# SECTION G — PHYSICS

### G09 EDUCATING; CRYPTOGRAPHY; DISPLAY; ADVERTISING; SEALS

**G09B** EDUCATIONAL OR DEMONSTRATION APPLIANCES; APPLIANCES FOR TEACHING, OR COMMUNICATING WITH, THE BLIND, DEAF OR MUTE; MODELS; PLANETARIA; GLOBES; MAPS; DIAGRAMS (devices for psychotechnics or for testing reaction times A61B 5/16; games, sports, amusements A63; projectors, projector screens G03B)

#### <u>Note(s)</u>

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u> :
  - simulators regarded as teaching or training devices, which is the case if they give perceptible sensations having a likeness to the sensations a student would experience in reality in response to actions taken by him;
  - models of buildings, installations, or the like.
- 2. This subclass does not cover :
  - simulators which merely demonstrate or illustrate the function of an apparatus or of a system by means involving computing, and therefore cannot be regarded as teaching or training devices. Such simulators are covered by class G06, if no provision exists elsewhere;
  - components of simulators, if identical with real devices or machines, which are covered by the relevant subclasses for these devices or machines and not by class G09.

### Subclass index

TEACHING EQUIPMENT IN GENERAL	
General principle of operation	
manual or mechanical	
electrical	
operating by question and answer	
Simulators	
TEACHING EQUIPMENT FOR SPECIFIC PURPOSES	
For writing, shorthand, drawing, painting; for typing	
For music; for reading	
Models for scientific or technical training	
Planetaria, globes; maps, diagrams	
Other teaching equipment	
TEACHING, AND COMMUNICATING WITH, THE BLIND OR DEAF	

1/00	Manually- or mechanically-operated educational appliances using elements forming or bearing symbols, signs, pictures, or the like which are arranged or adapted to be arranged in one or more	1/16	• • the elements each bearing a plurality of different symbols, signs, or combinations of symbols and signs, only one symbol, sign, or combination thereof, of each element to be used at a time
	particular ways (puzzle-games A63F 9/00; advertising	1/18	• • • the elements being rotatable
	or displaying in general G09F)	1/20	• • • and bearing the symbols on a surface parallel
1/02	<ul> <li>and having a support carrying or adapted to carry the</li> </ul>		to the axis of rotation
	elements	1/22	• • • and bearing the symbols on a surface
1/04	<ul> <li>the elements each bearing a single symbol or a</li> </ul>		perpendicular to the axis of rotation
	single combination of symbols	1/24	• • • the elements being in flexible-strip form, e.g.
1/06	• • • and being attachable to, or mounted on, the		endless bands
	support	1/26	• • • the elements being arranged in fan form
1/08	• • • by means of magnets	1/28	<ul> <li>the elements being slidable</li> </ul>
1/10	• • • by means of pins and holes	1/30	• • wherein the elements are adapted to be arranged in
1/12	• • • by means of ring-like securing elements (sheets temporarily attached together by		co-operation with the support to form symbols (without special support G09B 1/40)
	rings or coils B42F 3/00, B42F 5/00)	1/32	<ul> <li>comprising elements to be used without a special</li> </ul>
1/14	• • • the elements being slidably mounted on the		support
	support	1/34	<ul> <li>the elements to be placed loosely in adjacent relationship</li> </ul>

## G09B

1/36	• • the elements being connectible by corresponding
1/50	projections and recesses
1/38	the elements being connectible magnetically
1/40	<ul> <li>to form symbols or signs by appropriate arrangement</li> </ul>
3/00	Manually- or mechanically-operated teaching appliances working with questions and answers
	(electrically-operated G09B 7/00; advertising or
D (00	displaying in general G09F)
3/02	<ul> <li>of the type wherein the student is expected to construct an answer to the question which is</li> </ul>
	presented or wherein the machine gives an answer to
3/04	<ul><li>the question presented by the student</li><li>of chart form (masks G09B 17/02)</li></ul>
3/04	<ul> <li>of the multiple-choice answer type, i.e. where a given</li> </ul>
	question is provided with a series of answers and a
3/08	<ul><li>choice has to be made</li><li>of chart form (having one set of answers common</li></ul>
5/00	to a plurality of questions G09B 3/12)
3/10	<ul> <li>wherein one set of answers is common to a a humbitu of quantum.</li> </ul>
3/12	<ul><li>plurality of questions</li><li>of chart form</li></ul>
= /00	
5/00	<b>Electrically-operated educational appliances</b> (working with questions and answers G09B 7/00;
	simulators G09B 9/00; advertising or displaying in
	general G09F) <b>[2]</b>
	Note(s)
	Group G09B 5/08 takes precedence over groups G09B 5/02-G09B 5/06.
5/02	• with visual presentation of the material to be studied,
F /04	e.g. using film strip
5/04	<ul> <li>with audible presentation of the material to be studied (reading and recognising printed or written characters</li> </ul>
	G06K 9/00; sound-recording or reproducing G11B)
5/06	<ul> <li>with both visual and audible presentation of the material to be studied</li> </ul>
5/08	<ul> <li>providing for individual presentation of information to a plurality of student stations [2]</li> </ul>
5/10	<ul> <li>all student stations being capable of presenting the</li> </ul>
	same information simultaneously (G09B 5/14
5/12	<ul><li>takes precedence) [2]</li><li>different stations being capable of presenting</li></ul>
5/12	different information simultaneously (G09B 5/14
5/14	takes precedence) <b>[2]</b>
5/14	• • with provision for individual teacher-student communication [2]
7/00	Electrically-operated teaching apparatus or devices
	working with questions and answers (mechanically- operated G09B 3/00; computing arrangements G06F)
7/02	<ul> <li>of the type wherein the student is expected to</li> </ul>
	construct an answer to the question which is
	presented or wherein the machine gives an answer to the question presented by the student
7/04	<ul> <li>characterised by modifying the teaching</li> </ul>
	programme in response to a wrong answer, e.g.
	repeating the question, supplying a further explanation
7/06	• of the multiple-choice answer type, i.e. where a given
	question is provided with a series of answers and a choice has to be made from the answers
7/07	• • providing for individual presentation of questions
7/070	to a plurality of student stations [2]
7/073	• • • all student stations being capable of presenting the same questions simultaneously <b>[2]</b>

