) [4, 5]		state C23C 4/00) [7]
14/44	• • • by application of high frequencies and		State 0200 4,00) [1]
	additional direct voltages [4]		
	-		

16/455	• • characterised by the method used for introducing	18/42	• • • Coating with noble metals [4, 5]
	gases into the reaction chamber or for modifying	18/44	• • • using reducing agents [4, 5]
16/450	gas flows in the reaction chamber [7]	18/48	<ul> <li>Coating with alloys [4, 5]</li> </ul>
16/458	<ul> <li>characterised by the method used for supporting substrates in the reaction chamber [7]</li> </ul>	18/50	• • • with alloys based on iron, cobalt or nickel (C23C 18/32 takes precedence) [4, 5]
16/46	<ul> <li>characterised by the method used for heating the substrate (C23C 16/48, C23C 16/50 take precedence) [4]</li> </ul>	18/52	<ul> <li>using reducing agents for coating with metallic material not provided for in a single one of groups C23C 18/32-C23C 18/50 [4]</li> </ul>
16/48	• • by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, radiolysis, particle radiation [4]	18/54	Contact plating, i.e. electroless electrochemical plating [4]
16/50	<ul> <li>using electric discharges [4]</li> </ul>		. 0
16/503	• • • using dc or ac discharges [7]	20/00	Chemical coating by decomposition of either solid
16/505	<ul> <li>using radio frequency discharges [7]</li> </ul>		compounds or suspensions of the coating forming
16/507	• • • using external electrodes, e.g. in tunnel type reactors [7]		compounds, without leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating (chemical surface reaction C23C 8/00, C23C 22/00) [4]
16/509	• • • using internal electrodes [7]		·
16/511	• • • using microwave discharges [7]		Note(s)
16/513	• • • using plasma jets [7]		This group covers also suspensions containing non-
16/515	• • • using pulsed discharges [7]		reactive liquids and reactive solid particles.
16/517	<ul> <li>using a combination of discharges covered by two or more of groups C23C 16/503- C23C 16/515 [7]</li> </ul>	20/02	Coating with metallic material [4]
16/52	Controlling or regulating the coating process	20/02	with metals [4]
	(controlling or regulating in general G05) [4]	20/04	Coating with inorganic material, other than metallic
16/54	<ul> <li>Apparatus specially adapted for continuous coating [4]</li> </ul>		material [4]
16/56	After-treatment [4]	20/08	<ul> <li>with compounds, mixtures or solid solutions, e.g. borides, carbides, nitrides [4]</li> </ul>
18/00	Chemical coating by decomposition of either liquid compounds or solutions of the coating forming compounds, without leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating (chemical surface reaction C23C 8/00, C23C 22/00); Contact plating [4]	22/00	Chemical surface treatment of metallic material by reaction of the surface with a reactive liquid, leaving reaction products of surface material in the coating, e.g. conversion coatings, passivation of metals (wash primers C09D 5/12) [4]
	Note(s)		Note(s)
	• •		Note(s)
	This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive		1. This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing
18/02	• •		<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> </ol>
18/02 18/04	This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.		1. This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing
	<ul> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath</li> </ol>
18/04	<ul> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> </ol> Note(s) In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an
18/04 18/06 18/08	<ul> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> </ol> Note(s)
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> </ul>	22/02	<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> </ol> Note(s) In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the
18/04 18/06 18/08	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic</li> </ul>	22/02 22/03	<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> </ol> Note(s) In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>This group <u>covers</u> also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> </ol> Note(s) In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place. <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> </ul>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic</li> </ul>	22/03	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.</li> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.</li> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.</li> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.</li> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>Orthophosphates [4, 5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.</li> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>using acid aqueous solutions [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>using acid aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>using organic liquids [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/28	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>ending the first particle in the properties of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>interpretable in the material in the properties of the material in the coated [4]</li> <li>interpretable in the properties of the material in the properties of the material in the properties of the material in the properties of the propert</li></ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also chlorate anions [4, 5]</li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/28 18/30	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>using acid aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>using organic liquids [4]</li> <li>Sensitising or activating [4]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also chlorate anions [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/28 18/30 18/31	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>using organic liquids [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>Activating [4]</li> <li>Coating with metals [5]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13 22/14 22/16	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also chlorate anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also peroxycompounds [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/28 18/30	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>Coating with metals [5]</li> <li>Coating with one of iron, cobalt or nickel;</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also chlorate anions [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
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18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/28 18/30 18/31	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>Coating with metals [5]</li> <li>Coating with mixtures of phosphorus or boron</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13 22/14 22/16 22/17 22/18	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous acidic solutions with pH &lt; 6 [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also chlorate anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also peroxycompounds [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also organic acids [4, 5]</li> <li>containing manganese cations [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/28 18/30 18/31 18/32	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>Coating with metals [5]</li> <li>Coating with mixtures of phosphorus or boron with one of these metals [4, 5]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13 22/14 22/16 22/17 22/18 22/20	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing zinc cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also peroxycompounds [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also organic acids [4, 5]</li> <li>containing manganese cations [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
18/04 18/06 18/08 18/10 18/12 18/14 18/16 18/18 18/20 18/22 18/24 18/26 18/30 18/31 18/32	<ul> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>by thermal decomposition [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated (C23C 18/06 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Coating on selected surface areas, e.g. using masks [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of metallic material [4]</li> <li>Deposition of aluminium only [4]</li> <li>characterised by the deposition of inorganic material other than metallic material [4]</li> <li>Decomposition by irradiation, e.g. photolysis, particle radiation [4]</li> <li>by reduction or substitution, i.e. electroless plating (C23C 18/54 takes precedence) [4]</li> <li>Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]</li> <li>of organic surfaces, e.g. resins [4]</li> <li>Roughening, e.g. by etching [4]</li> <li>using acid aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>Sensitising or activating [4]</li> <li>Coating with metals [5]</li> <li>Coating with one of iron, cobalt or nickel; Coating with mixtures of phosphorus or boron with one of these metals [4, 5]</li> <li>using reducing agents [4, 5]</li> </ul>	22/03 22/04 22/05 22/06 22/07 22/08 22/10 22/12 22/13 22/14 22/16 22/17 22/18 22/20	<ol> <li>This group covers also suspensions containing reactive liquids and non-reactive solid particles.</li> <li>Rejuvenating of the bath is classified in the appropriate place for the specific bath composition.</li> <li>Note(s)</li> <li>In groups C23C 22/02-C23C 22/86, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.         <ul> <li>using non-aqueous solutions [4]</li> <li>containing phosphorus compounds [4]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>using aqueous solutions [5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing phosphates [4, 5]</li> <li>containing oxidants [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also nitrate or nitrite anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also chlorate anions [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also peroxycompounds [4, 5]</li> <li>containing also organic acids [4, 5]</li> <li>containing manganese cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing aluminium cations [4, 5]</li> <li>containing aluminium cations [4, 5]</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

