# SECTION G — PHYSICS

# G06 COMPUTING; CALCULATING OR COUNTING

### Note(s) [2011.01]

- 1. This class <u>covers</u>:
  - simulators which are concerned with the mathematics of computing the existing or anticipated conditions within the real device or system;
  - simulators which demonstrate, by means involving computing, the function of apparatus or of a system, if no provision exists elsewhere;
  - image data processing or generation.
- 2. This class <u>does not cover</u>:
  - combinations of writing implements with computing devices, which are covered by group B43K 29/08;
  - control functions derived from simulators, in general, which are covered by class G05, although such functions may be covered by the subclass of this class for the device controlled;
  - measurement or analysis of an individual variable to serve as an input to a simulator, which is covered by class G01;
  - simulators regarded as teaching or training devices which is the case if they give perceptible sensations having a likeness to the sensations a student would experience in reality in response to actions taken by him. Such simulators are covered by class G09;
  - components of simulators, if identical with real devices or machines, which are covered by the relevant subclass for these devices or machines and not by class G09.
- 3. In this class, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
  - "data" is used as the synonym of "information". Therefore, the term "information" is not used in subclass G06C;
  - "ICT [information and communication technology]" also covers "IT [information technology]";
  - "calculating or computing" includes, <u>inter alia</u>, operations on numerical values and on data expressed in numerical form. Of these
    terms "computing" is used throughout the class; "computation" is derived from this interpretation of "computing". In the French
    language the term "calcul" will serve for either term;
  - "simulator" is a device which may use the same time scale as the real device or operate on an expanded or compressed time scale. In interpreting this term models of real devices to reduced or expanded scales are not regarded as simulators;
  - "record carrier" means a body, such as a cylinder, disc, card, tape, or wire, capable of permanently holding information, which can be read-off by a sensing element movable relative to the recorded information.
- 4. Attention is drawn to the Notes following the title of section G, especially as regards the definition of the term "variable".

# G06C DIGITAL COMPUTERS IN WHICH ALL THE COMPUTATION IS EFFECTED MECHANICALLY (score computers for card games A63F 1/18) [4]

### Note(s)

This subclass <u>does not cover</u> details of mechanisms covered by main groups G06C 9/00, G06C 11/00 or G06C 15/00, which are applicable to mechanical counters driven only through the lowest denomination. Such details are covered by subclass G06M.

# **Subclass index**

MACHINES CHARACTERISED BY THEIR STRUCTURAL INTERCONNECTION	27/00
FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTARY MECHANISMS	
Input; transfer; output; storage; computing	7/00, 9/00, 11/00, 13/00, 15/00
AUXILIARY MECHANISMS OR ARRANGEMENTS	
Conversion; decimal-point; programming; driving; auxiliary arrangements	17/00, 19/00, 21/00, 23/00, 25/00
NON-FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTS: HOUSINGS, FRAMEWORKS	5/00
COMBINATIONS OF COMPUTING MACHINES WITH OTHER MACHINES	29/00
COMPUTING AIDS, OTHER THAN MACHINES	1/00, 3/00

- 1/00 Computing aids in which the computing members form at least part of the displayed result and are manipulated directly by hand, e.g. abacuses or pocket adding devices [1, 2006.01]
- 3/00 Arrangements for table look-up, e.g. menstruation table [1, 2006.01]

5/00 Non-functional elements [1, 2006.01]

5/02 • Housings; Frameworks **[1, 2006.01]** 

7/00 Input mechanisms [1, 2006.01]

7/02 • Keyboards [1, 2006.01]

7/04 • Interlocking devices, e.g. between keys **[1, 2006.01]** 

2

7/06	<ul> <li>with one set of keys for each</li> </ul>	15/28	• • where transfer is effected in one step [1, 2006.01]
<b>5</b> /00	denomination [1, 2006.01]	15/30	• • where transfer is effected in two steps [1, 2006.01]
7/08	<ul> <li>with one set of keys for all denominations, e.g. ten-key board [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	15/32	<ul> <li>• with provision for simultaneous transfer between all orders [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
7/09	<ul> <li>Transfer of data from record carrier to computing mechanisms [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	15/34	• • where transfer is effected by planet gear, i.e. crawl type [1, 2006.01]
7/10	• Transfer mechanisms, e.g. transfer of a figure from a	15/36	• • • with aligning means [1, 2006.01]
	ten-key keyboard into the pin carriage [1, 2006.01]	15/38	• • for pin-wheel computing mechanisms [1, 2006.01]
7/12	• Resetting devices, e.g. for the keyboard [1, 2006.01]	15/40	<ul> <li>for stepped-toothed-drum computing mechanism [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
9/00	Transfer mechanisms, e.g. for transmitting figures	15/42	Devices for resetting to zero or other
	from the input mechanism into the computing mechanism (G06C 7/10, G06C 11/00, G06C 15/00 take		datum [1, 2006.01]
	precedence) [1, 2006.01]	15/44	Devices for comparing numerical values, e.g. zero
9/02	Back-transfer arrangements, e.g. to transfer a value	15 / 46	check [1, 2006.01]
	accumulated in a register back into the selection	15/46	• Arrangements for rounding-off [1, 2006.01]
	mechanism [1, 2006.01]	15/48	<ul> <li>Arrangements for selection of one out of several counting registers (item-counting devices</li> </ul>
11/00	Output mechanisms [1, 2006.01]		G06C 25/02) [1, 2006.01]
11/02	• with visual indication, e.g. counter drum [1, 2006.01]		,
11/04	with printing mechanisms, e.g. for character-at-a-time	17/00	Mechanisms for converting from one notational
	or line-at-a-time printing [1, 2006.01]		system to another, i.e. radix conversion [1, 2006.01]
11/06	<ul> <li>having type hammers [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	19/00	Decimal-point mechanisms; Analogous mechanisms
11/08	<ul> <li>with punching mechanism [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		for non-decimal notations [1, 2006.01]
11/10	Arrangements for feeding single sheets or continuous	19/02	<ul> <li>Devices for indicating the point [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
	web or tape, e.g. ejection device; Line-spacing devices [1, 2006.01]	19/04	• Devices for printing the point [1, 2006.01]
11/12	<ul> <li>for feeding tape [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	21/00	Programming-mechanisms for determining the steps
13/00	Storage mechanisms (mechanical counters with input		to be performed by the computing machine, e.g. when a key or certain keys are depressed
	only to the lowest order G06M 1/04) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>		(mechanisms merely for producing multiplication by
13/02	• Operand stores, e.g. pin carriage (input mechanisms G06C 7/00) [1, 2006.01]	24 /02	repeated addition G06C 15/08) [1, 2006.01]
13/04	• Print buffer stores [1, 2006.01]	21/02	<ul> <li>in which the operation of the mechanism is determined by the position of the carriage [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
15/00	Computing mechanisms; Actuating devices	21/04	<ul> <li>Conditional arrangements for controlling subsequent</li> </ul>
	therefor [1, 2006.01]	21/01	operating functions, e.g. control arrangement
15/02	<ul><li>operating on the binary scale [1, 2006.01]</li><li>Note(s)</li></ul>		triggered by a function key and depending on the condition of the register (arrangements for selection
	Group G06C 15/02 takes precedence over groups		of one out of several counting registers G06C 15/48) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
15/04	G06C 15/04-G06C 15/42.	23/00	Driving mechanisms for functional
15/04	• Adding or subtracting devices (G06C 15/08 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]	25, 00	elements [1, 2006.01]
15/06	<ul> <li>having balance totalising; Obtaining subtotal [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		Note(s)
15/08	<ul> <li>Multiplying or dividing devices; Devices for</li> </ul>		Group G06C 23/08 takes precedence over groups G06C 23/02-G06C 23/06.
	computing the exponent or root [1, 2006.01]	23/02	• of main shaft [1, 2006.01]
15/10	having more than one denominational set of keys     approximation directly on computing.	23/04	of pin carriage, e.g. for step-by-step
	operating directly on computing mechanism [1, 2006.01]	23, 0.	movement [1, 2006.01]
15/12	<ul> <li>having pin carriage [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	23/06	<ul> <li>of tabulation devices, e.g. of carriage</li> </ul>
15/14	<ul> <li>having pin wheel, e.g. Odhner type [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		skip <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
15/16	<ul> <li>having stepped-toothed actuating drums, e.g.</li> <li>Thomas type [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	23/08	Hydraulic or pneumatic actuation [1, 2006.01]
15/18	<ul> <li>having multiplication table for forming partial</li> </ul>	25/00	<b>Auxiliary functional arrangements, e.g. interlocks</b> (interlocks in keyboards G06C 7/04) <b>[1, 2, 2006.01]</b>
15/20	<ul><li>products [1, 2006.01]</li><li>adapted for short-cut multiplication or</li></ul>	25/02	Item-counting devices (devices for counting the
	division [1, 2, 2006.01]		cycles of operation in division or multiplication G06C 15/24) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
15/22	<ul> <li>Arrangements for two or more computing devices;</li> <li>Arrangements for subdivision into two or more</li> </ul>	27/00	Computing machines shows stayled by the stayleture
	computing mechanisms, e.g. splitting [1, 2006.01]	27/00	Computing machines characterised by the structural interrelation of their functional units, e.g. invoicing
15/24	Devices for counting the cycles of operation in		machines [1, 2006.01]
	division or multiplication [1, 2006.01]		
15/26	<ul> <li>Devices for transfer between orders, e.g. tens-transfer device [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	29/00	Combinations of computing machines with other machines, e.g. with typewriter, with money-changing apparatus [1, 2006.01]

### G06D DIGITAL FLUID-PRESSURE COMPUTING DEVICES

### Note(s)

This subclass covers all devices in which at least one computing function is performed by hydraulic or pneumatic means.

1/00	<b>Details, e.g. functional units</b> (individual logic elements F15C; valves F16K) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	interrela at least 5/00 Comput	Computing devices characterised by the interrelationship of the functional units and having
1/02	<ul> <li>having at least one moving part, e.g. spool valve [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		at least one moving part [1, 2006.01]
1/04	<ul> <li>Adding; Subtracting [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		Computing devices characterised by the
1/06	<ul> <li>Multiplying; Dividing [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		interrelationship of the functional units and having no moving parts [1, 2006.01]
1/08	<ul> <li>having no moving parts [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		110 moving parts [1, 2000.01]
1/10	• • Adding; Subtracting [1, 2006.01]	7/00	Computing devices characterised by the combination
1/12	• • Multiplying; Dividing [1, 2006.01]		of hydraulic or pneumatic functional elements with at least one other type of functional element [1, 2006.01]

**G06E OPTICAL COMPUTING DEVICES** (digital storage using optical elements G11C 13/04) [5]

### **Note(s)** [5]

1 / 00

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u> all devices in which at least one computing function is performed by optical means.
- 2. If other aspects, for example mechanical, fluid pressure or electrical computing, are of interest, classification is also made in the relevant subclass for such aspects.

1/06

1700	data [5, 2006.01]	1/00	denominational number representation, i.e.
1/02	<ul> <li>operating upon the order or content of the data handled [5, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		number representation without radix; using combinations of denominational and non-
1/04	<ul> <li>for performing computations using exclusively denominational number representation, e.g. using</li> </ul>		denominational number representations <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
	binary, ternary, decimal representation <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>	3/00	Devices not provided for in group G06E 1/00, e.g. for processing analogue or hybrid data [5, 2006.01]

**G06F ELECTRIC DIGITAL DATA PROCESSING** (computer systems based on specific computational models G06N)

### Note(s)

In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

"handling" includes processing or transporting of data;

Devices for processing exclusively digital

• "data processing equipment" means an association of an electric digital data processor classifiable under group G06F 7/00, with one or more arrangements classifiable under groups G06F 1/00-G06F 5/00 and G06F 9/00-G06F 13/00.

### **Subclass index**

DATA PROCESSING	7/00, 15/00-17/00
INPUT, OUTPUT; INTERCONNECTIONS BETWEEN FUNCTIONAL ELEMENTS	3/00, 13/00
ADDRESSING OR ALLOCATION	12/00
CONVERSION; SOFTWARE ENGINEERING; PROGRAMME CONTROL; ERROR DETECTION,	
MONITORING	5/00, 8/00, 9/00, 11/00
PATTERN RECOGNITION	18/00
DETAILS	1/00
SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS	21/00
COMPUTER-AIDED DESIGN [CAD]	30/00
HANDLING NATURAL LANGUAGE DATA	40/00

1/00 Details not covered by groups G06F 3/00-G06F 13/00 and G06F 21/00 (architectures of general purpose stored program computers G06F 15/76) [1, 2006.01]

1/02 • Digital function generators **[1, 2006.01]** 

1/025 • for functions having two-valued amplitude, e.g. Walsh functions **[5, 2006.01]** 

3

for performing computations using a digital non-

1/03 working, at least partly, by table look-up 1/3293 • • • • by switching to a less power-consuming (G06F 1/025 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] processor, e.g. sub-CPU [2019.01] by lowering the supply or operating Note(s) [5] voltage [2019.01] In order to be classified in this group, the table must 3/00 contain function values of the desired or an intermediate Input arrangements for transferring data to be processed into a form capable of being handled by function, not merely coefficients. the computer; Output arrangements for transferring 1/035 • • • Reduction of table size **[5, 2006.01]** data from processing unit to output unit, e.g. • Generating or distributing clock signals or signals 1/04 interface arrangements [1, 4, 2006.01] derived directly therefrom [1, 2006.01] 3/01 • Input arrangements or combined input and output 1/06 Clock generators producing several clock arrangements for interaction between user and signals **[5, 2006.01]** computer (G06F 3/16 takes precedence) [2006.01] 1/08 Clock generators with changeable or 3/02 Input arrangements using manually operated programmable clock frequency [5, 2006.01] switches, e.g. using keyboards or • • Distribution of clock signals [5, 2006.01] 1/10 dials [1, 3, 2006.01] · · Synchronisation of different clock 1/12 3/023 • • • Arrangements for converting discrete items of signals **[5, 2006.01]** information into a coded form, e.g. 1/14 Time supervision arrangements, e.g. real time arrangements for interpreting keyboard clock [5, 2006.01] generated codes as alphanumeric codes, 1/16 Constructional details or arrangements [5, 2006.01] operand codes or instruction codes [3, 2006.01] 1/18 • • Packaging or power distribution [5, 2006.01] • • • for insertion of the decimal 3/027 1/20 • • Cooling means [5, 2006.01] point [3, 2006.01] 1/22 · Means for limiting or controlling the pin/gate 3/03 • • Arrangements for converting the position or the ratio [5, 2006.01] displacement of a member into a coded 1/24 • Resetting means [5, 2006.01] form [3, 2006.01] 1/26 · Power supply means, e.g. regulation thereof (for Note(s) [2006.01] memories G11C) [5, 2006.01] In this group, the first place priority rule is applied, i.e. 1/28 Supervision thereof, e.g. detecting power-supply at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an failure by out of limits supervision [5, 2006.01] indication to the contrary, classification is made in the 1/30 • • Means for acting in the event of power-supply first appropriate place. failure or interruption, e.g. power-supply • • Pointing devices displaced or positioned by the 3/033 fluctuations (for resetting only user; Accessories therefor (digitisers G06F 1/24) [5, 2006.01] characterised by the transducing means 1/32 • • Means for saving power [5, 2006.01, 2019.01] G06F 3/041) [3, 2006.01, 2013.01] 1/3203 • • • Power management, i.e. event-based initiation with detection of limited linear or angular of a power-saving mode [2019.01] displacement of an operating part of the 1/3206 • • • Monitoring of events, devices or parameters device from a neutral position, e.g. isotonic that trigger a change in power or isometric joysticks [2013.01] modality [2019.01] 3/0346 • • • with detection of the device orientation or 1/3209 • • • • Monitoring remote activity, e.g. over free movement in a 3D space, e.g. 3D mice, telephone lines or network 6-DOF [six degrees of freedom] pointers connections [2019.01] using gyroscopes, accelerometers or tilt-1/3212 • • • • Monitoring battery levels, e.g. power sensors [2013.01] saving mode being initiated when battery with detection of 2D relative movements voltage goes below a certain between the device, or an operating part level [2019.01] thereof, and a plane or surface, e.g. 2D mice, 1/3215 • • • • Monitoring of peripheral trackballs, pens or pucks [2013.01] devices [2019.01] with detection of 1D translations or rotations 3/0362 • • • • 1/3218 • • • • of display devices [2019.01] of an operating part of the device, e.g. scroll • • • of disk drive devices [2019.01] 1/3221 • • wheels, sliders, knobs, rollers or 1/3225 • • • • of memory devices [2019.01] belts [2013.01] Monitoring task completion, e.g. by use 3/037 using the raster scan of a cathode-ray tube of idle timers, stop commands or wait [CRT] for detecting the position of the commands [2019.01] member, e.g. light pens cooperating with 1/3231 • • • • Monitoring the presence, absence or CRT monitors [3, 2006.01, 2013.01] movement of users [2019.01] 3/038 Control and interface arrangements therefor, 1/3234 • • • Power saving characterised by the action e.g. drivers or device-embedded control undertaken [2019.01] circuitry [2006.01, 2013.01] 1/3237 • • • • by disabling clock generation or 3/039 • • • • Accessories therefor, e.g. mouse pads **[2006.01, 2013.01]** distribution [2019.01] 3/041 • • • Digitisers, e.g. for touch screens or touch pads, 1/324 • • • • by lowering clock frequency [2019.01] characterised by the transducing 1/3246 • • • • by software initiated power-off **[2019.01]** means [2006.01] 1/3287 • • • • by switching off individual functional

units in the computer system [2019.01]

1/329 • • • • by task scheduling **[2019.01]** 

using propagating acoustic waves [2006.01]

3/042 • • • by opto-electronic means [2006.01]

3/044 • • • by capacitive means **[2006.01]** 

3/043

- 3/045 • using resistive elements, e.g. a single continuous surface or two parallel surfaces put in contact [2006.01]
- 3/046 • by electromagnetic means **[2006.01]**
- 3/047 • using sets of wires, e.g. crossed wires **[2006.01]**
- 3/048 Interaction techniques based on graphical user interfaces [GUI] [2006.01, 2013.01]

### Note(s) [2013.01]

This group <u>covers</u> subject matter where the focus is placed on the way the user can interact with the displayed data. The mere presence of a standard GUI in the context of the disclosure of a specific software application or a specific device capable of processing data related to its specific function, should in general be classified in the appropriate subclasses related to those software applications or specific devices.