7/077	•	•	•	different stations being capable of presenting
				different questions simultaneously [2]
7/08	•	•		naracterised by modifying the teaching
				ogramme in response to a wrong answer, e.g. peating the question, supplying further
				formation
7/10	•	•	w	herein a set of answers is common to a plurality
				questions
7/12	•	•	•	characterised by modifying the teaching
				programme in response to a wrong answer, e.g.
				repeating the question, supplying further information
				Information
9/00	Si	mı	ıla	tors for teaching or training purposes (for the
	us			veapons F41; computing aspects G06)
9/02	•	fo		eaching control of vehicles or other craft
9/04	•	•	fo	r teaching control of land vehicles
9/042	•	•	•	providing simulation in a real vehicle
0/040				(G09B 9/052, G09B 9/058 take precedence) <b>[5]</b>
9/048	•	•	•	a model being viewed and manoeuvred from a remote point (G09B 9/052, G09B 9/058 take
				precedence) [5]
9/05	•	•	•	the view from a vehicle being simulated
				(G09B 9/052, G09B 9/058 take precedence) [5]
9/052	•	•	•	characterised by provision for recording or
				measuring trainee's performance (devices for
				psychotechnics, e.g. for vehicle drivers, A61B 5/16, A61B 5/18) <b>[5]</b>
9/058				for teaching control of cycles or motocycles <b>[5]</b>
9/06	•	•	fo	or teaching control of ships, boats, or other
5700				aterborne vehicles [2]
9/08	•	•		r teaching control of aircraft, e.g. Link trainer
9/10	•	•	•	with simulated flight- or engine-generated force
				being applied to aircraft occupant (G09B 9/28
				takes precedence) [5]
9/12	•	•	•	Motion systems for aircraft simulators <b>[5]</b>
9/14	•	•	•	<ul> <li>controlled by fluid actuated piston or cylinder ram [5]</li> </ul>
9/16				Ambient or aircraft conditions simulated or
5/10				indicated by instrument or alarm [5]
9/18	•	•	•	• Condition of engine or fuel supply <b>[5]</b>
9/20	•	•	•	Simulation or indication of aircraft
				attitude [5]
9/22	•	•	•	including aircraft sound simulation [5]
9/24	•	•	•	including display or recording of simulated
0/26				flight path [5]
9/26 9/28	•			Simulation of radio-navigation <b>[5]</b> Simulation of stick forces or the like <b>[5]</b>
9/20 9/30				Simulation of view from aircraft [5]
9/32	•			<ul> <li>by projected image (G09B 9/36 takes</li> </ul>
5752				precedence) <b>[5]</b>
9/34	•	•	•	• by cathode-ray screen display (G09B 9/36
				takes precedence) [5]
9/36	•	•	•	• Simulation of night or reduced visibility
				flight <b>[5]</b>
9/38	•	•	•	Simulation of runway outlining or
9/40				approach lights <b>[5]</b> Simulation of airborne radar <b>[5]</b>
9/40 9/42	•	•	•	Aircraft, aircraft simulator, or means connected
5142				thereto, travelling on the ground or water
				during simulated flight training <b>[5]</b>
9/44	•	•	•	providing simulation in a real aircraft flying
				through the atmosphere without restriction of
0/40				its path [5]
9/46	•	•	•	the aircraft being a helicopter <b>[5]</b>