C23D	ENAMELLING OF, OR APPLYING A VITREOUS LAY	ED TO ME	TALE (sharried assessed tion of the second COCC)
22/66	<ul> <li>• • Treatment of aluminium or alloys based thereon [4, 5]</li> </ul>	30/00	Coating with metallic material characterised only by the composition of the metallic material, i.e. not characterised by the coating process (C23C 26/00, C23C 28/00 take precedence) [4]
22/64	<ul> <li>• Treatment of refractory metals or alloys based thereon [4, 5]</li> </ul>	28/04	only coatings of inorganic non-metallic material [4]
	thereon <b>[4, 5</b> ]	28/02	only coatings of metallic material [4]
22/63	• • • Treatment of copper or alloys based	00.405	subclasses C23C and C25C or C25D [4]
22/62	• • • Treatment of iron or alloys based thereon [4, 5]		by combinations of methods provided for in
22/00	8 [4, 5]		single one of main groups C23C 2/00-C23C 26/00, or
22/60	<ul> <li>using alkaline aqueous solutions with pH &gt;</li> </ul>	20/00	coating for obtaining at least two superposed coatings either by methods not provided for in a
22/58	thereon [4, 5]  Treatment of other metallic material [4, 5]	28/00	Coating for obtaining at least two superposed
22/57	• • • Treatment of magnesium or alloys based	26/02	<ul> <li>applying molten material to the substrate (applying melts to surfaces, in general B05) [4]</li> </ul>
22/56	• • • Treatment of aluminium or alloys based thereon [4, 5]	0.5 / 0.5	C23C 24/00 [4]
22/56	based thereon [4, 5]	26/00	Coating not provided for in groups C23C 2/00-
22/54	• • • Treatment of refractory metals or alloys		the layer [4]
22/53	• • • Treatment of zinc or alloys based thereon [4, 5]	24/10	<ul> <li>with intermediate formation of a liquid phase in</li> </ul>
	thereon <b>[4, 5]</b>	24/08	<ul> <li>by application of heat or pressure and heat (C23C 24/04 takes precedence) [4]</li> </ul>
22/52	thereon [4, 5]  • • • Treatment of copper or alloys based		milling [4]
22/50	• • • • Treatment of iron or alloys based	24/06	Compressing powdered coating material, e.g. by
22.750	oxalates [4, 5]	24/04	<ul> <li>• Impact or kinetic deposition of particles [4]</li> </ul>
	fluorides, molybdates, tungstates, vanadates or	24/02	<ul> <li>by application of pressure only [4]</li> </ul>
	chromium compounds, fluorides or complex		B23K 20/12) [4]
22/48	<ul> <li>not containing phosphates, hexavalent</li> </ul>		composite layers, workpieces or articles by sintering metallic powder B22F 7/00; friction welding
22/47	• • • containing also phosphates [4, 5]		state diffusion C23C 8/00-C23C 12/00; manufacture of
22/46	• • • containing oxalates [4, 5]		the coating material in molten state C23C 4/00; solid
/- <del></del>	fluorides [4, 5]	24/00	Coating starting from inorganic powder (spraying of
22/44	• • • • containing also fluorides or complex	22/00	· Regeneration of coating battle [4]
22/43	<ul> <li>containing also hexavalent chromium compounds [4, 5]</li> </ul>	22/84	<ul> <li>Regeneration of coating baths [4]</li> </ul>
22/42	• • • • containing also phosphates [4, 5]	22/83	Chemical after-treatment [4]     Dyeing [4]
22 / 42	vanadates [4, 5]	22/82 22/83	<ul><li> After-treatment [4]</li><li> Chemical after-treatment [4]</li></ul>
22/40	• • containing molybdates, tungstates or	22/02	compounds [4]
22/38	• • • • containing also phosphates [4, 5]	22/80	• with solutions containing titanium or zirconium
	compounds [4, 5]	22/78	• Pretreatment of the material to be coated [4]
22/37	• • • containing also hexavalent chromium		(controlling or regulating in general G05) [4]
22/36	• • • containing also phosphates [4, 5]	22/77	<ul> <li>Controlling or regulating of the coating process</li> </ul>
22/34	• • • containing fluorides or complex fluorides [4, 5]	22/76	<ul> <li>Applying the liquid by spraying [4]</li> </ul>
22/33	• • • containing also phosphates [4, 5]	22/74	<ul> <li>for obtaining burned-in conversion coatings [4]</li> </ul>
22/32	• • • containing also pulverulent metals [4, 5]	22/73	<ul> <li>characterised by the process [4]</li> </ul>
22/30	• • • containing also trivalent chromium [4, 5]	22/72	<ul> <li>Treatment of iron or alloys based thereon [4]</li> </ul>
22/28	• • • • • Macromolecular compounds [4, 5]	22/70	• using melts [4]
22/27	• • • • • Acids [4, 5]	_=, 00	8 <b>[4, 5]</b>
22/26	• • • • containing also organic compounds [4, 5]	22/68	using aqueous solutions with pH between 6 and
22/24	<ul> <li>containing hexavalent chromium compounds [4, 5]</li> </ul>	22/67	<ul> <li>• • • with solutions containing hexavalent chromium [4, 5]</li> </ul>