- 3/0481 • based on specific properties of the displayed interaction object or a metaphor-based environment, e.g. interaction with desktop elements like windows or icons, or assisted by a cursor's changing behaviour or appearance [2013.01, 2022.01]
- 3/04812• • Interaction techniques based on cursor appearance or behaviour, e.g. being affected by the presence of displayed objects [2022.01]
- 3/04815• • Interaction with a metaphor-based environment or interaction object displayed as three-dimensional, e.g. changing the user viewpoint with respect to the environment or object [2022.01]
- 3/04817• • using icons (graphical or visual programming using iconic symbols G06F 8/34) [2022.01]
- 3/0482 • • Interaction with lists of selectable items, e.g. menus [2013.01]
- 3/0483 • • Interaction with page-structured environments, e.g. book metaphor [2013.01]
- 3/0484 • for the control of specific functions or operations, e.g. selecting or manipulating an object, an image or a displayed text element, setting a parameter value or selecting a range [2013.01, 2022.01]
- 3/04842• • Selection of displayed objects or displayed text elements (G06F 3/0482 takes precedence) [2022.01]
- 3/04845• • for image manipulation, e.g. dragging, rotation, expansion or change of colour [2022.01]
- 3/04847 • Interaction techniques to control parameter settings, e.g. interaction with sliders or dials [2022.01]
- 3/0485 • • Scrolling or panning **[2013.01, 2022.01]**
- 3/04855• • Interaction with scrollbars **[2022.01]**
- 3/0486 • Drag-and-drop [2013.01]
- using specific features provided by the input device, e.g. functions controlled by the rotation of a mouse with dual sensing arrangements, or of the nature of the input device, e.g. tap gestures based on pressure sensed by a digitiser [2013.01]
- 3/0488 • using a touch-screen or digitiser, e.g. input of commands through traced gestures **[2013.01, 2022.01]**
- 3/04883• • for inputting data by handwriting, e.g. gesture or text **[2022.01]**

- 3/04886 • • by partitioning the display area of the touch-screen or the surface of the digitising tablet into independently controllable areas, e.g. virtual keyboards or menus [2022.01]
- 3/0489 • using dedicated keyboard keys or combinations thereof **[2013.01, 2022.01]**
- 3/04892 • • Arrangements for controlling cursor position based on codes indicative of cursor displacements from one discrete location to another, e.g. using cursor control keys associated to different directions or using the tab key (arrangements for controlling cursor position based on coordinate signals G06F 3/038) [2022.01]
- 3/04895• • • Guidance during keyboard input operation, e.g. prompting **[2022.01]**
- Digital input using the sampling of an analogue quantity at regular intervals of time [1, 2006.01]
- 3/06 Digital input from, or digital output to, record carriers [1, 2006.01]
- 3/08 • from or to individual record carriers, e.g. punched card [1, 2006.01]
- 3/09 Digital output to typewriters **[3, 2006.01]**
- 3/12 Digital output to print unit **[1, 2006.01]**
- 3/13 Digital output to plotter **[3, 2006.01]**
- 3/14 Digital output to display device **[1, 2006.01]**
- 3/147 using display panels [3, 2006.01]
- 3/153 • using cathode-ray tubes [3, 2006.01]
- Sound input; Sound output (speech processing G10L) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/18 Digital input from automatic curve follower [3, 2006.01]
- 5/00 Methods or arrangements for data conversion without changing the order or content of the data handled [1, 4, 2006.01]
- 5/01 for shifting, e.g. justifying, scaling, normalising [5, 2006.01]
- for changing the speed of data flow, i.e. speed regularising [1, 2006.01]
- having a sequence of storage locations, the intermediate ones not being accessible for either enqueue or dequeue operations, e.g. using a shift register [2006.01]
- 5/10 having a sequence of storage locations each being individually accessible for both enqueue and dequeue operations, e.g. using random access memory [2006.01]
- 5/12 • Means for monitoring the fill level; Means for resolving contention, i.e. conflicts between simultaneous enqueue and dequeue operations [2006.01]
- 5/14 • for overflow or underflow handling, e.g. full or empty flags [2006.01]
- Multiplexed systems, i.e. using two or more similar devices which are alternately accessed for enqueue and dequeue operations, e.g. ping-pong buffers [2006.01]
- 7/00 Methods or arrangements for processing data by operating upon the order or content of the data handled (logic circuits H03K 19/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/02 Comparing digital values (G06F 7/06, G06F 7/38 take precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/04 Identity comparison, i.e. for like or unlike values [1, 2006.01]

7/06	<ul> <li>Arrangements for sorting, selecting, merging, or</li> </ul>	7/491 • • Computations with decimal numbers <b>[2006.01]</b>
	comparing data on individual record carriers [1, 2006.01]	7/492 • • • • using a binary weighted representation within each denomination [2006.01]
7/08	Sorting, i.e. grouping record carriers in numerical	7/493 • • • • the representation being the natural binary
.,	or other ordered sequence according to the	coded representation, i.e. 8421-
	classification of at least some of the information	code [2006.01]
	they carry (by merging two or more sets of carriers	7/494 • • • • • Adding; Subtracting <b>[2006.01]</b>
	in ordered sequence G06F 7/16) [1, 2006.01]	7/495 • • • • • in digit-serial fashion, i.e. having a
7/10	<ul> <li>Selecting, i.e. obtaining data of one kind from</li> </ul>	single digit-handling circuit treating
	those record carriers which are identifiable by data	all denominations after each
	of a second kind from a mass of ordered or	other <b>[2006.01]</b>
E /40	randomly-distributed record carriers [1, 2006.01]	7/496 • • • • • Multiplying; Dividing <b>[2006.01]</b>
7/12	<ul> <li>• with provision for printing-out a list of selected items [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/498 • • • using counter-type accumulators <b>[2006.01]</b>
7/14	Merging, i.e. combining at least two sets of record	7/499 • • • Denomination or exception handling, e.g.
// 1 <del>-1</del>	carriers each arranged in the same ordered	rounding or overflow [2006.01]
	sequence to produce a single set having the same	7/50 • • • Adding; Subtracting (G06F 7/483-G06F 7/491,
	ordered sequence [1, 2006.01]	G06F 7/544-G06F 7/556 take
7/16	• • Combined merging and sorting [1, 2006.01]	precedence) <b>[1, 3, 2006.01]</b> 7/501 • • • • Half or full adders, i.e. basic adder cells for
7/20	<ul> <li>Comparing separate sets of record carriers</li> </ul>	7/501 • • • • Half or full adders, i.e. basic adder cells for one denomination [2006.01]
	arranged in the same sequence to determine	7/502 • • • • Half adders; Full adders consisting of two
	whether at least some of the data in one set is	cascaded half adders [2006.01]
	identical with that in the other set or	7/503 • • • • using carry switching, i.e. the incoming
7/22	sets [1, 2006.01]	carry being connected directly, or only via
7/22	<ul> <li>Arrangements for sorting or merging computer data on continuous record carriers, e.g. tape, drum,</li> </ul>	an inverter, to the carry output under
	disc [1, 2006.01]	control of a carry propagate
7/24	Sorting, i.e. extracting data from one or more	signal <b>[2006.01]</b>
,,,_,	carriers, re-arranging the data in numerical or	7/504 • • • in bit-serial fashion, i.e. having a single
	other ordered sequence, and re-recording the	digit-handling circuit treating all
	sorted data on the original carrier or on a different	denominations after each other [2006.01]
	carrier or set of carriers (G06F 7/36 takes	7/505 • • • in bit-parallel fashion, i.e. having a different digit-handling circuit for each
- 10.0	precedence) [1, 2006.01]	denomination [2006.01]
7/26	• • • the sorted data being recorded on the original	7/506 • • • • with simultaneous carry generation for, or
	record carrier within the same space in which the data had been recorded prior to their	propagation over, two or more
	sorting, without using intermediate	stages [2006.01]
	storage [1, 2006.01]	7/507 • • • • using selection between two
7/32	Merging, i.e. combining data contained in ordered	conditionally calculated carry or sum
	sequence on at least two record carriers to produce	values [2006.01]
	a single carrier or set of carriers having all the	7/508 • • • • using carry look-ahead
	original data in the ordered sequence (G06F 7/36	circuits [2006.01]
7/20	takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]	7/509 • • • • for multiple operands, e.g. digital integrators [2006.01]
7/36	• Combined merging and sorting [1, 2006.01]	7/52 • • • Multiplying; Dividing (G06F 7/483-
7/38	<ul> <li>Methods or arrangements for performing computations using exclusively denominational</li> </ul>	G06F 7/491, G06F 7/544-G06F 7/556 take
	number representation, e.g. using binary, ternary,	precedence) [1, 3, 2006.01]
	decimal representation [1, 3, 2006.01]	7/523 • • • • Multiplying only <b>[2006.01]</b>
7/40	using contact-making devices, e.g.	7/525 • • • • in serial-serial fashion, i.e. both operands
	electromagnetic relay (G06F 7/46 takes	being entered serially (G06F 7/533 takes
	precedence) [1, 2006.01]	precedence) [2006.01]
7/42	• • • Adding; Subtracting [1, 2006.01]	7/527 • • • • in serial-parallel fashion, i.e. one operand
7/44	• • • Multiplying; Dividing [1, 2006.01]	being entered serially and the other in
7/46	<ul> <li>using electromechanical counter-type</li> </ul>	parallel (G06F 7/533 takes
	accumulators [1, 2006.01]	precedence) <b>[2006.01]</b> 7/53 • • • • • in parallel-parallel fashion, i.e. both
7/48	• • using non-contact-making devices, e.g. tube, solid	operands being entered in parallel
	state device; using unspecified	(G06F 7/533 takes precedence) [ <b>2006.01</b> ]
7/402	devices [1, 3, 2006.01]	7/533 • • • • Reduction of the number of iteration steps
7/483	<ul> <li>Computations with numbers represented by a non-linear combination of denominational</li> </ul>	or stages, e.g. using the Booth algorithm,
	numbers, e.g. rational numbers, logarithmic	log-sum, odd-even [2006.01]
	number system or floating-point	7/535 • • • • Dividing only <b>[2006.01]</b>
	numbers <b>[2006.01]</b>	7/537 • • • • Reduction of the number of iteration steps
7/485	• • • Adding; Subtracting [2006.01]	or stages, e.g. using the Sweeny-
7/487	• • • Multiplying; Dividing [2006.01]	Robertson-Tocher [SRT]
7/49	• • Computations with a radix, other than binary, 8,	algorithm [2006.01]
	16 or decimal, e.g. ternary, negative or	7/544 • • • for evaluating functions by calculation [3, 2006.01]
	imaginary radices, mixed radix [3, 2006.01]	carcaration [5, 2000,01]

7/548	• • • Trigonometric functions; Co-ordinate	8/52 • • Binary to binary <b>[2018.01]</b>
	transformations [3, 2006.01]	8/53 • • Decompilation; Disassembly [2018.01]
7/552	• • • • Powers or roots [3, 2006.01]	8/54 • • Link editing before load time <b>[2018.01]</b>
7/556	• • • Logarithmic or exponential	8/60 • Software deployment <b>[2018.01]</b>
7/57	functions [3, 2006.01]	8/61 • • Installation [2018.01]
7/57	<ul> <li>Arithmetic logic units [ALU], i.e. arrangements or devices for performing two or more of the</li> </ul>	8/65 • Updates (security arrangements therefor G06F 21/57) [2018.01]
	operations covered by groups G06F 7/483-G06F 7/556 or for performing logical operations [2006.01]	8/654 • • • using techniques specially adapted for alterable solid state memories, e.g. for EEPROM or flash memories [2018.01]
7/575	Basic arithmetic logic units, i.e. devices  Alexandrian devices	8/656 • • • while running <b>[2018.01]</b>
	selectable to perform either addition, subtraction or one of several logical	8/658 • • • Incremental updates; Differential updates [2018.01]
	operations, using, at least partially, the same	8/70 • Software maintenance or management <b>[2018.01]</b>
7/50	circuitry [2006.01]	8/71 • Version control (security arrangements therefor
7/58	<ul> <li>Random or pseudo-random number generators [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	G06F 21/57); Configuration
7/60	Methods or arrangements for performing	management [2018.01]
7700	computations using a digital non-denominational	8/72 • • Code refactoring <b>[2018.01]</b>
	number representation, i.e. number representation	8/73 • • Program documentation <b>[2018.01]</b>
	without radix; Computing devices using	8/74 • • Reverse engineering; Extracting design
	combinations of denominational and non-	information from source code [2018.01]
7/60	denominational quantity representations [3, 2006.01]	8/75 • • Structural analysis for program
7/62	<ul> <li>Performing operations exclusively by counting total number of pulses [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	understanding [2018.01]
7/64	*	<ul> <li>8/76 • Adapting program code to run in a different environment; Porting [2018.01]</li> </ul>
/ / U4	<ul> <li>Digital differential analysers, i.e. computing devices for differentiation, integration or solving</li> </ul>	8/77 • • Software metrics [2018.01]
	differential or integral equations, using pulses	501twate metrics [2010.01]
	representing increments; Other incremental	9/00 Arrangements for program control, e.g. control units
	computing devices for solving difference	(program control for peripheral devices
	equations (G06F 7/70 takes precedence;	G06F 13/10) [1, 4, 2006.01, 2018.01]
	differential analysers using hybrid computing	9/02 • using wired connections, e.g. plugboards [1, 2006.01]
7/66	techniques G06J 1/02) [3, 2006.01]  • • wherein pulses represent unitary increments	9/04 • using record carriers containing only program
7700	only [3, 2006.01]	instructions (G06F 9/06 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
7/68	• • using pulse rate multipliers or dividers (G06F 7/70	9/06 • using stored programs, i.e. using an internal store of
<b>7</b> / <b>7</b> 0	takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]	processing equipment to receive or retain
7/70	• using stochastic pulse trains, i.e. randomly	programs [1, 2006.01]
	occurring pulses the average pulse rates of which represent numbers [3, 2006.01]	9/22 • • Microcontrol or microprogram arrangements [3, 2006.01]
7/72	• using residue arithmetic [3, 2006.01]	9/24 • • Loading of the microprogram <b>[3, 2006.01]</b>
7/74	Selecting or encoding within a word the position of	9/26 • • • Address formation of the next microinstruction
	one or more bits having a specified value, e.g. most	(G06F 9/28 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]
	or least significant one or zero detection, priority	9/28 • • • Enhancement of operational speed, e.g. by
	encoders [2006.01]	using several microcontrol devices operating in
7/76	Arrangements for rearranging, permuting or selecting	parallel <b>[3, 2006.01]</b>
	data according to predetermined rules, independently	9/30 • • Arrangements for executing machine instructions,
7/70	<ul><li>of the content of the data [2006.01]</li><li>• for changing the order of data flow, e.g. matrix</li></ul>	e.g. instruction decode (for executing
7/78	transposition or LIFO buffers; Overflow or	microinstructions G06F 9/22) <b>[3, 2006.01, 2018.01]</b>
	underflow handling therefor [2006.01]	9/302 • • • Controlling the executing of arithmetic
		operations [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]
8/00	Arrangements for software engineering (testing or	9/305 • • • Controlling the executing of logical
	debugging G06F 11/36; administrative, planning or	operations [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]
	organisation aspects of software project management G06Q 10/06) [2018.01]	9/308 • • • Controlling single bit operations (G06F 9/305
8/10	Requirements analysis; Specification	takes precedence) [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]
0/10	techniques [2018.01]	9/312 • • • Controlling loading, storing or clearing
8/20	• Software design [2018.01]	operations [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]
8/30	Creation or generation of source code [2018.01]	9/315 • • • Controlling moving, shifting or rotation
8/33	• • Intelligent editors [2018.01]	operations [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]
8/34	• • Graphical or visual programming [2018.01]	9/318 • • • with operation extension or modification <b>[5, 2006.01, 2018.01]</b>
8/35	• • model driven [2018.01]	9/32 • • • Address formation of the next instruction, e.g.
8/36	• • Software reuse <b>[2018.01]</b>	by incrementing the instruction counter
8/38	• • for implementing user interfaces [2018.01]	(G06F 9/38 takes
8/40	• Transformation of program code [2018.01]	precedence) [3, 2006.01, 2018.01]
8/41	• • Compilation [2018.01]	9/34 • • Addressing or accessing the instruction operand
8/51	• • Source to source [2018.01]	or the result [3, 5, 2006.01, 2018.01]

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9/345			
	• • • of multiple operands or results [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]	11/267	<ul> <li>Reconfiguring circuits for testing, e.g. LSSD, partitioning [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
9/35	• • • Indirect addressing [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]	11/27	• • • Built-in tests <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>
9/355	• • • Indexed addressing [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]	11/273	• • Tester hardware, i.e. output processing
9/38	Concurrent instruction execution, e.g. pipeline		circuits <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>
9/44	or look ahead [3, 2006.01, 2018.01]  • Arrangements for executing specific	11/277	• • • with comparison between actual response and known fault-free response [6, 2006.01]
	programs [3, 2006.01, 2018.01]	11/28	• by checking the correct order of processing (G06F 11/07, G06F 11/22 take
9/4401	• • • Bootstrapping (security arrangements therefor G06F 21/57) [2018.01]		precedence) [3, 2006.01]
9/445	<ul> <li>Program loading or initiating (bootstrapping</li> </ul>	11/30	• Monitoring [3, 2006.01]
	G06F 9/4401; security arrangements for program loading or initiating	11/32	<ul> <li>with visual indication of the functioning of the machine [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
	G06F 21/57) <b>[5, 2006.01, 2018.01]</b>	11/34	Recording or statistical evaluation of computer
9/448	<ul> <li>• Execution paradigms, e.g. implementations of programming paradigms [2018.01]</li> </ul>		activity, e.g. of down time, of input/output operation [3, 2006.01]
9/451	• • • Execution arrangements for user interfaces [2018.01]	11/36	<ul> <li>Prevention of errors by analysis, debugging or testing of software [7, 2006.01, 2025.01]</li> </ul>
9/455	• • • Emulation; Interpretation; Software simulation,	11/3604	<ul> <li>• Analysis of software for verifying properties of</li> </ul>
J/ <del>4</del> JJ	e.g. virtualisation or emulation of application or	11/5004	programs (testing of software
	operating system execution engines [5, 2006.01, 2018.01]	11 (000	G06F 11/3668) [2025.01]
0/46			• Debugging of software [2025.01]
9/46	Multiprogramming arrangements [3, 2006.01]      Drogger initiating Program of the ingree of the control of		Testing of software [2025.01]
9/48	• • Program initiating; Program switching, e.g. by interrupt [7, 2006.01]	11/3698	<ul> <li>Environments for analysis, debugging or testing of software [2025.01]</li> </ul>
9/50	• • • Allocation of resources, e.g. of the central	12/00	Accessing, addressing or allocating within memory
0./50	processing unit [CPU] [7, 2006.01]	12/00	systems or architectures (digital input from, or digital
9/52	<ul> <li>• Program synchronisation; Mutual exclusion,</li> <li>e.g. by means of semaphores [7, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		output to record carriers, e.g. to disk storage units,
9/54	• • • Interprogram communication [7, 2006.01]		G06F 3/06) <b>[4, 5, 2006.01]</b>
3/34	interprogram communication [7, 2000.01]	12/02	<ul> <li>Addressing or allocation; Relocation (program</li> </ul>
11/00	Error detection; Error correction; Monitoring (error		address sequencing G06F 9/00; arrangements for
	detection, correction or monitoring in information		selecting an address in a digital store
	storage based on relative movement between record		G11C 8/00) <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>
	carrier and transducer G11B 20/18; monitoring, i.e.	12/04	Addressing variable-length words or parts of
	supervising the progress of recording or reproducing		words [4, 2006.01]
	G11B 27/36; in static stores G11C 29/00) <b>[1, 4, 2006.01]</b>	12/06	• • Addressing a physical block of locations, e.g. base
11/07	• Responding to the occurrence of a fault, e.g. fault		addressing, module addressing, address space extension, memory dedication (G06F 12/08 takes
11/0/	tolerance [7, 2006.01]		precedence) [4, 2006.01]
11/08	Error detection or correction by redundancy in	12/08	• • in hierarchically structured memory systems, e.g.
11/00	data representation, e.g. by using checking	12,00	virtual memory systems [4, 2006.01, 2016.01]
	codes [1, 2006.01]	10 /0000	
11/10		12/0802	
/	<ul> <li>• Adding special bits or symbols to the coded</li> </ul>	12/0802	• • • Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires
11/10	information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines	12/0802	• • • Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g.
11, 10	information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]		<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• Error detection or correction of the data by</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different</li> </ul>	12/0804	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result</li> </ul>	12/0804	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing</li> </ul>
11/14	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means</li> </ul>
11/14	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>Gache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815 12/0817	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>Gache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815 12/0817	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>cache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20 11/22	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle time, e.g. start-up testing [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815 12/0817	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>Cache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus monitoring or watching</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20 11/22	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle time, e.g. start-up testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Marginal testing [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815 12/0831	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>cache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus monitoring or watching means [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20 11/22	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle time, e.g. start-up testing [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815 12/0831	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>cache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus monitoring or watching means [2016.01]</li> <li>with software control, e.g. non-</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20 11/22	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>• Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>• using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>• using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>• Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle time, e.g. start-up testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>• Marginal testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>• Testing of logic operation, e.g. by logic</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0815 12/0831 12/0837	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>cache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus monitoring or watching means [2016.01]</li> <li>with software control, e.g. non-cacheable data [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20 11/22 11/24 11/25	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle time, e.g. start-up testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Marginal testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Testing of logic operation, e.g. by logic analysers [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0817 12/0837 12/0837	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus monitoring or watching means [2016.01]</li> <li>with software control, e.g. non-cacheable data [2016.01]</li> <li>with a shared cache [2016.01]</li> </ul>
11/14 11/16 11/18 11/20 11/22 11/24 11/25 11/26	<ul> <li>information, e.g. parity check, casting out nines or elevens [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation, e.g. by using different operation sequences leading to the same result (G06F 11/16 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using passive fault-masking of the redundant circuits, e.g. by quadding or by majority decision circuits [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>using active fault-masking, e.g. by switching out faulty elements or by switching in spare elements [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Detection or location of defective computer hardware by testing during standby operation or during idle time, e.g. start-up testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Marginal testing [3, 2006.01]</li> <li>Testing of logic operation, e.g. by logic analysers [6, 2006.01]</li> <li>Functional testing [3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	12/0804 12/0806 12/0808 12/0811 12/0813 12/0817 12/0837 12/0837	<ul> <li>Addressing of a memory level in which the access to the desired data or data block requires associative addressing means, e.g. caches [2016.01]</li> <li>with main memory updating (G06F 12/0806 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>Multiuser, multiprocessor or multiprocessing cache systems [2016.01]</li> <li>with cache invalidating means (G06F 12/0815 takes precedence) [2016.01]</li> <li>with multilevel cache hierarchies [2016.01]</li> <li>with a network or matrix configuration [2016.01]</li> <li>cache consistency protocols [2016.01]</li> <li>using directory methods [2016.01]</li> <li>using a bus scheme, e.g. with bus monitoring or watching means [2016.01]</li> <li>with software control, e.g. non-cacheable data [2016.01]</li> </ul>