## G09B

	<u>Note(s)</u>	21/00	Teaching, or communicating with, the blind, deaf or
	When classifying in group G09B 9/46, classification is		<b>mute</b> (audible presentation of material to be studied
	also made in other appropriate subgroups of group		G09B 5/04; devices or methods for replacing direct
	G09B 9/08, if of interest.		visual or auditory perception by another kind of perception A61F 9/08, A61F 11/04; audible indication of
9/48	<ul> <li>• a model being viewed and manoeuvred from a</li> </ul>		meter readings or of colour G01D 7/12; watches for
	remote point [5]		blind persons G04B 25/02; methods or arrangements for
9/50	• • Automatically directing the course of the aircraft [5]		reading or recognising printed or written characters
9/52	<ul> <li>for teaching control of an outer space vehicle [5]</li> </ul>		G06K 9/00; speech analysis, speech recognition G10L;
9/54	• Simulation of radar (G09B 9/40 takes precedence) [5]	21/02	sound-recording or reproducing, <u>per se</u> G11B) <b>[2, 4]</b>
9/56	<ul> <li>Simulation of rudar (SOSE 5,40 taxes precedence) [5]</li> <li>Simulation of sonar [5]</li> </ul>	21/02	<ul> <li>Devices for Braille writing (typewriters for Braille B41J 3/32)</li> </ul>
5750		21/04	<ul> <li>Devices for conversing with the deaf-blind</li> </ul>
11/00	Teaching hand-writing, shorthand, drawing, or painting	21/04	<ul> <li>Devices for teaching lip-reading</li> </ul>
11/02	Finger, hand, or arm supporting devices	23/00	Models for scientific, medical, or mathematical
11/04	• Guide sheets or plates; Tracing charts (templets for drawing purposes B43L 13/20)	25/00	purposes, e.g. full-sized device for demonstration
11/06	<ul> <li>Devices involving the use of transparent or</li> </ul>	22/02	<b>purposes</b> (in the nature of toys A63H)
	translucent tracing material, e.g. copy books	23/02	<ul> <li>for mathematics (for statics or dynamics G09B 23/08)</li> </ul>
11/08 11/10	<ul><li>Teaching shorthand</li><li>Teaching painting</li></ul>	23/04	• for geometry, trigonometry, projection, or perspective (for surveying G09B 25/06)
		23/06	for physics
13/00	Teaching typing	23/08	for statics or dynamics
13/02	<ul> <li>Dummy practice keyboard apparatus (for teaching</li> </ul>	23/10	• • • of solid bodies
	music G09B 15/08)	23/12	• • • of liquids or gases
13/04	• Devices used in association with a real typewriter,	23/14	for acoustics
	teleprinter, or the like	23/16	for science of heat
15/00	Teaching music (metronomes G04F 5/02)	23/18	for electricity or magnetism
15/02	<ul> <li>Boards or like means for providing an indication of</li> </ul>	23/20	• • for atomic physics or nucleonics
10/02	notes	23/22	• • for optics
15/04	with sound-emitters	23/24	• for chemistry
15/06	• Devices for exercising or strengthening fingers or	23/26	• for molecular structures; for crystallography
	arms; Devices for holding fingers or arms in a proper	23/28	for medicine
	position for playing (for teaching typing G09B 13/00;	23/30	Anatomical models (dental articulators
	exercising apparatus for developing or strengthening		A61C 11/00)
	the muscles for physical training A63B 21/00,	23/32	• • • with moving parts
	A63B 23/00)	23/34	• • • with removable parts
15/08	• Practice keyboards (for teaching typing G09B 13/02)	23/36	<ul> <li>for zoology</li> </ul>
17/00	<b>Teaching reading</b> (teaching lip-reading G09B 21/06)	23/38	• for botany
17/02	Line indicators or other guides or masks	23/40	for geology
17/02	<ul> <li>for increasing the rate of reading; Reading rate</li> </ul>		
17704	control	25/00	Models for purposes not provided for in group G09B 23/00, e.g. full-sized devices for demonstration
19/00	Teaching not covered by other main groups of this		<b>purposes</b> (model vehicles, tracks therefor, models in the nature of toys A63H)
	subclass (teaching or practice apparatus for gun-aiming	25/02	<ul> <li>of industrial processes; of machinery</li> </ul>
	or gun-laying F41G 3/26)	25/02	<ul> <li>of buildings</li> </ul>
19/02	Counting; Calculating (abacus G06C 1/00)	25/04	<ul><li>for surveying; for geography, e.g. relief models</li></ul>
19/04	<ul> <li>Speaking (with audible presentation of the material to be studied G09B 5/04)</li> </ul>		(globes G09B 27/00; maps G09B 29/00)
19/06	• Foreign languages (with audible presentation of the material to be studied G09B 5/04)	25/08	<ul> <li>of scenic effects, e.g. trees, rocks, water surfaces (for stage purposes A63J 1/00)</li> </ul>
19/08	• • Printed or written appliances, e.g. textbooks,	27/00	Planetaria; Globes
	bilingual letter assemblies, charts	27/02	Tellurions; Orreries
19/10	Modelling	27/02	_
19/12	Clock-reading	27/04	<ul><li>Star maps</li><li>Celestial globes</li></ul>
19/14	Traffic procedures, e.g. traffic regulations	27/08	<ul> <li>Globes (celestial globes G09B 27/06)</li> </ul>
19/16	Control of vehicles or other craft (simulators	27700	סיטובי (רבובפוומי גוחובי סוופה בו/חס)
	G09B 9/02)	29/00	Maps; Plans; Charts; Diagrams, e.g. route diagram
19/18	Book-keeping or economics		(star maps G09B 27/04; devices for holding or
19/20	Needlework		supporting maps A47B 97/02; for computing purposes
19/22	Games, e.g. card games		G06G 1/14, G06G 1/16; display boards G09F)
19/24	• Use of tools	29/02	• sectional
19/26	Dot-and-dash telegraph codes [2]	29/04	<ul> <li>the sections being arranged in the form of a foldable sheet or sheets</li> </ul>
		29/06	• of belt form, e.g. endless belt

