

# The Challenges of ©limate ©hange

Presented at the WIPO Conference on Intellectual Property and Public Policy Issues

by M. Jarraud WMO Secretary-General

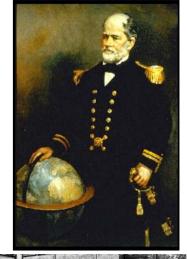
Geneva, 13 July 2009





#### WMO - then and now

- ✓ Lt. Matthew Fontaine Maury: the protection of life at sea
- **✓ 1853 (Brussels): 1st International Meteorological Conference**
- ✓ 1873 (Vienna): International Meteorological Organization (IMO)
- ✓ 1950: IMO becomes WMO
- ✓ 1951: A specialized agency of UN System
- ✓ 1979: 1st World Climate Conference
- ✓ 1988: WMO & UNEP co-establish the IPCC
- ✓ 1990: 2nd World Climate Conference
- ✓ 2008: 188 Members & a mandate in weather, climate and water









# WMO databases & products: a source of benefits to nearly all socioeconomic sectors

- ✓ Transportation safety
- Disaster risk reduction
- ✓ Climate & environmental quality
- **✓ Building & energy efficiency**
- ✓ Agriculture & food security
- ✓ Health issues
- ✓ Water resources
- ✓ Energy generation, transportation & use
- ✓ Capacity building
- ✓ International cooperation & data exchange for:
  - > Research
  - > Education
  - > Provision of weather, water and climate services



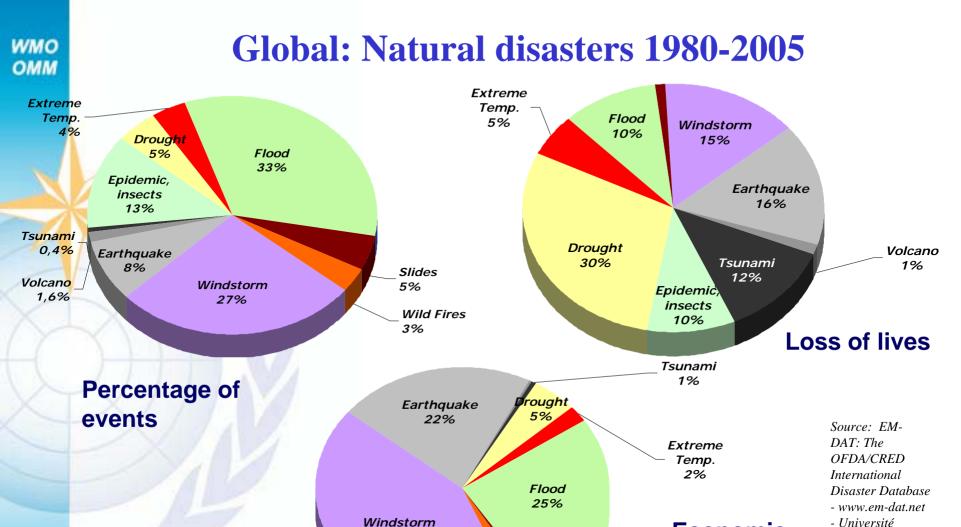






### WMO data exchange policy & practice

- ✓ Res 40 (Cg-XII) 1995: weather & climate databases
  - > Free and unrestricted international exchange of all meteorological and related data & products necessary for the protection of life and property
  - > An agreement that WMO Members may be justified in placing conditions on the re-exportation for commercial purposes of additional datasets/products
  - > Free and unrestricted access to all data and products to the research and education communities, for their non-commercial activities
- ✓ Res 25 (Cg-XIII) 1999: hydrology databases
  - > Free and unrestricted international exchange of all hydrological and related data & products necessary for the protection of life and property
  - > Members may wish to place conditions on the reexportation of other datasets and products for commercial purposes



90% of events, 72.5% of casualties and 75% of economic losses are related to hydrometeorological hazards