12/0844 • • • • Multiple simultaneous or quasi-simultaneous cache accessing <b>[2016.01]</b>	12/123	• • • • with age lists, e.g. queue, most recently used [MRU] list or least recently used
12/0846 • • • • • Cache with multiple tag or data arrays being simultaneously	12/126	[LRU] list <b>[2016.01]</b> • • • • with special data handling, e.g. priority of
accessible <b>[2016.01]</b> 12/0853 • • • • • Cache with multiport tag or data		data or instructions, handling errors or pinning [2016.01]
arrays <b>[2016.01]</b> 12/0855 • • • • • Overlapped cache accessing, e.g. pipeline	12/127	• • • • • using additional replacement algorithms [2016.01]
(G06F 12/0846 takes precedence) [2016.01]	12/128	• • • • adapted to multidimensional cache systems, e.g. set-associative, multicache,
12/0862 • • • • with prefetch <b>[2016.01]</b>		multiset or multilevel [2016.01]
12/0864 • • • using pseudo-associative means, e.g. set-associative or hashing <b>[2016.01]</b>	12/14	<ul> <li>Protection against unauthorised use of memory [4, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
12/0866 • • • for peripheral storage systems, e.g. disk cache [2016.01]	12/16	<ul> <li>Protection against loss of memory contents [4, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
12/0868 • • • • • Data transfer between cache memory and other subsystems, e.g. storage devices or host systems [2016.01]	13/00	Interconnection of, or transfer of information or other signals between, memories, input/output
12/0871 • • • • • Allocation or management of cache space [2016.01]		<b>devices or central processing units</b> (interface circuits for specific input/output devices G06F 3/00; multi-
12/0873 • • • • • Mapping of cache memory to specific storage devices or parts thereof [2016.01]	13/10	processor systems G06F 15/16) <b>[1, 4, 2006.01]</b> • Program control for peripheral devices (G06F 13/14-
12/0875 • • • with dedicated cache, e.g. instruction or	42/42	G06F 13/42 take precedence) [4, 2006.01]
stack <b>[2016.01]</b> 12/0877 • • • Cache access modes <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/12	using hardware independent of the central processor, e.g. channel or peripheral  2006 011
12/0879 • • • • Burst mode [2016.01]	13/14	processor <b>[4, 2006.01]</b> • Handling requests for interconnection or
12/0882 • • • • Page mode <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/14	transfer [4, 2006.01]
12/0884 • • • • Parallel mode, e.g. in parallel with main memory or CPU <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/16	• • for access to memory bus (G06F 13/28 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]
12/0886 • • • • Variable-length word access <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/18	• • • with priority control [4, 2006.01]
12/0888 • • • using selective caching, e.g.	13/20	• • for access to input/output bus [4, 2006.01]
bypass <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/22	using successive scanning, e.g. polling
12/0891 • • • using clearing, invalidating or resetting means [2016.01]	40.40.4	(G06F 13/24 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]
12/0893 • • • Caches characterised by their organisation or	13/24	• • using interrupt (G06F 13/32 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]
structure [2016.01]	13/26	• • • with priority control [4, 2006.01]
12/0895 • • • • of parts of caches, e.g. directory or tag array [2016.01]	13/28	• • • using burst mode transfer, e.g. direct memory access, cycle steal (G06F 13/32 takes
12/0897 • • • • with two or more cache hierarchy levels (with multilevel cache hierarchies	40.00	precedence) [4, 2006.01]
G06F 12/0811) [2016.01]	13/30	• • • • with priority control [4, 2006.01]
12/10 • • • Address translation <b>[4, 2006.01, 2016.01]</b>	13/32	<ul> <li>using combination of interrupt and burst mode transfer [4, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
12/1009 • • • using page tables, e.g. page table	13/34	• • • • with priority control [4, 2006.01]
structures [2016.01]	13/36	for access to common bus or bus
12/1018 • • • • involving hashing techniques, e.g. inverted page tables [2016.01]		system <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>
12/1027 • • • using associative or pseudo-associative	13/362	
address translation means, e.g. translation	13/364	<ul> <li>• • using independent requests or grants, e.g. using separated request and grant</li> </ul>
look-aside buffer [TLB] [2016.01]		lines [5, 2006.01]
12/1036 • • • • for multiple virtual address spaces, e.g. segmentation (G06F 12/1045 takes	13/366	• • • using a centralised polling arbiter [5, 2006.01]
precedence) <b>[2016.01]</b> 12/1045 • • • • associated with a data cache <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/368	• • • with decentralised access control [5, 2006.01]
12/1072 • • • Decentralised address translation, e.g. in	13/37	• • • using a physical-position-dependent priority,
distributed shared memory systems [2016.01]		e.g. daisy chain, round robin or token passing <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
12/1081 • • • • for peripheral access to main memory, e.g. direct memory access [DMA] [2016.01]	13/372	• • • using a time-dependent priority, e.g. individually loaded time counters or time
12/109 • • • • for multiple virtual address spaces, e.g. segmentation (G06F 12/1036 takes	13/374	8
precedence) [2016.01]	13/376	<ul><li>priority code comparator [5, 2006.01]</li><li>using a contention resolving method, e.g.</li></ul>
12/12 • • • Replacement control [4, 2006.01, 2016.01]	13/3/0	collision detection, collision
12/121 • • • using replacement algorithms [2016.01]		avoidance <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
12/122 • • • • of the least frequently used [LFU] type, e.g. with individual count value <b>[2016.01]</b>	13/378	• • • using a parallel poll method [5, 2006.01]
e.g. with marviatid Count value [2010.01]	13/38	• Information transfer, e.g. on bus (G06F 13/14 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]

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15/10	D	10.110 F0.10.017
13/40	Bus structure [4, 2006.01]  But the reference to a leader leader leader.  But the reference to a leader.  But	16/18 • • File system types [2019.01]
13/42	<ul> <li>Bus transfer protocol, e.g. handshake;</li> <li>Synchronisation [4, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	16/182 • • • Distributed file systems <b>[2019.01]</b> 16/185 • • • Hierarchical storage management [HSM]
15/00	Digital computers in general (details G06F 1/00-	systems, e.g. file migration or policies thereof (details of archiving G06F 16/11) [2019.01]
	G06F 13/00); Data processing equipment in	16/188 • • • Virtual file systems [2019.01]
	general [1, 2006.01]	16/20 • of structured data, e.g. relational data [2019.01]
15/02	<ul> <li>manually operated with input through keyboard and</li> </ul>	16/21 • Design, administration or maintenance of
	computation using a built-in program, e.g. pocket	databases [2019.01]
15/04	<ul><li>calculators [1, 2006.01]</li><li>programmed simultaneously with the introduction of</li></ul>	16/215 • • • Improving data quality; Data cleansing, e.g. de-
13/04	data to be processed, e.g. on the same record	duplication, removing invalid entries or
	carrier [1, 2006.01]	correcting typographical errors [2019.01]
15/08	<ul> <li>using a plugboard for programming [1, 5, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	<ul><li>16/22 • • Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage structures [2019.01]</li></ul>
15/10	• • Tabulators [1, 5, 2006.01]	16/23 • • Updating [ <b>2019.01</b> ]
15/12	<ul> <li>having provision for both printed and punched</li> </ul>	16/24 • • Querying <b>[2019.01]</b>
15/14	output [1, 5, 2006.01]	16/242 • • • Query formulation <b>[2019.01]</b>
15/14 15/16	• Calculating-punches [1, 5, 2006.01]	16/245 • • • Query processing <b>[2019.01]</b>
15/10	<ul> <li>Combinations of two or more digital computers each having at least an arithmetic unit, a program unit and</li> </ul>	16/2452 • • • • Query translation <b>[2019.01]</b>
	a register, e.g. for a simultaneous processing of	16/2453 • • • • Query optimisation <b>[2019.01]</b>
	several programs [1, 2006.01]	16/2455 • • • • Query execution <b>[2019.01]</b>
15/163	• • Interprocessor communication [6, 2006.01]	16/2457 • • • with adaptation to user needs <b>[2019.01]</b>
15/167	• • using a common memory, e.g.	16/2458 • • • • Special types of queries, e.g. statistical
15/17	mailbox [6, 2006.01]	queries, fuzzy queries or distributed queries [2019.01]
15/17	<ul> <li>using an input/output type connection, e.g. channel, I/O port [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	16/248 • • • Presentation of query results <b>[2019.01]</b>
15/173	• • • using an interconnection network, e.g. matrix,	16/25 • • Integrating or interfacing systems involving
	shuffle, pyramid, star or snowflake <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	database management systems [2019.01]
15/177	<ul> <li>Initialisation or configuration control</li> </ul>	16/26 • Visual data mining; Browsing structured
	(configuration control for monitoring, testing or in	data [2019.01]
15/56	case of failure G06F 11/00) <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	<ul> <li>Replication, distribution or synchronisation of data between databases or within a distributed database</li> </ul>
15/76	<ul> <li>Architectures of general purpose stored program computers (with program plugboard G06F 15/08;</li> </ul>	system; Distributed database system architectures
	multicomputers G06F 15/16) [5, 6, 2006.01]	therefor [2019.01]
15/78	comprising a single central processing	16/28 • • Databases characterised by their database models,
	unit <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>	e.g. relational or object models [2019.01]
15/80	comprising an array of processing units with	16/29 • • Geographical information databases [2019.01]
	common control, e.g. single instruction multiple data processors (G06F 15/82 takes	<ul> <li>of unstructured textual data (document management systems G06F 16/93) [2019.01]</li> </ul>
	precedence) [5, 2006.01]	·
15/82	<ul> <li>data or demand driven [5, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	Note(s) [2019.01]
16/00	Information retrieval; Database structures therefor;	In groups G06F 16/30-G06F 16/36, subject matter relevant to retrieval characterised by using metadata,
10/00	File system structures therefor [2019.01]	when it is determined to be novel and non-obvious,
16/10	• File systems; File servers [2019.01]	must also be classified in groups G06F 16/38-
16/11	<ul> <li>File system administration, e.g. details of</li> </ul>	G06F 16/387.
	archiving or snapshots (file system backup	16/31 • • Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage
16/13	G06F 11/14) [2019.01]  • File access structures, e.g. distributed indices	structures <b>[2019.01]</b> 16/33 • • Querying <b>[2019.01, 2025.01]</b>
10/13	(arrangements of input from, or output to, record	16/332 • • • Query formulation [2019.01, 2025.01]
	carriers G06F 3/06) [2019.01]	16/3329 • • • • Natural language query
16/14	<ul> <li>Details of searching files based on file</li> </ul>	formulation [2025.01]
	metadata [2019.01]	16/3331 • • • Query processing <b>[2025.01]</b>
16/16	File or folder operations, e.g. details of user     interfaces appointingly adopted to file.	16/3332 • • • • Query translation <b>[2025.01]</b>
	<pre>interfaces specifically adapted to file systems [2019.01]</pre>	16/334 • • • • Query execution (filtering based on
16/17	<ul> <li>Details of further file system functions [2019.01]</li> </ul>	additional data G06F 16/335) [2025.01]
16/172	Caching, prefetching or hoarding of	16/3349 • • • • Reuse of stored results of previous queries [2025.01]
	files <b>[2019.01]</b>	16/335 • • • Filtering based on additional data, e.g. user or
16/174	J 1	group profiles (filtering in web context
	system (management of the data involved in	G06F 16/9535, G06F 16/9536) <b>[2019.01]</b>
	backup or backup restore using de-duplication of the data G06F 11/14) [2019.01]	16/338 • • • Presentation of query results [2019.01]
16/176		16/34 • Browsing; Visualisation therefor (browsing or
	support [2019.01]	visualisation for clustering or classification G06F 16/358) <b>[2019.01, 2025.01]</b>
16/178	• • • Techniques for file synchronisation in file	16/35 • • Clustering; Classification [2019.01, 2025.01]
	systems [2019.01]	

16/353	• • • into predefined classes [2025.01]	Note(s) [2019.01]
16/355	<ul> <li>Creation or modification of classes or clusters [2025.01]</li> </ul>	In groups G06F 16/60-G06F 16/65, subject matter relevant to retrieval characterised by using metadata,
16/358	• • Browsing; Visualisation therefor [2025.01]	when it is determined to be novel and non-obvious,
16/36	<ul> <li>Creation of semantic tools, e.g. ontology or thesauri [2019.01]</li> </ul>	must also be classified in groups G06F 16/68-G06F 16/687.
16/38	Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g. metadata not derived from the content or metadata	<ul><li>16/61 • • Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage structures [2019.01]</li></ul>
	generated manually [2019.01]	16/63 • • Querying <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/383	• • using metadata automatically derived from the	16/632 • • • Query formulation <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/387	<ul> <li>content [2019.01]</li> <li>using geographical or spatial information, e.g.</li> </ul>	16/635 • • • Filtering based on additional data, e.g. user or group profiles <b>[2019.01]</b>
10/40	location [2019.01]	16/638 • • • Presentation of query results <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/40	<ul> <li>of multimedia data, e.g. slideshows comprising image and additional audio data (retrieval of still image data</li> </ul>	16/64 • Browsing; Visualisation therefor (generation of a
	G06F 16/50; retrieval of audio data G06F 16/60;	list or set of audio data G06F 16/638) [2019.01]
	retrieval of video data G06F 16/70) [2019.01]	16/65 • • Clustering; Classification [2019.01]
	Note(s) [2019.01]	<ul> <li>16/68 • Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g. metadata not derived from the content or metadata generated manually [2019.01]</li> </ul>
	In groups G06F 16/40-G06F 16/45, subject matter	16/683 • • using metadata automatically derived from the
	relevant to retrieval characterised by using metadata, when it is determined to be novel and non-obvious,	content [2019.01]
	must also be classified in groups G06F 16/48-G06F 16/487.	16/687 • • using geographical or spatial information, e.g. location [2019.01]
16/41	<ul> <li>Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage structures [2019.01]</li> </ul>	16/70 • of video data <b>[2019.01]</b> Note(s) [2019.01]
16/43	• • Querying <b>[2019.01]</b>	In groups G06F 16/70-G06F 16/75, subject matter
16/432	• • • Query formulation <b>[2019.01]</b>	relevant to retrieval characterised by using metadata,
16/435	<ul> <li>• Filtering based on additional data, e.g. user or group profiles [2019.01]</li> </ul>	when it is determined to be novel and non-obvious, must also be classified in groups G06F 16/78-
16/438	• • • Presentation of query results [2019.01]	G06F 16/787.
16/44	• • Browsing; Visualisation therefor [2019.01]	16/71 • • Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage
16/45	Clustering; Classification [2019.01]	structures <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/48	Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g.	16/73 • • Querying <b>[2019.01]</b>
	metadata not derived from the content or metadata generated manually [2019.01]	16/732 • • • Query formulation <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/483	<ul> <li>using metadata automatically derived from the content [2019.01]</li> </ul>	16/735 • • • Filtering based on additional data, e.g. user or group profiles [2019.01]
16/487	• • using geographical or spatial information, e.g.	16/738 • • • Presentation of query results [2019.01]
107 .07	location [2019.01]	16/74 • Browsing; Visualisation therefor (end-user
16/50	• of still image data <b>[2019.01]</b>	interfaces for requesting or interacting with video content, e.g. video on demand interfaces or electronic program guides,
	Note(s) [2019.01]	H04N 21/472) [ <b>2019.01</b> ]
	In groups G06F 16/50-G06F 16/56, subject matter	16/75 • • Clustering; Classification <b>[2019.01]</b>
	relevant to retrieval characterised by using metadata,	16/78 • • Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g.
	when it is determined to be novel and non-obvious, must also be classified in groups G06F 16/58-G06F 16/587.	metadata not derived from the content or metadata generated manually [2019.01]
16/51	<ul> <li>• Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage structures [2019.01]</li> </ul>	16/783 • • • using metadata automatically derived from the content <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/53	• • Querying [2019.01]	16/787 • • using geographical or spatial information, e.g.
16/532	<ul> <li>• • • Query formulation, e.g. graphical querying [2019.01]</li> </ul>	location [2019.01]  16/80 • of semi-structured data, e.g. markup language
16/535	• • • Filtering based on additional data, e.g. user or group profiles [2019.01]	structured data such as SGML, XML or HTML (content-based retrieval of web data G06F 16/95) [2019.01]
16/538	• • • Presentation of query results [2019.01]	16/81 • Indexing, e.g. XML tags; Data structures therefor;
16/54	• • Browsing; Visualisation therefor [2019.01]	Storage structures [2019.01]
16/55	Clustering; Classification [2019.01]	16/83 • • Querying <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/56	• • having vectorial format [2019.01]	16/832 • • • Query formulation <b>[2019.01]</b>
16/58	Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g.	16/92E • • • Query processing [2010.01]

16/84

16/90

16/835 • • • Query processing **[2019.01]** 

16/838 • • • Presentation of query results **[2019.01]** 

• • Mapping; Conversion [2019.01]

retrieved data types [2019.01]

· Details of database functions independent of the

11

16/58

16/587

16/60

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Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g.