- 29/08 Hanging maps or the like
- 29/10 Map spot or co-ordinate position indicators; Mapreading aids (optical projection apparatus G03B)
- 29/12 Relief maps (relief models G09B 25/06)
- 29/14 Local-time charts
- **G09C CIPHERING OR DECIPHERING APPARATUS FOR CRYPTOGRAPHIC OR OTHER PURPOSES INVOLVING THE NEED FOR SECRECY** (secret communication H04K; arrangements for transmitting secret digital information H04L 9/00)

1/14

3/00

- 1/00 Apparatus or methods whereby a given sequence of signs, e.g. an intelligible text, is transformed into an unintelligible sequence of signs by transposing the signs or groups of signs or by replacing them by others according to a predetermined system (cryptographic typewriters G09C 3/00)
- 1/02 by using a ciphering code in chart form
- 1/04 with sign carriers or indicators moved relative to one another to positions determined by a permutation code or key, so as to indicate the appropriate corresponding clear or ciphered text
- 1/06 wherein elements corresponding to the signs making up the clear text are operatively connected with elements corresponding to the signs making up the ciphered text, the connections, during operation of the apparatus, being automatically and continuously permuted by a coding or key member
- 1/08 • the connections being mechanical
- 1/10 • the connections being electrical
- 1/12 • comprising contact-bearing permutation discs
- 3/02 • with auxiliary keys or keyboards acting on the original keys or keyboards 3/04• wherein the operative connections between the keys and the type-bars are automatically and continuously permuted, during operation, by a coding or key member 3/06 the connections being mechanical ٠ • 3/08 the connections being electrical . . involving removable or interchangeable coding 3/10• • members, e.g. master tapes, punched cards 5/00

Typewriters for ciphering or deciphering

involving removable or interchangeable coding

numbers, e.g. master tapes, punched cards

cryptographic text (marking record carriers G06K)

- 5/00 Ciphering or deciphering apparatus or methods not provided for in other groups of this subclass, e.g. involving the concealment or deformation of graphic data such as designs, written or printed messages
- **G09D RAILWAY OR LIKE TIME OR FARE TABLES; PERPETUAL CALENDARS** (calendar blocks B42D 5/04; clockwork-driven G04B; comprising computing means G06C)

1/00	Railway or like time or fare tables; Indicating or reading aids therefor (essentially incorporating maps	3/04 • wherein members bearing the indicia are movably mounted in the calendar
	or route diagrams G09B; railway routing charts G09B; display devices, e.g. railway indicator boards, G09F)	3/06 • • with rotatable members 3/08 • • • of disc form
3/00	Perpetual calendars	<ul> <li>3/10 • with members in band form</li> <li>3/12 • electrically operated</li> </ul>
3/02	<ul> <li>with interchangeable members bearing the indicia</li> </ul>	5/12 • electrically operated

**G09F DISPLAYING; ADVERTISING; SIGNS; LABELS OR NAME-PLATES; SEALS** (display cases A47F; designs or pictures characterised by special or unusual light effects, e.g. changing, B44F 1/00; disposition of road signs or traffic signals E01F 9/00; lighting in general F21; arrangements for controlling light beams G02F 1/00; visible signalling arrangements or devices G08B 5/00; traffic control systems G08G; arrangements or circuits for control of indicating devices using static means to present variable information G09G; static indicating arrangements comprising integral associations of a plurality of light sources H01J, H01K, H01L, H05B 33/12)

### <u>Note(s)</u>

- 1. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
  - "sign" designates a mark or indication serving to make something recognisable, the information presented being non-varying, even if it is flashing; by way of example it covers, therefore, advertising hoardings, or luminous, or light reflecting, safety arrangements.
- 2. Attention is drawn to the Notes following the titles of class B81 and subclass B81B relating to "micro-structural devices" and "microstructural systems".

#### Subclass index

INFORMATION AND ADVERTISING	
Displaying samples	5/00
With fixed information:	
show-cards; labels or tags; signs, plates, characters With variable information:	1/00, 3/00, 7/00
by combination of elements; by movement of complete information Illuminated signs; luminous advertising	

Supports used for bill-posting and advertising: panels; banners; goods; others	15/00, 17/00, 23/00, 19/00
PROCESSES OF ADVERTISING	
Movable; audible; audio-visual; others	.21/00, 25/00, 27/00, 19/00