# C23D ENAMELLING OF, OR APPLYING A VITREOUS LAYER TO, METALS (chemical composition of the enamels C03C)

# **Subclass index**

TREATMENT PRIOR TO ENAMELLING	1/00, 3/00
ENAMELLING	5/00-11/00
AFTER-TREATMENT	13/00, 15/00, 17/00

# 1/00 Melting or fritting the enamels; Apparatus or furnaces therefor

1/02 • Granulating the melt; Drying the granules

# **Coating with the enamels**

3/00 Chemical treatment of the metal surfaces prior to coating (cleaning or de-greasing of metallic objects C23G)

<b>5/00</b> 5/02 5/04 5/06 5/08	<ul> <li>Coating with enamels or vitreous layers [4]</li> <li>by wet methods</li> <li>by dry methods</li> <li>producing designs or letters</li> <li>Applying enamels non-uniformly over the surface</li> </ul>	9/08 9/10 <b>11/00</b>	<ul> <li>Supporting devices for burning-bars</li> <li>Loading or unloading devices</li> <li>Continuous processes for firing enamels; Apparatus therefor</li> </ul>
7/00	Treating the coatings, e.g. drying before burning	After-tre	<u>atment</u>
9/00 9/02 9/04 9/06	<ul> <li>e enamels</li> <li>Ovens specially adapted for firing enamels</li> <li>Non-electric muffle furnaces</li> <li>Non-electric tunnel ovens</li> <li>Electric furnaces</li> </ul>	13/00 13/02 15/00 17/00	After-treatment of the enamelled articles     Removing defects by local re-melting of the enamel; Adjusting the shape  Joining enamelled articles to other enamelled articles by processes involving an enamelling step  De-enamelling