• • using geographical or spatial information, e.g.

generated manually [2019.01]

content **[2019.01]** 

location [2019.01]

• of audio data [2019.01]

16/583 • • using metadata automatically derived from the

metadata not derived from the content or metadata

17/17

• • Function evaluation by approximation methods,

least mean square method [6, 2006.01]

e.g. interpolation or extrapolation, smoothing or

#### Note(s) [2019.01] 17/18 • for evaluating statistical data [6, 2006.01] 17/40 Data acquisition and logging (for input to computer In groups G06F 16/90-G06F 16/906, subject matter G06F 3/00) [6, 2006.01] relevant to retrieval characterised by using metadata, when it is determined to be novel and non-obvious, 18/00 Pattern recognition [2023.01] must also be classified in groups G06F 16/907-18/10 • Pre-processing; Data cleansing [2023.01] G06F 16/909. Statistical pre-processing, e.g. techniques for 18/15 16/901 • • Indexing; Data structures therefor; Storage normalisation or restoring missing data [2023.01] structures (for retrieval from the web 18/20 • Analysing [2023.01] G06F 16/951) [2019.01] Design or setup of recognition systems or 18/21 16/903 • • Querying (for retrieval from the web techniques; Extraction of features in feature space; G06F 16/953) [2019.01] Blind source separation [2023.01] 16/9032 • • • Query formulation [2019.01] Selection of the most significant subset of 18/211 • • • 16/9035 • • • Filtering based on additional data, e.g. user or features [2023.01] group profiles [2019.01] by using evolutionary computational 18/2111 • • • 16/9038 • • • Presentation of query results **[2019.01]** techniques, e.g. genetic algorithms [2023.01] 16/904 • • Browsing; Visualisation therefor (for navigating by ranking or filtering the set of features, 18/2113 • • • • the web G06F 16/954; browsing optimisation for e.g. using a measure of variance or of feature the web G06F 16/957) [2019.01] cross-correlation [2023.01] 16/906 • • Clustering; Classification [2019.01] by evaluating different subsets according to 18/2115 • • • • • • Retrieval characterised by using metadata, e.g. 16/907 an optimisation criterion, e.g. class metadata not derived from the content or metadata separability, forward selection or backward generated manually [2019.01] elimination [2023.01] 16/908 • • using metadata automatically derived from the 18/213 • • • Feature extraction, e.g. by transforming the content [2019.01] feature space; Summarisation; Mappings, e.g. 16/909 • • using geographical or spatial information, e.g. subspace methods [2023.01] location (spatial or temporal dependent retrieval 18/2131 • • • based on a transform domain processing, e.g. from the web G06F 16/9537) [2019.01] wavelet transform [2023.01] 16/93 • • Document management systems [2019.01] 18/2132 • • • based on discrimination criteria, e.g. 16/95 • Retrieval from the web [2019.01] discriminant analysis [2023.01] 16/951 • • • Indexing; Web crawling techniques [2019.01] based on naturality criteria, e.g. with non-16/953 • • • Querying, e.g. by the use of web search negative factorisation or negative engines [2019.01] correlation [2023.01] 16/9532 • • • Ouerv formulation [2019.01] based on separation criteria, e.g. independent 18/2134 • • • • Search customisation based on user profiles 16/9535 • • • • component analysis [2023.01] and personalisation [2019.01] based on approximation criteria, e.g. 18/2135 • • • • Search customisation based on social or 16/9536 • • • principal component analysis [2023.01] collaborative filtering [2019.01] based on sparsity criteria, e.g. with an 18/2136 • • • • Spatial or temporal dependent retrieval, e.g. 16/9537 • • • overcomplete basis [2023.01] spatiotemporal queries [2019.01] 18/2137 • • • • based on criteria of topology preservation, 16/9538 • • • • Presentation of guery results **[2019.01]** e.g. multidimensional scaling or self-• • • Navigation, e.g. using categorised 16/954 organising maps [2023.01] browsing [2019.01] Generating training patterns; Bootstrap 18/214 • • using information identifiers, e.g. uniform 16/955 methods, e.g. bagging or boosting [2023.01] resource locators [URL] [2019.01] • • Matching criteria, e.g. proximity 18/22 16/957 Browsing optimisation, e.g. caching or content measures [2023.01] distillation [2019.01] 18/23 • • Clustering techniques [2023.01] Organisation or management of web site 16/958 18/231 • • • Hierarchical techniques, i.e. dividing or content, e.g. publishing, maintaining pages or merging pattern sets so as to obtain a automatic linking [2019.01] dendrogram [2023.01] 18/232 • • • Non-hierarchical techniques [2023.01] Digital computing or data processing equipment or 17/00 18/2321 • • • using statistics or function optimisation, e.g. methods, specially adapted for specific functions modelling of probability density (information retrieval, database structures or file system functions [2023.01] structures therefor G06F 16/00) [6, 2006.01, 2019.01] with adaptive number of 18/23211 • • • 17/10 • Complex mathematical operations [6, 2006.01] clusters [2023.01] • • for solving equations [6, 2006.01] 17/11 18/23213 · · · · with fixed number of clusters, e.g. K-17/12 • • • Simultaneous equations **[6, 2006.01]** means clustering [2023.01] Differential equations (using digital differential 17/13 18/2323 • • • based on graph theory, e.g. minimum analysers G06F 7/64) [6, 2006.01] spanning trees [MST] or graph 17/14 · Fourier, Walsh or analogous domain cuts [2023.01] transformations [6, 2006.01] 18/2325 • • • using vector quantisation [2023.01] • • Correlation function computation [6, 2006.01] 17/15 18/2337 • using fuzzy logic, i.e. fuzzy 17/16 • • Matrix or vector computation [6, 2006.01]

clustering [2023.01]

18/24 • Classification techniques [2023.01]

18/241	• • relating to the classification model, e.g.	21/44 • • Program or device authentication [2013.01]
	parametric or non-parametric approaches [2023.01]	• • Structures or tools for the administration of authentication <b>[2013.01]</b>
18/2411	• • • based on the proximity to a decision surface, e.g. support vector machines [2023.01]	21/46 • • • by designing passwords or checking the strength of passwords [2013.01]
18/2413	<ul> <li>• • • based on distances to training or reference patterns [2023.01]</li> </ul>	• Monitoring users, programs or devices to maintain the integrity of platforms, e.g. of processors,
18/2415	• • • • based on parametric or probabilistic models,	firmware or operating systems [2013.01]
18/2/3	<ul> <li>e.g. based on likelihood ratio or false acceptance rate versus a false rejection rate [2023.01]</li> <li>relating to the number of classes [2023.01]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>at application loading time, e.g. accepting, rejecting, starting or inhibiting executable software based on integrity or source reliability [2013.01]</li> </ul>
	• • • • Multiple classes [2023.01]	21/52 • • during program execution, e.g. stack integrity,
	Single-class perspective, e.g. one-against-all classification; Novelty detection; Outlier	buffer overflow or preventing unwanted data erasure [2013.01]
	detection <b>[2023.01]</b>	21/53 • • • by executing in a restricted environment, e.g.
18/245	• • relating to the decision surface [2023.01]	sandbox or secure virtual machine [2013.01]
18/2451	• • • • linear, e.g. hyperplane [2023.01]	21/54 • • by adding security routines or objects to
18/2453	• • • non-linear, e.g. polynomial	programs [2013.01]
10/25	classifier [2023.01]	<ul> <li>21/55 • Detecting local intrusion or implementing countermeasures [2013.01]</li> </ul>
18/25	• • Fusion techniques [2023.01]	21/56 • • Computer malware detection or handling, e.g.
18/26 18/27	<ul><li>Discovering frequent patterns [2023.01]</li><li>Regression, e.g. linear or logistic</li></ul>	anti-virus arrangements [2013.01]
10/2/	regression [2023.01]	21/57 • • Certifying or maintaining trusted computer
18/28	Determining representative reference patterns, e.g.	platforms, e.g. secure boots or power-downs,
	by averaging or distorting; Generating	version controls, system software checks, secure updates or assessing vulnerabilities [2013.01]
	dictionaries [2023.01]	21/60 • Protecting data [2013.01]
18/30	Post-processing [2023.01]	21/62 • Protecting access to data via a platform, e.g. using
18/40	Software arrangements specially adapted for pattern  recognition of page interfaces or toolbayes.	keys or access control rules [2013.01]
	recognition, e.g. user interfaces or toolboxes therefor [2023.01]	21/64 • Protecting data integrity, e.g. using checksums, certificates or signatures [2013.01]
21/00	Security arrangements for protecting computers,	• Protecting specific internal or peripheral components,
	components thereof, programs or data against unauthorised activity [2006.01, 2013.01]	in which the protection of a component leads to protection of the entire computer [2013.01]
21/10	<ul> <li>Protecting distributed programs or content, e.g.</li> </ul>	21/71 • • to assure secure computing or processing of
	vending or licensing of copyrighted material	information [2013.01]
	(protection in video systems or pay television H04N 7/16) <b>[2013.01]</b>	21/72 • • • in cryptographic circuits <b>[2013.01]</b>
		21/73 • • • by creating or determining hardware identification, e.g. serial numbers [2013.01]
	Note(s) [2013.01]	21/74 • • • operating in dual or compartmented mode, i.e.
	In this group, the following terms or expressions are	at least one secure mode [2013.01]
	used with the meaning indicated:	21/75 • • by inhibiting the analysis of circuitry or
	<ul> <li>"content" means any intellectually created work whose copyright is to be safeguarded.</li> </ul>	operation, e.g. to counteract reverse
21/12	Protecting executable software [2013.01]	engineering [2013.01]
21/14	• • against software analysis or reverse	21/76 • • • in application-specific integrated circuits [ASIC] or field-programmable devices, e.g.
	engineering, e.g. by obfuscation [2013.01]	field-programmable gate arrays [FPGA] or
21/16	<ul> <li>Program or content traceability, e.g. by</li> </ul>	programmable logic devices [PLD] [2013.01]
	watermarking [2013.01]	21/77 • • • in smart cards <b>[2013.01]</b>
21/30	Authentication, i.e. establishing the identity or     Authentication of acquiring a large 12012 011.	21/78 • • to assure secure storage of data (address-based
21/21	<ul><li>authorisation of security principals [2013.01]</li><li>User authentication [2013.01]</li></ul>	protection against unauthorised use of memory
21/31 21/32	• • using biometric data, e.g. fingerprints, iris scans	G06F 12/14; record carriers for use with machines and with at least a part designed to carry digital
کل <i>ا</i> دے	or voiceprints [2013.01]	markings G06K 19/00) [2013.01]
21/33	• • • using certificates [2013.01]	21/79 • • in semiconductor storage media, e.g. directly-
21/34	<ul> <li>involving the use of external additional devices,</li> </ul>	addressable memories [2013.01]
	e.g. dongles or smart cards [2013.01]	21/80 • • • in storage media based on magnetic or optical
21/35	• • • communicating wirelessly [2013.01]	technology, e.g. disks with sectors (preventing
21/36	• • • by graphic or iconic representation [2013.01]	unauthorised reproduction or copying of disc- type recordable media G11B 20/00) <b>[2013.01]</b>
21/40	• • • by quorum, i.e. whereby two or more security principals are required [2013.01]	21/81 • • by operating on the power supply, e.g. enabling or
21/41	• • • where a single sign-on provides access to a	disabling power-on, sleep or resume operations [2013.01]
21/42	plurality of computers [2013.01]  • • using separate channels for security	21/82 • • Protecting input, output or interconnection
	data [2013.01]	devices [2013.01]
21/43	• • • wireless channels [2013.01]	

21/83	• • • input devices, e.g. keyboards, mice or controllers thereof [2013.01]	30/333 • • • Design for testability [DFT], e.g. scan chain or built-in self-test [BIST] <b>[2020.01]</b>
21/84	• • • output devices, e.g. displays or	30/337 • • • Design optimisation <b>[2020.01]</b>
21/85	monitors [2013.01]  • • interconnection devices, e.g. bus-connected or in line devices [2013.01]	30/34 • • for reconfigurable circuits, e.g. field programmable gate arrays [FPGA] or
21/86	<ul><li>in-line devices [2013.01]</li><li>• Secure or tamper-resistant housings [2013.01]</li></ul>	programmable logic devices [PLD] <b>[2020.01]</b> 30/343 • • • Logical level <b>[2020.01]</b>
21/87	by means of encapsulation, e.g. for integrated circuits [2013.01]	30/347 • • • Physical level, e.g. placement or routing <b>[2020.01]</b>
21/88	• • Detecting or preventing theft or loss [2013.01]	30/35 • Delay-insensitive circuit design, e.g. asynchronous or self-timed [2020.01]
30/00	Computer-aided design [CAD] [2020.01]	30/36 • • Circuit design at the analogue level <b>[2020.01]</b>
	Note(s) [2020.01]	30/367 • • • Design verification, e.g. using simulation, simulation program with integrated circuit
DO /40	In this group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups G06F 111/00-G06F 119/00.	emphasis [SPICE], direct methods or relaxation methods [2020.01]
30/10	Geometric CAD [2020.01]      Above to six and by decision on the property of the second of the	30/373 • • • Design optimisation <b>[2020.01]</b>
30/12	<ul> <li>characterised by design entry means specially adapted for CAD, e.g. graphical user interfaces [GUI] specially adapted for CAD [2020.01]</li> </ul>	30/38 • • Circuit design at the mixed level of analogue and digital signals <b>[2020.01]</b>
30/13	Architectural design, e.g. computer-aided architectural design [CAAD] related to design of	<ul> <li>30/39 • Circuit design at the physical level (physical level design for reconfigurable circuits</li> <li>G06F 30/347) [2020.01]</li> </ul>
	buildings, bridges, landscapes, production plants or roads [2020.01]	30/392 • • • Floor-planning or layout, e.g. partitioning or placement [2020.01]
30/15	• • Vehicle, aircraft or watercraft design [2020.01]	30/394 • • • Routing (G06F 30/396 takes
30/17	Mechanical parametric or variational	precedence) [2020.01]
30/18	<ul><li>design [2020.01]</li><li>Network design, e.g. design based on topological</li></ul>	30/3947 • • • • global [ <b>2020.01</b> ]
50710	or interconnect aspects of utility systems, piping,	30/3953 • • • detailed [2020.01]
	heating ventilation air conditioning [HVAC] or	30/396 • • • Clock trees [2020.01]
	cabling (circuit design at the physical level	30/398 • • • Design verification or optimisation, e.g. using design rule check [DRC], layout versus
	G06F 30/39; network planning tools for wireless communication networks H04W 16/18) [2020.01]	schematics [LVS] or finite element methods
30/20	Design optimisation, verification or simulation	[FEM] (optical proximity correction [OPC]
30/20	(optimisation, verification or simulation of circuit designs G06F 30/30) [2020.01]	design processes G03F 1/36) [2020.01]
30/22	• • using Petri net models [2020.01]	<b>40/00 Handling natural language data</b> (speech analysis or synthesis, speech recognition G10L) [2020.01]
30/23	<ul> <li>using finite element methods [FEM] or finite difference methods [FDM] [2020.01]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>40/10 • Text processing (natural language analysis G06F 40/20; semantic analysis G06F 40/30;</li> </ul>
30/25	• • using particle-based methods [2020.01]	processing or translation of natural language
30/27	<ul> <li>using machine learning, e.g. artificial intelligence, neural networks, support vector machines [SVM]</li> </ul>	G06F 40/40) <b>[2020.01]</b> 40/103 • Formatting, i.e. changing of presentation of
	or training a model [2020.01]	documents (automatic justification G06F 40/189;
30/28	using fluid dynamics, e.g. using Navier-Stokes equations or computational fluid dynamics	automatic line break hyphenation G06F 40/191) [2020.01]
	[CFD] <b>[2020.01]</b>	40/106 • • • Display of layout of documents;
30/30	• Circuit design [2020.01]	Previewing <b>[2020.01]</b>
30/31	<ul> <li>Design entry, e.g. editors specifically adapted for circuit design [2020.01]</li> </ul>	40/109 • • • Font handling; Temporal or kinetic typography [2020.01]
30/32	<ul> <li>Circuit design at the digital level (reconfigurable circuits G06F 30/34) [2020.01]</li> </ul>	40/111 • • • Mathematical or scientific formatting; Subscripts; Superscripts [2020.01]
30/323	• • • Translation or migration, e.g. logic to logic,	40/114 • • • Pagination [2020.01]
	hardware description language [HDL] translation or netlist translation [2020.01]	40/117 • • • Tagging; Marking up (details of markup languages G06F 40/143); Designating a block;
30/327	<ul> <li>Logic synthesis; Behaviour synthesis, e.g. mapping logic, HDL to netlist, high-level language to RTL or netlist [2020.01]</li> </ul>	Setting of attributes (style sheets, e.g. eXtensible Stylesheet Language Transformation [XSLT], G06F 40/154) [2020.01]
30/33	<ul> <li>Design verification, e.g. functional simulation or model checking [2020.01]</li> </ul>	40/12 • • Use of codes for handling textual entities [2020.01]
30/3308	3 • • • • using simulation [2020.01]	40/123 • • • Storage facilities <b>[2020.01]</b>
30/331	• • • • with hardware acceleration, e.g. by using	40/126 • • • Character encoding <b>[2020.01]</b>
00:5	field programmable gate array [FPGA] or emulation [2020.01]	40/129 • • • • Handling non-Latin characters, e.g. kana-to-kanji conversion <b>[2020.01]</b>
	2 • • • • Timing analysis [2020.01]	40/131 • • • Fragmentation of text files, e.g. creating
	5 • • • using static timing analysis [STA] [2020.01]	reusable text-blocks; Linking to fragments, e.g.
30/3323	<ul> <li>using formal methods, e.g. equivalence checking or property checking [2020.01]</li> </ul>	using XInclude; Namespaces [2020.01] 40/134 • • • Hyperlinking [2020.01]

40/137	•	•	<ul> <li>Hierarchical processing, e.g. outlines [2020.01]</li> </ul>	40/35	<ul> <li>Discourse or dialogue representation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40/14	•	•	Tree-structured documents (parsing	40/40	<ul> <li>Processing or translation of natural language (natural</li> </ul>
			G06F 40/205; validation		language analysis G06F 40/20; semantic analysis
			G06F 40/226) <b>[2020.01]</b>		G06F 40/30) [2020.01]
40/143	•	•	<ul> <li>Markup, e.g. Standard Generalized Markup</li> </ul>	40/42	<ul> <li>Data-driven translation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			Language [SGML] or Document Type	40/44	<ul> <li>• Statistical methods, e.g. probability</li> </ul>
			Definition [DTD] <b>[2020.01]</b>		models <b>[2020.01]</b>
40/146	•	•	<ul> <li>Coding or compression of tree-structured</li> </ul>	40/45	<ul> <li>• Example-based machine translation;</li> </ul>
			data <b>[2020.01]</b>		Alignment [2020.01]
40/149	•	•	<ul> <li>Adaptation of the text data for streaming</li> </ul>	40/47	<ul> <li>• • Machine-assisted translation, e.g. using</li> </ul>
			purposes, e.g. Efficient XML Interchange [EXI]		translation memory [2020.01]
			format [2020.01]	40/49	• • using very large corpora, e.g. the web [2020.01]
			• Transformation [2020.01]	40/51	<ul> <li>Translation evaluation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40/154	•	•	Tree transformation for tree-structured or	40/53	<ul> <li>Processing of non-Latin text (kana-to-kanji</li> </ul>
			markup documents, e.g. XSLT, XSL-FO or		conversion G06F 40/129; vowelisation
40 /1 57			stylesheets [2020.01]		G06F 40/232) <b>[2020.01]</b>
			• • using dictionaries or tables [2020.01]	40/55	<ul> <li>Rule-based translation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40/16	•	•	• • Automatic learning of transformation rules,	40/56	<ul> <li>Natural language generation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40 /1 00			e.g. from examples [2020.01]	40/58	<ul> <li>Use of machine translation, e.g. for multi-lingual</li> </ul>
			• Handling of whitespace [2020.01]		retrieval, for server-side translation for client
			Editing, e.g. inserting or deleting [2020.01]		devices or for real-time translation [2020.01]
40/169	•	•	• Annotation, e.g. comment data or		
40 /4 54			footnotes [2020.01]	T., J.,	scheme associated with group G06F 30/00, relating to
			• by use of digital ink [2020.01]		hniques [2020.01]
			• Form filling; Merging [2020.01]	CAD (CC)	<u> </u>
			• of tables; using ruled lines [2020.01]	111/00	Details relating to CAD techniques [2020.01]
40/18	•	•	of spreadsheets (form-filling		
40 / 400			G06F 40/174) [2020.01]		
40/183	•	•	• Tabulation, i.e. one-dimensional	111/02	<ul> <li>CAD in a network environment, e.g. collaborative</li> </ul>
40./400			positioning [2020.01]		CAD or distributed simulation [2020.01]
			• Templates [2020.01]	111/04	<ul> <li>Constraint-based CAD [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			Automatic justification [2020.01]	111/06	<ul> <li>Multi-objective optimisation, e.g. Pareto optimisation</li> </ul>
			Automatic line break hyphenation [2020.01]		using simulated annealing [SA], ant colony
			Calculation of difference between files [2020.01]		algorithms or genetic algorithms [GA] [2020.01]
40/197	•		Version control (for software	111/08	<ul> <li>Probabilistic or stochastic CAD [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			G06F 8/71) [ <b>2020.01</b> ]	111/10	<ul> <li>Numerical modelling [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40/20	•		tural language analysis (semantic analysis of	111/12	<ul> <li>Symbolic schematics [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40 / 205			ural language G06F 40/30) <b>[2020.01]</b>	111/14	<ul> <li>related to nanotechnology [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			Parsing [2020.01]	111/16	<ul> <li>Customisation or personalisation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40/211	•	•	• Syntactic parsing, e.g. based on context-free	111/18	<ul> <li>using virtual or augmented reality [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			grammar [CFG] or unification grammars [2020.01]	111/20	<ul> <li>Configuration CAD, e.g. designing by assembling or</li> </ul>
40/216	_		<ul> <li>using statistical methods [2020.01]</li> </ul>		positioning modules selected from libraries of
40/210			Parsing markup language streams (streaming)		predesigned modules [2020.01]
40/221	•	•	G06F 40/149) [2020.01]		
40/226			• Validation [2020.01]		COOT 10/00 1 d
			Orthographic correction, e.g. spell checking or		scheme associated with group G06F 30/00, relating to cation field [2020.01]
40/232	•		vowelisation [2020.01]	ше аррп	<u>Cation neia [2020.01]</u>
40/237			Lexical tools [2020.01]	113/00	Details relating to the application field [2020.01]
			• Dictionaries [2020.01]		
			• Thesauruses; Synonyms [2020.01]		
				113/02	<ul> <li>Data centres [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			Grammatical analysis; Style critique [2020.01]	113/04	Power grid distribution networks [2020.01]
40/258	•		Heading extraction; Automatic titling;	113/06	• Wind turbines or wind farms [2020.01]
40 / 262			Numbering [2020.01]	113/08	• Fluids [2020.01]
			Language identification [2020.01]	113/10	Additive manufacturing, e.g. 3D printing [2020.01]
40/268			Morphological analysis [2020.01]	113/10	• Cloth [2020.01]
40/2/4	•		Converting codes to words; Guess-ahead of partial word inputs [2020.01]	113/14	• Pipes [2020.01]
40 / 270			-	113/14	<ul> <li>Cables, cable trees or wire harnesses [2020.01]</li> </ul>
			Recognition of textual entities [2020.01]	113/18	<ul> <li>Cables, cable trees of wife flamesses [2020.01]</li> <li>Chip packaging [2020.01]</li> </ul>
40/284	•	•	<ul> <li>Lexical analysis, e.g. tokenisation or collocates [2020.01]</li> </ul>	113/10	Packaging, e.g. boxes or containers [2020.01]
40 / 200	_		Phrasal analysis, e.g. finite state techniques or		
40/289	٠	-	chunking [2020.01]	113/22	• Moulding [2020.01]
40/295			<ul><li>Named entity recognition [2020.01]</li></ul>	113/24	• Sheet material [2020.01]
40/293			nantic analysis [2020.01]	113/26	• Composites [2020.01]
+0/30	٠	sel	numic anarysis [2020.01]	113/28	• Fuselage, exterior or interior [2020.01]