1/00	Cardboard or like show-cards of foldable or flexible material	7/14	• Constructional features of the symbol-bearing or - forming elements
1/02 1/04	<ul><li>Single substantially-flat cards</li><li>Folded cards</li></ul>	7/16	<ul> <li>Letters, numerals, or other symbols, adapted for permanent fixing to a support</li> </ul>
1/04	<ul> <li>to be erected in three dimensions (G09F 1/08 takes precedence)</li> </ul>	7/18	<ul> <li>Means for attaching signs, plates, panels, or boards to a supporting structure</li> </ul>
1/08	<ul> <li>wholly or partly imitating the form of an object, e.g.</li> </ul>	7/20	<ul> <li>for adjustably mounting</li> </ul>
1/00	of the article to be advertised	7/22	<ul> <li>for rotatably or swingably mounting, e.g. for</li> </ul>
1/10	<ul> <li>Supports or holders for show-cards</li> </ul>	7722	boards adapted to be rotated by the wind
1/12	<ul> <li>Frames therefor</li> </ul>		
1/12	<ul><li> in the form of legs</li></ul>	9/00	Indicating arrangements for variable information in which the information is built-up on a support by
3/00	Labels, tag tickets, or similar identification or indication means (medals or badges A44C 3/00; making labels B31D 1/02; sheets temporarily attached together B42F; labelling B65C; tags attached to, or associated with, an object, in order to enable detection of the object G01V 15/00; labels on record carriers	9/30	<ul> <li>selection or combination of individual elements (in which the variable information is permanently attached to a movable support G09F 11/00; light guides G02B 6/00; abacus G06C 1/00; slide rules G06G 1/00)</li> <li>in which the desired character or characters are formed by combining individual elements (panels</li> </ul>
	G11B 23/38); Seals; Postage or like stamps		comprising a number of electrodes in a single cell
3/02	<ul> <li>Forms or constructions (layered products B32B)</li> </ul>		controlling light arriving from an independent light
3/03	• • of security seals		source, e.g. electro-optical or magneto-optical cell,
3/04	• to be fastened or secured by the material of the label	0/202	G02F 1/00)
	itself, e.g. by thermo-adhesion (by a separate	9/302	<ul> <li>characterised by the form or geometrical disposition of the individual elements [7]</li> </ul>
	adhesive layer G09F 3/10)	0/205	-
3/06	• by clamping action (by separate clamps	9/305	• • being the ends of optical fibres (G09F 9/302 takes precedence) [7]
D (00	G09F 3/16)	9/307	• • being incandescent filaments (G09F 9/302 takes
3/08	• Fastening or securing by means not forming part of the material of the label itself		precedence; incandescent panels comprising a number of separate incandescent bodies, <u>per se</u>
3/10	by an adhesive layer		H01K 9/00) [3, 7]
3/12	• • by pins, staples, or the like	9/313	• • being gas discharge devices (G09F 9/302 takes
3/14	<ul> <li>by strings, straps, chains, or wires</li> </ul>		precedence; gas discharge panels comprising a
3/16	• • by clamps		number of discharge gaps, <u>per se</u>
3/18	<ul> <li>Casings, frames, or enclosures for labels</li> </ul>		H01J 17/49) <b>[3, 7]</b>
3/20	for adjustable, removable, or interchangeable labels	9/33	<ul> <li>being semiconductor devices, e.g. diodes (G09F 9/302 takes precedence; semiconductor integrated circuits comprising components</li> </ul>
5/00	Means for displaying samples		specially adapted for emission of light, <u>per se</u>
5/02	Portable sample cases	0 / 25	H01L 27/15) <b>[3, 7]</b>
5/04	• Cards of samples; Books of samples (packages comprising articles attached to cards, sheets, or webs for removal therefrom B65D 73/00)	9/35	<ul> <li>being liquid crystals (G09F 9/302 takes precedence; liquid crystal materials C09K 19/00) [3, 7]</li> </ul>
7/00	Signs, name or number plates, letters, numerals, or	9/37	<ul> <li>being movable elements (G09F 9/302 takes precedence) [3, 7]</li> </ul>
,,,,,,	symbols (vehicle registration number plates	9/40	<ul> <li>in which the desired character is selected from a</li> </ul>
	B60R 13/10); Panels or boards (show-cards	5/40	number of characters arranged one beside the other,
	G09F 1/00; indicating arrangements for variable		e.g. on a common carrier plate
	information G09F 9/00, G09F 11/00; illuminated signs	9/46	• in which the desired character is selected from a
	G09F 13/00; boards for notices or posters G09F 15/00)		number of characters arranged one behind the other
7/02	<ul> <li>Signs, plates, panels, or boards using readily-</li> </ul>		
	detachable elements bearing or forming symbols	11/00	Indicating arrangements for variable information in
7/04	• • the elements being secured or adapted to be		which the complete information is permanently
	secured by magnetic means		attached to a movable support which brings it to the
7/06	<ul> <li>the elements being secured or adapted to be secured by means of pins and holes</li> </ul>		<b>display position</b> (using static means to present variable information G09F 9/00; showcases or show-cabinets
7/08	• • the elements being secured or adapted to be		with arrangements for continuously or intermittently
	secured by means of grooves, rails, or slits		moving the merchandise A47F 3/08)
7/10	• • • and slidably mounted	11/02	• the display elements being secured to rotating
7/12	• • the elements being secured or adapted to be		members, e.g. drums, spindles
	secured by self-adhesion, moisture, suction, slow-	11/04	• • the elements being secured to rotating discs
	drying adhesive, or the like	11/06	<ul> <li>the elements being stiff plates or cards (on rotating discs G09F 11/04)</li> </ul>