NON-MECHANICAL REMOVAL OF METALLIC MATERIAL FROM SURFACES (working of metal by electro-erosion B23H; desurfacing by applying flames B23K 7/00; working metal by laser beam B23K 26/00; producing decorative effects by removing surface-material, e.g. by engraving, by etching, B44C 1/22); INHIBITING CORROSION OF METALLIC MATERIAL; INHIBITING INCRUSTATION IN GENERAL (treating metal surfaces or coating of metals by electrolysis or electrophoresis C25D, C25F); MULTI-STEP PROCESSES FOR SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALLIC MATERIAL INVOLVING AT LEAST ONE PROCESS PROVIDED FOR IN CLASS C23 AND AT LEAST ONE PROCESS COVERED BY SUBCLASS C21D OR C22F OR CLASS C25 (inhibition or prevention of corrosion or incrustation during processing of hydrocarbons C10G 7/10, C10G 9/16, C10G 75/00) [4]

### Note(s)

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u> inhibiting corrosion or incrustation in general, whether of or on metallic or non-metallic surfaces, subject to Note (2) below.
- 2. This subclass <u>does not cover</u>:
  - protective layers or coating compositions or methods of applying them; these are classified in the appropriate places, e.g. B05, B44, C09D, C10M, C23C;
  - mechanical devices or constructional features of particular articles for inhibiting incrustation; these are classified in the appropriate places, e.g. in pipes or pipe fittings F16L 58/00;
  - articles characterised by being made of materials selected for their properties of resistance to corrosion or incrustation; these are classified in the appropriate places, e.g. turbine blades F01D 5/28.
- 3. Processes using enzymes or micro-organisms in order to:
  - i. liberate, separate or purify a pre-existing compound or composition, or to

• • for etching aluminium or alloys thereof [4]

ii. treat textiles or clean solid surfaces of materials

are further classified in subclass C12S.

### **Subclass index**

ETCHING, BRIGHTENING, COMPOSITIONS THEREFOR	1/00, 3/00
OTHER REMOVING OF METALLIC MATERIAL	4/00
INHIBITING CORROSION OR INCRUSTATION	11/00-15/00
MULTI-STEP SURFACE TREATMENTS	17/00
	-

1/00	Etching metallic material by chemical means	1/22 • • • for etching magnesium or alloys thereof [4]
	(manufacture of printing surfaces B41C; manufacture of	1/24 • • • for etching silicon or germanium [4]
	printed circuits H05K) [2]	1/26 • • • for etching refractory metals [4]
1/02	Local etching	1/28 • • • for etching iron group metals <b>[4]</b>
1/04	Chemical milling	1/30 • • • for etching other metallic material [4]
1/06	Sharpening files	1/32 • • • Alkaline compositions (C23F 1/42 takes
1/08	<ul> <li>Apparatus, e.g. for photomechanical printing surfaces</li> </ul>	precedence) [4]
	(photomechanical reproduction G03F)	1/34 • • • for etching copper or alloys thereof <b>[4]</b>
1/10	<ul> <li>Etching compositions (C23F 1/44 takes</li> </ul>	1/36 • • • for etching aluminium or alloys thereof [4]
	precedence) [4]	1/38 • • • • for etching refractory metals [4]
1/12	<ul> <li>Gaseous compositions [4]</li> </ul>	1/40 • • • • for etching other metallic material [4]
1/14	<ul> <li>• Aqueous compositions [4]</li> </ul>	1/42 • • containing a dispersed water-immiscible
1/16	<ul> <li>• Acidic compositions (C23F 1/42 takes precedence) [4]</li> </ul>	liquid [4]
1/18	• • • for etching copper or alloys thereof [4]	