	scheme associated with group G06F 30/00, relating to of the circuit [2020.01]	the purp	scheme associated with group G06F 30/00, relating to ose – mostly applicable to circuits – but also relevant al CAD [2020.01]
115/00	Details relating to the type of the circuit [2020.01]	119/00	Details relating to the type or aim of the analysis or the optimisation [2020.01]
115/02	• System on chip [SoC] design [2020.01]		
115/04	<ul> <li>Micro electro-mechanical systems</li> </ul>		
	[MEMS] [2020.01]	119/02	<ul> <li>Reliability analysis or reliability optimisation; Failure analysis, e.g. worst case scenario performance,</li> </ul>
115/06	Structured ASICs [2020.01]		failure mode and effects analysis [FMEA] [2020.01]
115/08	<ul><li>Intellectual property [IP] blocks or IP cores [2020.01]</li><li>Processors [2020.01]</li></ul>	119/04	Ageing analysis or optimisation against
115/10 115/12	<ul> <li>Processors [2020.01]</li> <li>Printed circuit boards [PCB] or multi-chip modules</li> </ul>		ageing [2020.01]
113/12	[MCM] [2020.01]	119/06	<ul> <li>Power analysis or power optimisation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
	[]	119/08	• Thermal analysis or thermal optimisation [2020.01]
		119/10	Noise analysis or noise optimisation [2020.01]
	scheme associated with group G06F 30/00, relating to	119/12	• Timing analysis or timing optimisation [2020.01]
-	or aim of the circuit design [2020.01]	119/14	<ul> <li>Force analysis or force optimisation, e.g. static or dynamic forces [2020.01]</li> </ul>
117/00	Details relating to the type or aim of the circuit design [2020.01]	119/16	<ul> <li>Equivalence checking [2020.01]</li> </ul>
	design [2020.01]	119/18	<ul> <li>Manufacturability analysis or optimisation for manufacturability [2020.01]</li> </ul>
117/02	Fault tolerance, e.g. for transient fault	119/20	<ul> <li>Design reuse, reusability analysis or reusability optimisation [2020.01]</li> </ul>
	suppression [2020.01]	119/22	Yield analysis or yield optimisation [2020.01]
117/04	• Clock gating [2020.01]		
117/06	<ul> <li>Spare resources, e.g. for permanent fault suppression [2020.01]</li> </ul>	T., J.,	
117/08	HW-SW co-design, e.g. HW-SW		scheme associated with group G06F 18/00, relating to recognition [2023.01]
	partitioning [2020.01]	pattern	
117/10	• Buffer insertion <b>[2020.01]</b>	123/00	Data types [2023.01]
117/12	• Sizing, e.g. of transistors or gates [2020.01]		
G06G	ANALOGUE COMPUTERS (analogue optical computing models G06N)	123/02 g devices G06	<ul> <li>in the time domain, e.g. time-series data [2023.01]</li> <li>E 3/00; computer systems based on specific computational</li> </ul>
1/00	Hand-manipulated computing devices (planimeters	3/06	for evaluating functions by using cams and cam
1 (00	G01B 5/26) [1, 2006.01]	2.400	followers [1, 2006.01]
1/02	Devices in which computing is effected by adding, subtracting, or comparing lengths of parallel or concentric graduated scales [1, 2006 01].	3/08	• for integrating or differentiating, e.g. by wheel and disc [1, 2006.01]
1/04	<ul><li>concentric graduated scales [1, 2006.01]</li><li>characterised by construction (G06G 1/10 takes</li></ul>	3/10	<ul> <li>for simulating specific processes, systems, or devices [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
1/06	precedence) [1, 2006.01]		
	• • • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide	5/00	Devices in which the computing operation is performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such
1/08		5/00	
1/08 1/10	• • • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]		<b>performed by means of fluid-pressure elements</b> (such elements in general F15C) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	5/00 7/00	performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]  Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities
1/10	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one</li> </ul>		performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]  Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T; speech analysis or synthesis G10L) [1, 2006.01]
1/10 1/12 1/14	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one or more points on a result scale [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/00	performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]  Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T;
1/10 1/12	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one</li> </ul>	7/00	<ul> <li>performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T; speech analysis or synthesis G10L) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Details not covered by groups G06G 7/04-G06G 7/10 [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Input or output devices (graph readers G06K 11/00; using function plotters, co-ordinate plotters</li> </ul>
1/10 1/12 1/14	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one or more points on a result scale [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn through related points on one or more families of curves [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is</li> </ul>	<b>7/00</b> 7/02	<ul> <li>performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T; speech analysis or synthesis G10L) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Details not covered by groups G06G 7/04-G06G 7/10 [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Input or output devices (graph readers G06K 11/00; using function plotters, co-ordinate plotters G06K 15/22) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Programming arrangements, e.g. plugboard for interconnecting functional units of the computer;</li> </ul>
1/10 1/12 1/14 1/16	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one or more points on a result scale [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn through related points on one or more families of curves [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	<b>7/00</b> 7/02 7/04 7/06	<ul> <li>performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T; speech analysis or synthesis G10L) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Details not covered by groups G06G 7/04-G06G 7/10 [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Input or output devices (graph readers G06K 11/00; using function plotters, co-ordinate plotters G06K 15/22) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Programming arrangements, e.g. plugboard for interconnecting functional units of the computer; Digital programming [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
1/10 1/12 1/14 1/16	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one or more points on a result scale [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn through related points on one or more families of curves [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed mechanically (G06G 1/00 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• for performing additions or subtractions, e.g.</li> </ul>	7/00 7/02 7/04 7/06	<ul> <li>performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T; speech analysis or synthesis G10L) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Details not covered by groups G06G 7/04-G06G 7/10 [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Input or output devices (graph readers G06K 11/00; using function plotters, co-ordinate plotters G06K 15/22) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Programming arrangements, e.g. plugboard for interconnecting functional units of the computer; Digital programming [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Power supply arrangements [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
1/10 1/12 1/14 1/16 3/00	<ul> <li>• • with rectilinear scales, e.g. slide rule [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• • with circular or helical scales [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• characterised by the graduation [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• logarithmic graduations, e.g. for multiplication [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn from given points on one or more input scales to one or more points on a result scale [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• in which a straight or curved line has to be drawn through related points on one or more families of curves [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed mechanically (G06G 1/00 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	<b>7/00</b> 7/02 7/04 7/06	<ul> <li>performed by means of fluid-pressure elements (such elements in general F15C) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices in which the computing operation is performed by varying electric or magnetic quantities (neural networks for image data processing G06T; speech analysis or synthesis G10L) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Details not covered by groups G06G 7/04-G06G 7/10 [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Input or output devices (graph readers G06K 11/00; using function plotters, co-ordinate plotters G06K 15/22) [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Programming arrangements, e.g. plugboard for interconnecting functional units of the computer; Digital programming [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>

7/122	<ul> <li>for optimisation, e.g. least square fitting, linear programming, critical path analysis, gradient method [2, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/36	• • of single equations of quadratic or higher degree (G06G 7/22, G06G 7/24 take precedence) [1, 2006.01]
7/14	• • for addition or subtraction (of vector quantities G06G 7/22) [1, 2006.01]	7/38 7/40	<ul> <li>• of differential or integral equations [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>• of partial differential equations (simulating)</li> </ul>
7/16	• • for multiplication or division [1, 2006.01]	77 10	specific devices G06G 7/48) [1, 2006.01]
7/161	• • • with pulse modulation, e.g. modulation of	7/42	• • • • using electrolytic tank [1, 2006.01]
	amplitude, width, frequency, phase, or form [2, 2006.01]	7/44	• • • • using continuous medium, current- sensitive paper [1, 2006.01]
7/162	using similar magnetic effects [2, 2006.01]	7/46	• • • • using discontinuous medium, e.g. resistance network [1, 2006.01]
7/163	the input signals, variable amplification or	7/48	<ul> <li>Analogue computers for specific processes, systems, or devices, e.g. simulators [1, 2, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
7/164	transfer function [2, 2006.01]	7/50	<ul> <li>for distribution networks, e.g. for fluids</li> </ul>
7/164	<ul> <li>using means for evaluating powers, e.g. quarter square multiplier (evaluating powers</li> </ul>	= /=0	(G06G 7/62 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
	G06G 7/20) [3, 2006.01]	7/52	• • for economic systems; for statistics (G06G 7/122, G06G 7/19, G06G 7/20 take
7/18	• • for integration or differentiation (G06G 7/19 takes		precedence) [1, 3, 2006.01]
7/182	precedence) [1, 3, 2006.01]  • • • using magnetic elements [3, 2006.01]	7/54	• • for nuclear physics, e.g. nuclear reactors,
		7/56	radioactive fallout [1, 2006.01]  • for heat flow (G06G 7/58 takes
		7/30	precedence) [1, 2006.01]
.,	capacitor or a resistor in the feedback	7/57	• • for fluid flow (G06G 7/50 takes
	loop [3, 2006.01]		precedence) [1, 2006.01]
7/188	3	7/58	<ul> <li>for chemical processes (G06G 7/75 takes</li> </ul>
7/19	for forming integrals of products, e.g. Fourier     integrals, Laplace integrals, correlation integrals.	<b>7</b> .000	precedence) [1, 2006.01]
	integrals, Laplace integrals, correlation integrals; for analysis or synthesis of functions using	7/60	• • for living beings, e.g. their nervous systems [1, 2006.01]
	orthogonal functions (Fourier or spectrum analysis	7/62	<ul><li>for electric systems or apparatus [1, 2006.01]</li></ul>
	G01R 23/16) <b>[1, 3, 2006.01]</b>	7/625	• • for impedance networks, e.g. determining
7/195	9		response, determining poles or zeros,
7/20	• • for evaluating powers, roots, polynomes, mean square values, standard deviation (G06G 7/122,		determining the Nyquist diagram (measuring impedance G01R 27/00) [2, 2006.01]
	G06G 7/28 take precedence; gamma correction in television systems H04N 5/202,	7/63	• • • for power apparatus, e.g. motors, or supply distribution networks <b>[2, 2006.01]</b>
7/22	H04N 9/69) [1, 3, 2006.01]	7/635	<ul> <li>• • • for determining the most economical</li> </ul>
7/22	<ul> <li>for evaluating trigonometric functions; for conversion of co-ordinates; for computations</li> </ul>	=	distribution in power systems [2, 2006.01]
	involving vector quantities (trigonometric	7/64	• • for non-electric machines, e.g. turbine [1, 2006.01]
	computations using simultaneous equations	7/66 7/68	• • for control systems [1, 2006.01]
	G06G 7/34) [1, 2006.01]	//00	<ul> <li>for civil-engineering structures, e.g. beam, strut, girder [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
7/24	<ul> <li>for evaluating logarithmic or exponential functions, e.g. hyperbolic functions [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/70	<ul> <li>for vehicles, e.g. to determine permissible loading</li> </ul>
7/25	for discontinuous functions, e.g. backlash, dead		of ships [1, 2006.01]
	zone, limiting, absolute value, or peak	7/72	• • Flight simulators (Link trainers G09B 9/08) [1, 2006.01]
7/26	value [2, 2006.01]	7/75	<ul> <li>for component analysis, e.g. of mixtures, of</li> </ul>
7/26	<ul> <li>Arbitrary function generators (using orthogonal functions, e.g. Fourier series, G06G 7/19; using</li> </ul>	.,	colours (G06G 7/122 takes
	curve follower G06K 11/02) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>		precedence) [2, 2006.01]
7/28	<ul> <li>for synthesising functions by piecewise</li> </ul>	7/76	• • for traffic [1, 2006.01]
	approximation [1, 2006.01]	7/78	<ul> <li>for direction-finding, locating, distance or velocity measuring, or navigation systems [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
7/30	• • for interpolation or extrapolation (G06G 7/122	7/80	for gun-laying; for bomb aiming; for guiding
7/32	takes precedence) [1, 2, 2006.01]  • for solving of equations [1, 2006.01]	, , 00	missiles [1, 2, 2006.01]
7/34	• • of simultaneous equations (G06G 7/122 takes		
,,,,,	precedence) [1, 2, 2006.01]	99/00	Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass [2009.01]

**G06J HYBRID COMPUTING ARRANGEMENTS** (optical hybrid computing devices G06E 3/00; computer systems based on specific computational models G06N; neural networks for image data processing G06T; analogue/digital conversion, in general H03M 1/00)

# Note(s)

In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:

• "hybrid computing arrangement" is an arrangement in which part of the computation is digital and part is analogue.

1/00 **Hybrid computing arrangements** (digitally-programmed analogue computers G06G 7/06) [1, 2006.01]

1/02 • Differential analysers [1, 2006.01]

3/00 Systems for conjoint operation of complete digital and complete analogue computers [1, 2006.01]

G06K GRAPHICAL DATA READING (image or video recognition or understanding G06V); PRESENTATION OF DATA; RECORD CARRIERS; HANDLING RECORD CARRIERS

### Note(s)

This subclass covers:

- marking, sensing, and conveying of record carriers;
- · reading graphical representations from record carriers, e.g. barcodes;
- presenting visually or otherwise the data recognised or the result of a computation.

# Subclass index

READING	
Graphs	
CONVERTING POSITION OF MANUAL WRITING OR TRACING MEMBER INTO SIGNALS	11/00
PERMANENT VISUAL PRESENTATION OF OUTPUT DATA	15/00
MARKING, PRINTING-OUT	1/00, 3/00
VERIFYING	5/00
SENSING	7/00
CONVEYING	13/00
COMBINATIONS OF OPERATIONS COVERED BY TWO OR MORE OF THE PRECEDING GROUPS	5.17/00
RECORD CARRIERS, PUNCHED CARDS	19/00, 21/00

1/00	Methods or arrangements for marking the record
	carrier in digital fashion [1, 2006.01]

- 1/02 by punching **[1, 2006.01]**
- 1/04 controlled by sensing markings on the record carrier being punched [1, 2006.01]
- 1/05 High-speed punches, e.g. controlled by electric computer [1, 2006.01]
- 1/06 • Manually-controlled devices [1, 2006.01]
- 1/08 • Card punches **[1, 2006.01]**
- 1/10 • Tape punches **[1, 2006.01]**
- 1/12 otherwise than by punching **[1, 2006.01]**
- 1/14 by transferring data from a similar or dissimilar record carrier [1, 2006.01]
- by reproducing data from one punched card on to one or more punched cards without the code representation, i.e. duplicating [1, 2006.01]
- 1/18 • by transferring data from one type of record carrier on to another type of record carrier, e.g. from magnetic tape to punched card [1, 2006.01]
- Simultaneous marking of record carrier and printingout of data, e.g. printing-punch [1, 2006.01]
- Simultaneous marking and printing on different record carriers, e.g. on different types of record carrier [1, 2006.01]
- 3/00 Methods or arrangements for printing of data in the shape of alphanumeric or other characters from a record carrier, e.g. interpreting, printing-out from a magnetic tape [1, 2006.01]
- Translating markings on a record carrier into printed data on the same record carrier, i.e. interpreting [1, 2006.01]
- 5/00 Methods or arrangements for verifying the correctness of markings on a record carrier; Column-detection devices [1, 2006.01]