#### G09F

11/08	• • the elements being flexible sheets (on rotating discs G09F 11/04)	
11/10	Electric control therefor	
11/12	<ul> <li>the display elements being carried by endless belts, chains, or the like</li> </ul>	
11/14	<ul> <li>the elements being in the form of stiff flaps, boards, cards, or the like</li> </ul>	
11/15	<ul> <li>the elements being flexible sheets</li> </ul>	
11/16	Electric control therefor	
11/18	<ul> <li>the display elements being carried by belts, chains, or the like, other than endless</li> </ul>	
11/20	<ul> <li>the elements being in the form of stiff flaps, boards, cards, or the like</li> </ul>	
11/21	<ul> <li>the elements being flexible sheets</li> </ul>	
11/22	Electric control therefor	
11/23	<ul> <li>the advertising or display material forming part of rotating members, e.g. in the form of perforations, prints, or transparencies on a drum or disc</li> </ul>	
11/235	Electric control therefor	
11/24	<ul> <li>the advertising or display material forming part of a moving band, e.g. in the form of perforations, prints, or transparencies</li> </ul>	
11/26	• • of an endless band	
11/28	• • • Electric control therefor	
11/29	• • of a band other than endless	
11/295	• • • Electric control therefor	
11/30	<ul> <li>the display elements being fed one by one from a storage place to a display position</li> </ul>	
11/32	<ul> <li>the feeding means comprising belts or chains, e.g. endless belts or chains</li> </ul>	
11/34	• • the feeding means comprising electromagnets	
12/00	Illuminated signs: Luminous advortising (COOF 9/00	
13/00	<b>Illuminated signs; Luminous advertising</b> (G09F 9/00, G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)	
13/00	G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable	
	<ul><li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li><li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light</li></ul>	
13/02	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using transparencies</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12 13/14	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparencies</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> <li>Arrangements of reflectors therein</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12 13/14	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparencies</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> <li>Arrangements of reflectors therein</li> <li>Signs formed of, or incorporating, reflecting elements or surfaces, e.g. warning signs having triangular or</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12 13/14 13/14	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparencies</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> <li>Arrangements of reflectors therein</li> <li>Signs formed of, or incorporating, reflecting elements or surfaces, e.g. warning signs having triangular or other geometrical shape</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12 13/14 13/16 13/18	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> <li>Arrangements of reflectors therein</li> <li>Signs formed of, or incorporating, reflecting elements or surfaces, e.g. warning signs having triangular or other geometrical shape</li> <li>Edge-illuminated signs</li> <li>with luminescent surfaces or parts (luminescent materials C09K 11/00; light sources using</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12 13/14 13/16 13/18 13/20	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparencies</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> <li>Arrangements of reflectors therein</li> <li>Signs formed of, or incorporating, reflecting elements or surfaces, e.g. warning signs having triangular or other geometrical shape</li> <li>Edge-illuminated signs</li> <li>with luminescent surfaces or parts (luminescent materials C09K 11/00; light sources using luminescent [electroluminescent light sources using luminescent electroluminescent light sources using liquid</li> </ul>	
13/02 13/04 13/06 13/08 13/10 13/12 13/14 13/16 13/18 13/20 13/22	<ul> <li>G09F 11/00 take precedence; control of displays in general using static means to present variable information G09G)</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated by artificial light sources positioned in front of the insignia</li> <li>Signs, boards, or panels, illuminated from behind the insignia</li> <li>using individual cut-out symbols or cut-out silhouettes, e.g. perforated signs</li> <li>using both translucent and non-translucent layers (backlighting of liquid crystal display panels G02F 1/13357)</li> <li>using a transparencies</li> <li>using a transparent mirror or other light- reflecting surface transparent to transmitted light whereby a sign, symbol, picture, or other information is visible only when illuminated</li> <li>Arrangements of reflectors therein</li> <li>Signs formed of, or incorporating, reflecting elements or surfaces, e.g. warning signs having triangular or other geometrical shape</li> <li>Edge-illuminated signs</li> <li>with luminescent surfaces or parts (luminescent materials C09K 11/00; light sources using luminescence F21K 2/00)</li> <li>electroluminescent (electroluminescent light sources per se H05B 33/00)</li> <li>using tubes or the like filled with liquid, e.g. bubbling</li> </ul>	

13/30	•	with moving light sources, e.g. rotating luminous
		tubes

- 13/32 with moving optical part or parts, e.g. mirrors
- 13/34 with light sources co-operating with movable members, e.g. with shutters to cover or uncover the light source (apparatus wherein advertising or display material is moved in a continuous or intermittent succession G09F 11/00)
- 13/36 • co-operating with rotating screening means
- 13/42 with light sources activated by non-visible radiation (cathode ray image or pattern display tubes H01J 31/10; lamps with luminescent screens excited by cathode rays H01J 63/06)
- 13/44 with gas as lighting source
- 13/46 Advertising by fireworks
- 15/00 Boards, hoardings, pillars, or like structures for notices, placards, posters, or the like
- 15/02 Bills, posters, or the like therefor
- **17/00** Flags; Banners; Mountings therefor (devices specially adapted or mounted for storing and repeatedly paying-out and re-storing lengths of material B65H 75/34)
- 19/00 Advertising or display means not otherwise provided for
  19/02 incorporating moving display members
  19/04 operated by the opening or closing of doors, e.g.
- shop door 19/06 • • Writing devices
- 19/08 • Dolls, faces, or other representations of living forms with moving parts (in the nature of toys A63H)
- 19/10 • Devices demonstrating the action of an article to be advertised
- 19/12 using special optical effects (designs or pictures characterised by special light effects B44F 1/00, e.g. changing pictures B44F 1/10)
- 19/14 displaying different signs depending upon the view-point of the observer
- 19/16 • involving the use of mirrors
- 19/18 • involving the use of optical projection means, e.g. projection of images on clouds (projection apparatus <u>per se</u> G03B)
- 19/20 • with colour-mixing effects
- 19/22 Advertising or display means on roads, walls, or similar surfaces, e.g. illuminated (illuminated signs in general G09F 13/00)