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1/44	Compositions for etching metallic material from a		• • • Macromolecular compounds [4]
	metallic material substrate of different composition [4]	11/18	using inorganic inhibitors
1/46	• Regeneration of etching compositions [4]	13/00	Inhibiting corrosion of metals by anodic or cathodic protection
	Brightening metals by chemical means [2]	13/02	<ul> <li>cathodic; Selection of conditions, parameters or</li> </ul>
	• Light metals		procedures for cathodic protection, e.g. of electrical
3/03	<ul> <li>with acidic solutions [4]</li> </ul>		conditions [5]
	Heavy metals	13/04	<ul> <li>Controlling or regulating desired parameters [5]</li> </ul>
3/06	with acidic solutions [4]	13/06	<ul> <li>Constructional parts, or assemblies of cathodic- protection apparatus [5]</li> </ul>
	Processes for removing metallic material from surfaces, not provided for in group C23F 1/00 or C23F 3/00 [4]	13/08	• • • Electrodes specially adapted for inhibiting corrosion by cathodic protection; Manufacture thereof; Conducting electric current thereto [5]
4/02	• by evaporation [4]	13/10	• • • • Electrodes characterised by the structure
4/04	• by physical dissolution [4]		(C23F 13/16 takes precedence) [5]
	Inhibiting corrosion of metallic material by applying inhibitors to the surface in danger of corrosion or	13/12	• • • Electrodes characterised by the material (C23F 13/16 takes precedence) [5]
	adding them to the corrosive agent (compositions for in situ inhibition of corrosion in boreholes or wells	13/14 13/16	<ul><li>• • • • Material for sacrificial anodes [5]</li><li>• • • Electrodes characterised by the combination</li></ul>
	C09K 8/54; adding inhibitors to mineral oils, fuels or lubricants C10; adding inhibitors to pickling solutions C23G)	13/18 13/20 13/22	of the structure and the material [5]  • • • Means for supporting electrodes [5]  • • • Conducting electric current to electrodes [5]  • • • Monitoring arrangements therefor [5]
	in air or gases by adding vapour phase inhibitors	13/22	wonttoring arrangements therefor [5]
	in markedly acid liquids	14/00	Inhibiting incrustation in apparatus for heating
	in markedly alkaline liquids		liquids for physical or chemical purposes (adding
	• in other liquids		scale preventives or removers to water C02F 5/00) [2]
11/10	using organic inhibitors	14/02	by chemical means
	Note(s)	15/00	Other methods of preventing corrosion or
	In groups C23F 11/12-C23F 11/173in the absence of an		incrustation
	indication to the contrary, a compound is classified in	4= /00	25.14
44.440	the last appropriate place.	17/00	Multi-step processes for surface treatment of metallic material involving at least one process provided for
	Oxygen-containing compounds		in class C23 and at least one process covered by
	Nitrogen-containing compounds		subclass C21D or C22F or class C25 (C23C 28/00
	Sulfur-containing compounds		takes precedence) [4]
11/167	• • • Phosphorus-containing compounds [4]		. /

#### C23G CLEANING OR DE-GREASING OF METALLIC MATERIAL BY CHEMICAL METHODS OTHER THAN **ELECTROLYSIS** (polishing compositions C09G; detergents in general C11D)

# Note(s)

- Processes using enzymes or micro-organisms in order to:
   i. liberate, separate or purify a pre-existing compound or composition, or to
   ii. treat textiles or clean solid surfaces of materials

are further classified in subclass C12S.

1/00	Cleaning or pickling metallic material with solutions or molten salts (with organic solvents C23G 5/02)	1/28 1/30	<ul><li>with molten salts</li><li>using inhibitors</li></ul>
1/02 1/04 1/06	<ul> <li>with acid solutions</li> <li>using inhibitors</li> <li>organic inhibitors</li> </ul>	1/32 1/34 1/36	<ul> <li>Heavy metals</li> <li>Light metals</li> <li>Regeneration of waste pickling liquors</li> </ul>
1/08 1/10 1/12 1/14 1/16	<ul> <li>• Iron or steel</li> <li>• Other heavy metals</li> <li>• Light metals</li> <li>• with alkaline solutions</li> <li>• using inhibitors</li> </ul>	3/00 3/02 3/04	<ul> <li>Apparatus for cleaning or pickling metallic material (with organic solvents C23G 5/04)</li> <li>for cleaning wires, strips, filaments continuously</li> <li>for cleaning pipes</li> </ul>
1/18 1/19 1/20 1/22 1/24 1/26	<ul> <li>Organic inhibitors</li> <li>Iron or steel [4]</li> <li>Other heavy metals [4]</li> <li>Light metals</li> <li>with neutral solutions</li> <li>using inhibitors</li> </ul>	5/00	Cleaning or de-greasing metallic material by other methods; Apparatus for cleaning or de-greasing metallic material with organic solvents

# Note(s)

In groups C23G 5/02-C23G 5/06, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

5/02 • using organic solvents

5/024 • • containing hydrocarbons [4]

5/028 • • containing halogenated hydrocarbons [4]

5/032 • • containing oxygen-containing compounds [4]

5/036 • • having also nitrogen [4]

5/04 • • Apparatus

5/06 • using emulsions **[4]**