- the verifying forming a part of the marking action [1, 2006.01]
- Verifying the alignment of markings [1, 2006.01]
- 7/00 Methods or arrangements for sensing record carriers (methods or arrangements for marking the record carrier in digital fashion G06K 1/00; pattern recognition G06F 18/00; arrangements for image or video recognition or understanding G06V 10/00; character recognition, recognising digital ink or document-oriented image-based pattern recognition G06V 30/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/01 Details **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/015 • Aligning or centring of the sensing device with respect to the record carrier **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/016 • Synchronisation of sensing process [1, 2006.01]
- by pneumatic or hydraulic means, e.g. sensing punched holes with compressed air; by sonic means [1, 2006.01]
- by mechanical means, e.g. by pins operating electric contacts [1, 2006.01]
- by means which conduct current when a mark is sensed or absent, e.g. contact brush for a conductive mark [1, 2006.01]
- by means detecting the change of an electrostatic or magnetic field, e.g. by detecting change of capacitance between electrodes [1, 2006.01]
- by electromagnetic radiation, e.g. optical sensing; by corpuscular radiation [1, 2006.01]
- 7/12 using a selected wavelength, e.g. to sense red marks and ignore blue marks [1, 2006.01]
- using light without selection of wavelength, e.g. sensing reflected white light [1, 2006.01]

	converting the pattern of mechanical parameters, e.g. force or presence, into electrical signals (combined with pattern recognition G06F 18/00;	15/12 15/14	• by photographic printing [1, 2006.01]
	(combined with pattern recognition G06F 18/00;	15/14	• • branched annual and the control of the control
		10, 1.	<ul> <li>by electrographic printing, e.g. xerography; by magnetographic printing [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
	arrangements for image or video recognition or	15/16	<ul> <li>Means for paper feeding or form</li> </ul>
	understanding G06V 10/00; character recognition,		feeding [1, 2006.01]
	recognising digital ink or document-oriented image- based pattern recognition G06V 30/00) [1, 2, 2006.01]	15/22	<ul> <li>using plotters [1, 3, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
11/02	• Automatic curve followers [1, 2006.01]	4 7 (00	
11/04	<ul> <li>using an auxiliary scanning pattern [2, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/00	Methods or arrangements for effecting co-operative working between equipments covered by two or
11/04	<ul> <li>Devices for converting the position of a manually-</li> </ul>		more of main groups G06K 1/00-G06K 15/00, e.g.
11,00	operated writing or tracing member into an electrical		automatic card files incorporating conveying and
	signal [3, 2006.01]		reading operations [1, 2006.01]
13/00	Conveying record carriers from one station to	19/00	Record carriers for use with machines and with at
	another, e.g. from stack to punching mechanism		least a part designed to carry digital
	(conveying record carriers combined with another operation, e.g. with reading G06K 17/00) [1, 2006.01]	10/00	markings [1, 2006.01]
13/02	the record carrier having longitudinal dimension	19/02	<ul> <li>characterised by the selection of materials, e.g. to avoid wear during transport through the</li> </ul>
13/02	comparable with transverse dimension, e.g. punched		machine [1, 2006.01]
	card [1, 2006.01]	19/04	• characterised by the shape [1, 2006.01]
13/04	• • Details, e.g. flaps in card-sorting	19/06	<ul> <li>characterised by the kind of the digital marking, e.g.</li> </ul>
	apparatus [1, 2006.01]		shape, nature, code <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
13/05	• • • Capstans; Pinch rollers [1, 2006.01]	19/063	<ul> <li>the carrier being marginally punched or notched,</li> </ul>
13/06	Guiding cards; Checking correct operation of		e.g. having elongated slots [5, 2006.01]
10.40.00	card-conveying mechanisms [1, 2, 2006.01]	19/067	<ul> <li>Record carriers with conductive marks, printed</li> </ul>
	• • • Aligning cards [2, 2006.01]		circuits or semiconductor circuit elements, e.g.
13/067	• • Checking presence, absence, correct position,		credit or identity cards (using a coded card to authorise calls from a telephone set
13/07	or moving status of cards [2, 2006.01]  • Transporting of cards between		H04M 1/675) <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
13/0/	stations [1, 2006.01]	19/07	• • • with integrated circuit chips [5, 2006.01]
13/073	• • • with continuous movement [2, 2006.01]	19/073	• • • Special arrangements for circuits, e.g. for
	• • • with intermittent movement; Braking or		protecting identification code in memory
	stopping movement <b>[2, 2006.01]</b>		(protection against unauthorised use of
13/08	• • Feeding or discharging cards [1, 2006.01]	40.40==	computer memory G06F 12/14) <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
13/10	• • • from magazine to conveying arrangement [1, 2006.01]	19/077	• • • Constructional details, e.g. mounting of circuits in the carrier <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
13/103	• • • using mechanical means [2, 2006.01]	19/08	<ul> <li>using markings of different kinds in the same</li> </ul>
	• • • using pneumatic means [2, 2006.01]		record carrier, e.g. one marking being sensed by
13/12	• • • from conveying arrangement to		optical and the other by magnetic
	magazine [1, 2006.01]	10/10	means [1, 2006.01]
13/14	• • Card magazines, e.g. pocket,	19/10	• • at least one kind of marking being used for authentication, e.g. of credit or identity cards
	hopper [1, 2006.01]		(verification of coded identity or credit cards in
13/16	• • Handling flexible sheets, e.g. cheques [1, 2006.01]		mechanisms actuated by them
13/18	• the record carrier being longitudinally extended, e.g.		G07F 7/12) <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
10 (00	punched tape [1, 2006.01]	19/12	• • • the marking being sensed by magnetic
13/20	• • Details [1, 2006.01]	40/44	means [5, 2006.01]
13/22	• • Capstans; Pinch rollers [1, 2006.01]	19/14	• • • • the marking being sensed by
13/24	<ul> <li>Guiding of record carriers; Recognising end of record carrier [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	19/16	radiation <b>[5, 2006.01]</b> • • • • the marking being a hologram or
13/26	<ul> <li>Winding-up or unwinding of record carriers;</li> </ul>	13/10	diffraction grating [5, 2006.01]
13/20	Driving of record carriers [1, 2, 2006.01]	19/18	• • • • Constructional details [5, 2006.01]
13/28	• • continuously [2, 2006.01]	15/10	Constructional details [5, 200001]
13/30	• • • intermittently [2, 2006.01]	21/00	Information retrieval from punched cards designed for manual use or handling by machine (G06K 19/00
15/00	Arrangements for producing a permanent visual		takes precedence; detection or correction of errors by
157 00	presentation of the output data (printing or plotting		rescanning patterns G06V 30/00; checking correct
	combined with another operation, e.g. with conveying,		operation of card-conveying mechanisms G06K 13/06);
	G06K 17/00) [1, 3, 2006.01]		Apparatus for handling such cards, e.g. marking or
15/02	• using printers [1, 2006.01]	21/02	<ul><li>correcting [1, 2006.01]</li><li>in which coincidence of markings is sensed</li></ul>
15/04	• • by rack-type printers [1, 2006.01]	21/02	mechanically, e.g. by needle [1, 2006.01]
15/06	• • by type-wheel printers [1, 2006.01]	21/04	<ul> <li>in which coincidence of markings is sensed optically,</li> </ul>
15/07	• • by continuously-rotating-type-wheel printers,	_1,04	e.g. peek-a-boo system [1, 2006.01]
1E /00	e.g. rotating-type-drum printers [2, 2006.01]	21/06	Apparatus or tools adapted for slotting or otherwise
15/08	<ul> <li>by flight printing with type font moving in the direction of the printed line, e.g. chain</li> </ul>		marking information-retrieval cards [1, 2006.01]
	printers [1, 2006.01]		

• Apparatus or tools for correcting punching or slotting

errors [2, 2006.01]

# G06M

**COUNTING MECHANISMS; COUNTING OF OBJECTS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR** (counting by measuring volume or weight of articles to be counted G01F, G01G; adaptation of counters to electricity meters in electromechanical arrangements for measuring time integral of electric power or current G01R 11/16; computers G06C-G06J; counting electric pulses H03K; counting characters, words or messages in switching networks for transmission of digital information H04L 12/08; metering arrangements in telephonic systems H04M 15/00)

## Note(s)

### This subclass covers:

- stepping or continuously-moving mechanical counters operated through one or more inputs applied to the lowest order mechanically or electrically;
- counting systems involving applications of either mechanical, electrical, or electronic counters.

1/00	Design features of general application [1, 2006.01]	3/04	with an additional counter train operating in the
1/02	Housing (for measuring instruments in general	5/01	reverse direction [1, 2006.01]
	G01D) [1, 2006.01]	3/06	<ul> <li>for printing or separately displaying result of count</li> </ul>
1/04	<ul> <li>for driving the stage of lowest order (with variable</li> </ul>		(display systems G09) [1, 2006.01]
	ratio of drive G06M 1/38) [1, 2006.01]	3/08	<ul> <li>for counting the input from several sources; for</li> </ul>
1/06	• • producing continuous revolution of the stage, e.g.	2/10	counting inputs of different amounts [1, 2006.01]
	with gear train [1, 2006.01]	3/10	• for counting denominations with unequal numbers in
1/08	• for actuating the drive [1, 2006.01]		each stage, e.g. degrees and minutes of angle (transfer mechanism therefor
1/10	• • by electric or magnetic means [1, 2006.01]		G06M 1/20) [1, 2006.01]
1/12	• by fluid means [1, 2006.01]	3/12	<ul> <li>for preventing incorrect actuation, e.g. for preventing</li> </ul>
1/14	<ul> <li>for transferring a condition from one stage to a higher stage (with variable ratio of transfer</li> </ul>		falsification <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
	G06M 1/38) [1, 2006.01]	3/14	<ul> <li>for registering difference of positive and negative</li> </ul>
1/16	• • self-operating, e.g. by Geneva		actuations [1, 2006.01]
1,10	mechanism [1, 2006.01]		
1/18	<ul> <li>requiring external operation, e.g. by</li> </ul>	Counting	r of objects
	electromagnetic force [1, 2006.01]	Counting	g of objects
1/20	<ul> <li>specially adapted for denominations with unequal</li> </ul>	7/00	Counting of objects carried by a
	numbers in each stage, e.g. degrees and minutes of		conveyor [1, 2006.01]
1 /00	angle [1, 2006.01]	7/02	<ul> <li>wherein objects ahead of the sensing element are</li> </ul>
1/22	<ul> <li>for visual indication of the result of count on counting mechanisms, e.g. by window with</li> </ul>		separated to produce a distinct gap between
	magnifying lens [1, 2006.01]	<b>=</b> 10.4	successive objects [1, 2006.01]
1/24	<ul> <li>Drums; Dials; Pointers [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/04	<ul> <li>Counting of piece goods, e.g. of boxes [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
1/26	<ul> <li>Aligning means [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/06	<ul><li>Counting of flat articles, e.g. of sheets of</li></ul>
1/27	<ul> <li>for representing the result of count in the form of</li> </ul>	7700	paper [1, 2006.01]
	electric signals, e.g. by sensing markings on the	7/08	<ul> <li>wherein the direction of movement of the objects is</li> </ul>
	counter drum [1, 2006.01]	,, 00	changed at the station where they are
1/272	• • using photoelectric means [1, 2006.01]		sensed [1, 2006.01]
1/274	<ul> <li>using magnetic means; using Hall-effect</li> </ul>	7/10	<ul> <li>Counting of flat overlapped articles, e.g. of</li> </ul>
	devices [1, 2006.01]		cards [1, 2006.01]
1/276	• • using mechanically-actuated contacts [1, 2006.01]	9/00	Counting of chicate in a stock thougast [1, 2006 01]
1/28	for zeroising or setting to a particular	9/00	Counting of objects in a stack thereof [1, 2006.01]
1 /20	value [1, 2006.01]	9/02	<ul> <li>by using a rotating separator incorporating pneumatic suction nozzles [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
1/30	<ul> <li>using heart-shaped or similar cams; using levers [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		Suction nozzies [1, 2000.01]
1/32	• • Actuating means, e.g. magnet, spring,	11/00	Counting of objects distributed at random, e.g. on a
1/32	weight [1, 2006.01]		surface [1, 2006.01]
1/34	• • using reset shafts [1, 2006.01]	11/02	<ul> <li>using an electron beam scanning a surface line by</li> </ul>
1/36	Actuating means, e.g. magnet, spring,		line, e.g. of blood cells on a substrate [1, 2006.01]
1,50	weight [1, 2006.01]	11/04	• with provision for distinguishing between different
1/38	<ul> <li>for varying ratio of drive or transfer mechanism, e.g.</li> </ul>		sizes of objects (investigating particle size in general G01N 15/00) [1, 2006.01]
	by using alternative counting trains [1, 2006.01]		general Gutiv 15/00) [1, 2000.01]

15/00

for [2011.01]

3/00

3/02

**Counters with additional facilities** (generating electric pulses at random intervals H03K 3/84) **[1, 2006.01]** 

of the count, e.g. arresting a machine [1, 2006.01]

for performing an operation at a predetermined value

Counting of objects, not otherwise provided

# G06N COMPUTING ARRANGEMENTS BASED ON SPECIFIC COMPUTATIONAL MODELS [7]

3/00	Computing arrangements based on biological	3/0985	• • • Hyperparameter optimisation; Meta-learning;
	models [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]		Learning-to-learn [2023.01]
3/004	<ul> <li>Artificial life, i.e. computing arrangements simulating life [2023.01]</li> </ul>	3/10	Interfaces, programming languages or software development kits, e.g. for simulating neural  177, 2006, 041
3/006	<ul> <li>based on simulated virtual individual or collective life forms, e.g. social simulations or particle</li> </ul>	2/12	networks [7, 2006.01]
	swarm optimisation [PSO] [2023.01]	3/12 3/123	<ul><li>using genetic models [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]</li><li>DNA computing [2023.01]</li></ul>
3/008	based on physical entities controlled by simulated	3/126	Evolutionary algorithms, e.g. genetic algorithms
	intelligence so as to replicate intelligent life forms, e.g. based on robots replicating pets or humans in	37 I <b>2</b> 3	or genetic programming [2023.01]
	their appearance or behaviour [2023.01]	5/00	Computing arrangements using knowledge-based
3/02	<ul> <li>Neural networks [7, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		models [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]
3/04	Architecture, e.g. interconnection	5/01	Dynamic search techniques; Heuristics; Dynamic
2/042	topology [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]	5/02	trees; Branch-and-bound [2023.01]  Knowledge representation; Symbolic
3/042	<ul> <li>Knowledge-based neural networks; Logical representations of neural networks [2023.01]</li> </ul>	3/02	representation [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]
3/043	• • based on fuzzy logic, fuzzy membership or	5/022	Knowledge engineering; Knowledge
	fuzzy inference, e.g. adaptive neuro-fuzzy		acquisition [2023.01]
	inference systems [ANFIS] [2023.01]	5/025	• • • Extracting rules from data [2023.01]
3/044	, 0 1	5/04	• Inference or reasoning models [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]
2/0443	networks [2023.01]	5/043	• Distributed expert systems; Blackboards [2023.01]
3/0442	2 • • • characterised by memory or gating, e.g. long short-term memory [LSTM] or gated recurrent units [GRU] [2023.01]	5/045	<ul> <li>Explanation of inference; Explainable artificial intelligence [XAI]; Interpretable artificial intelligence [2023.01]</li> </ul>
3/045	• • • Combinations of networks [2023.01]	5/046	Forward inferencing; Production
3/0455	5 • • • Auto-encoder networks; Encoder-decoder		systems [2023.01]
2 /0 /6	networks [2023.01]	5/047	• • • Pattern matching networks; Rete
3/0464	4 • • Convolutional networks [CNN, ConvNet] [2023.01]	F/049	networks [2023.01]
3/047	Probabilistic or stochastic networks [2023.01]	5/048	• • Fuzzy inferencing [2023.01]
	5 • • • Generative networks [2023.01]	7/00	Computing arrangements based on specific
	• • • Activation functions [2023.01]		mathematical models [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]
3/049	• • • Temporal neural networks, e.g. delay elements, oscillating neurons or pulsed inputs [2023.01]	7/01	<ul> <li>Probabilistic graphical models, e.g. probabilistic networks [2023.01]</li> </ul>
3/0495	5 • • • Quantised networks; Sparse networks;	7/02	• using fuzzy logic (computing arrangements based on
	Compressed networks [2023.01]		biological models G06N 3/00; computing arrangements using knowledge-based models
3/0499			G06N 5/00) [7, 2006.01]
3/06	<ul> <li>Physical realisation, i.e. hardware implementation of neural networks, neurons or parts of</li> </ul>	7/04	• • Physical realisation [7, 2006.01]
	neurons [7, 2006.01]	7/06	<ul> <li>Simulation on general purpose</li> </ul>
3/063	• • • using electronic means [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]	- 100	computers [7, 2006.01]
3/065	• • • • Analogue means [2023.01]	7/08	<ul> <li>using chaos models or non-linear system models [7, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
3/067	• • • using optical means [7, 2006.01]		models [7, 2000.01]
3/08	<ul> <li>Learning methods [7, 2006.01, 2023.01]</li> </ul>	10/00	Quantum computing, i.e. information processing
3/082	<ul> <li>• modifying the architecture, e.g. adding, deleting or silencing nodes or connections [2023.01]</li> </ul>		based on quantum-mechanical phenomena [2019.01, 2022.01]
3/084	<ul> <li>Backpropagation, e.g. using gradient descent [2023.01]</li> </ul>	10/20	• Models of quantum computing, e.g. quantum circuits or universal quantum computers [2022.01]
3/086	<ul> <li>using evolutionary algorithms, e.g. genetic algorithms or genetic programming [2023.01]</li> </ul>	10/40	<ul> <li>Physical realisations or architectures of quantum processors or components for manipulating qubits,</li> </ul>
3/088	<ul> <li>Non-supervised learning, e.g. competitive learning [2023.01]</li> </ul>	10/60	<ul><li>e.g. qubit coupling or qubit control [2022.01]</li><li>Quantum algorithms, e.g. based on quantum</li></ul>
3/0895	<ul> <li>• • • Weakly supervised learning, e.g. semi- supervised or self-supervised</li> </ul>		optimisation, or quantum Fourier or Hadamard transforms [2022.01]
	learning [2023.01]	10/70	• Quantum error correction, detection or prevention,
3/09	• • • Supervised learning [2023.01]		e.g. surface codes or magic state distillation [2022.01]
3/091	• • • Active learning [2023.01]	10/80	• Quantum programming, e.g. interfaces, languages or
3/092 3/094	<ul><li>Reinforcement learning [2023.01]</li><li>Adversarial learning [2023.01]</li></ul>	10,00	software-development kits for creating or handling
3/094	• • • Adversarial learning [2023.01] • • • Transfer learning [2023.01]		programs capable of running on quantum computers;
3/098	Distributed learning, e.g. federated		Platforms for simulating or accessing quantum
3, 333	learning [2023.01]		computers, e.g. cloud-based quantum computing [2022.01]

### 20/00 Machine learning [2019.01]

20/10 • using kernel methods, e.g. support vector machines [SVM] [2019.01]

20/20 • Ensemble learning [2019.01]

99/00 Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass [2010.01, 2019.01]

G06Q INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY [ICT] SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL, MANAGERIAL OR SUPERVISORY PURPOSES; SYSTEMS OR METHODS SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR ADMINISTRATIVE, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL, MANAGERIAL OR SUPERVISORY PURPOSES, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR [2006.01]

### Note(s) [2006.01]

- 1. Groups G06Q 10/00-G06Q 50/00 and G06Q 99/00 only <u>cover</u> systems or methods that involve significant data processing operations, i.e. data processing operations that need to be carried out by a technological, e.g. computing, system or device.
- 2. Group G06Q 90/00 <u>covers</u> systems or methods that do not involve significant data processing, when both of the following conditions are fulfilled:
  - the systems or methods are specially adapted for the purposes mentioned in the subclass title or the titles of groups G06Q 10/00-G06Q 50/00; and
  - the systems or methods cannot be classified elsewhere in the IPC, for example by applying the principles described in paragraph 96 of the Guide.

When classifying such systems or methods in group G06Q 90/00, additional classification may be made in the most closely related group of this or any other subclass, if this classification gives information about the application of the systems or methods that could be of interest for search. Such non-obligatory classification must be given as "additional information".

### 10/00 Administration; Management [2006.01, 2012.01, 2023.01]

- 10/02 Reservations, e.g. for tickets, services or events [2012.01]
- Forecasting or optimisation specially adapted for administrative or management purposes, e.g. linear programming or "cutting stock problem" (market predictions or forecasting for commercial activities G06Q 30/0202) [2012.01, 2023.01]
- 10/047 • Optimisation of routes or paths, e.g. travelling salesman problem **[2023.01]**
- 10/06 Resources, workflows, human or project management; Enterprise or organisation planning; Enterprise or organisation modelling [2012.01, 2023.01]
- 10/063 • Operations research, analysis or management [2023.01]
- 10/0631 • Resource planning, allocation, distributing or scheduling for enterprises or organisations [2023.01]
- 10/0633 • Workflow analysis **[2023.01]**
- 10/0635 • Risk analysis of enterprise or organisation activities [2023.01]
- Strategic management or analysis, e.g. setting a goal or target of an organisation; Planning actions based on goals; Analysis or evaluation of effectiveness of goals [2023.01]
- 10/0639 • Performance analysis of employees; Performance analysis of enterprise or organisation operations [2023.01]
- 10/067 • Enterprise or organisation modelling [2023.01]
- 10/08 Logistics, e.g. warehousing, loading or distribution; Inventory or stock management [2012.01, 2023.01, 2024.01]
- 10/083 • Shipping [2023.01, 2024.01]
- 10/0831 • Overseas transactions **[2023.01]**
- 10/0832 • Special goods or special handling procedures, e.g. handling of hazardous or fragile goods [2023.01]
- 10/0833 • Tracking [2023.01]
- 10/0834 • Choice of carriers **[2023.01]**

- 10/0835 • Relationships between shipper or supplier and carriers [2023.01]
- 10/0836 • Recipient pick-ups **[2023.01]**
- 10/0837 • Return transactions **[2023.01]**
- 10/087 • Inventory or stock management, e.g. order filling, procurement or balancing against orders [2023.01]
- 10/0875 • Itemisation or classification of parts, supplies or services, e.g. bill of materials [2023.01]
- 10/10 Office automation; Time management [2012.01, 2023.01]
- 10/101 • Collaborative creation, e.g. joint development of products or services [2023.01]
- 10/105 • Human resources **[2023.01]**
- 10/1053 • Employment or hiring **[2023.01]**
- 10/1057 • Benefits or employee welfare, e.g. insurance, holiday or retirement packages [2023.01]
- 10/107 Computer-aided management of electronic mailing [e-mailing] [2023.01]
- 10/109 • Time management, e.g. calendars, reminders, meetings or time accounting **[2023.01]**
- 10/1091 • Recording time for administrative or management purposes [2023.01]
- 10/1093 • Calendar-based scheduling for persons or groups [2023.01]
- Administration of product repair or maintenance **[2023.01]**
- 10/30 Administration of product recycling or disposal [2023.01]

# 20/00 Payment architectures, schemes or protocols

(apparatus for performing or posting payment transactions G07F 7/08, G07F 19/00; electronic cash registers G07G 1/12) [2006.01, 2012.01]

### Note(s) [2006.01]

This group covers:

 protocols or schemes which include procedures whereby a payment is made between a merchant, a bank, a user and sometimes a third party; the procedure usually includes verification and authentication of all parties involved.