43%

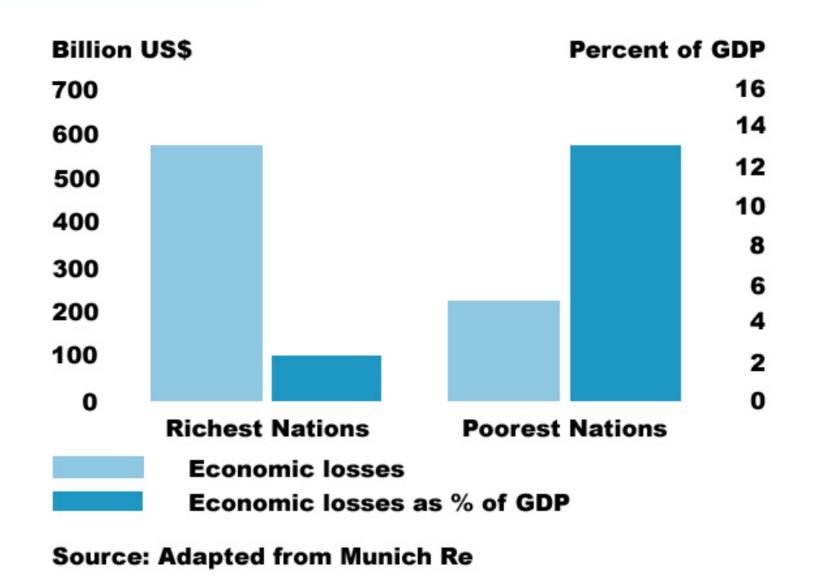
**Economic** 

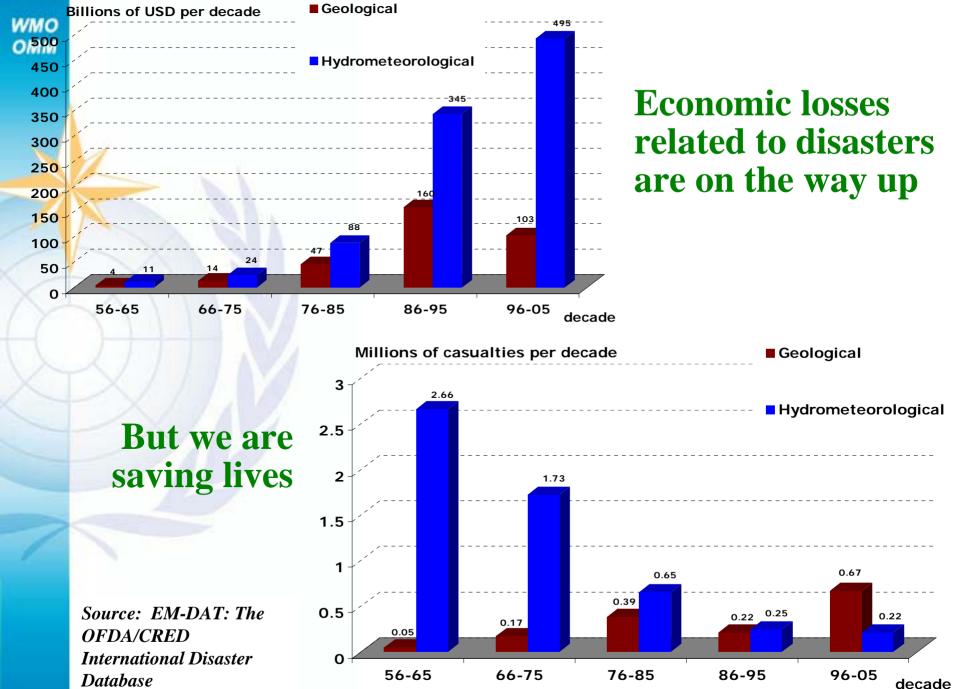
losses

Wild Fires 2% Catholique de Louvain - Brussels

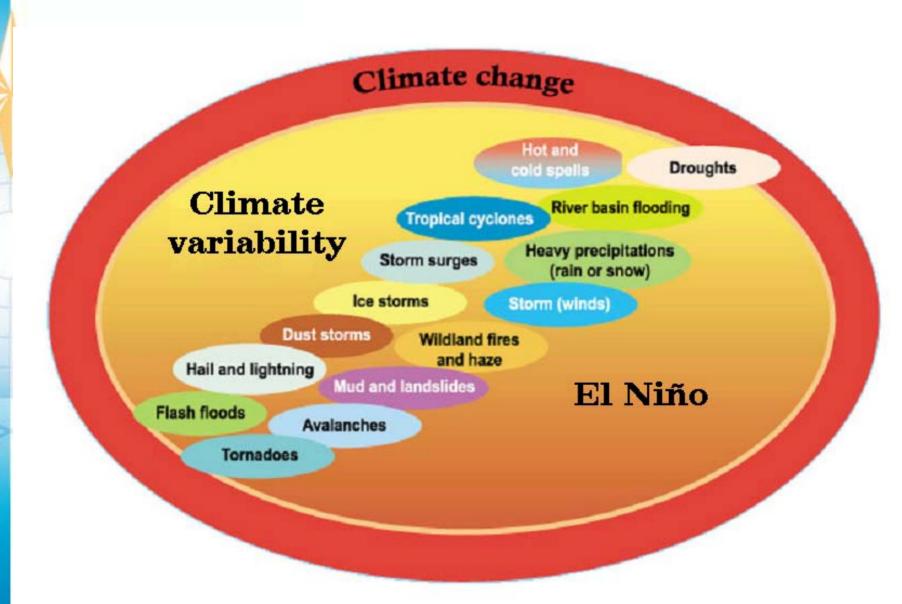
- Belgiumc

#### **Economic impacts of natural disasters 1985-1999**





#### Climate and natural disasters



#### **Observed Climate Change & Impacts**

#### **IPCC 4th Assessment Report**

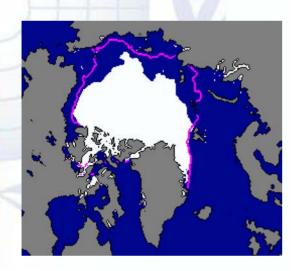
- **✓** Warming unequivocal
- ✓ 2007 global mean sea level rise ~ 20 cm > 1870 estimate
- ✓ No longer just a scientific issue
- ✓ Long-term changes in climate visible
- ✓ Increasing trend in extreme events over last 50 years:
  - > Heavy precipitation events
  - >Hot days & hot nights
  - >Winds
  - > Droughts & heatwaves
- ✓ Impacts on agricultural production
- ✓ A 5th Assessment Report by 2014



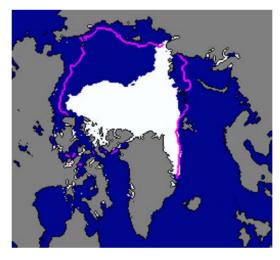


#### **Evolution of average Arctic sea ice extent**

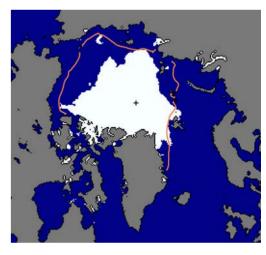
- **✓ 2008** Arctic sea ice minimum of 4.67 M km²
  - > 2<sup>nd</sup>-lowest year since the beginning of satellite measurements
- ✓ Record monthly low in 2007, with 4.28 M km²



**21 September 2005** 



**16 September 2007** 



12 September 2008

#### Climate change and health

- ✓ Heat waves, smog & allergen dispersion
- **✓ Reduced evening cooling relief**
- ✓ Diseases relayed by mosquitoes & ticks: malaria, dengue fever, Lyme's desease, yellow fever & several forms of encephalitis
- **✓ Reduced population of insect predators**