21/00 Mobile visual advertising 21/02 • by a carrier person or animal 21/04 by land vehicles 21/06• by aeroplanes, airships, balloons, or kites 21/08. . the advertising matter being arranged on the aircraft 21/10 illuminated . . 21/12• • the advertising matter being towed by the aircraft (kites per se B64C 31/06) 21/14 • illuminated 21/16Sky-writing (aircraft adaptation for sky-writing • B64D 1/20) 21/18• by ships or other floating means 21/20• • illuminated 21/22• Dispensing devices for pamphlets or similar advertising matter from vehicles (from aircraft B64D 1/00)

23/00	Advertising on or in specific articles, e.g. ashtrays,	23/08	with tableware
	letter-boxes (on or in vehicles G09F 21/00; containers,	23/10	<ul> <li>on paper articles, e.g. booklets, newspapers</li> </ul>
	packaging-elements, or packages, with auxiliary means	23/12	on toilet paper
	or provisions for displaying articles B65D)	23/14	<ul> <li>on toys, games, puzzles, or similar devices</li> </ul>
23/02	<ul> <li>the advertising matter being displayed by the operation of the article</li> </ul>	23/16	• on clocks, e.g. controlled by the clock mechanism
23/04	• • illuminated	25/00	Audible advertising (sound-recording or reproducing in
23/06	• the advertising matter being combined with articles		general G11B; public address systems H04R 27/00)
	for restaurants, shops, or offices (on paper articles	05 (00	
	G09F 23/10)	27/00	Combined visual and audible advertising or

**G09G ARRANGEMENTS OR CIRCUITS FOR CONTROL OF INDICATING DEVICES USING STATIC MEANS TO PRESENT VARIABLE INFORMATION** (lighting in general F21; arrangements for displaying electric variables or waveforms G01R 13/00; devices or arrangements for the control of light beams G02F 1/00; indicating of time by visual means G04B 19/00, G04C 17/00, G04G 9/00; arrangements for transferring data between computers and peripheral equipment G06F 3/00; visible signalling arrangements or devices G08B 5/00; traffic control systems G08G; display, advertising, signs G09F, e.g. static indicating arrangements comprising an association of a number of separate sources or light control cells G09F 9/00; static indicating arrangements comprising integral associations of a number of light sources H01J, H01K, H01L, H05B 33/12; circuits in pulse counters for indicating the result H03K 21/18; coding, decoding or code conversion, in general H03M; reproducing a picture or pattern using electric signals representing parts thereof and produced by scanning an original H04N) **[3, 4, 5]** 

displaying, e.g. for public address

#### Note(s)

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u> indicator consoles, i.e. arrangements or circuits for processing control signals to achieve the display, e.g. for the calling up, reception, storage, regeneration, coding, decoding, addressing of control signals.
- 2. This subclass <u>does not cover</u> the structural details of the indicating devices, such as panels or tubes <u>per se</u>, or assemblies of individual light sources, which are covered by the relevant subclasses, e.g. H01J, H01K, H01L, G02F, G09F, H05B.
- 3. Contrary to subclass H04N, in which are classified display devices capable of representing continuous brightness value scales, this subclass is limited to devices using only a discrete number of brightness values, e.g. visible/non-visible.
- 4. The visual effect may be produced by a luminescent screen scanned by an electron beam, directly by controlled light sources, by projection of light, from controlled light sources onto characters, symbols, or elements thereof drawn on a support, or by electric, magnetic, or acoustic control of the parameters of light rays from an independent source.

1/00	<b>Control arrangements or circuits, of interest only in</b> <b>connection with cathode-ray tube indicators</b> (cathode-ray oscilloscopes G01R 13/20; television H04N) <b>[3]</b>	<ul> <li>1/22 • using tubes permitting selection of a complete character from a number of characters [3]</li> <li>1/24 • using tubes permitting selection of individual elements forming in combination a character [3]</li> </ul>
1/02	<ul> <li>Storage circuits (G09G 1/06-G09G 1/28 take precedence) [3]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1/26 • using storage tubes [3]</li> <li>1/28 • using colour tubes [3]</li> </ul>
1/04	Deflection circuits [3]	0
1/06	<ul> <li>using single beam tubes (G09G 1/26, G09G 1/28 take precedence) [3]</li> </ul>	3/00 Control arrangements or circuits, of interest only in connection with visual indicators other than cathode-
1/07	<ul> <li>with combined raster scan and calligraphic display [5]</li> </ul>	<b>ray tubes</b> (optical scanning systems in general G02B 26/10) <b>[3]</b>
1/08	<ul> <li>the beam directly tracing characters, the information to be displayed controlling the deflection as a function of time in two spatial co- ordinates, e.g. according to a cartesian co-ordinate system [3]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3/02 • by tracing or scanning a light beam on a screen [3]</li> <li>3/04 • for presentation of a single character by selection from a plurality of characters, or by composing the character by combination of individual elements, e.g. segments [3]</li> </ul>
1/10	• • • the deflection signals being produced by essentially digital means, e.g. incrementally [3]	<ul> <li>3/06 • using controlled light sources [3]</li> <li>3/08 • using incandescent filaments [3]</li> </ul>
1/12	• • • the deflection signals being produced by essentially analogue means [3]	<ul> <li>3/10 • • • using gas tubes [3]</li> <li>3/12 • • using electroluminescent elements (using</li> </ul>
1/14	<ul> <li>the beam tracing a pattern independent of the information to be displayed, this latter determining the parts of the pattern rendered respectively visible and invisible [3]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>cathode-ray tubes with phosphor screens G09G 1/00) [3]</li> <li>3/14 • • • Semiconductor devices, e.g. diodes [3]</li> <li>3/16 • by control of light from an independent source [3]</li> </ul>
1/16	<ul> <li>• the pattern of rectangular co-ordinates extending over the whole area of the screen, i.e. television type raster [3]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3/18</li> <li>Jin Trom an independent source [5]</li> <li>3/18</li> <li>using liquid crystals [3]</li> <li>using electrochromic devices [5]</li> <li>for presentation of an assembly of a number of</li> </ul>
1/18	<ul> <li>a small local pattern covering only a single character, and stepping to a position for the following character, e.g. in rectangular or polar co-ordinates, or in the form of a framed star [3]</li> </ul>	characters, e.g. a page, by composing the assembly by combination of individual elements arranged in a matrix <b>[3]</b>
1/20	<ul> <li>using multi-beam tubes (G09G 1/26, G09G 1/28 take precedence) [3]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3/22 • using controlled light sources [3]</li> <li>3/24 • using incandescent filaments [3]</li> </ul>