20/02	•	involving a neutral third party, e.g. certification authority, notary or trusted third party	30/0226	•	•	<ul> <li>Incentive systems for frequent usage, e.g. frequent flyer miles programs or point</li> </ul>
		[TTP] [2012.01]				systems [2023.01]
20/04		Payment circuits [2012.01]	30/0234			<ul> <li>Rebates after completed purchase [2023.01]</li> </ul>
20/06		Private payment circuits, e.g. involving electronic				<ul> <li>constrained by time limit or expiration</li> </ul>
20700		currency used only among participants of a	507 0255			date [2023.01]
		common payment scheme [2012.01]	30/0238			• • at point-of-sale [POS] [2023.01]
20/08	•	Payment architectures [2012.01]				• Advertisements [2023.01]
20/10		specially adapted for electronic funds transfer				<ul> <li>Determining effectiveness of</li> </ul>
20710		[EFT] systems; specially adapted for home	30/0242			advertisements [2023.01]
		banking systems [2012.01]	30/0251			<ul> <li>Targeted advertisements [2023.01]</li> </ul>
20/12	•	<ul> <li>specially adapted for electronic shopping</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Period of advertisement exposure [2023.01]</li> </ul>
		systems [2012.01]				• -
20/14	•	specially adapted for billing systems [2012.01]				• Determination of fees for advertising [2023.01]
20/16		Payments settled via telecommunication				• Fundraising management [2023.01]
		systems [2012.01]	30/0282	•	•	• Rating or review of business operators or
20/18	•	involving self-service terminals [SST], vending	20/0202			products [2023.01]
		machines, kiosks or multimedia				• Price estimation or determination [2023.01]
		terminals [2012.01]	30/04			Billing or invoicing [2012.01]
20/20	•	• Point-of-sale [POS] network systems [2012.01]	30/06	•		Buying, selling or leasing
20/22		Payment schemes or models [2012.01]				transactions [2012.01, 2023.01]
20/24		• Credit schemes, i.e. "pay after" [2012.01]				• Electronic shopping [e-shopping] [2023.01]
20/26		• Debit schemes, i.e. "pay now" [2012.01]	30/0645	•	•	Rental transactions; Leasing
20/28		• Pre-payment schemes, i.e. "pay before" [2012.01]				transactions [2023.01]
20/20		characterised by the use of specific devices [2012.01]	30/08	•	•	• Auctions [2012.01]
			40 /00		Π.	T
20/32		• using wireless devices [2012.01]	40/00			nance; Insurance; Tax strategies; Processing of
20/34	•	• using cards, e.g. integrated circuit [IC] cards or	40 /00			rporate or income taxes [2006.01, 2012.01, 2023.01]
20 /20		magnetic cards [2012.01]	40/02	•		Banking, e.g. interest calculation or account
20/36	•	• using electronic wallets or electronic money				maintenance (credit or loans
20 /20		safes [2012.01]	40 / 02	_		G06Q 40/03) [2012.01, 2023.01]
20/38		Payment protocols; Details thereof [2012.01]	40/03			Credit; Loans; Processing thereof [2023.01]
20/40	•	Authorisation, e.g. identification of payer or	40/04	•		Trading; Exchange, e.g. stocks, commodities,
		payee, verification of customer or shop	40 / OC			derivatives or currency exchange [2012.01]
		credentials; Review and approval of payers, e.g. check of credit lines or negative lists [2012.01]	40/06	•		Asset management; Financial planning or analysis [2012.01]
20 / 42	_	Confirmation, e.g. check or permission by the	40 / 00			-
20/42	•	legal debtor of payment [2012.01]	40/08	•		Insurance [2012.01]
		legal debtor of payment [2012:01]	40/10	•		Tax strategies [2023.01]
30/00	C	ommerce [2006.01, 2012.01, 2023.01]	40/12	•	•	Accounting [2023.01]
30/01	•	Customer relationship services [2023.01]	50/00	1	Inf	formation and communication technology [ICT]
30/012	•	Providing warranty services [2023.01]				ecially adapted for implementation of business
		Providing recall services for goods or				ocesses of specific business sectors, e.g. utilities or
		products <b>[2023.01]</b>		t	tot	urism (healthcare informatics
30/015	•	Providing customer assistance, e.g. assisting a		(	G1	.6H) <b>[2006.01, 2012.01, 2024.01]</b>
50,015		customer within a business location or via	50/02		•	Agriculture; Fishing; Forestry;
		helpdesk [2023.01]				Mining [2012.01, 2024.01]
30/016	•	• • After-sales [2023.01]	50/04		•	Manufacturing [2012.01]
		Certifying business or products [2023.01]	50/06	•		Energy or water supply <b>[2012.01, 2024.01]</b>
30/02		Marketing; Price estimation or determination;	50/08			Construction [2012.01]
50702		Fundraising [2012.01, 2023.01]	50/10			Services [2012.01]
30/0201		Market modelling; Market analysis; Collecting	50/10			Hotels or restaurants [2012.01]
5070201		market data [2023.01]	50/14			<ul> <li>Travel agencies [2012.01]</li> </ul>
30/0202		Market predictions or forecasting for				~
5070202		commercial activities [2023.01]	50/16			• Real estate [2012.01, 2024.01]
30/0203		Market surveys; Market polls [2023.01]	50/163			• Real estate management [2024.01]
		<ul> <li>• Market segmentation [2023.01]</li> </ul>	50/18			• Legal services [2012.01]
		_	50/20			• Education [2012.01]
30/020/	•	<ul> <li>Discounts or incentives, e.g. coupons or rebates [2023.01]</li> </ul>	50/22	•	•	
3U \U J U O	_					support activities or counselling
3U/U2U8	•	<ul> <li>Trade or exchange of goods or services in exchange for incentives or rewards [2023.01]</li> </ul>				services [2012.01, 2018.01, 2024.01]
20/0211	_		50/26	•	•	• Government or public services (business processes
JU/U211	•	<ul> <li>Determining the effectiveness of discounts or incentives [2023.01]</li> </ul>				related to the transportation industry
20/0214	_		E0 /D:			G06Q 50/40) [2012.01, 2024.01]
		• Referral reward systems [2023.01]	50/34	•		Betting or bookmaking, e.g. Internet
ou/U21/	•	<ul> <li>involving input on products or services in exchange for incentives or rewards [2023.01]</li> </ul>	50/40			betting [2012.01]
				•		
		exchange for incentives of rewards [2025.01]	30/40			Business processes related to the transportation industry (shipping G06Q 10/083) [2024.01]
		exchange for incentives of rewards [2020.01]	30/40			-

50/43 50/47	<ul> <li>• Business processes related to the sharing of vehicles, e.g. car sharing [2024.01]</li> <li>• Passenger ride requests, e.g. ridehailing [2024.01]</li> </ul>	50/60	<ul> <li>Business processes related to postal services (shipping G06Q 10/083; franking apparatus G07B 17/00) [2024.01]</li> </ul>
50/50	<ul> <li>Business processes related to the communications industry (metering or billing arrangements H04L 12/14; telephonic communication involving automatic or semi-automatic exchanges H04M 3/00;</li> </ul>	90/00	Systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial or supervisory purposes, not involving significant data processing [2006.01]
	arrangements for metering, time-control or time indication H04M 15/00; prepayment telephone systems H04M 17/00; accounting or billing for wireless communication networks H04W 4/24) [2024.01]	99/00	Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass [2006.01]

#### G06T IMAGE DATA PROCESSING OR GENERATION, IN GENERAL [6, 2006.01]

# **Subclass index**

GENERAL PURPOSE IMAGE DATA PROCESSING	1/00
GEOMETRIC IMAGE TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE PLANE OF THE IMAGE	3/00
IMAGE ENHANCEMENT OR RESTORATION	5/00
IMAGE ANALYSIS	7/00
IMAGE CODING	9/00
2D [TWO DIMENSIONAL] IMAGE GENERATION	11/00
ANIMATION	13/00
3D [THREE DIMENSIONAL] IMAGE RENDERING	15/00
3D MODELLING FOR COMPUTER GRAPHICS	17/00
MANIPULATING 3D MODELS OR IMAGES FOR COMPUTER GRAPHICS	19/00

	INALY SIS	
	CODING	
	DIMENSIONAL] IMAGE GENERATION	
	ION	
	EE DIMENSIONAL] IMAGE RENDERING	
	ELLING FOR COMPUTER GRAPHICS	
MANIPU	LATING 3D MODELS OR IMAGES FOR COMPUTER GRAPH	HICS19/00
1/00	General purpose image data processing [6, 2006.01]	3/18 • Image warping, e.g. rearranging pixels
1/20	<ul> <li>Processor architectures; Processor configuration, e.g.</li> </ul>	individually [2024.01]
	pipelining <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	<ul> <li>Linear translation of whole images or parts thereof,</li> </ul>
1/40	• • Neural networks <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	e.g. panning <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>
1/60	Memory management [6, 2006.01]	<ul><li>3/40 • Scaling of whole images or parts thereof, e.g.</li></ul>
	,	expanding or contracting <b>[6, 2006.01, 2024.01]</b>
3/00	Geometric image transformations in the plane of the	3/4007 • • based on interpolation, e.g. bilinear interpolation
	image [6, 2006.01, 2024.01]	(image demosaicing G06T 3/4015; edge-driven or
3/02	Affine transformations (for image registration	edge-based scaling G06T 3/403) [2024.01]
	G06T 3/147; for image mosaicing	3/4015 • • Image demosaicing, e.g. colour filter arrays [CFA]
	G06T 3/4038) [2024.01]	or Bayer patterns <b>[2024.01]</b>
3/04	<ul> <li>Context-preserving transformations, e.g. by using an</li> </ul>	3/4023 • • based on decimating pixels or lines of pixels;
	importance map (panospheric to cylindrical image	based on inserting pixels or lines of
	transformations G06T 3/12) [2024.01]	pixels <b>[2024.01]</b>
3/047	• • Fisheye or wide-angle transformations [2024.01]	3/403 • • Edge-driven scaling; Edge-based
3/053	Detail-in-context presentations (fisheye or wide-	scaling [2024.01]
	angle transformations G06T 3/047) [ <b>2024.01</b> ]	3/4038 • • Image mosaicing, e.g. composing plane images
3/06	Topological mapping of higher dimensional	from plane sub-images [2024.01]
	structures onto lower dimensional surfaces [2024.01]	3/4046 • • using neural networks <b>[2024.01]</b>
3/067	<ul> <li>Reshaping or unfolding 3D tree structures onto 2D</li> </ul>	3/4053 • • based on super-resolution, i.e. the output image
	planes [2024.01]	resolution being higher than the sensor
3/073	Transforming surfaces of revolution to planar	resolution [ <b>2024.01</b> ]
	images, e.g. cylindrical surfaces to planar	3/4061 • • • by injecting details from different spectral
	images <b>[2024.01]</b>	ranges [2024.01]
3/08	Projecting images onto non-planar surfaces, e.g.	3/4069 • • • by subpixel displacements <b>[2024.01]</b>
5, 00	geodetic screens [2024.01]	3/4076 • • • using the original low-resolution images to
3/10	Selection of transformation methods according to the	iteratively correct the high-resolution
0, -0	characteristics of the input images [2024.01]	images [2024.01]
3/12	Panospheric to cylindrical image	3/4084 • • in the transform domain, e.g. fast Fourier
3, 1 <b>-</b>	transformations [2024.01]	transform [FFT] domain scaling [2024.01]
3/14	Transformations for image registration, e.g. adjusting	3/4092 • Image resolution transcoding, e.g. by using client-
5/11	or mapping for alignment of images [2024.01]	server architectures [2024.01]
3/147	<ul> <li>using affine transformations [2024.01]</li> </ul>	3/60 • Rotation of whole images or parts
3/153	<ul> <li>using driffic dulisformations [2024.01]</li> <li>using elastic snapping [2024.01]</li> </ul>	thereof [6, 2006.01, 2024.01]
3/133	Spatio-temporal transformations, e.g. video	3/602 • by block rotation, e.g. by recursive reversal or
3/10	cubism [2024.01]	rotation [2024.01]
	Cuotoni [2027.01]	10tation [2027:01]

3/604	<ul> <li>using coordinate rotation digital computer [CORDIC] devices [2024.01]</li> </ul>	7/238 • • • using non-full search, e.g. three-step search [2017.01]
3/606 3/608	<ul><li> by memory addressing or mapping [2024.01]</li><li> by skew deformation, e.g. two-pass or three-pass</li></ul>	7/246 • using feature-based methods, e.g. the tracking of corners or segments [2017.01]
3/000	rotation [2024.01]	7/254 • • involving subtraction of images <b>[2017.01]</b>
	rotation [202 HV1]	7/262 • using transform domain methods, e.g. Fourier
5/00	Image enhancement or	domain methods [2017.01]
	restoration [6, 2006.01, 2024.01]	7/269 • • using gradient-based methods <b>[2017.01]</b>
5/10	• using non-spatial domain filtering [6, 2006.01]	7/277 • • involving stochastic approaches, e.g. using
5/20	• using local operators <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	Kalman filters <b>[2017.01]</b>
5/30	• Erosion or dilatation, e.g. thinning <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	7/285 • using a sequence of stereo image pairs <b>[2017.01]</b>
5/40	• using histogram techniques [6, 2006.01]	7/292 • • Multi-camera tracking <b>[2017.01]</b>
5/50	<ul> <li>using two or more images, e.g. averaging or subtraction [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/30 • Determination of transform parameters for the
5/60	• using machine learning, e.g. neural	alignment of images, i.e. image registration [2017.01]
3/00	networks [2024.01]	7/32 • • using correlation-based methods [2017.01]
5/70	• Denoising; Smoothing [2024.01]	7/33 • • using feature-based methods [2017.01]
5/73	• Deblurring; Sharpening [2024.01]	7/35 • • using statistical methods [2017.01]
5/75	• Unsharp masking [2024.01]	7/37 • using transform domain methods [2017.01]
5/77	Retouching; Inpainting; Scratch removal [2024.01]	7/38 • • Registration of image sequences [2017.01]
5/80	Geometric correction [2024.01]	• Analysis of texture (depth or shape recovery from
5/90	Dynamic range modification of images or parts	texture G06T 7/529) <b>[6, 2006.01, 2017.01]</b>
5/90	thereof [2024.01]	7/41 • • based on statistical description of texture [2017.01]
5/92	<ul> <li>based on global image properties [2024.01]</li> </ul>	7/42 • • • using transform domain methods <b>[2017.01]</b>
5/94	<ul> <li>based on local image properties, e.g. for local contrast enhancement [2024.01]</li> </ul>	7/44 • • using image operators, e.g. filters, edge density metrics or local histograms [2017.01]
<b>5</b> /00	Y 1 1 10 DOOG 04 DO4T 041	7/45 • • • using co-occurrence matrix
7/00	Image analysis [6, 2006.01, 2017.01]	computation <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/10	• Segmentation; Edge detection (motion-based	7/46 • • • using random fields <b>[2017.01]</b>
	segmentation G06T 7/215) [2017.01]	7/48 • • • using fractals <b>[2017.01]</b>
	Note(s) [2017.01]	7/49 • • based on structural texture description, e.g. using
	When classifying in groups G06T 7/11-G06T 7/13,	primitives or placement rules [2017.01]
	classification is also made in relevant groups of	7/50 • Depth or shape recovery <b>[2017.01]</b>
	G06T 7/136-G06T 7/194.	7/507 • • from shading (G06T 7/586 takes
7/11	• • Region-based segmentation [2017.01]	precedence) [ <b>2017.01</b> ]
7/12	• • Edge-based segmentation [2017.01]	7/514 • • from specularities <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/13	• • Edge detection [2017.01]	7/521 • • from laser ranging, e.g. using interferometry; from
7/136	<ul> <li>involving thresholding [2017.01]</li> </ul>	the projection of structured light [2017.01]
7/143	<ul> <li>involving probabilistic approaches, e.g. Markov</li> </ul>	7/529 • • from texture <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/149	random field [MRF] modelling [2017.01]  • involving deformable models, e.g. active contour	7/536 • from perspective effects, e.g. by using vanishing points <b>[2017.01]</b>
,,1.0	models [2017.01]	7/543 • • from line drawings <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/155	<ul> <li>involving morphological operators [2017.01]</li> </ul>	7/55 • • from multiple images <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/162	• • involving graph-based methods [2017.01]	7/557 • • • from light fields, e.g. from plenoptic
7/168	• involving transform domain methods [2017.01]	cameras [2017.01]
7/174	• • involving the use of two or more images [2017.01]	7/564 • • • from contours <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/181	involving edge growing; involving edge	7/571 • • • from focus <b>[2017.01]</b>
.,	linking [2017.01]	7/579 • • • from motion <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/187	involving region growing; involving region	7/586 • • • from multiple light sources, e.g. photometric
	merging; involving connected component	stereo [2017.01]
	labelling [2017.01]	7/593 • • • from stereo images <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/194	<ul> <li>involving foreground-background</li> </ul>	7/60 • Analysis of geometric
	segmentation [2017.01]	attributes <b>[6, 2006.01, 2017.01]</b>
7/20	<ul> <li>Analysis of motion (motion estimation for coding,</li> </ul>	7/62 • • of area, perimeter, diameter or volume <b>[2017.01]</b>
	decoding, compressing or decompressing digital	7/64 • • of convexity or concavity <b>[2017.01]</b>
	video signals H04N 19/43,	7/66 • • of image moments or centre of gravity <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/205	H04N 19/51) [6, 2006.01, 2017.01]	7/68 • • of symmetry <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/207	for motion estimation over a hierarchy of resolutions (multi-resolution motion estimation or	• Determining position or orientation of objects or
	resolutions (multi-resolution motion estimation or hierarchical motion estimation for coding,	cameras (camera calibration G06T 7/80) [2017.01]
	decoding, compressing or decompressing digital	7/73 • using feature-based methods <b>[2017.01]</b>
	video signals H04N 19/53) <b>[2017.01]</b>	7/77 • using statistical methods <b>[2017.01]</b>
7/215	Motion-based segmentation [2017.01]	7/80 • Analysis of captured images to determine intrinsic or

7/90

extrinsic camera parameters, i.e. camera calibration [2017.01]

• Determination of colour characteristics [2017.01]

7/215 • • Motion-based segmentation **[2017.01]** 

7/223 • • using block-matching **[2017.01]** 7/231 • • using full search **[2017.01]** 

9/00	Image coding (bandwidth or redundancy reduction for static pictures H04N 1/41; coding or decoding of static colour picture signals H04N 1/64; methods or arrangements for coding, decoding, compressing or decompressing digital video signals H04N 19/00) [6, 2006.01]	<ul> <li>Non-photorealistic rendering [2011.01]</li> <li>Texture mapping [2011.01]</li> <li>Ray-tracing [2011.01]</li> <li>Volume rendering [2011.01]</li> <li>Geometric effects [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]</li> </ul>
9/20	<ul> <li>Contour coding, e.g. using detection of edges [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>15/20 • Perspective computation [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]</li> <li>15/30 • Clipping [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]</li> </ul>
9/40	• Tree coding, e.g. quadtree, octree [6, 2006.01]	<ul> <li>15/40 • Hidden part removal [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]</li> <li>15/50 • Lighting effects [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]</li> </ul>
11/00	2D [Two Dimensional] image generation [6, 2006.01]	15/55 • • Radiosity <b>[2011.01]</b>
11/20	<ul> <li>Drawing from basic elements, e.g. lines or circles [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	15/60 • • Shadow generation <b>[6, 2006.01]</b> 15/80 • • Shading <b>[2011.01]</b>
11/40	• Filling a planar surface by adding surface attributes, e.g. colour or texture <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>	15/83 • • • Phong shading <b>[2011.01]</b> 15/87 • • • Gouraud shading <b>[2011.01]</b>
11/60	<ul> <li>Editing figures and text; Combining figures or text [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/00 3D modelling for computer graphics [6, 2006.01]
11/80	<ul> <li>Creating or modifying a manually drawn or painted image using a manual input device, e.g. mouse, light pen, direction keys on keyboard [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>17/05 • Geographic models [2011.01]</li> <li>17/10 • Volume description, e.g. cylinders, cubes or using CSG [Constructive Solid Geometry] [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
13/00	Animation [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]	• Wire-frame description, e.g. polygonalisation or tessellation [6, 2006.01]
13/20 13/40	<ul> <li>3D [Three Dimensional] animation [2011.01]</li> <li>of characters, e.g. humans, animals or virtual beings [2011.01]</li> </ul>	• Surface description, e.g. polynomial surface description [6, 2006.01]
13/60	• • of natural phenomena, e.g. rain, snow, water or plants [2011.01]	19/00 Manipulating 3D models or images for computer graphics [2011.01]
13/80	• 2D animation, e.g. using sprites [2011.01]	<ul> <li>Editing of 3D images, e.g. changing shapes or colours, aligning objects or positioning</li> </ul>
15/00	3D [Three Dimensional] image rendering [6, 2006.01, 2011.01]	parts [2011.01]

## G06V IMAGE OR VIDEO RECOGNITION OR UNDERSTANDING [2022.01]

## Note(s) [2022.01]

- 1. This subclass <u>covers</u>:
  - methods or arrangements for pattern recognition or machine learning specially adapted for images or video.
- 2. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
  - "pattern recognition" means detection, categorisation, authentication and identification of patterns for explanatory purposes or to derive a certain meaning in images or video, by acquiring, preprocessing or extracting distinctive features and matching, clustering or classifying these features or representations thereof;
  - "feature extraction" means deriving descriptive or quantitative measures from images or video;
  - "clustering" means grouping or separating patterns according to their closeness or dissimilarity;
  - "classification" means the identification of an object/feature as belonging to a class of objects/features by assigning of a label.
- 3. In this subclass, subject matter classified in groups G06V 20/00-G06V 40/00 is also classified in groups G06V 10/10 or G06V 10/20 respectively, if recognition relies on specific processing at the stages of acquisition or preprocessing.