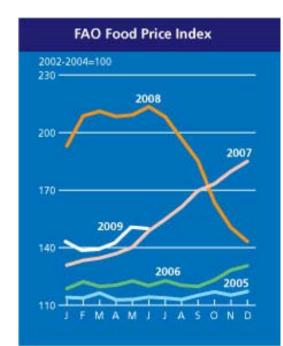




### **Food security issues**

#### **✓** Hunger:

- **≻** Chronic (poverty)
- > Transitory (disasters)
- Reduced food production in 2009...but danger still looms ahead
- ✓ Financial & credit crisis may impact on agricultural markets
- **✓** Uncertainty -> conservative approach
- **✓** Recovery mostly in developed countries
- ✓ International prices not lowering local food prices in the developing world
- ✓ UNSG chairs UN Task Force on Global Food Security Crisis
- ✓ <u>Agrometeorology</u> can help to boost yield & alleviate poverty
- **✓** Regional climate outlooks forums
- **✓ Regional climate centres/networks**





## The way forward: capacity building & training

- ✓ Need for human resources development
- ✓ Training, fellowships & continuing education
- **✓ Voluntary cooperation by donors**
- ✓ Special support to needs of LDCs and SIDS
- ✓ Women in meteorology & hydrology
- **✓** Need for partnerships
- ✓ A key role for the UN System



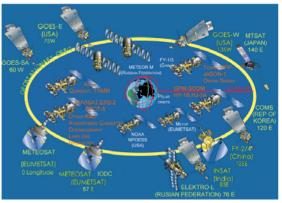




#### Strengthening observations & scientific research

- ✓ Sustained observation systems for climate data & disaster risk reduction
- ✓ Stimulus to scientific research
- **✓ WMO Information System**
- **✓ World Weather Research Programme** 
  - ➤ A 10-year effort to improve accuracy of 1-day to 2-week high impact weather forecasts
- **✓ World Climate Research Programme**
- ✓ A new challenge: climate changeinduced high impact weather







#### WMO support to the UNFCCC process

- ✓ COP 13 Bali, December 2007
- **✓ COP 14 Poznan, December 2008**
- Commitment on maintaining momentum to COP 15 in Copenhagen for a follow-up agreement to Kyoto Protocol
- **Y"Acting on Climate Change: The UN System Delivering as One"**
- **✓ 2 basic pillars: adaptation and mitigation** 
  - > Role of IP in technology transfer
- ✓ Decision-makers will require the most appropriate information and tools





"The world is watching us. The next generation is counting on us. We must not fail" (UN Secretary-General)

#### **World Climate Conference-3**

- ✓ Geneva, CICG, 31 August 4 September 2009
- Theme: ''Climate prediction and information for decision-making''
- ✓ Expected outcome: A Global Framework for Climate Services
- ✓ 2 segments:
  - Expert: 31 August 2 September 2009
  - ➤ High-Level: 3-4 September 2009
- **✓ Derived benefits for all sectors** 
  - > Health
  - >Food security
  - **➤** Disaster risk reduction
  - **➤** Water resources management,...





## **Summing up:**

- ✓ Benefits of international cooperation
- ✓ Need for multidisciplinary partnerships
- ✓ Complementary roles of government, private sector, academia, ...
- ✓ Contributions to sustainable development:
  - Disaster risk reduction
  - Climate change adaptation & mitigation
- **✓ Technology transfer issues**
- **✓** Capacity building

Intellectual property to be a catalyst and not an obstacle



Banda Aceh (Indonesia) 23 June 2004



Banda Aceh (Indonesia) 28 December 2004

## World Climate Conference-3 Geneva, 31 August - 4 September 2009





# Thank you















RÉPUBLIQUE FRANÇAISE





Canada















Japan