## G09G

3/26	• • • • to give the appearance of moving signs [3]
3/28	• • • using luminous gas-discharge panels, e.g.
	plasma <b>[3]</b>
3/282	• • • • using direct current (DC) panels [7]
3/285	• • • • using self-scanning [7]
3/288	• • • • using alternating current (AC) panels [7]
3/29	• • • • using self-shift panels [5]
3/30	• • • using electroluminescent panels [3]
3/32	• • • • semiconductive, e.g. diodes [3]
3/34	• • by control of light from an independent source [3]
3/36	• • • using liquid crystals [3]
3/38	• • • using electrochromic devices [5]
F /00	Control comments on simplify for sizes
5/00	Control arrangements or circuits for visual
	indicators common to cathode-ray tube indicators and other visual indicators (image data processing or
	generation, in general G06T) <b>[5]</b>
5/02	<ul> <li>characterised by the way in which colour is</li> </ul>
5/02	displayed [5]
5/04	• using circuits for interfacing with colour
	displays [5]
5/06	• • using colour palettes, e.g. look-up tables [5]
5/08	Cursor circuits [5]
5/10	Intensity circuits [5]
5/12	• Synchronisation between the display unit and other
	units, e.g. other display units, video-disc players [5]
5/14	<ul> <li>Display of multiple viewports [5]</li> </ul>
5/16	<ul> <li>Display of right-to-left language [5]</li> </ul>
5/18	<ul> <li>Timing circuits for raster scan displays (specially</li> </ul>
	adapted for television H04N) [5]
5/20	• Function-generator circuits, e.g. circle generators [5]
5/22	<ul> <li>characterised by the display of individual characters</li> </ul>
	or indicia using display control signals derived from
	coded signals representing the characters or indicia
	with a character-code memory (G09G 5/42 takes
E / D 4	precedence) <b>[5, 7]</b>
5/24	• Generation of individual character patterns [5]

5/26 • • for modifying the character dimension, e.g. double width, double height **[5]** 

5/28	<ul> <li>• for enhancement of character form, e.g. smoothing [5]</li> </ul>
5/30	• Control of display attribute [5]
5/32	• with means for controlling the display position [5]
5/34	• for rolling or scrolling [5]
5/36	<ul> <li>characterised by the display of individual graphic patterns using a bit-mapped memory (G09G 5/42 takes precedence) [5, 7]</li> </ul>
5/37	<ul> <li>Details of the operation on graphic patterns (G09G 5/38 takes precedence) [7]</li> </ul>
5/373	• • • for modifying the size of the graphic pattern [7]
5/377	<ul> <li>for mixing or overlaying two or more graphic patterns (G09G 5/02, G09G 5/397 take precedence) [7]</li> </ul>
5/38	• • with means for controlling the display position [5]
5/39	• • Control of the bit-mapped memory [7]
5/391	• • • Resolution modifying circuits, e.g. variable screen formats [7]
5/393	• • Arrangements for updating the contents of the bit-mapped memory <b>[7]</b>
5/395	• • Arrangements specially adapted for transferring the contents of the bit-mapped memory to the screen (G09G 5/399 takes precedence) [7]
5/397	<ul> <li>Arrangements specially adapted for transferring the contents of two or more bit- mapped memories to the screen simultaneously, e.g. for mixing or overlay (G09G 5/02 takes precedence) [7]</li> </ul>
5/399	<ul> <li>• using two or more bit-mapped memories, the operations of which are switched in time, e.g. ping-pong buffers [7]</li> </ul>
5/40	<ul> <li>characterised by the way in which both a pattern determined by character code and another pattern are displayed simultaneously, or either pattern is displayed selectively, e.g. with character code memory and a bit-mapped memory [5]</li> </ul>
5/42	• characterised by the display of patterns using a display memory without fixed position correspondence between the display memory contents and the display position on the screen <b>[7]</b>