10/00	Arrangements for image or video recognition or understanding (character recognition in images or video G06V 30/10) [2022.01]	10/147	<ul> <li>• • • Details of sensors, e.g. sensor lenses (fingerprint or palmprint sensors G06V 40/13; vascular sensors G06V 40/145;</li> </ul>
10/10	<ul> <li>Image acquisition (document image scanning and transmission H04N 1/00; control of digital cameras H04N 23/60) [2022.01]</li> </ul>	10/20 10/22	<ul> <li>eye sensors G06V 40/19) [2022.01]</li> <li>Image preprocessing [2022.01]</li> <li>by selection of a specific region containing or</li> </ul>
10/12 10/14	<ul> <li>Details of acquisition arrangements;         Constructional details thereof [2022.01]</li> <li>Optical characteristics of the device performing</li> </ul>		referencing a pattern; Locating or processing of specific regions to guide the detection or recognition [2022.01]
	the acquisition or on the illumination arrangements [2022.01]	10/24	<ul> <li>Aligning, centring, orientation detection or correction of the image [2022.01]</li> </ul>
10/141 10/143	<ul><li>Control of illumination [2022.01]</li><li>Sensing or illuminating at different</li></ul>	10/25	• • Determination of region of interest [ROI] or a volume of interest [VOI] [2022.01]
10/145	<ul> <li>wavelengths [2022.01]</li> <li>Illumination specially adapted for pattern recognition, e.g. using gratings [2022.01]</li> </ul>	10/26	<ul> <li>• Segmentation of patterns in the image field; Cutting or merging of image elements to establish the pattern region, e.g. clustering-based techniques; Detection of occlusion [2022.01]</li> </ul>

10/28	<ul> <li>Quantising the image, e.g. histogram thresholding for discrimination between background and foreground patterns [2022.01]</li> </ul>	spa e.g	ocessing image or video features in feature aces; using data integration or data reduction, a principal component analysis [PCA] or
10/30	<ul> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> </ul>		ependent component analysis [ICA] or self-
10/32	<ul> <li>Normalisation of the pattern dimensions [2022.01]</li> </ul>		anising maps [SOM]; Blind source
10/34	<ul> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern; Morphological operations; Skeletonisation [2022.01]</li> </ul>	10/771 • • •	Paration [2022.01] Feature selection, e.g. selecting representative features from a multi-dimensional feature
10/36	<ul> <li>Applying a local operator, i.e. means to operate on image points situated in the vicinity of a given point; Non-linear local filtering operations, e.g. median filtering [2022.01]</li> </ul>	10/772 • • •	space [2022.01] Determining representative reference patterns, e.g. averaging or distorting patterns; Generating dictionaries [2022.01]
10/40	<ul> <li>Extraction of image or video features [2022.01]</li> </ul>		Generating sets of training patterns; Bootstrap
10/42	Global feature extraction by analysis of the whole		methods, e.g. bagging or boosting [2022.01]
	pattern, e.g. using frequency domain transformations or autocorrelation [2022.01]	10/778 • • •	Validation; Performance evaluation [2022.01] Active pattern-learning, e.g. online learning of
10/422	<ul> <li>for representing the structure of the pattern or shape of an object therefor [2022.01]</li> </ul>	10/80 • • •	image or video features <b>[2022.01]</b> Fusion, i.e. combining data from various
10/424			sources at the sensor level, preprocessing level, feature extraction level or classification level
10/426			(multimodal speaker identification or
10/44	Local feature extraction by analysis of parts of the		verification G10L 17/10) <b>[2022.01]</b>
10/44	pattern, e.g. by detecting edges, contours, loops,	10/82 • • usi	ng neural networks [2022.01]
	corners, strokes or intersections; Connectivity	10/84 • • usi	ng probabilistic graphical models from image
10/46	<ul> <li>analysis, e.g. of connected components [2022.01]</li> <li>Descriptors for shape, contour or point-related</li> </ul>	or	video features, e.g. Markov models or Bayesian works [2022.01]
10/40			ng syntactic or structural representations of the
	descriptors, e.g. scale invariant feature transform [SIFT] or bags of words [BoW]; Salient regional	ima	age or video pattern, e.g. symbolic string ognition; using graph matching [2022.01]
	features (colour feature extraction G06V 10/56) [2022.01]	10/88 • Image	or video recognition using optical means, e.g.
10/48	<ul> <li>by mapping characteristic values of the pattern into a parameter space, e.g. Hough</li> </ul>		nce filters, holographic masks, frequency in filters or spatial domain filters [2022.01]
	transformation [2022.01]		ware or software architectures specially adapted
10/50	<ul> <li>by performing operations within image blocks; by using histograms, e.g. histogram of oriented</li> </ul>	10/96 • Mana	lage or video understanding [2022.01] gement of image or video recognition
	gradients [HoG]; by summing image-intensity values; Projection analysis [2022.01]		[2022.01] tion or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning
10/52	<ul> <li>Scale-space analysis, e.g. wavelet analysis (multi- scale boundary representations</li> </ul>		ttern or by human intervention; Evaluation of ality of the acquired patterns [2022.01]
	G06V 10/42) <b>[2022.01]</b>		
10/54	<ul> <li>relating to texture [2022.01]</li> </ul>		Scene-specific elements (control of digital
10/56	<ul> <li>relating to colour [2022.01]</li> </ul>	cameras	H04N 23/60) <b>[2022.01]</b>
10/58	relating to hyperspectral data [2022.01]	Note(s)	[2022.01]
10/60	<ul> <li>relating to illumination properties, e.g. using a</li> </ul>		
10/62	reflectance or lighting model [2022.01]  • relating to a temporal dimension, e.g. time-based		roup, the following term is used with the indicated:
	feature extraction; Pattern tracking [2022.01]	•	"scene" is a visual representation of the world or of some elements of it, as captured
10/70	<ul> <li>using pattern recognition or machine learning (optical pattern recognition or electronic computations</li> </ul>	20/05 • Under	by a sensor or generated by a computer.  water scenes [2022.01]
	therefor G06V 10/88) <b>[2022.01]</b>		strial scenes (scenes under surveillance with
10/72	<ul> <li>Data preparation, e.g. statistical preprocessing of image or video features [2022.01]</li> </ul>	static	cameras G06V 20/52; scenes perceived from terior of a vehicle G06V 20/56; scenes
10/74	<ul> <li>Image or video pattern matching; Proximity measures in feature spaces [2022.01]</li> </ul>	percei	ved from the interior of a vehicle [20/59] [2022.01]
10/75	Organisation of the matching processes, e.g.		rellite images <b>[2022.01]</b>
10//3	simultaneous or sequential comparisons of		en from planes or by drones [2022.01]
	image or video features; Coarse-fine		mented reality scenes [2022.01]
	approaches, e.g. multi-scale approaches; using	_	ums, collections or shared content, e.g. social
	context analysis; Selection of dictionaries [2022.01]	netwo	rk photos or video [2022.01]
10/762			eo content (extracting overlay text G06V 20/62;
	networks [2022.01]	eleme	retrieval G06F 16/70; processing of video ntary streams in video servers H04N 21/234;
10/764	objects [2022.01]		ssing of video elementary streams in video s H04N 21/44) <b>[2022.01]</b>
10/766	<ul> <li>using regression, e.g. by projecting features on hyperplanes [2022.01]</li> </ul>		xt or environment of the image [2022.01]

20/52	<ul> <li>Surveillance or monitoring of activities, e.g. for recognising suspicious objects (recognising microscopic objects G06V 20/69) [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/192	•	•	<ul> <li>using simultaneous comparisons or correlations of the image signals with a plurality of references [2022.01]</li> </ul>
20/54	• • of traffic, e.g. cars on the road, trains or boats [2022.01]	30/194	•	•	References adjustable by an adaptive method, e.g. learning [2022.01]
20/56	exterior to a vehicle by using sensors mounted on the vehicle [2022.01]	30/196	•	•	<ul> <li>using sequential comparisons of the image signals with a plurality of references [2022.01]</li> </ul>
20/58	Recognition of moving objects or obstacles,	30/198			<ul> <li>the selection of the next reference depending</li> </ul>
20750	e.g. vehicles or pedestrians; Recognition of traffic objects, e.g. traffic signs, traffic lights or	507 150			on the result of the preceding comparison [2022.01]
	roads <b>[2022.01]</b>	30/199	•	•	Arrangements for recognition using optical
20/59	<ul> <li>inside of a vehicle, e.g. relating to seat occupancy, driver state or inner lighting conditions [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/20			reference masks, e.g. holographic masks [2022.01] Combination of acquisition, preprocessing or
20/60	• Type of objects <b>[2022.01]</b>	30,20			recognition functions [2022.01]
20/62	Text, e.g. of license plates, overlay texts or	30/22	•	•	characterised by the type of writing [2022.01]
	captions on TV images [2022.01]	30/222			<ul> <li>of characters separated by spaces [2022.01]</li> </ul>
20/64	• • Three-dimensional objects [2022.01]	30/224	•	•	<ul> <li>of printed characters having additional code</li> </ul>
20/66	• • Trinkets, e.g. shirt buttons or jewellery items				marks or containing code marks [2022.01]
	(recognising microscopic objects	30/226	•	•	<ul> <li>of cursive writing [2022.01]</li> </ul>
20.460	G06V 20/69) [2022.01]	30/228	•	•	• of three-dimensional handwriting, e.g. writing
20/68	• Food, e.g. fruit or vegetables [2022.01]				in the air <b>[2022.01]</b>
20/69	Microscopic objects, e.g. biological cells or cellular parts [2022, 01].	30/24	•	•	characterised by the processing or recognition
20/70	cellular parts [2022.01]				method (segmentation of character regions
20/70	<ul> <li>Labelling scene content, e.g. deriving syntactic or semantic representations [2022.01]</li> </ul>	20/242			G06V 30/148) [2022.01]
20/80	Recognising image objects characterised by unique	30/242	•	•	<ul> <li>Division of the character sequences into groups prior to recognition; Selection of</li> </ul>
	random patterns [2022.01]	20/04/			dictionaries [2022.01]
20/90	<ul> <li>Identifying an image sensor based on its output data [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/244	•	•	• • using graphical properties, e.g. alphabet type or font [2022.01]
20/00	Character recognition, Decognicing digital into	30/246	•	•	• • using linguistic properties, e.g. specific for
30/00	Character recognition; Recognising digital ink; Document-oriented image-based pattern recognition				English or German language [2022.01]
	(scanning, transmission or reproduction of documents or	30/26	•	•	Techniques for post-processing, e.g. correcting the recognition result <b>[2022.01]</b>
	the like H04N 1/00) [2022.01]  Note(s) [2022.01]	30/262	•	•	<ul> <li>using context analysis, e.g. lexical, syntactic or semantic context [2022.01]</li> </ul>
	Note(s) [2022.01]	30/262 30/28	•	•	semantic context <b>[2022.01]</b> specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g.
	Note(s) [2022.01] This group <u>covers</u> recognition of characters or digital	30/28	•	•	semantic context <b>[2022.01]</b> specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet <b>[2022.01]</b>
	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group <u>covers</u> recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by	30/28 30/30	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01]
	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group <u>covers</u> recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.	30/28	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating
	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group <u>covers</u> recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]	30/28 30/30	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer
30/10 30/12	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by	30/28 30/30 30/302	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01]
30/12	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] Music notations [2022.01]
30/12 30/14	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01]
30/12	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Cocument-oriented image-based pattern
30/12 30/14 30/142	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] bocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01]
30/12 30/14	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] bocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of
30/12 30/14 30/142	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]  using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40	•		semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] bocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]  using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] bocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]  using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] coument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms
30/12 30/14 30/142	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]  using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01]  • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01]  • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] comment-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01]  • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144	Note(s) [2022.01]  This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.  Character recognition [2022.01]  Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]  Image acquisition [2022.01]  using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]  using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]  Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/148	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/16 30/162	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Image preprocessing [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01] • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/16 30/162 30/164	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Normalisation of pattern dimensions [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412 30/413 30/414			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01] • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/16 30/162 30/164	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Image preprocessing [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01] • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01] • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/148 30/162 30/164 30/166	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Normalisation of pattern dimensions [2022.01]</li> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern;</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412 30/413 30/414			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Cocument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01] • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01] • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements of the document, e.g. authors [2022.01] • Document matching, e.g. of document
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/162 30/164 30/166 30/168	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Image preprocessing [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern; Skeletonisation [2022.01]</li> <li>Extraction of features or characteristics of the image [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412 30/413 30/414 30/416			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01]  • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01]  • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Document-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01]  • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01]  • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01]  • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01]  • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements of the document, e.g. authors [2022.01]  • Document matching, e.g. of document images [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/163 30/164 30/166 30/168 30/18	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Image preprocessing [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern; Skeletonisation [2022.01]</li> <li>Extraction of features or characteristics of the</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412 30/413 30/414 30/416 30/418 30/42			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01]  • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01]  • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Document-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01]  • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01]  • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01]  • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01]  • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements of the document, e.g. authors [2022.01]  • Document matching, e.g. of document images [2022.01] based on the type of document [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/162 30/164 30/166 30/168 30/18 30/182	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern; Skeletonisation [2022.01]</li> <li>Extraction of features or characteristics of the image [2022.01]</li> <li>Extraction of features or characteristics of the image [2022.01]</li> <li>by coding the contour of the pattern [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412 30/413 30/414 30/416			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01] • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01] • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Document-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01] • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01] • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01] • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01] • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements of the document, e.g. authors [2022.01] • Document matching, e.g. of document images [2022.01] • Technical drawings; Geographical
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/162 30/164 30/166 30/168 30/18 30/182	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Normalisation of pattern dimensions [2022.01]</li> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern; Skeletonisation [2022.01]</li> <li>Extraction of features or characteristics of the image [2022.01]</li> <li>by coding the contour of the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>by analysing segments intersecting the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>by deriving mathematical or geometrical</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/41 30/412 30/413 30/414 30/416 30/418 30/42			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01]  • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01]  • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Document-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01]  • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01]  • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01]  • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01]  • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements of the document, e.g. authors [2022.01]  • Document matching, e.g. of document images [2022.01]  • Technical drawings; Geographical maps [2022.01]
30/12 30/14 30/142 30/144 30/146 30/163 30/162 30/164 30/168 30/18 30/182 30/184	<ul> <li>Note(s) [2022.01]</li> <li>This group covers recognition of characters or digital ink, where the characters or the digital ink can include representations in three dimensions, e.g. as written by performing gestures in the air.</li> <li>Character recognition [2022.01]</li> <li>Detection or correction of errors, e.g. by rescanning the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>Image acquisition [2022.01]</li> <li>using hand-held instruments; Constructional details of the instruments [2022.01]</li> <li>using a slot moved over the image; using discrete sensing elements at predetermined points; using automatic curve following means [2022.01]</li> <li>Aligning or centering of the image pick-up or image-field [2022.01]</li> <li>Segmentation of character regions [2022.01]</li> <li>Quantising the image signal [2022.01]</li> <li>Noise filtering [2022.01]</li> <li>Smoothing or thinning of the pattern; Skeletonisation [2022.01]</li> <li>Extraction of features or characteristics of the image [2022.01]</li> <li>by coding the contour of the pattern [2022.01]</li> <li>by analysing segments intersecting the pattern [2022.01]</li> </ul>	30/28 30/30 30/302 30/304 30/32 30/40 30/412 30/413 30/414 30/416 30/418 30/42 30/422			semantic context [2022.01] specially adapted to the type of the alphabet, e.g. Latin alphabet [2022.01] based on the type of data [2022.01]  • Images containing characters for discriminating human versus automated computer access [2022.01]  • Music notations [2022.01] Digital ink [2022.01] Occument-oriented image-based pattern ecognition [2022.01] Analysis of document content (recognition of printed characters based on code marks G06V 30/224) [2022.01]  • Layout analysis of documents structured with printed lines or input boxes, e.g. business forms or tables [2022.01]  • Classification of content, e.g. text, photographs or tables [2022.01]  • Extracting the geometrical structure, e.g. layout tree; Block segmentation, e.g. bounding boxes for graphics or text [2022.01]  • Extracting the logical structure, e.g. chapters, sections or page numbers; Identifying elements of the document, e.g. authors [2022.01]  • Document matching, e.g. of document images [2022.01]  • Technical drawings; Geographical maps [2022.01]

<b>40/00</b> 40/10	Recognition of biometric, human-related or animal-related patterns in image or video data [2022.01]  Human or animal bodies, e.g. vehicle occupants or	• Movements or behaviour, e.g. gesture recognition (recognition of facial expressions G06V 40/16) [2022.01]	40/20
40/12	<ul><li>pedestrians; Body parts, e.g. hands [2022.01]</li><li>• Fingerprints or palmprints [2022.01]</li></ul>	<ul> <li>40/30 • Writer recognition; Reading and verifying signatures [2022.01]</li> </ul>	40/30
40/13 40/14 40/145	<ul> <li>• • Sensors therefor [2022.01]</li> <li>• Vascular patterns [2022.01]</li> <li>• • Sensors therefor [2022.01]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>40/40 • Spoof detection, e.g. liveness detection [2022.01]</li> <li>40/50 • Maintenance of biometric data or enrolment thereof [2022.01]</li> </ul>	
40/16	<ul> <li>Human faces, e.g. facial parts, sketches or expressions [2022.01]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Static or dynamic means for assisting the user to position a body part for biometric acquisition [2022.01]</li> </ul>	40/60
40/18 40/19	<ul><li>Eye characteristics, e.g. of the iris [2022.01]</li><li>Sensors therefor [2022.01]</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Multimodal biometrics, e.g. combining information from different biometric modalities [2022.01]</li> </ul>	40/70